EXP NO : 12 DATE :

IMPLEMENT CODE OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES COPY PROPAGATION

AIM:

The aim is to implement code optimization techniques like Dead Code Elimination (DCE) and Common Subexpression Elimination (CSE) to improve the efficiency and performance of a program. These techniques are applied to intermediate code (e.g., Three-Address Code or TAC) during the compilation process.

ALGORITHM:

- The desired header files are declared.
- The two file pointers are initialized one for reading the C program from the file and one for writing the converted program with constant folding
- The file is read and checked if there are any digits or operands present.
- If there is, then the evaluations are to be computed in switch case and stored.
- Copy the stored data to another file.
- Print the copied data file.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 100
typedef struct {
  char lhs[10];
  char op1[10];
  char op[5];
  char op2[10];
} Instruction;
int is copy instruction(Instruction *ins) {
  return strcmp(ins->op, "=") == 0 \&\& strlen(ins->op2) == 0;
}
void copy propagation(Instruction ins[], int count) {
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
     if (is copy instruction(&ins[i])) {
       char from[10], to[10];
       strcpy(to, ins[i].lhs);
       strcpy(from, ins[i].op1);
```

```
for (int j = i + 1; j < count; j++) {
          if (strcmp(ins[i].op1, to) == 0)
             strcpy(ins[i].op1, from);
          if (strcmp(ins[i].op2, to) == 0)
             strcpy(ins[j].op2, from);
    }
int main() {
  FILE *fin = fopen("input.txt", "r");
  if (!fin) {
     printf("Error opening input.txt\n");
     return 1;
  Instruction ins[MAX];
  int count = 0;
  char line[100];
  while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), fin)) {
     // Skip blank lines
     if (strlen(line) <= 1) continue;
     Instruction temp;
     temp.op[0] = '\0';
     temp.op2[0] = '\0';
     int tokens = sscanf(line, "%s = %s %s %s", temp.lhs, temp.op1, temp.op, temp.op2);
     if (tokens == 2) {
       // It's a copy statement like: a = b
       strcpy(temp.op, "=");
       temp.op2[0] = '\0';
     } else if (tokens != 4) {
       printf("Invalid line: %s\n", line);
       continue;
     ins[count++] = temp;
  fclose(fin);
  // Perform copy propagation
  copy propagation(ins, count);
```

```
// Print optimized code
printf("\nOptimized Code (Copy Propagation Only):\n\n");
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    if (strcmp(ins[i].op, "=") == 0 && strlen(ins[i].op2) == 0)
        printf("%s = %s\n", ins[i].lhs, ins[i].op1);
    else
        printf("%s = %s %s %s\n", ins[i].lhs, ins[i].op1, ins[i].op, ins[i].op2);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter statements (e.g., a = b or c = a + d). Enter 'END' to finish:

A=B+C+D
C=B+S+k
END

Optimized code:
A = B+C+D
C = B+S+k
```

RESULT:

Thus the above to implement code optimization techniques for copy propagation is executed successfully.