

1. Write a C# code to implement the simple calculator?

**TASK1:** It's required to create a simple calculator with addition and subtraction operations for two integer numbers

For example, how to find the sum of given integer values **a** and **b**. You have a skeleton code:

```
public static int Add(int a, int b)
{
    //TODO Delete line below and write your own solution
    throw new NotImplementedException();
}
```

**Solution:**

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;

namespace Lab_1
{
    internal class Program
    {
        public static int Add(int a, int b)
        {
            return a + b;
        }

        public static int Subtract(int a, int b)
        {
            return a - b;
        }

        public static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            int num1, num2;
            Console.WriteLine("Enter the first number:");
            if (!int.TryParse(Console.ReadLine(), out num1))
            {
                Console.WriteLine("Invalid input. Please enter a valid
integer.");
                return;
            }

            Console.WriteLine("Enter the second number:");
```

```

        if (!int.TryParse(Console.ReadLine(), out num2))
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Invalid input. Please enter a valid
integer.");
            return;
        }

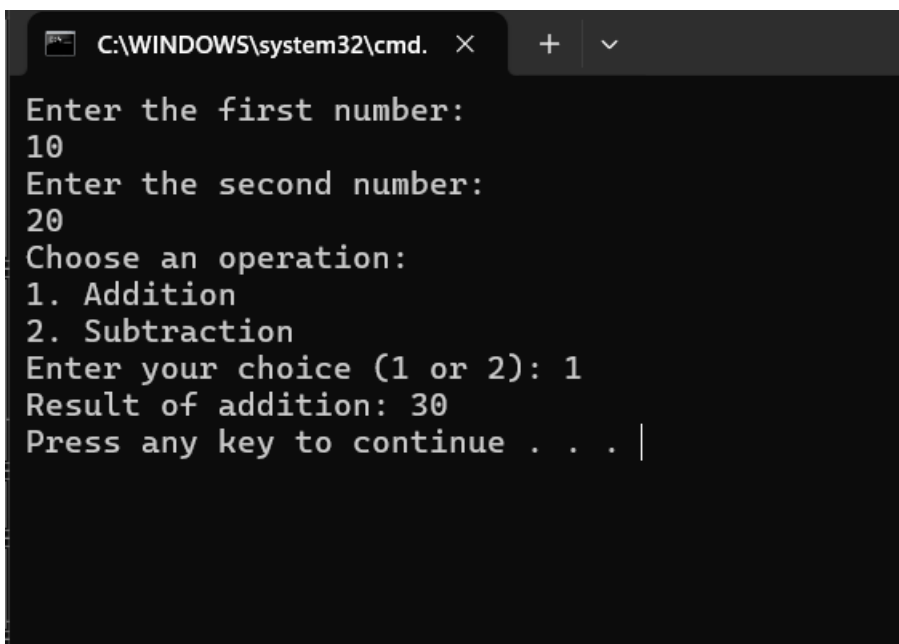
        Console.WriteLine("Choose an operation:");
        Console.WriteLine("1. Addition");
        Console.WriteLine("2. Subtraction");
        Console.Write("Enter your choice (1 or 2): ");

        int choice;
        if (!int.TryParse(Console.ReadLine(), out choice))
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Invalid choice. Please enter 1 or 2.");
            return;
        }

        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1:
                Console.WriteLine($"Result of addition: {Add(num1, num2)}");
                break;
            case 2:
                Console.WriteLine($"Result of subtraction: {Subtract(num1,
num2)}");
                break;
            default:
                Console.WriteLine("Invalid choice. Please enter 1 or 2.");
                break;
        }
    }
}
}

```

Output:



```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.  X  +  v
Enter the first number:
10
Enter the second number:
20
Choose an operation:
1. Addition
2. Subtraction
Enter your choice (1 or 2): 1
Result of addition: 30
Press any key to continue . . . |

```

**TASK2:** For a given integer  $n$  calculate the value which is equal to:

1. squared number, if its value is strictly positive;
2. modulus of a number, if its value is strictly negative;
3. zero, if the integer  $n$  is zero.

Example

<code>n = 4</code>	<code>result = 16</code>
<code>n = -5</code>	<code>result = 5</code>
<code>n = 0</code>	<code>result = 0</code>

Solution

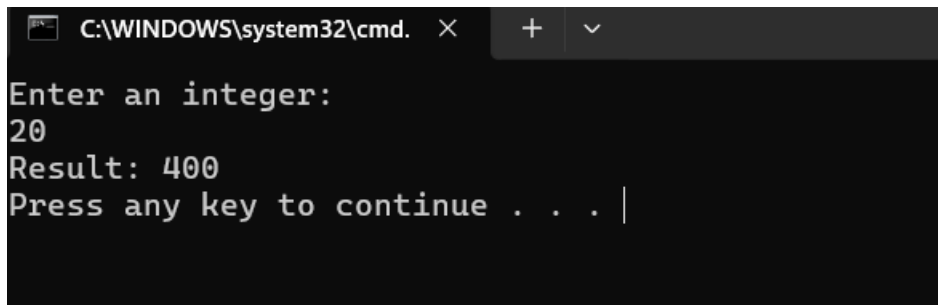
```
public static int CalculateValue(int n)
{
    if (n > 0)
    {
        return n * n; // squared number
    }
    else if (n < 0)
    {
        return Math.Abs(n); // modulus of a number
    }
    else
    {
        return 0; // zero
    }
}

public static void Main(string[] args)
{
    int n;

    Console.WriteLine("Enter an integer:");
    if (!int.TryParse(Console.ReadLine(), out n))
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Invalid input. Please enter a valid integer.");
        return;
    }

    int result = CalculateValue(n);
    Console.WriteLine($"Result: {result}");
}
```

Output:



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.  X  +  v
Enter an integer:
20
Result: 400
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

**TASK3:** Find the maximum integer, that can be obtained by numbers of an arbitrary three-digit positive integer  $n$  permutation ( $100 \leq n \leq 999$ ).

Example

```
n = 165    result = 651
```

Solution

```
public static int MaxPermutation(int n)
{
    // Convert the integer to a string to make it easier to work with its digits
    string number = n.ToString();

    // Convert the string to an array of characters for manipulation
    char[] digits = number.ToCharArray();

    // Sort the array of digits in descending order
    Array.Sort(digits);
    Array.Reverse(digits);

    // Convert the sorted array of digits back to a string
    string result = new string(digits);

    // Convert the string representation of the number back to an integer
    return int.Parse(result);
}

public static void Main(string[] args)
{
    int n;

    Console.WriteLine("Enter a three-digit positive integer:");
    if (!int.TryParse(Console.ReadLine(), out n) || n < 100 || n > 999)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Invalid input. Please enter a valid three-digit positive integer.");
        return;
    }

    int result = MaxPermutation(n);
    Console.WriteLine($"Maximum permutation: {result}");
}
```

Output:

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Enter a three-digit positive integer:

739

Maximum permutation: 973

Press any key to continue . . . |