

**CHANDIGARH UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF NGINEERING
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**



Submitted By: Vivek Kumar(21BCS8129)		Submitted To: Mamta Punia(E12337)	
Subject Name	Competitive Coding - I		
Subject Code	20CSP-314		
Branch	Computer Science and Engineering		
Semester	5 th		

Experiment No. - 10

Student Name: Vivek Kumar

Branch: BE-CSE(LEET)

Semester: 5th

Subject Name: Competitive coding - I

UID: 21BCS8129

Section/Group: WM-20BCS-616/A

Date of Performance: 4/11/2022

Subject Code: 20CSP-314

1. Aim/Overview of the practical:

Branch and Bound, Greedy

Marc loves cupcakes, but he also likes to stay fit. Each cupcake has a calorie count, and Marc can walk a distance to expend those calories. If Marc has eaten cupcakes so far, after eating a cupcake with calories he must walk *at least* miles to maintain his weight.

<https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/marcs-cakewalk/problem?isFullScreen=true>

2. Apparatus / Simulator Used:

- Windows 7 or above
- Google Chrome

3. Objective:

- To understand the concept of Branch and Bound.
- To implement the concept of Greedy.

4. Code:

```
#!/bin/python3
```

```
import math
import os
import random
import re
import sys
```

```
#
# Complete the 'marcsCakewalk' function below.
#
# The function is expected to return a LONG_INTEGER.
# The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY calorie as parameter.
#
```

```
def marcsCakewalk(calorie):
    calorie.sort(reverse=True)
    total = 0
    for index, value in enumerate(calorie):
        total += pow(2, index) * value
    return total

if __name__ == '__main__':
    fptr = open(os.environ['OUTPUT_PATH'], 'w')

    n = int(input().strip())

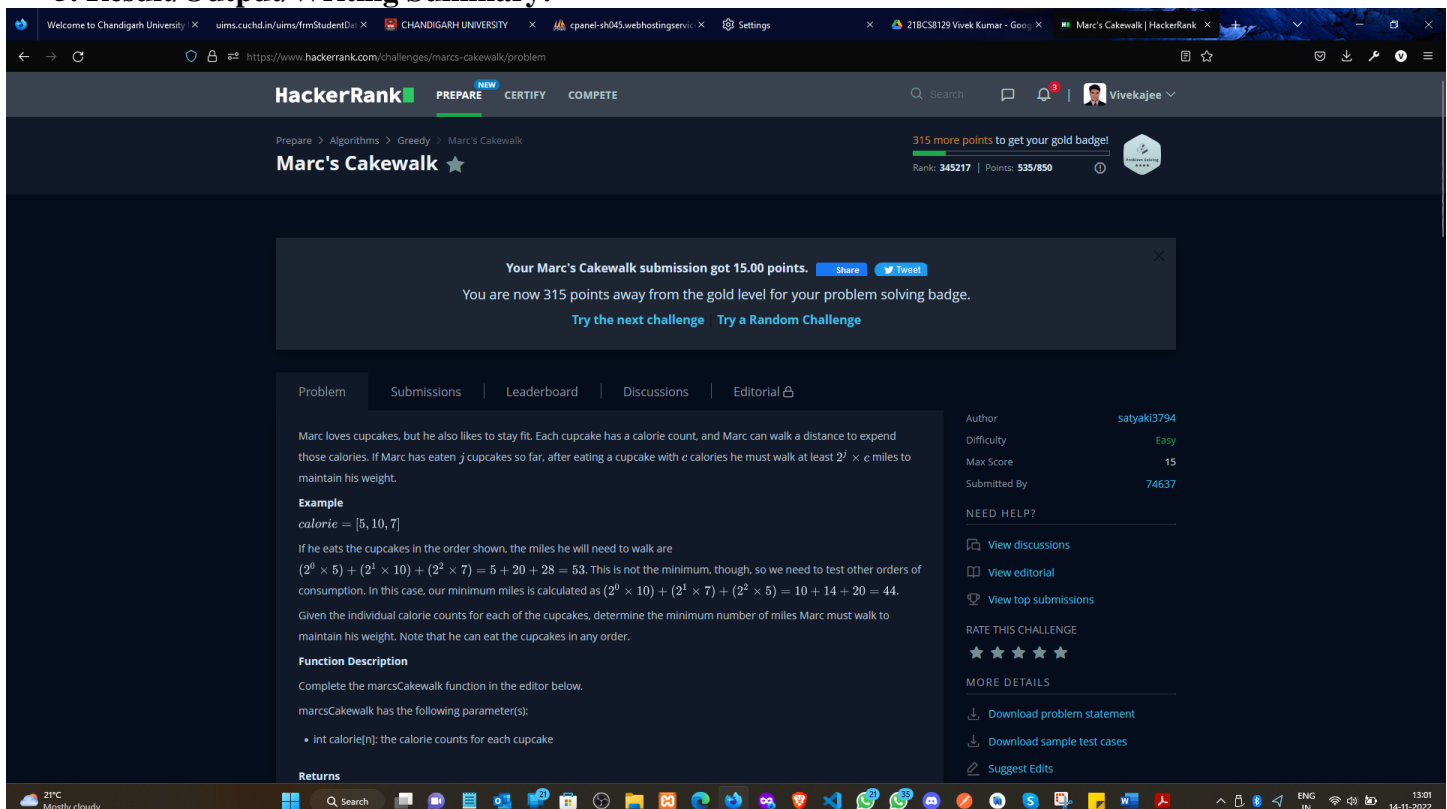
    calorie = list(map(int, input().rstrip().split()))

    result = marcsCakewalk(calorie)

    fptr.write(str(result) + '\n')

    fptr.close()
```

5. Result/Output/Writing Summary:



HackerRank PREPARE NEW CERTIFY COMPETE

Prepare > Algorithms > Greedy > Marc's Cakewalk

Marc's Cakewalk ★

315 more points to get your gold badge!

Rank: 345217 | Points: 535/850

Your Marc's Cakewalk submission got 15.00 points. [Share](#) [Tweet](#)

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Marc loves cupcakes, but he also likes to stay fit. Each cupcake has a calorie count, and Marc can walk a distance to expend those calories. If Marc has eaten j cupcakes so far, after eating a cupcake with c calories he must walk at least $2^j \times c$ miles to maintain his weight.

Example

$calorie = [5, 10, 7]$

If he eats the cupcakes in the order shown, the miles he will need to walk are $(2^0 \times 5) + (2^1 \times 10) + (2^2 \times 7) = 5 + 20 + 28 = 53$. This is not the minimum, though, so we need to test other orders of consumption. In this case, our minimum miles is calculated as $(2^0 \times 10) + (2^1 \times 7) + (2^2 \times 5) = 10 + 14 + 20 = 44$.

Given the individual calorie counts for each of the cupcakes, determine the minimum number of miles Marc must walk to maintain his weight. Note that he can eat the cupcakes in any order.

Function Description

Complete the `marcsCakewalk` function in the editor below.

`marcsCakewalk` has the following parameter(s):

- `int calorie[n]`: the calorie counts for each cupcake

Returns

Author: satyaki3794

Difficulty: Easy

Max Score: 15

Submitted By: 74637

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Marc's Cakewalk | HackerRank

https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/marc's-cakewalk/problem

Returns

- long: the minimum miles necessary

Input Format

The first line contains an integer n , the number of cupcakes in *calorie*.
The second line contains n space-separated integers, *calorie*[i].

Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 40$
- $1 \leq c[i] \leq 1000$

Sample Input 0

```
3
1 3 2
```

Sample Output 0

```
11
```

Explanation 0

Let's say the number of miles Marc must walk to maintain his weight is *miles*. He can minimize *miles* by eating the $n = 3$ cupcakes in the following order:

1. Eat the cupcake with $c_1 = 3$ calories, so $miles = 0 + (3 \cdot 2^0) = 3$.
2. Eat the cupcake with $c_2 = 2$ calories, so $miles = 3 + (2 \cdot 2^1) = 7$.
3. Eat the cupcake with $c_0 = 1$ calories, so $miles = 7 + (1 \cdot 2^2) = 11$.

We then print the final value of *miles*, which is 11, as our answer.

Sample Input 1

```
4
7 4 9 6
```

Sample Output 1

```
79
```

Explanation 1
$$(2^0 * 9) + (2^1 * 7) + (2^2 * 6) + (2^3 * 4) = 9 + 14 + 24 + 32 = 79$$

Change Theme
Language
Python 3

```
#!/bin/python3

import math
import os
import random
import re
import sys


# Complete the 'marcsCakewalk' function below.
# The function is expected to return a LONG_INTEGER.
# The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY calorie as parameter.

def marcsCakewalk(calorie):
    calorie.sort(reverse=True)
    total = 0

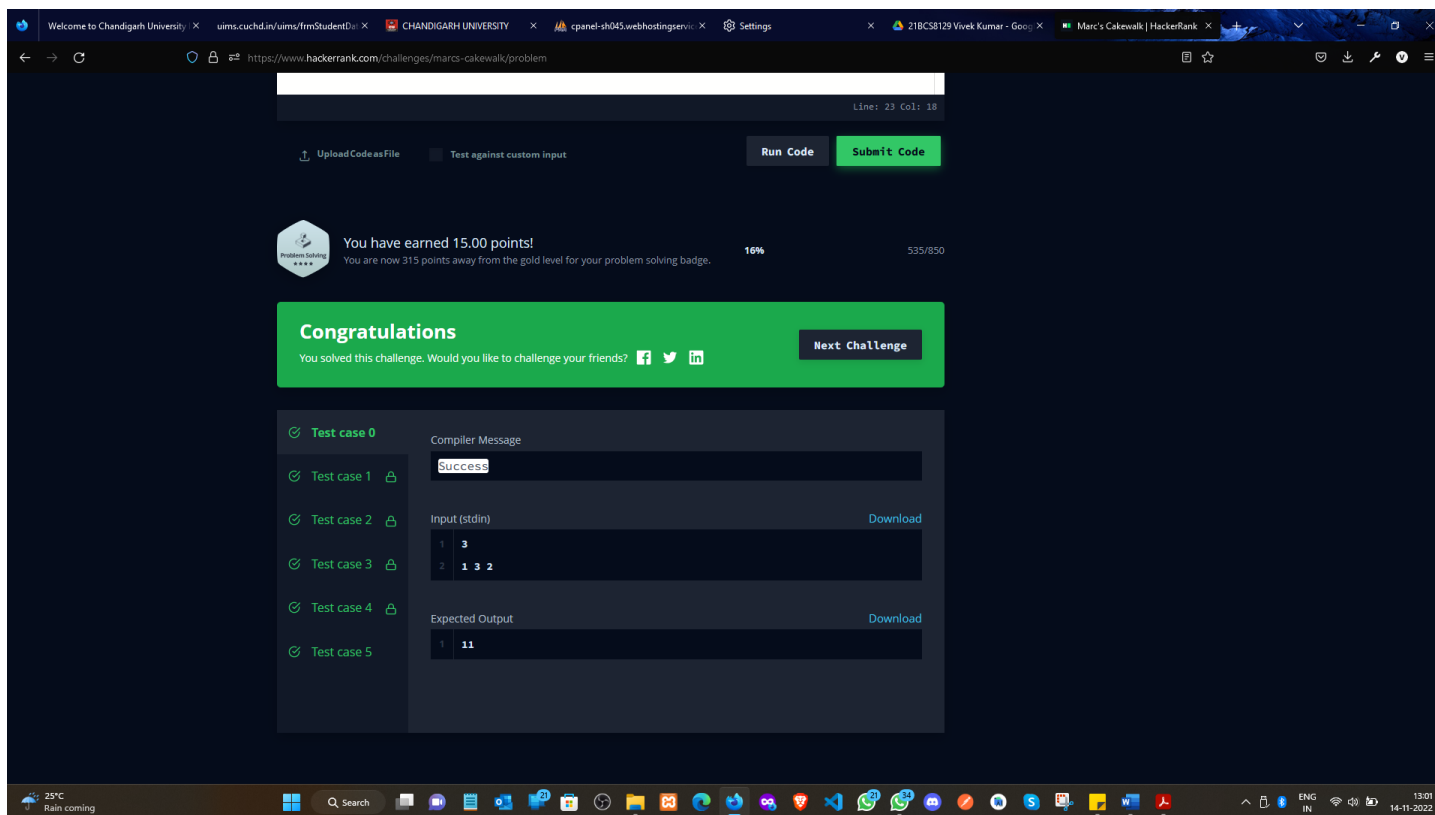
    for index, value in enumerate(calorie):
        total += pow(2, index) * value

    return total

if __name__ == '__main__':
    fptr = open(os.environ['OUTPUT_PATH'], 'w')
```



egov@cumail.in



Experiment 10.2

1. Aim/Overview of the practical:

Branch and Bound, Greedy

Given a square grid of characters in the range `ascii[a-z]`, rearrange elements of each row alphabetically, ascending. Determine if the columns are also in ascending alphabetical order, top to bottom. Return YES if they are or NO if they are not.

<https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/grid-challenge/problem?isFullScreen=true>

2. Apparatus / Simulator Used:

- Windows 7 or above
- Google Chrome

3. Objective:

- To understand the concept of Branch and Bound.
- To implement the concept of Greedy.

4. Code:

```
#!/bin/python3
import math
import os
import random
import re
import sys

#
# Complete the 'gridChallenge' function below.
#
# The function is expected to return a STRING.
# The function accepts STRING_ARRAY grid as parameter.
#

def gridChallenge(grid):
    sorted_grid = [sorted(row) for row in grid]
    for column in range(len(grid[0])):
        last = sorted_grid[0][column]
        for row in range(1, len(grid)):
            if sorted_grid[row][column] < last:
                return 'NO'
    return 'YES'

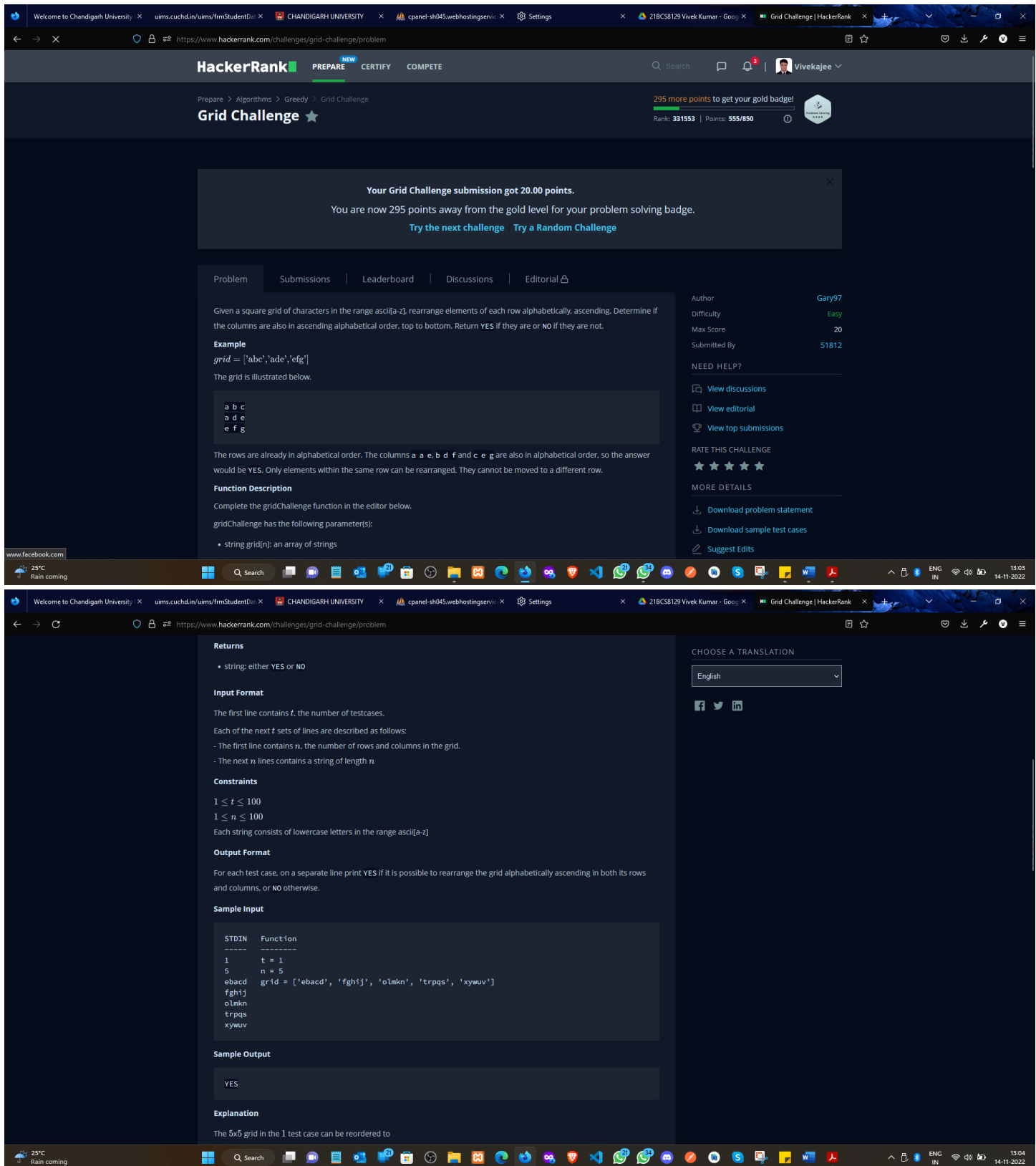
if __name__ == '__main__':
    fptr = open(os.environ['OUTPUT_PATH'], 'w')

    t = int(input().strip())

    for t_itr in range(t):
        n = int(input().strip())
        grid = []
        for _ in range(n):
            grid_item = input()
            grid.append(grid_item)

        result = gridChallenge(grid)
        fptr.write(result + '\n')
    fptr.close()
```

5. Result/Output/Writing Summary:



The screenshot displays the HackerRank interface for the 'Grid Challenge' problem. A notification at the top states: 'Your Grid Challenge submission got 20.00 points. You are now 295 points away from the gold level for your problem solving badge. Try the next challenge Try a Random Challenge'.

The problem description is as follows:

Given a square grid of characters in the range `ascii[a-z]`, rearrange elements of each row alphabetically, ascending. Determine if the columns are also in ascending alphabetical order, top to bottom. Return YES if they are or NO if they are not.

Example

```
grid = ['abc', 'ade', 'efg']
```

The grid is illustrated below.

```

a b c
a d e
e f g

```

The rows are already in alphabetical order. The columns `a a e b d f` and `c e g` are also in alphabetical order, so the answer would be YES. Only elements within the same row can be rearranged. They cannot be moved to a different row.

Function Description

Complete the `gridChallenge` function in the editor below.

`gridChallenge` has the following parameter(s):

- `string grid[n]`: an array of strings

Returns

- `string`: either YES or NO

Input Format

The first line contains t , the number of testcases.

Each of the next t sets of lines are described as follows:

- The first line contains n , the number of rows and columns in the grid.
- The next n lines contains a string of length n .

Constraints

- $1 \leq t \leq 100$
- $1 \leq n \leq 100$
- Each string consists of lowercase letters in the range `ascii[a-z]`

Output Format

For each test case, on a separate line print YES if it is possible to rearrange the grid alphabetically ascending in both its rows and columns, or NO otherwise.

Sample Input

```

STDIN      Function
-----
1          t = 1
5          n = 5
ebacd      grid = ['ebacd', 'fghij', 'olmkn', 'trpqs', 'xywuv']
fghij
olmkn
trpqs
xywuv

```

Sample Output

```
YES
```

Explanation

The 5x5 grid in the 1 test case can be reordered to

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https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/grid-challenge/problem

The 5x5 grid in the 1 test case can be reordered to

```
abcde
fghij
klmno
pqrst
uvwxy
```

This fulfills the condition since the rows 1, 2, ..., 5 and the columns 1, 2, ..., 5 are all alphabetically sorted.

Change Theme Language Python 3

```
#!/bin/python3
import math
import os
import random
import re
import sys

# Complete the 'gridChallenge' function below.
# The function is expected to return a STRING.
# The function accepts STRING_ARRAY grid as parameter.

def gridChallenge(grid):
    sorted_grid = [sorted(row) for row in grid]
    for column in range(len(sorted_grid[0])):
        last = sorted_grid[0][column]
        for row in range(1, len(sorted_grid)):
            if sorted_grid[row][column] < last:
                return 'NO'
        last = sorted_grid[row][column]
    return 'YES'

if __name__ == '__main__':
    fptr = open(os.environ['OUTPUT_PATH'], 'w')
```

25°C Rain coming


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https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/grid-challenge/problem

```
for _ in range(n):
    grid_item = input()
    grid.append(grid_item)
```

Line: 23 Col: 17

Upload Code as File Test against custom input Run Code Submit Code

 You have earned 20.00 points!
You are now 295 points away from the gold level for your problem solving badge. 21% 555/850

Congratulations
You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends? [f](#) [t](#) [in](#) [Next Challenge](#)

Test case 0 Test case 1 Test case 2 Test case 3 Test case 4 Test case 5 Test case 6

Compiler Message

Success

Input (stdin) Download

```
1 1
2 5
3 eabcd
4 fghij
5 olkan
6 trpqs
7 xywuv
```

25°C Rain coming

Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):

- Learned the concept of Branch and Bound.
- Learnt about Array in Greedy.

Evaluation Grid (To be created per the faculty's SOP and Assessment guidelines):

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.	Worksheet completion including writing learning objectives/Outcomes. (To be submitted at the end of the day).		
2.	Post-Lab Quiz Result.		
3.	Student Engagement in Simulation/Demonstration/Performance and Controls/Pre-Lab Questions.		
	Signature of Faculty (with Date):	Total Marks Obtained:	