## Linear\_Regression\_Trump\_vs\_Biden

## November 30, 2020

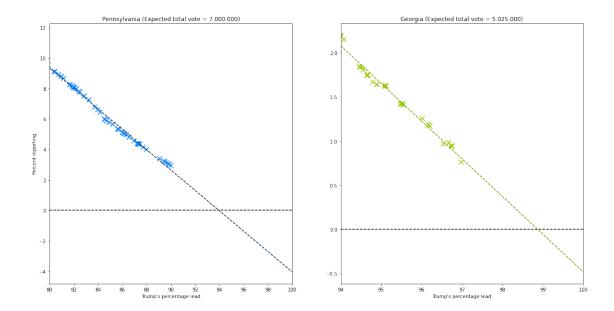
```
[]: ![ -e 'battleground-state-changes.csv' ] || wget https://raw.githubusercontent.
     →com/alex/nyt-2020-election-scraper/master/battleground-state-changes.csv
     #![ -e 'zip.train' ] // wget https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/ElemStatLearn/
     →datasets/zip.train.gz & gzip -d zip.train.gz
     #![ -e 'zip.test' ] || wqet https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/ElemStatLearn/
     \rightarrow datasets/zip.test.gz && gzip -d zip.test.gz
[]: import os
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from enum import Enum
[]: class Colors(Enum):
         blue = '#0A85FF'
         darkblue = '#00264D'
         green = '#99CC00'
         darkgreen = '#739900'
[]: battleground_path = './battleground-state-changes.csv'
     df = pd.read_csv(battleground_path)
[]: # Restructure data frame for easier access to Biden and Trump votes
     def get_candidate_votes(row):
         if row['leading_candidate_name'] == 'Biden':
             row['biden votes'] = row['leading candidate votes']
             row['trump_votes'] = row['trailing_candidate_votes']
         elif row['leading_candidate_name'] == 'Trump':
             row['biden_votes'] = row['trailing_candidate_votes']
             row['trump_votes'] = row['leading_candidate_votes']
         return row
     df = df.apply(get_candidate_votes, axis=1)
[]: df
```

```
[]:
                           state ... trump_votes
                 Alaska (EV: 3)
     0
                                         189543
     1
                 Alaska (EV: 3)
                                         189484
     2
                 Alaska (EV: 3) ...
                                         189457
     3
                 Alaska (EV: 3) ...
                                         189457
     4
                 Alaska (EV: 3) ...
                                         185769
     755 Pennsylvania (EV: 20) ...
                                        2977987
     756 Pennsylvania (EV: 20) ...
                                        2976718
     757 Pennsylvania (EV: 20) ...
                                        2976682
     758 Pennsylvania (EV: 20) ...
                                        2970396
     759 Pennsylvania (EV: 20) ...
                                        2969504
     [760 rows x 22 columns]
[]: class LinearRegression():
       def __init__(self, w=0, b=0):
         self.w = w
         self.b = b
       # def fit(X,y):
       # \quad w = 0
           b = 0
         return LinearRegression(w,b)
       def fit(self, X, y):
         X_u = np.hstack([X, np.ones_like(X[:, 0]).reshape([-1, 1])])
         wb = np.linalg.pinv(X_u) @ y
         # y X_u @ wb = X @ w + b
         w, b = wb[:-1], wb[-1]
         self.w = w
         self.b = b
         return self
       def predict(self, x):
         HHHH
         Define the line here.
         Map x to it's y coordinates. The set \{(x,y) \mid x \text{ from input, y from output}\}
         should define your line.
         In this case x will be percentages reported like
         np.linspace(0.94, 1, 100).reshape([-1,1]) from 94% to 100%
         in Georgia
         HHHH
         return x @ self.w + self.b
```

```
[]: #Pennsylvania
    df_py = df[df['state'] == 'Pennsylvania (EV: 20)']
    df_py['percent_reporting'] = df_py['total_votes_count'] / int(7e+6)
    df_py['trump_lead'] = (df_py['trump_votes'] - df_py['biden_votes']) /__

→df_py['total_votes_count']
    df_py = df_py.sort_values('percent_reporting', axis=0, ascending=False)
    # Only view votes that were counted before 90% were reported
    df_py = df_py[df_py['percent_reporting'] <= 0.9]</pre>
    X = df_py['percent_reporting'].to_numpy().reshape([-1, 1])
    y = df_py['trump_lead'].to_numpy()
    # Fit X to y using Linear Regression
    linear_py = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
    #Georgia
    df_ga = df[df['state'] == 'Georgia (EV: 16)']
    df_ga['percent_reporting'] = df_ga['total_votes_count'] / int(5.025e+6)
    df_ga['trump_lead'] = (df_ga['trump_votes'] - df_ga['biden_votes']) / ___
     df_ga = df_ga.sort_values('percent_reporting', axis=0, ascending=False)
    # Only view votes that were counted before 97% were reported
    df_ga = df_ga[df_ga['percent_reporting'] <= 0.97]</pre>
    X = df_ga['percent_reporting'].to_numpy().reshape([-1, 1])
    y = df_ga['trump_lead'].to_numpy()
    # Fit X to y using Linear Regression
    linear_ga = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(20, 10))
    ax[0].scatter(df_py['percent_reporting'] * 100, df_py['trump_lead'] * 100, 
     →marker='x', s=100, color=Colors.blue.value)
    x = np.linspace(0.8, 1, 100).reshape([-1,1])
    y = linear py.predict(x)
    ax[0].set_xlim([85, 100])
    ax[0].set xticks(range(80, 101, 2))
    ax[0].plot(x * 100, y * 100, linestyle='--', color=Colors.darkblue.value)
    ax[0].hlines(y=0, xmin=80, xmax=100, linestyle='--', color='black')
    ax[0].set_title('Pennsylvania (Expected total vote = 7.000.000)')
    ax[1].scatter(df_ga['percent_reporting'] * 100, df_ga['trump_lead'] * 100,
     →marker='x', s=100, color=Colors.green.value)
    x = np.linspace(0.94, 1, 100).reshape([-1,1])
```

```
y = linear_ga.predict(x)
     ax[1].set_xlim([94, 100])
     ax[1].set_xticks(range(94, 101, 1))
     ax[1].plot(x * 100, y * 100, linestyle='--', color=Colors.darkgreen.value)
     ax[1].hlines(y=0, xmin=94, xmax=100, linestyle='--', color='black')
     ax[1].set_title('Georgia (Expected total vote = 5.025.000)')
     ax[0].set_ylabel("Percent reporting")
     ax[0].set xlabel("Trump's percentage lead")
     ax[1].set_xlabel("Trump's percentage lead")
     # plt.savefig('trump_lead.svg', transparent=True)
    /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:3:
    SettingWithCopyWarning:
    A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
    Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
    See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-
    docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
      This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports
    until
    /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:4:
    SettingWithCopyWarning:
    A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
    Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
    See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-
    docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
      after removing the cwd from sys.path.
    /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:19:
    SettingWithCopyWarning:
    A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
    Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
    See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-
    docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
    /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:20:
    SettingWithCopyWarning:
    A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
    Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
    See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-
    docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
[]: Text(0.5, 0, "Trump's percentage lead")
```



At what percentage of reported votes will Biden lead over Trump?

```
[]: for state, model in (('py', linear_py), ('ga', linear_ga)):
print(state + ':', -model.b / model.w)
```

py: [0.93957541] ga: [0.98868753]

Pennsylvania — at 94%

Georgia — at 99%