Karim_Manisha__CAP_6673_004

```
In [1]:
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from scipy.io import loadmat
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from PIL import Image as im
         from scipy.linalg import svd
         img1 = im.open("Recording-1.png")
In [18]:
         img1 = (np.asarray(img1)/255)
         img2 = im.open("Recording-2.png")
         img2 = (np.asarray(img1)/255)
 In [3]: | img = [img1, img2]
 In [4]:
         img1
 Out[4]: array([[0.51372549, 0.4627451 , 0.89803922, ..., 0.45490196, 0.482352
                 0.05490196]])
 In [5]:
         img2
 Out[5]: array([[0.00201461, 0.00181469, 0.00352172, ..., 0.00178393, 0.001891
         58,
                 0.0002153 ]])
```

```
In [10]: #PRE-PROCESSING
         def center(x):
             mean = np.mean(x, axis=1, keepdims=True)
             centered = x - mean
             return centered, mean
         def covariance(x):
             mean = np.mean(x, axis=1, keepdims=True)
             n = np.shape(x)[1] - 1
             m = x - mean
             return (m.dot(m.T))/n
         def whiten(X):
             # Calculate the covariance matrix
             coVarM = covariance(X)
             # Single value decoposition
             U, S, V = np.linalg.svd(coVarM)
             # Calculate diagonal matrix of eigenvalues
             d = np.diag(1.0 / np.sqrt(S))
             # Calculate whitening matrix
             whiteM = np.dot(U, np.dot(d, U.T))
             # Project onto whitening matrix
             Xw = np.dot(whiteM, X)
             return Xw, whiteM
```

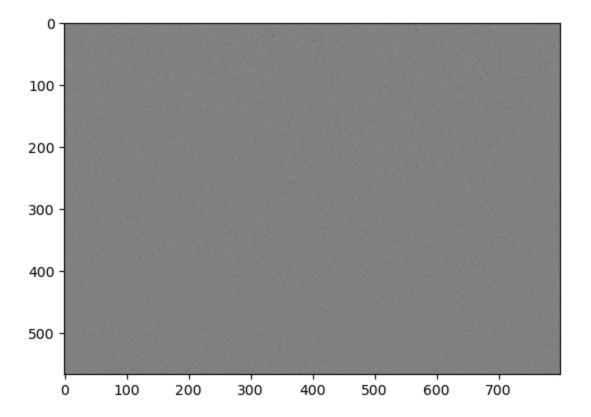
```
def Update Weights(signals, alpha = 1, thresh=1e-8, iterations=5000
In [11]:
          0):
              m, n = signals.shape
              # Initialize random weights
              W = np.random.rand(m, m)
              for c in range(m):
                      w = W[c, :].copy().reshape(m, 1)
                      w = w / np.sqrt((w ** 2).sum())
                       i = 0
                      lim = 100
                      while ((lim > thresh) & (i < iterations)):</pre>
                           ws = np.dot(w.T, signals)
                           wq = np.tanh(ws * alpha).T
                           wg = (1 - np.square(np.tanh(ws))) * alpha
                           # Update weights
                           wNew = (signals * wg.T).mean(axis=1) - wg.mean() *
          w.squeeze()
                           # Decorrelate weights
                           wNew = wNew - np.dot(np.dot(wNew, W[:c].T), W[:c])
                           wNew = wNew / np.sqrt((wNew ** 2).sum())
                           # Calculate limit condition
                           \lim = \text{np.abs}(\text{np.abs}((\text{wNew} * \text{w}).\text{sum}()) - 1)
                           # Update weights
                           w = wNew
                           # Update counter
                           i += 1
                      W[c, :] = w.T
              return W
In [13]: | def ICA(img):
              Xc, meanX = center(img)
```

```
Xw, whiteM = whiten(Xc)
W = Update Weights(Xw, alpha=1)
recon = Xw.T.dot(W.T)
recon = (recon.T - meanX).T
return recon
```

```
recon1 = ICA(img1)
In [19]:
         recon2 = ICA(img2)
```

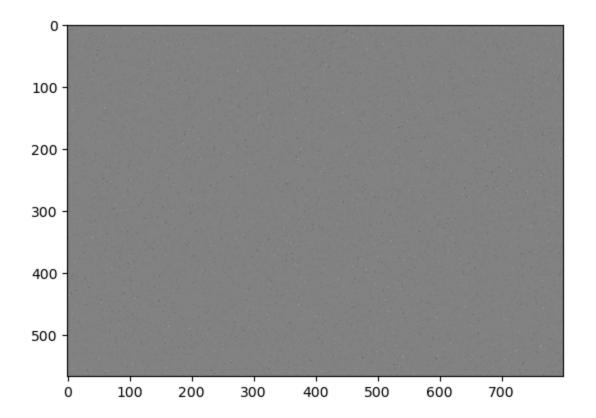
```
In [22]: plt.imshow(recon1.reshape(567,800), cmap = 'gray')
```

Out[22]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fcdd33a5490>



In [21]: plt.imshow(recon2.reshape(567,800), cmap = 'gray')

Out[21]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fcdd33ac2b0>



In []:	
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