

Where Every Slice is a Taste of Perfection

WELCOME !!



ABSTRACT



This is purely designed to showcase the analysis of pizza sales records along with its distribution and many more details related to orders .

Here queries are been solved from basic to advance and the output has been analyzed to know more about the sales.

Language used for this analysis purpose is SQL

- SQL is primarily used for managing and manipulating relational databases. It allows users to query data.
- SQL also facilitates the creation and modification of database schemas, ensuring data integrity through rules and constraints.

SCHEMAS USED FOR SALES RECORDS



PIZZAS



ORDER DETAILS



PIZZA TYPES



ORDERS

THE TABLES IN THE FOLLOWING SCHEMAS ARE

- PIZZAS

Pizza_id,Pizza_type_id,size,price

- PIZZA TYPES

Pizza_type_id,name,category,ingredient

- ORDERS

Order_id,Order_date,Order_time

- ORDER DETAILS

Order_details_id,Pizza_id,Order_id,quantity

-- CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES

-- IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST PRICE PIZZA

```
5  -- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales
6
7  • SELECT
8  ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
9        2) AS total_sales
10 FROM
11 orders_details
12 JOIN
13 pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	total_sales
▶	817860.05

```
25 • SELECT
26     pizzas.size,
27     COUNT(orders_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
28 FROM
29     pizzas
30 JOIN
31     orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
32 GROUP BY pizzas.size
33 ORDER BY order_count DESC;
34
35
36
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28

-- LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES
-- JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY
ORDERED.

```
2 • SELECT
3     pizza_types.name, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
4 FROM
5     pizza_types
6     JOIN
7     pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
8     JOIN
9     orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
10 GROUP BY pizza_types.name
11 ORDER BY quantity DESC
12 LIMIT 5;
13
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:
name	quantity			
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453			
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432			
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422			
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418			
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371			

```
16 • SELECT
17     pizza_types.category,
18     SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
19 FROM
20     pizza_types
21     JOIN
22     pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
23     JOIN
24     orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
25 GROUP BY pizza_types.category
26 ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
category	quantity		
Classic	14888		
Supreme	11987		
Veggie	11649		
Chicken	11050		

-- GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY
-- DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE

```
2 • SELECT
3     ROUND(AVG(quantity))
4 FROM
5     (SELECT
6         orders.order_date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
7     FROM
8         orders
9     JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id
10    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 

	ROUND(AVG(quantity))
▶	138


```
2 • SELECT
3     pizza_types.name,
4     SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
5 FROM
6     pizza_types
7     JOIN
8     pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
9     JOIN
10    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
11 GROUP BY pizza_types.name
12 ORDER BY revenue DESC
13 LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: Export:  Wrap Cell Content:  Fetch rows: 

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

-- CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE

```
3 • SELECT
4     pizza_types.category,
5     round( (SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
6         ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
7             2) AS total_sales
8     FROM
9         orders_details
10        JOIN
11        pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id)) * 100,2) AS revenue
12 FROM
13     pizza_types
14     JOIN
15     pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
16     JOIN
17     orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
18 GROUP BY pizza_types.category
19 ORDER BY revenue DESC;--
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	category	revenue
►	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68

-- ANALYSE THE CUMALATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
2 • select
3   order_date, sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue
4   from
5   (select orders.order_date,
6        sum(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
7        from orders_details join pizzas
8        on orders_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
9        join orders
10       on orders.order_id=orders_details.order_id
11       group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

order_date	cum_revenue
2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
2015-01-02	5445.75
2015-01-03	8108.15
2015-01-04	9863.6
2015-01-05	11929.55


-- DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY
-- JOIN RELEVANT TABLE TO FIND THE CATEGORY WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS

```
2 • SELECT
3     HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
4 FROM
5     orders
6 GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
7
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: Export:  Wrap Cell Content: 

hour	order_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1198
22	663
23	28
10	8
9	1

```
10 • SELECT
11     category, COUNT(name)
12 FROM
13     pizza_types
14 GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: Export:  Wra

category	COUNT(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9

-- DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY

```
2 • select name, revenue
3   from
4   (select category,name, revenue,
5    rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
6   from
7   (select pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name,
8    sum((orders_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
9   from
10    pizza_types join pizzas
11   on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
12  join orders_details on orders_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
13  group by  pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name) as a) as b
14  where rn>=3;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	name	revenue
•	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Southwest Chicken Pizza	34705.75
	The Chicken Alfredo Pizza	16900.25
	The Chicken Pesto Pizza	16701.75
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
	The Greek Pizza	28454.100000000013
	The Italian Capocollo Pizza	25094
	The Napolitana Pizza	24087
	The Big Meat Pizza	22968
	The Pepperoni, Mushroom, and Peppers Pizza	18834.5

	name	revenue
	The Pepperoni, Mushroom, and Peppers Pizza	18834.5
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
	The Pepper Salami Pizza	25529
	The Prosciutto and Arugula Pizza	24193.25
	The Soppressata Pizza	16425.75
	The Calabrese Pizza	15934.25
	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	15277.75
	The Brie Carre Pizza	11588.499999999999
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5
	The Vegetables + Vegetables Pizza	24374.75
	The Spinach Supreme Pizza	15277.75
	The Brie Carre Pizza	11588.499999999999
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5
	The Vegetables + Vegetables Pizza	24374.75
	The Spinach and Feta Pizza	23271.25
	The Italian Vegetables Pizza	16019.25
	The Spinach Pesto Pizza	15596
	The Mediterranean Pizza	15360.5
	The Green Garden Pizza	13955.75

OUR SIGNATURE PIZZAS



200

Margherita Pizza



300

Veggie Delight



250

Pepperoni Pizza

THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION

See You Next