

MANISHA M 2024-CSE ▾**M2****Started on** Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 9:39 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 9:45 PM**Time taken** 5 mins 36 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void function (int n)
{
    int i= 1;
```

```
    int s =1;
```

```
    while(s <= n)
    {
        i++;
        s += i;
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

For example:

Input	Result
9	12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int i,s,count=0,n;
4     count++;
5     scanf("%d",&n);
6     count++;
7     i=1;
8     s=1;
9     while(s<=n){
10         count++;
11         i++;
12         count++;
13         s+=i;
14         count++;
15     }
16     count++;
17     printf("%d",count);
18 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9	12	12	✓
✓	4	9	9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Back to Course](#)

MANISHA M 2024-CSE ▾**M2****Started on** Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 9:45 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 9:51 PM**Time taken** 6 mins 23 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n,c=0;
5     c++;
6     scanf("%d",&n);
7     if(n==1)
8     {
9         c++;
10    }
11    else
12    {
13        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
14        {
15            c++;
16            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
17            {
18                c++;
19                c++;
20                c++;
21                c++;
22                c++;
23                c++;
24                break;
25            }
26        }
27        c++;
28        printf("%d",c);
29    }
30 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	12	12	✓
✓	1000	5002	5002	✓
✓	143	717	717	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Back to Course](#)

MANISHA M 2024-CSE ▾**M2****Started on** Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 9:52 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:01 PM**Time taken** 8 mins 58 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
Factor(num) {
{
    for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
    {
        if (num % i == 0)
        {
            printf("%d ", i);
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int i,num,c=0;
4     scanf("%d",&num);
5     for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
6     {
7         c++;
8         c++;
9         if (num % i == 0)
10        {
11            c++;
12        }
13    }
14    c++;
15    printf("%d",c);
16    return 0;
17 }
18 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	31	31	✓
✓	25	54	54	✓
✓	4	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[MANISHA M 2024-CSE](#) ▾**M2**

Started on Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:02 PM

State Finished

Completed on Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:18 PM

Time taken 16 mins 3 secs

Marks 1.00/1.00

Grade 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time

complexity using counter method.

```
void function(int n)
{
    int c = 0;
    for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
                c++;
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n, c = 0, count = 0;
5     count++;
6     scanf("%d", &n);
7
8     for(int i = n / 2; i < n; i++) {
9         count++;
10        count++;
11
12        for(int j = 1; j < n; j = 2 * j) {
13            count++;
14            count++;
15
16            for(int k = 1; k < n; k = k * 2) {
17                count++;
18                count++;
19                c++;
20
21            }
22        }
23    }
24
25    count++;
26    printf("%d", count);
27    return 0;
28 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	30	30	✓
✓	10	212	212	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

[MANISHA M 2024-CSE](#) ▾**M2**

Started on Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:19 PM

State Finished

Completed on Wednesday, 13 August 2025, 10:31 PM

Time taken 11 mins 58 secs

Marks 1.00/1.00

Grade 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n /= 10;

    }
print(rev);
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     int n, rev = 0, remainder;
5     int count = 0;
6     count++;
7     scanf("%d", &n);
8     count++;
9     while (n != 0) {
10         count++;
11
12         remainder = n % 10;
13         count++;
14
15         rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
16         count++;
17         n /= 10;
18         count++;
19     }
20
21     count++;
22
23     printf("%d\n", count);
24     return 0;
25 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	11	11	✓
✓	1234	19	19	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.