

count digit

Problem statement

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You are given a number ' n '.

Find the number of digits of ' n ' that evenly divide ' n '.

Note:

A digit evenly divides ' n ' if it leaves no remainder when dividing ' n '.

Example:

Input: ' n ' = 336

Output: 3

Explanation:

336 is divisible by both '3' and '6'. Since '3' occurs twice it is counted two times.

question understanding:

- A digit is said to evenly divide '**n**' if, when '**n**' is divided by that **digit**, there is no remainder.

examples:

n = 336

- you need to find the digits in 336 that can evenly divide it.

explain:

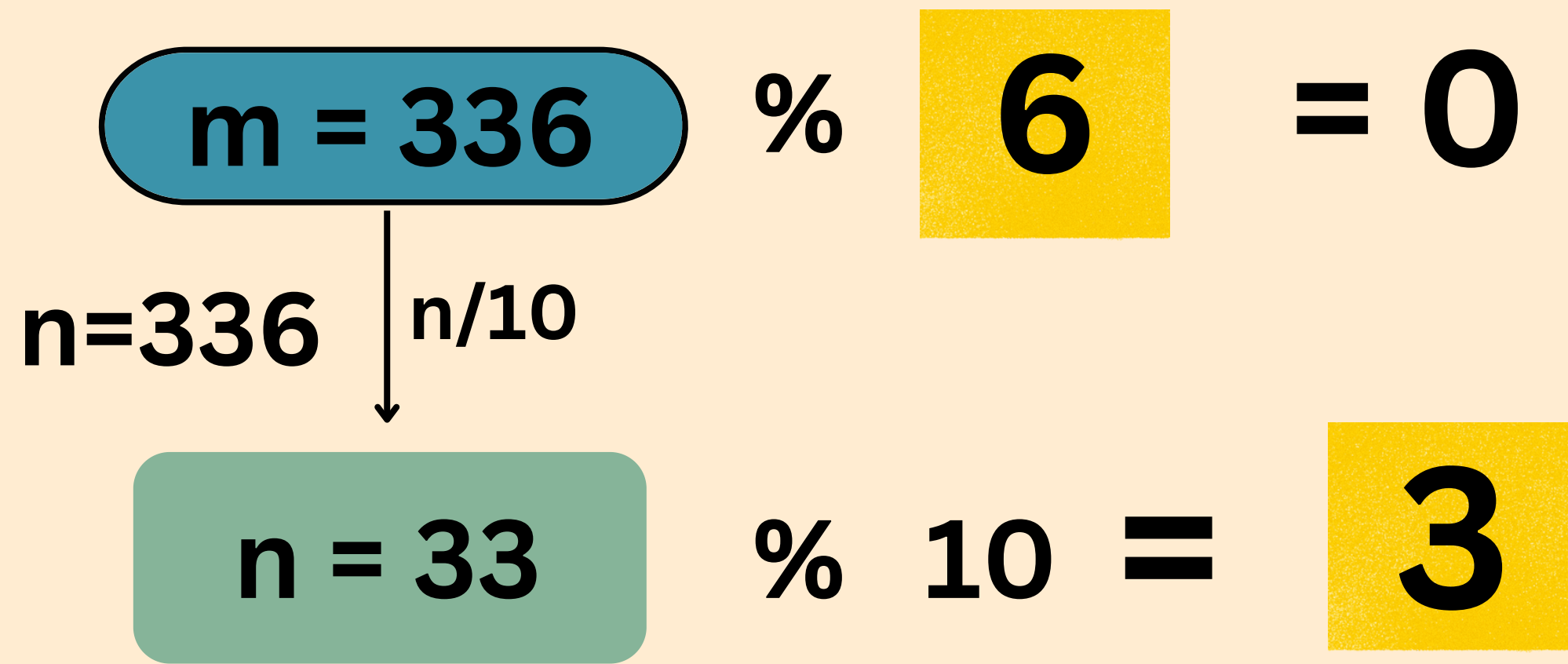
n = 336

% 10 =

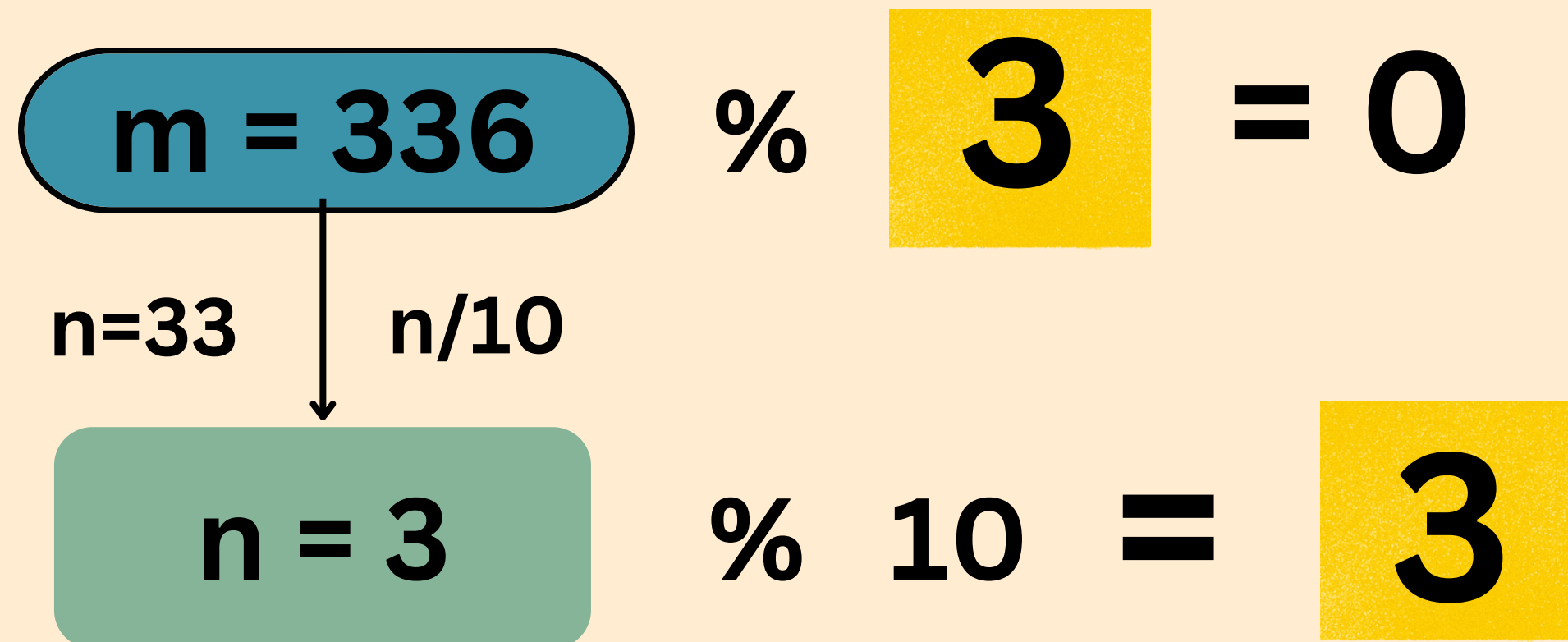
6

← last_digit

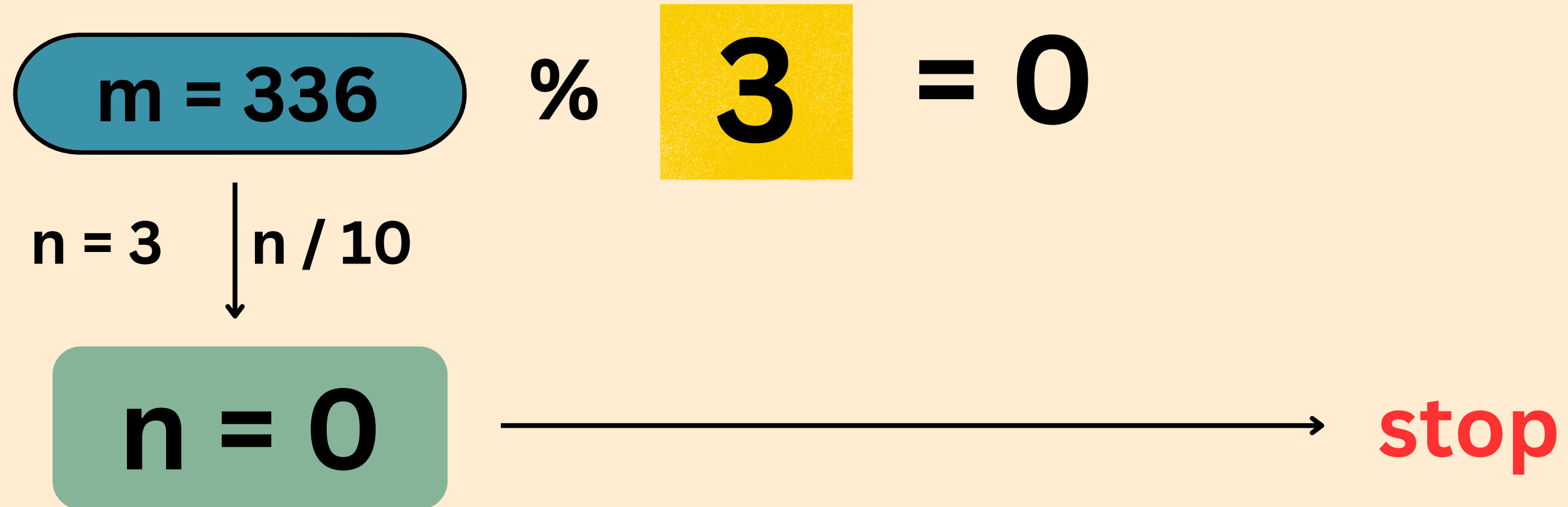
- check if $m \% \text{last_digit} == 0$, then that is **evenly divide**.



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pseudocode:

C++ (g++ 5.4) ▾

```
1 int countDigits(int n){
2     int m = n;
3
4     int cnt = 0;
5
6     while (n) {
7         int last_digit = n % 10;
8
9         if (last_digit != 0) {
10             if (m % last_digit == 0) {
11                 cnt++;
12             }
13         }
14
15         n = n / 10;
16     }
17     return cnt;
18 }
19 }
```

Sample test case

Custom test case



Test case 12



Test case 13



Test case 14



Test case 15



Run



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