Heart Disease or CardioVascularity Disease

Using Extensive + Visualization

In [27]:
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

In [29]:
```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.stats as st
%matplotlib inline

sns.set(style="whitegrid")
```

In [31]:
```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

In [33]:
```
df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\ymani\OneDrive\Desktop\NIT_Files\Resume Project and ED
df
```

Out[33]:

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	th
0	63	1	3	145	233	1	0	150	0	2.3	0	0	
1	37	1	2	130	250	0	1	187	0	3.5	0	0	
2	41	0	1	130	204	0	0	172	0	1.4	2	0	
3	56	1	1	120	236	0	1	178	0	0.8	2	0	
4	57	0	0	120	354	0	1	163	1	0.6	2	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
298	57	0	0	140	241	0	1	123	1	0.2	1	0	
299	45	1	3	110	264	0	1	132	0	1.2	1	0	
300	68	1	0	144	193	1	1	141	0	3.4	1	2	
301	57	1	0	130	131	0	1	115	1	1.2	1	1	
302	57	0	1	130	236	0	0	174	0	0.0	1	1	

303 rows × 14 columns

In [35]:
```
print("The shape of the dataset is: ",df.shape)
```

```
The shape of the dataset is:  (303, 14)
```

In [37]:
```
df.head()
```

Out[37]:

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal
0	63	1	3	145	233	1	0	150	0	2.3	0	0	1
1	37	1	2	130	250	0	1	187	0	3.5	0	0	2
2	41	0	1	130	204	0	0	172	0	1.4	2	0	2
3	56	1	1	120	236	0	1	178	0	0.8	2	0	2
4	57	0	0	120	354	0	1	163	1	0.6	2	0	2

In [39]:
```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 303 entries, 0 to 302
Data columns (total 14 columns):
 #   Column    Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  ------    --------------  -----  
 0   age       303 non-null    int64  
 1   sex       303 non-null    int64  
 2   cp        303 non-null    int64  
 3   trestbps  303 non-null    int64  
 4   chol      303 non-null    int64  
 5   fbs       303 non-null    int64  
 6   restecg   303 non-null    int64  
 7   thalach   303 non-null    int64  
 8   exang     303 non-null    int64  
 9   oldpeak   303 non-null    float64
 10  slope     303 non-null    int64  
 11  ca        303 non-null    int64  
 12  thal      303 non-null    int64  
 13  target    303 non-null    int64  
dtypes: float64(1), int64(13)
memory usage: 33.3 KB
```

In [ ]:
```
```

In [42]:
```
df.dtypes
```

Out[42]:
```
age           int64
sex           int64
cp            int64
trestbps      int64
chol          int64
fbs           int64
restecg       int64
thalach       int64
exang         int64
oldpeak     float64
slope         int64
ca            int64
thal          int64
target        int64
dtype: object
```

In [ ]:
```
```

In [45]:
```
df.describe()
```

Out[45]:

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	reste
count	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.000000	303.0000
mean	54.366337	0.683168	0.966997	131.623762	246.264026	0.148515	0.5280
std	9.082101	0.466011	1.032052	17.538143	51.830751	0.356198	0.5258
min	29.000000	0.000000	0.000000	94.000000	126.000000	0.000000	0.0000
25%	47.500000	0.000000	0.000000	120.000000	211.000000	0.000000	0.0000
50%	55.000000	1.000000	1.000000	130.000000	240.000000	0.000000	1.0000
75%	61.000000	1.000000	2.000000	140.000000	274.500000	0.000000	1.0000
max	77.000000	1.000000	3.000000	200.000000	564.000000	1.000000	2.0000

In [47]:
```
df.columns
```

Out[47]:
```
Index(['age', 'sex', 'cp', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'fbs', 'restecg', 'thalach',
       'exang', 'oldpeak', 'slope', 'ca', 'thal', 'target'],
      dtype='object')
```

Univariate Analysis

In [50]:
```
df['target'].nunique()
```

Out[50]:
```
2
```

In [52]:
```
df['target'].unique()
```

Out[52]:
```
array([1, 0], dtype=int64)
```

In [ ]:

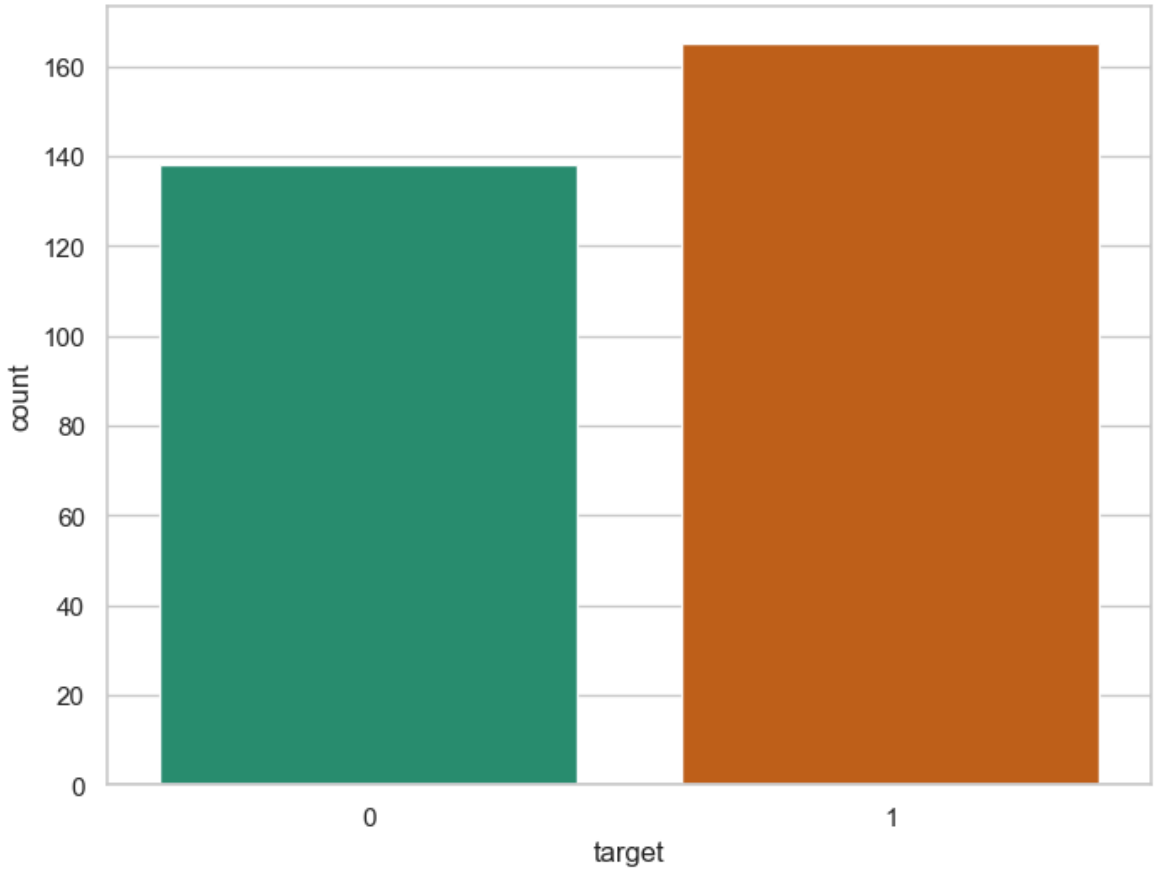
In [55]:
```
df['target'].value_counts()
```

Out[55]:
```
target
1    165
0    138
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [ ]:

Visualize Frequency distribution of target variable

In [63]:
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(x='target',data=df,palette='Dark2')
plt.show()
```



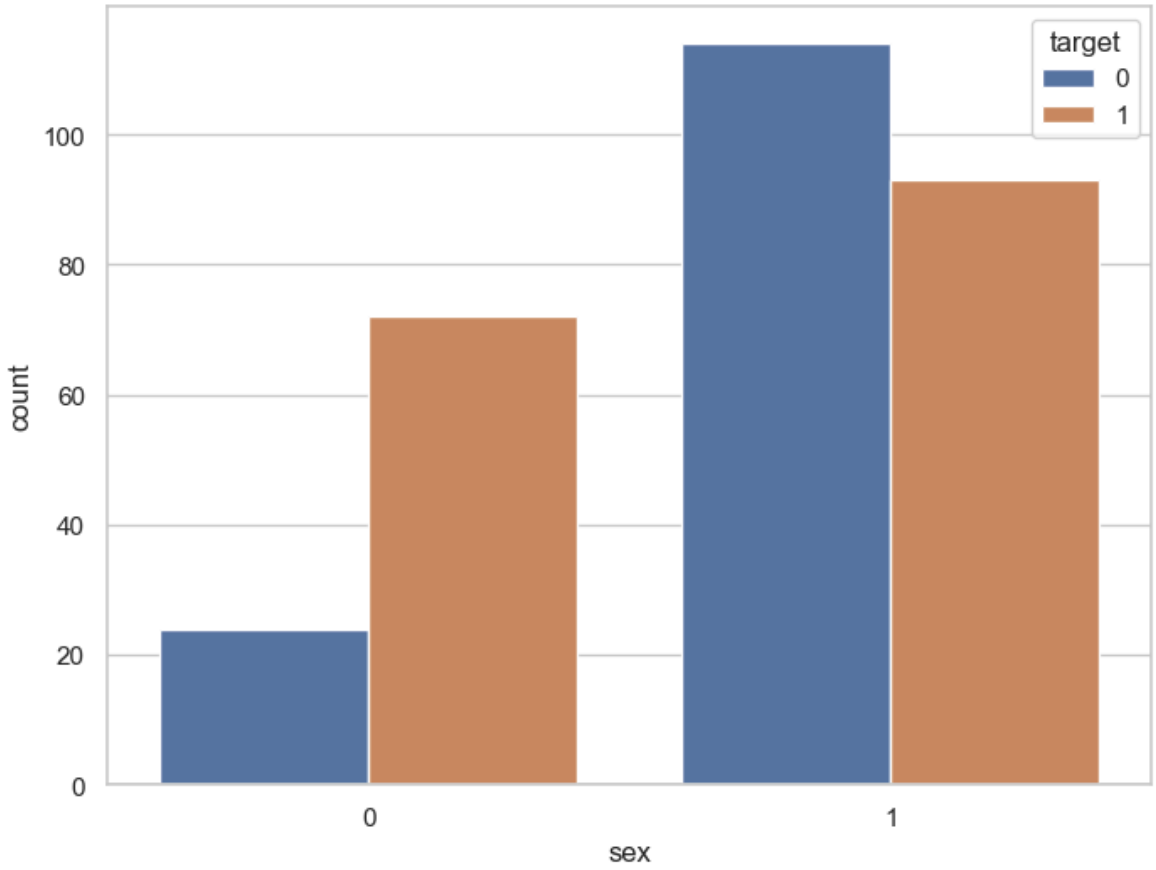
165,138

Frequency distribution of target variable wrt sex

In [67]:
```
df.groupby('sex')['target'].value_counts()
```

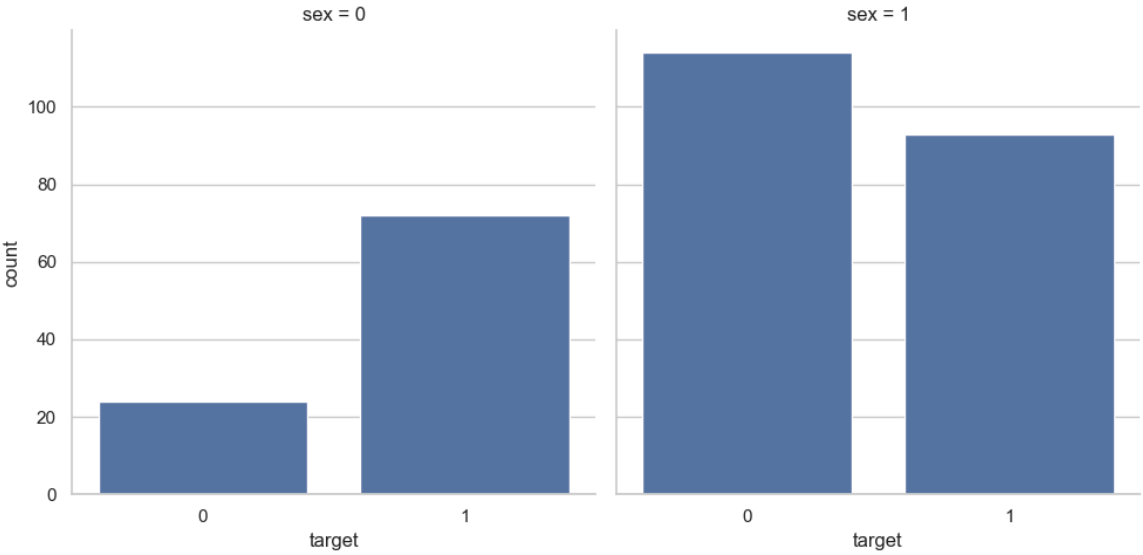
Out[67]:
```
sex  target
0    1          72
     0          24
1    0         114
     1          93
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [69]:
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(x='sex',hue='target',data=df)
plt.show()
```

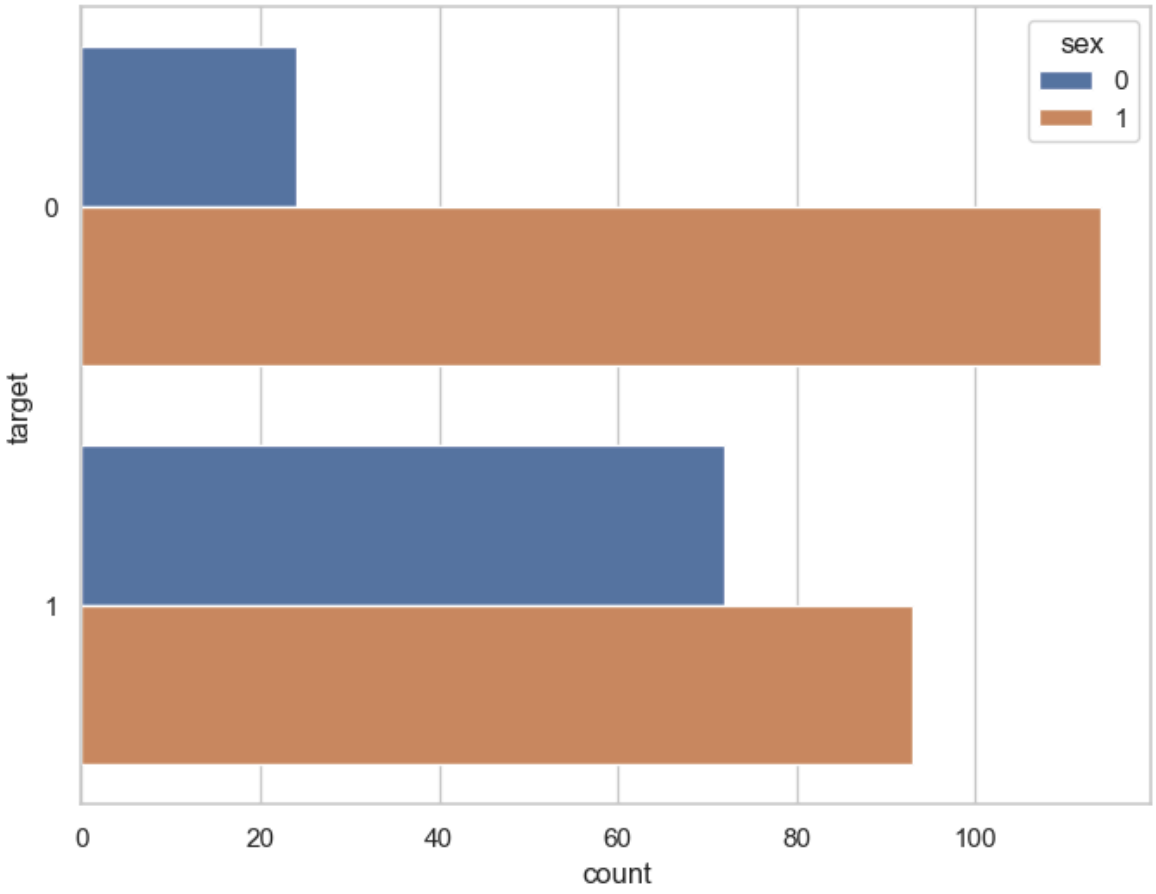


In [ ]:

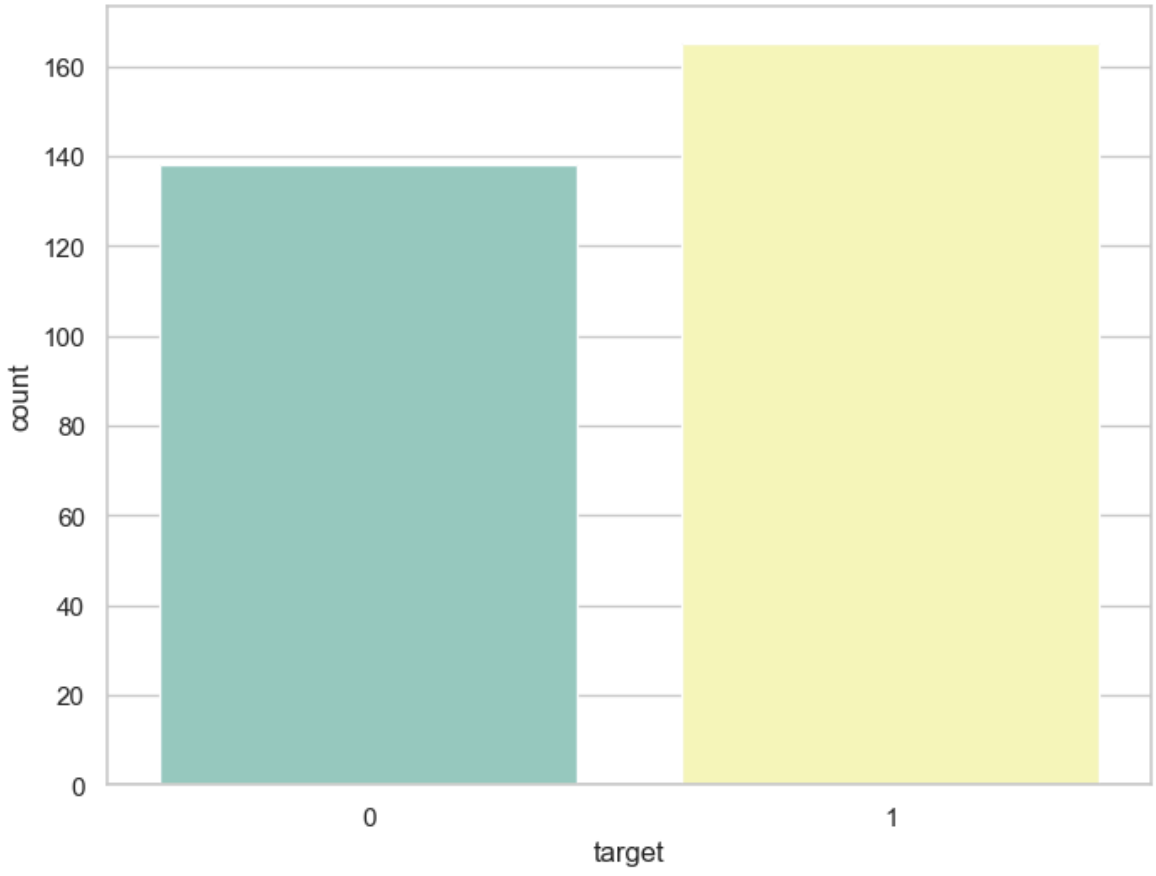
In [76]:
```
ax=sns.catplot(x='target',col='sex',data=df,kind='count',height=5,aspect=1)
plt.show()
```



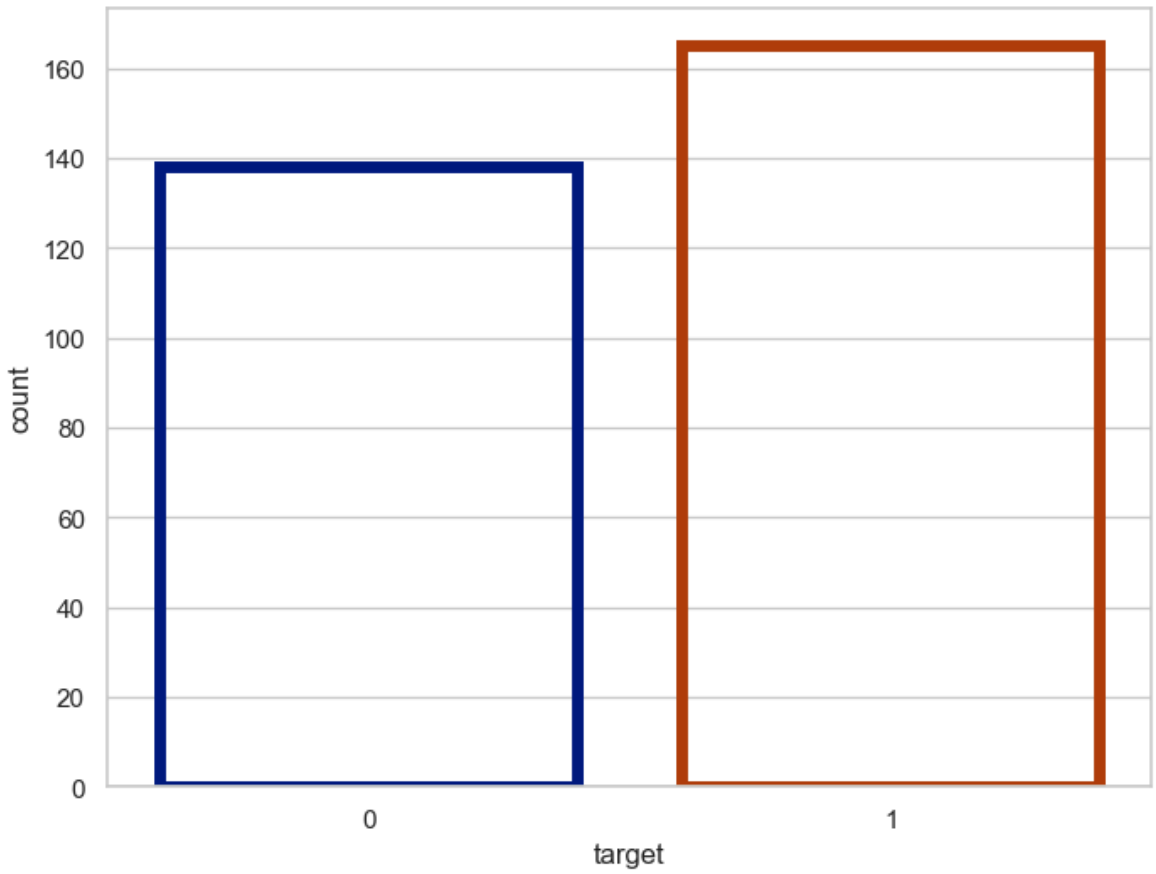
In [78]:
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(y='target',hue='sex',data=df)
plt.show()
```



In [80]:
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(x="target",data=df,palette="Set3")
plt.show()
```

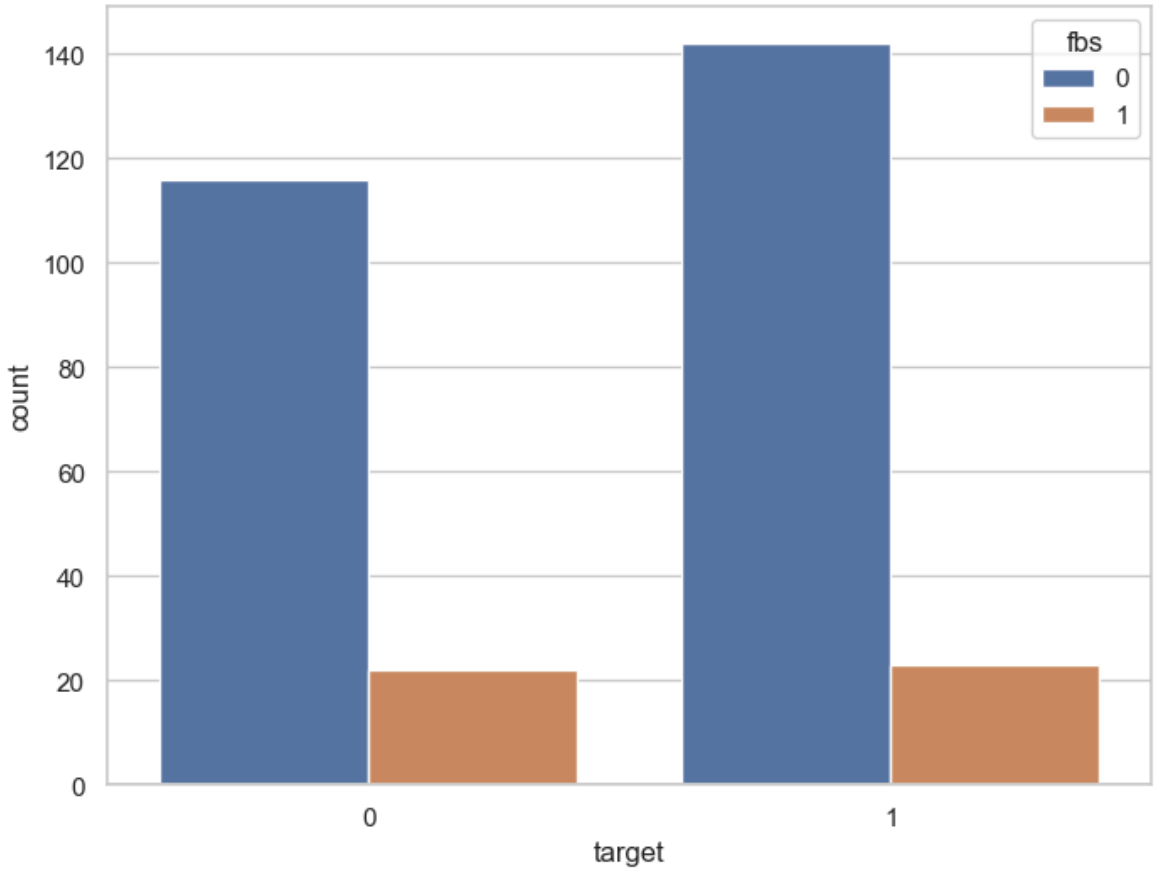


In [84]:
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(x='target',data=df,facecolor=(0,0,0,0),linewidth=5,edgecolor=sn
plt.show()
```

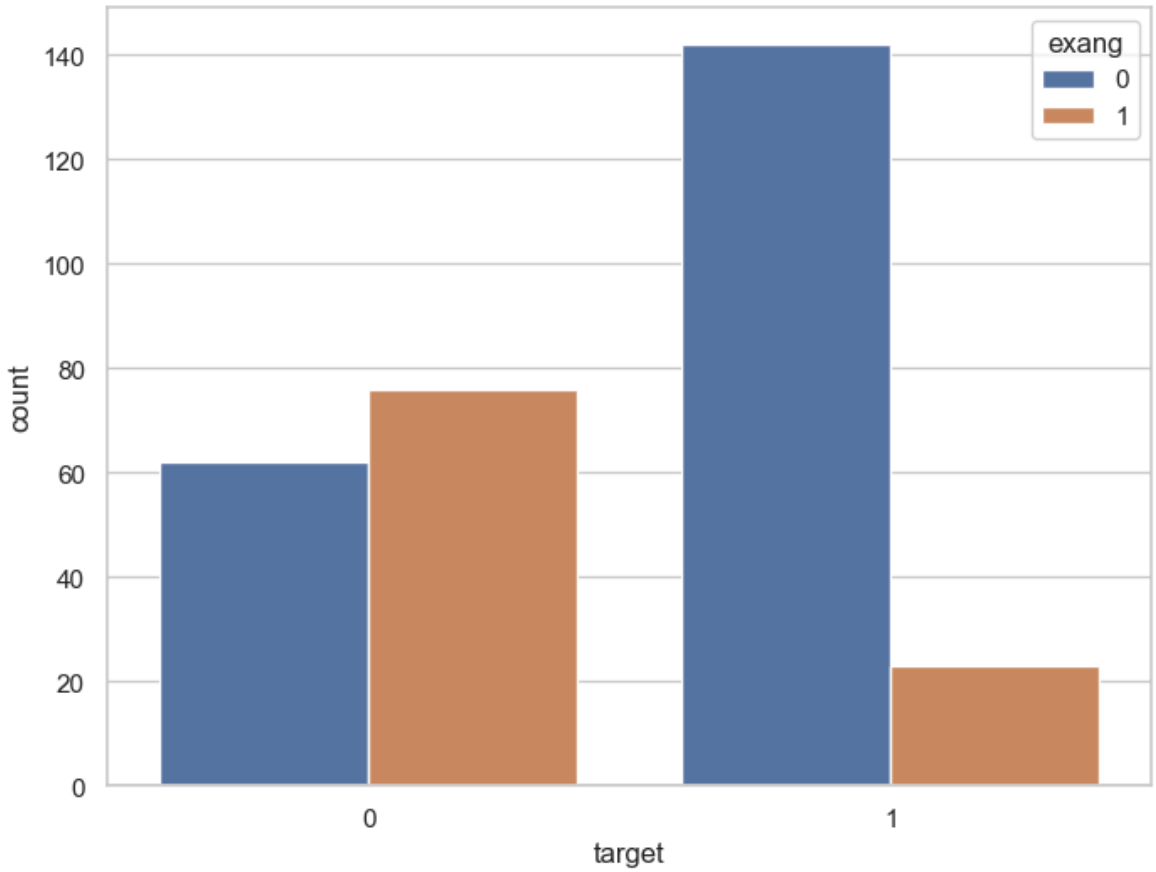


In [ ]:
```
```

In [87]:
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(x='target',hue='fbs',data=df)
plt.show()
```



In [89]:
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(x='target',hue='exang',data=df)
plt.show()
```



In [ ]:

Bivariate Analysis

In [93]:
```
correlation=df.corr()
```

In [95]:
```
correlation
```

Out[95]:

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	t
age	1.000000	-0.098447	-0.068653	0.279351	0.213678	0.121308	-0.116211	-0.
sex	-0.098447	1.000000	-0.049353	-0.056769	-0.197912	0.045032	-0.058196	-0.
cp	-0.068653	-0.049353	1.000000	0.047608	-0.076904	0.094444	0.044421	0.
trestbps	0.279351	-0.056769	0.047608	1.000000	0.123174	0.177531	-0.114103	-0.
chol	0.213678	-0.197912	-0.076904	0.123174	1.000000	0.013294	-0.151040	-0.
fbs	0.121308	0.045032	0.094444	0.177531	0.013294	1.000000	-0.084189	-0.
restecg	-0.116211	-0.058196	0.044421	-0.114103	-0.151040	-0.084189	1.000000	0.
thalach	-0.398522	-0.044020	0.295762	-0.046698	-0.009940	-0.008567	0.044123	1.
exang	0.096801	0.141664	-0.394280	0.067616	0.067023	0.025665	-0.070733	-0.
oldpeak	0.210013	0.096093	-0.149230	0.193216	0.053952	0.005747	-0.058770	-0.
slope	-0.168814	-0.030711	0.119717	-0.121475	-0.004038	-0.059894	0.093045	0.
ca	0.276326	0.118261	-0.181053	0.101389	0.070511	0.137979	-0.072042	-0.
thal	0.068001	0.210041	-0.161736	0.062210	0.098803	-0.032019	-0.011981	-0.
target	-0.225439	-0.280937	0.433798	-0.144931	-0.085239	-0.028046	0.137230	0.

In [97]:
```
correlation['target'].sort_values(ascending=False)
```

Out[97]:
```
target      1.000000
cp          0.433798
thalach     0.421741
slope       0.345877
restecg     0.137230
fbs        -0.028046
chol       -0.085239
trestbps   -0.144931
age        -0.225439
sex        -0.280937
thal       -0.344029
ca         -0.391724
oldpeak    -0.430696
exang      -0.436757
Name: target, dtype: float64
```

In [ ]:
```

```

Analysis of target and cp variable

In [101…
```
df['cp'].nunique()
```

Out[101…
```
4
```

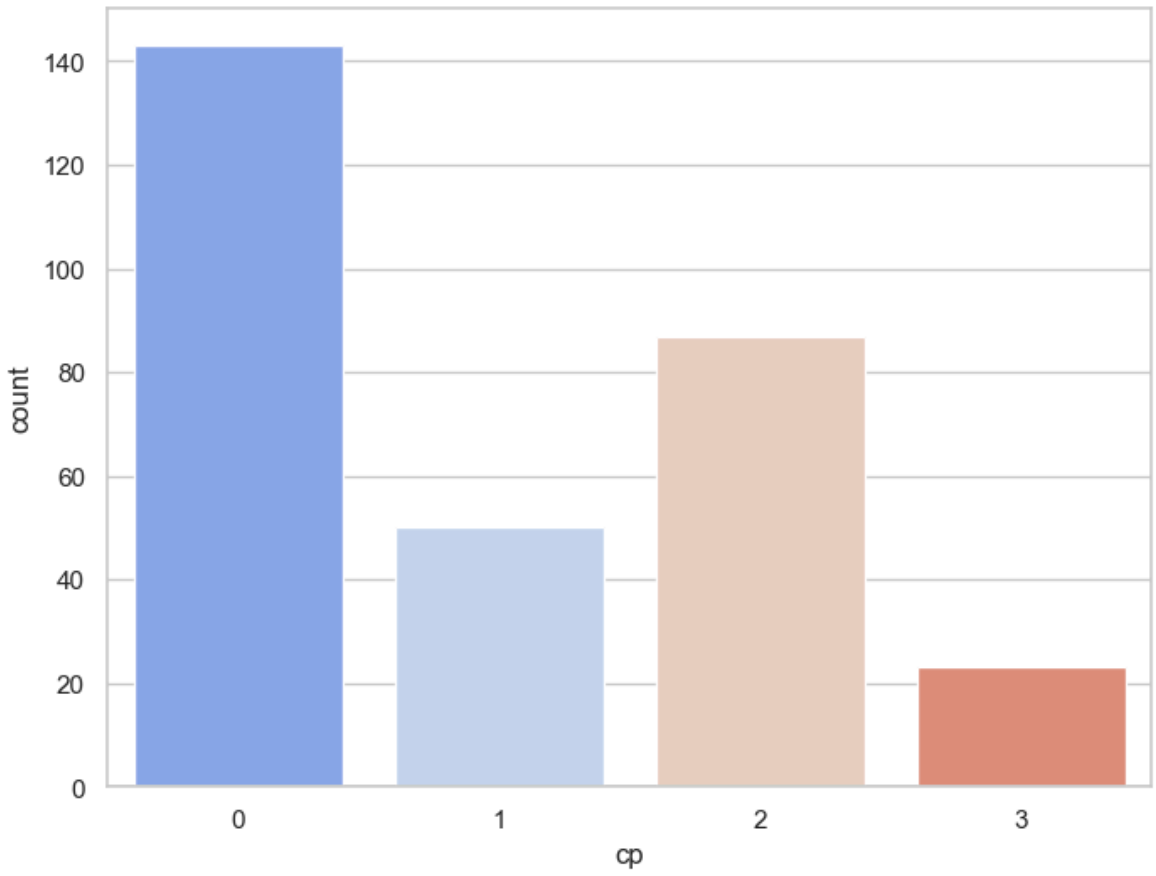
In [103…
```
df['cp'].value_counts()
```

Out[103…
```
cp
0    143
2     87
1     50
3     23
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [ ]:

Visualize the frequency distribution cp variable

In [113…
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(x='cp',data=df,palette='coolwarm')
plt.show()
```



Frequency distribution of target variable wrt cp

In [117…
```
df.groupby('cp')['target'].value_counts()
```

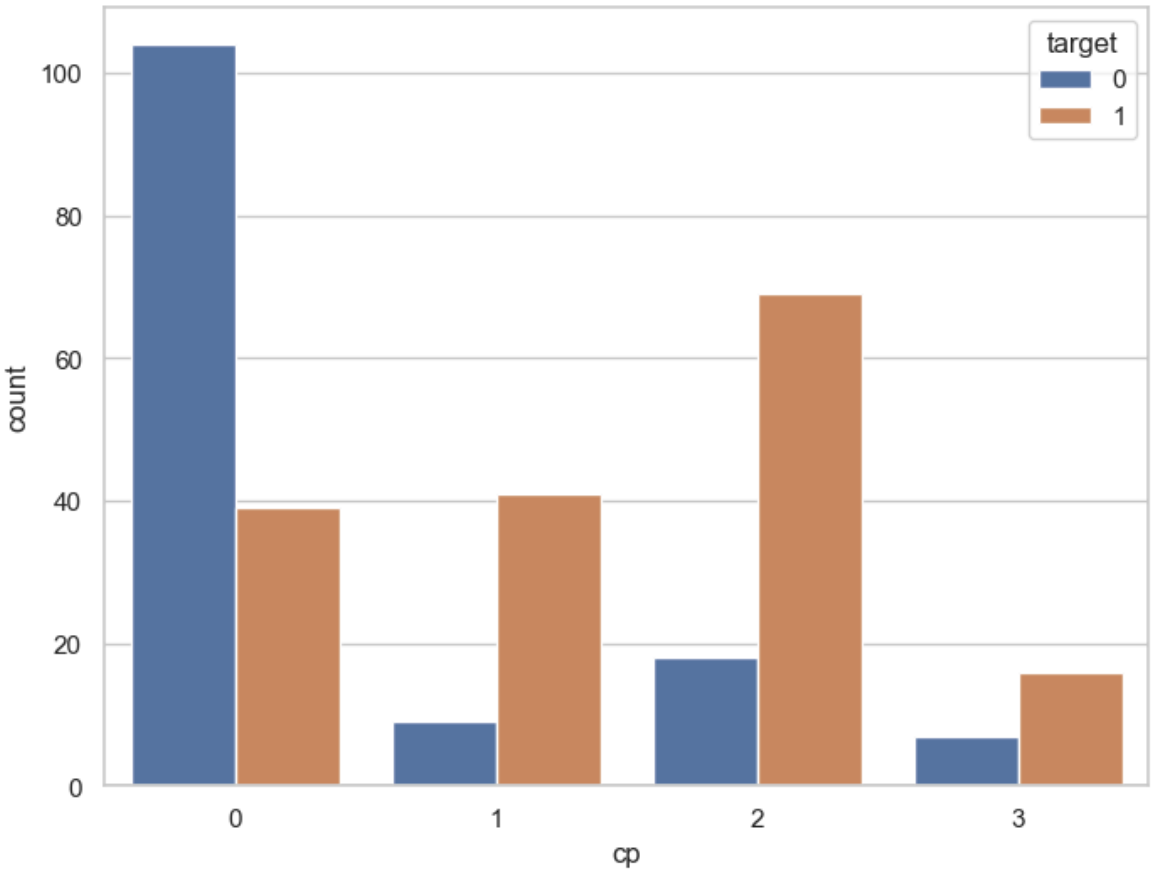
Out[117…
```
cp  target
0   0         104
    1          39
1   1          41
    0           9
2   1          69
    0          18
3   1          16
    0           7
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [ ]:
```

```

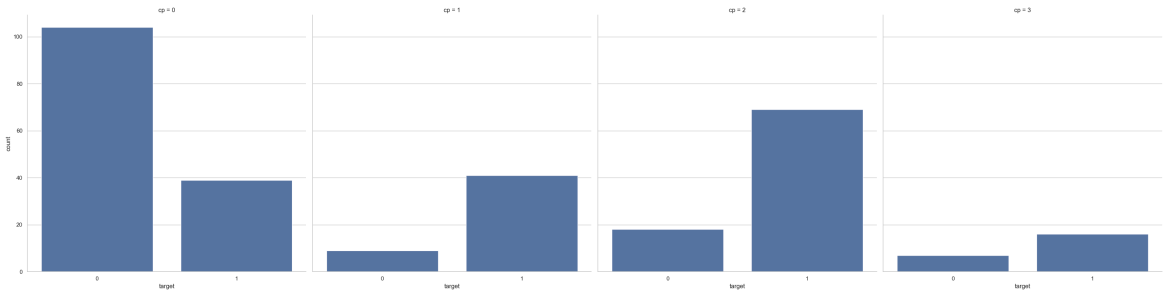
Visualizing cp and target

In [121…
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
ax=sns.countplot(x='cp',hue='target',data=df)
plt.show()
```



Alternatively, we can visualize the information like below:

In [123…
```
ax=sns.catplot(x='target',col='cp',data=df,kind='count',height=8,aspect=1)
plt.show()
```



Analysis of target and thalach variable

thalach stands for maximum heart rate achieved.

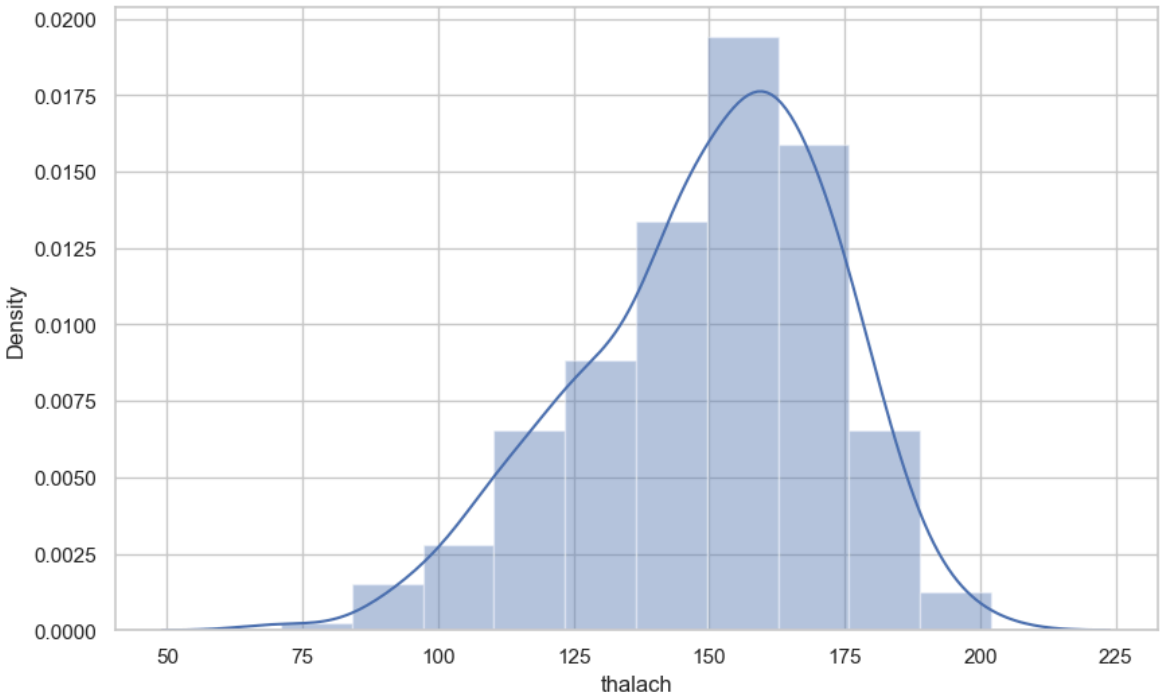
In [130…
```
df['thalach'].nunique()
```

Out[130… 91

In [ ]:
```
```

Visualize the frequency distribution of thalach variable

In [134…
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x=df['thalach']
ax=sns.distplot(x,bins=10)
plt.show()
```

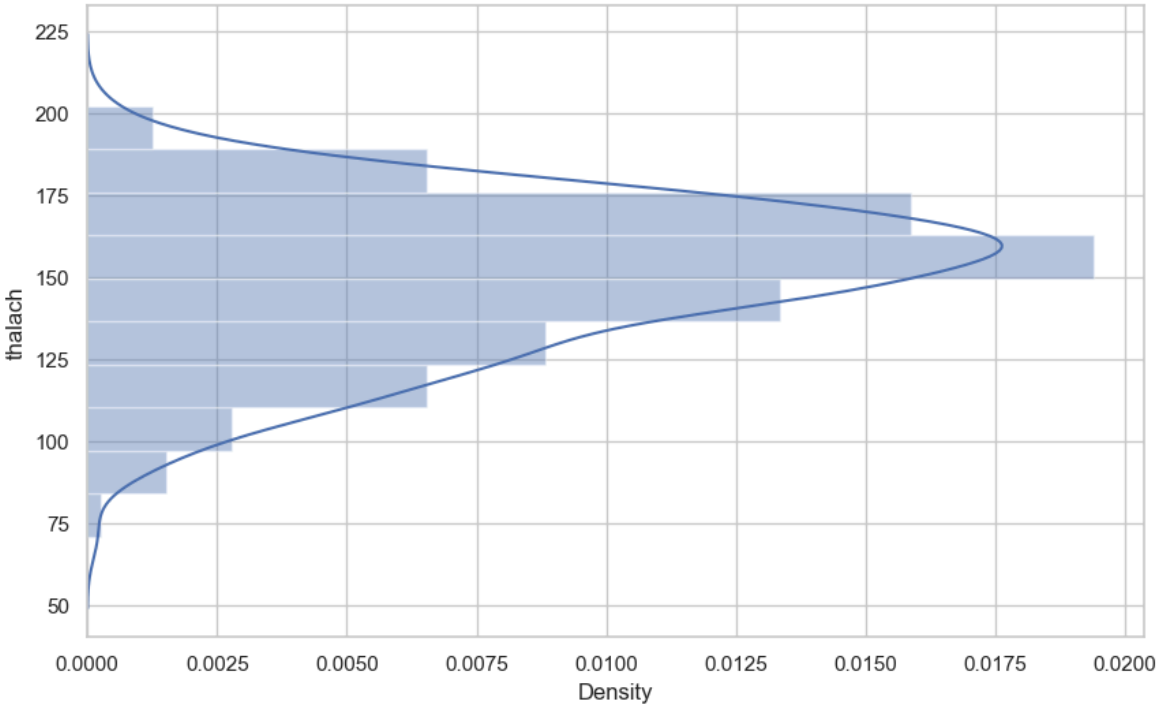


In [ ]:
```
```

Vertical axis

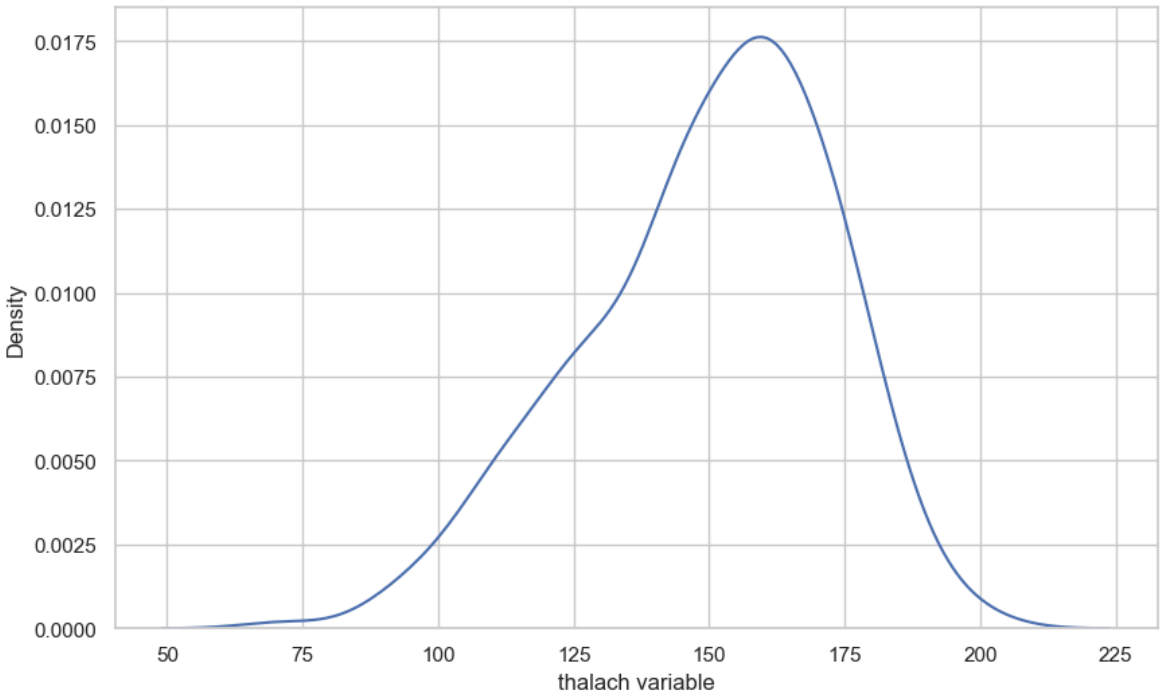
In [140…
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x=df['thalach']
ax=sns.distplot(x,bins=10,vertical=True)
plt.show()
```

```
<Figure size 640x480 with 0 Axes>
```



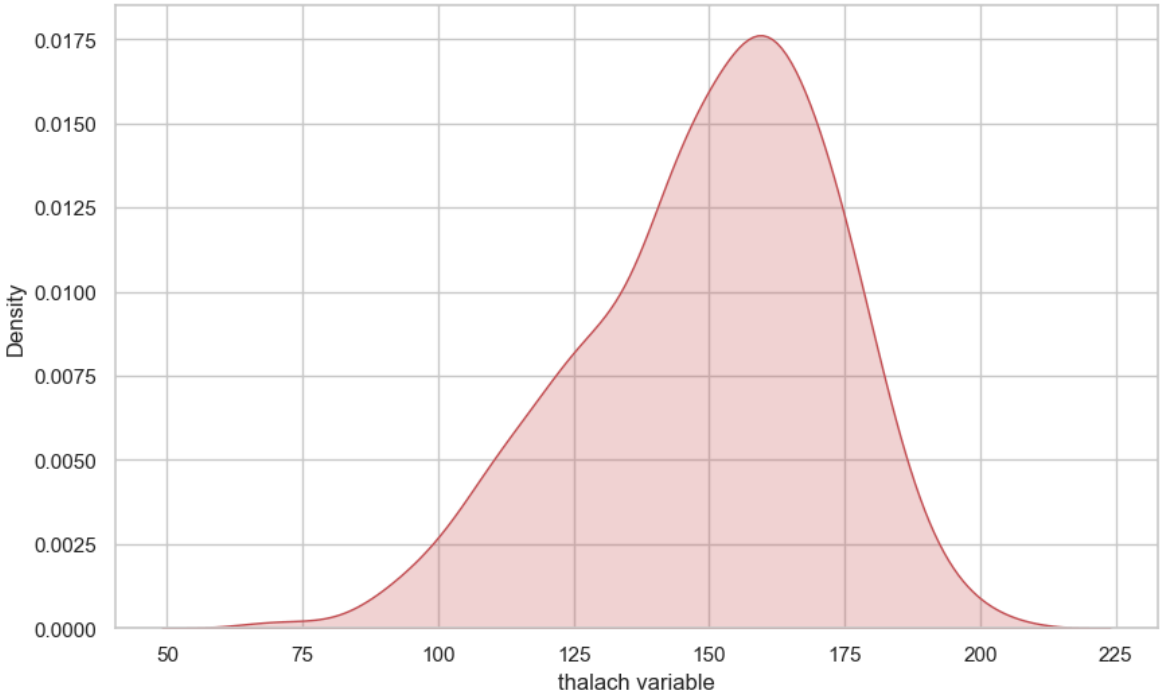
Seaborn Kernel Density Estimation(KDE) Plot

In [143…
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x=df['thalach']
x=pd.Series(x,name="thalach variable")
ax=sns.kdeplot(x)
plt.show()
```



In [ ]:
```
We can shade under the density curve
```

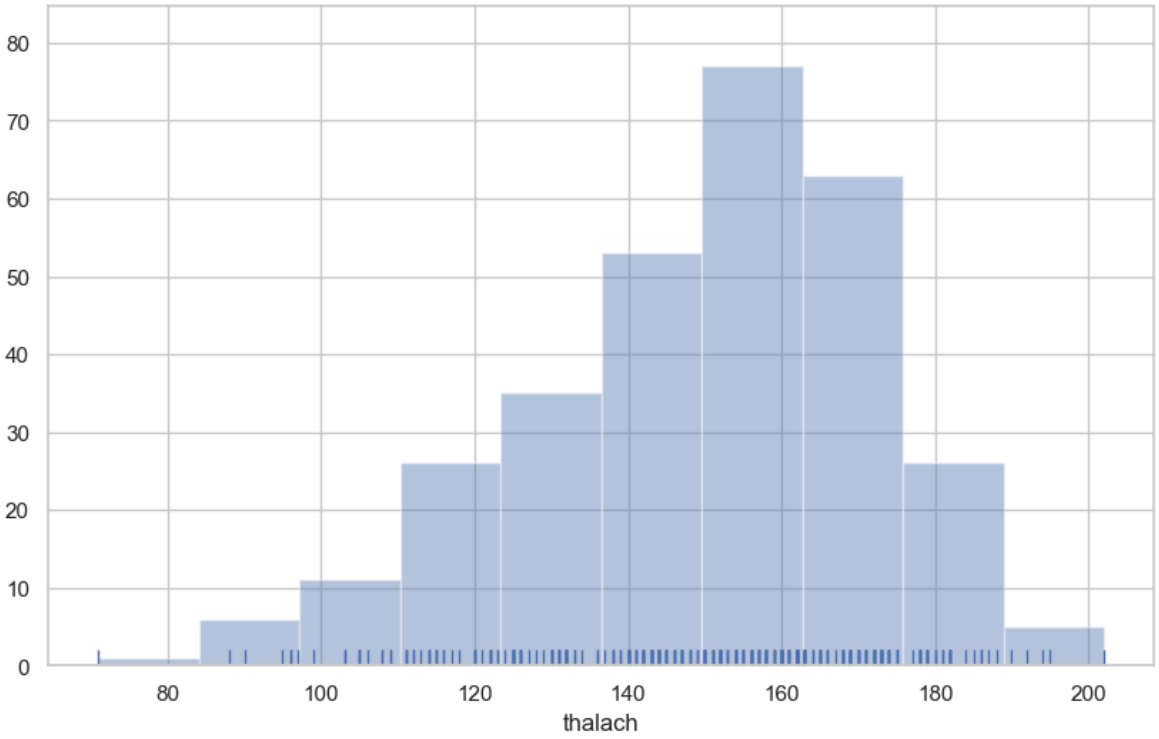
In [149…
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x=df['thalach']
x=pd.Series(x,name='thalach variable')
ax=sns.kdeplot(x,shade=True,color='r')
plt.show()
```



Histogram

In [152…
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6))
x=df['thalach']
```

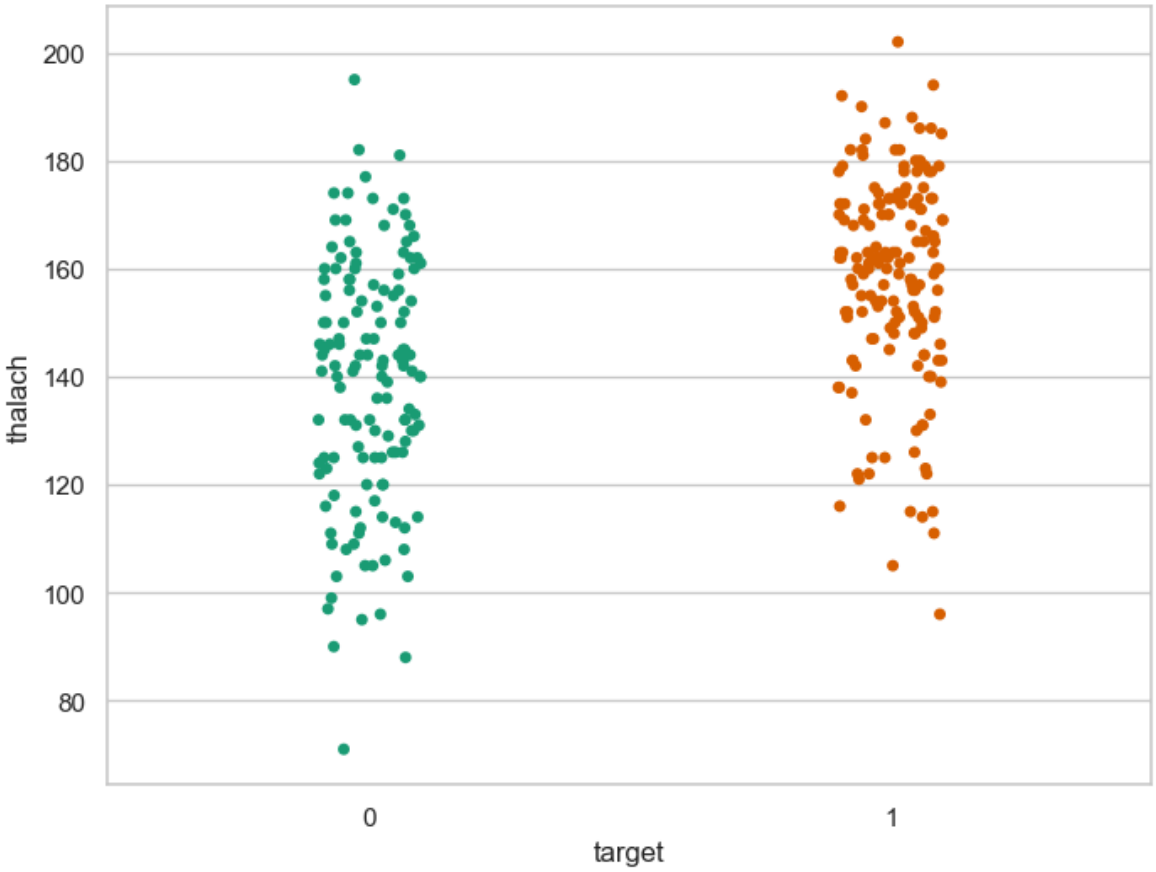
```
ax=sns.distplot(x,kde=False,rug=True,bins=10)
plt.show()
```



Visualize frequency distribution of thalach variable wrt target

In [157…

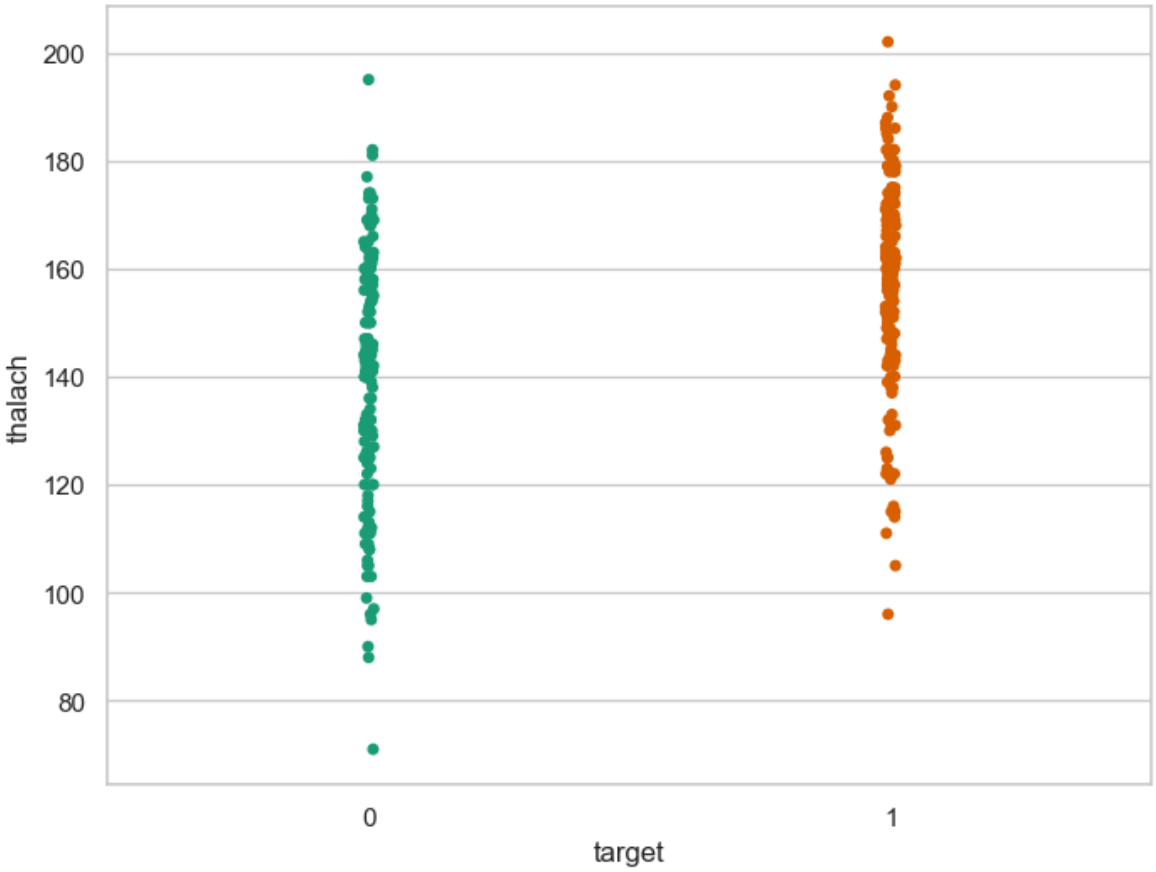
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
sns.stripplot(x='target',y='thalach',data=df,palette='Dark2')
plt.show()
```



In [ ]:

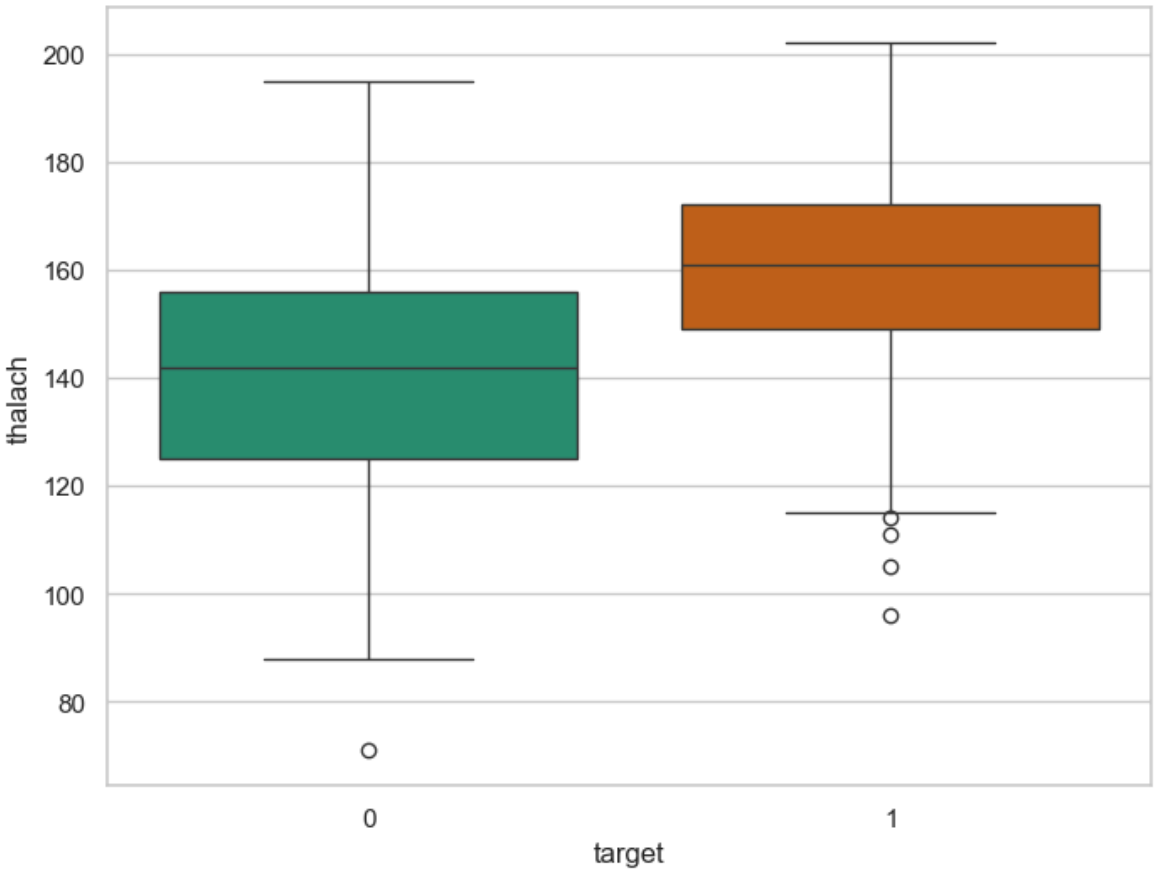
In [162…

```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
sns.stripplot(x='target',y='thalach',data=df,jitter=0.01,palette='Dark2')
plt.show()
```



Visualize distribution of thalach variable wrt target with boxplot

In [167…
```
f,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
sns.boxplot(x='target',y='thalach',data=df,palette='Dark2')
plt.show()
```



In [ ]:

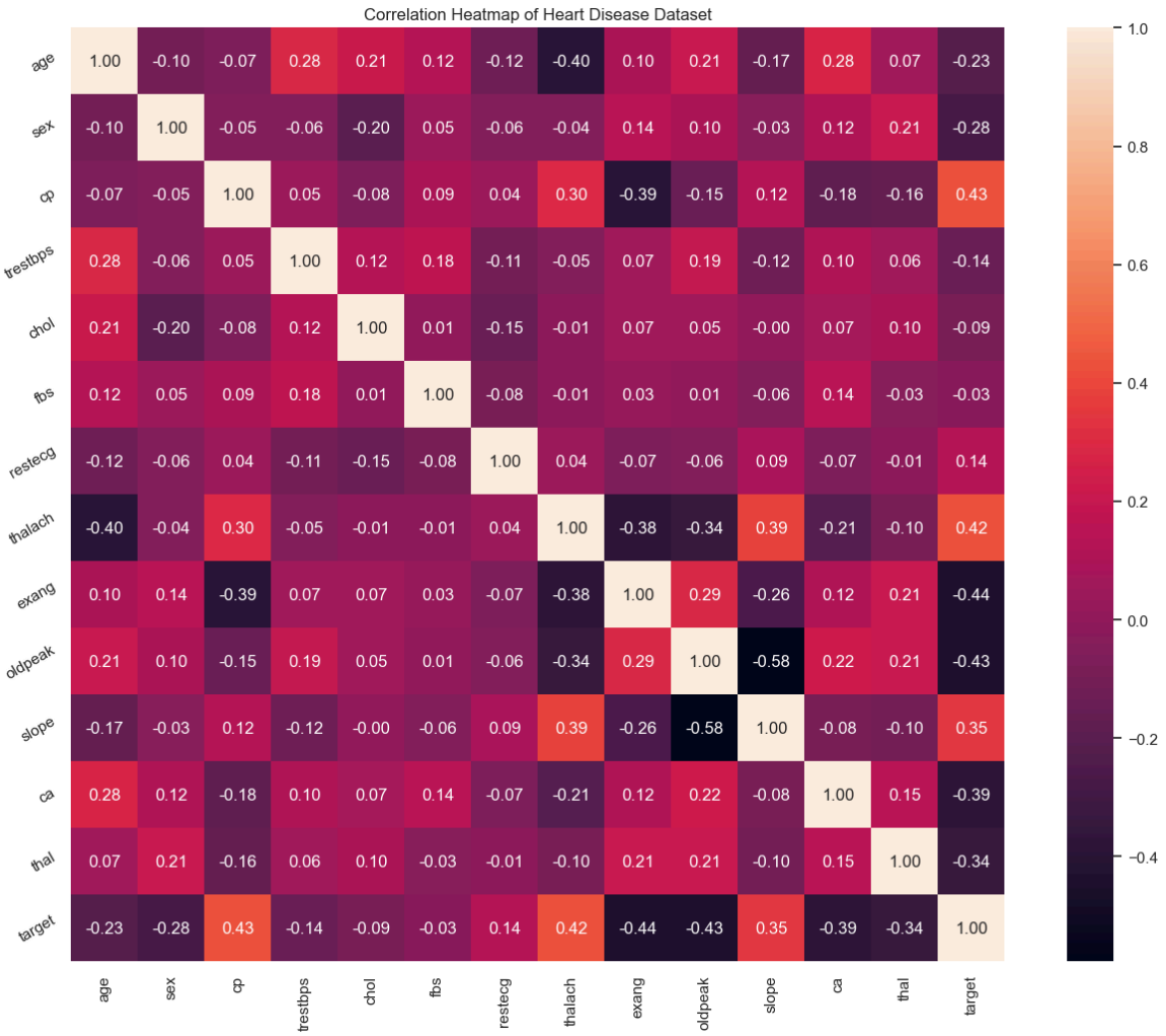
In [ ]:

Multivariate Analysis

In [ ]:

Heat Map

In [174…
```
plt.figure(figsize=(16,12))
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap of Heart Disease Dataset')
a=sns.heatmap(correlation,square=True,annot=True,fmt='.2f',linecolor='white')
a.set_xticklabels(a.get_xticklabels(),rotation=90)
a.set_yticklabels(a.get_yticklabels(),rotation=30)
plt.show()
```

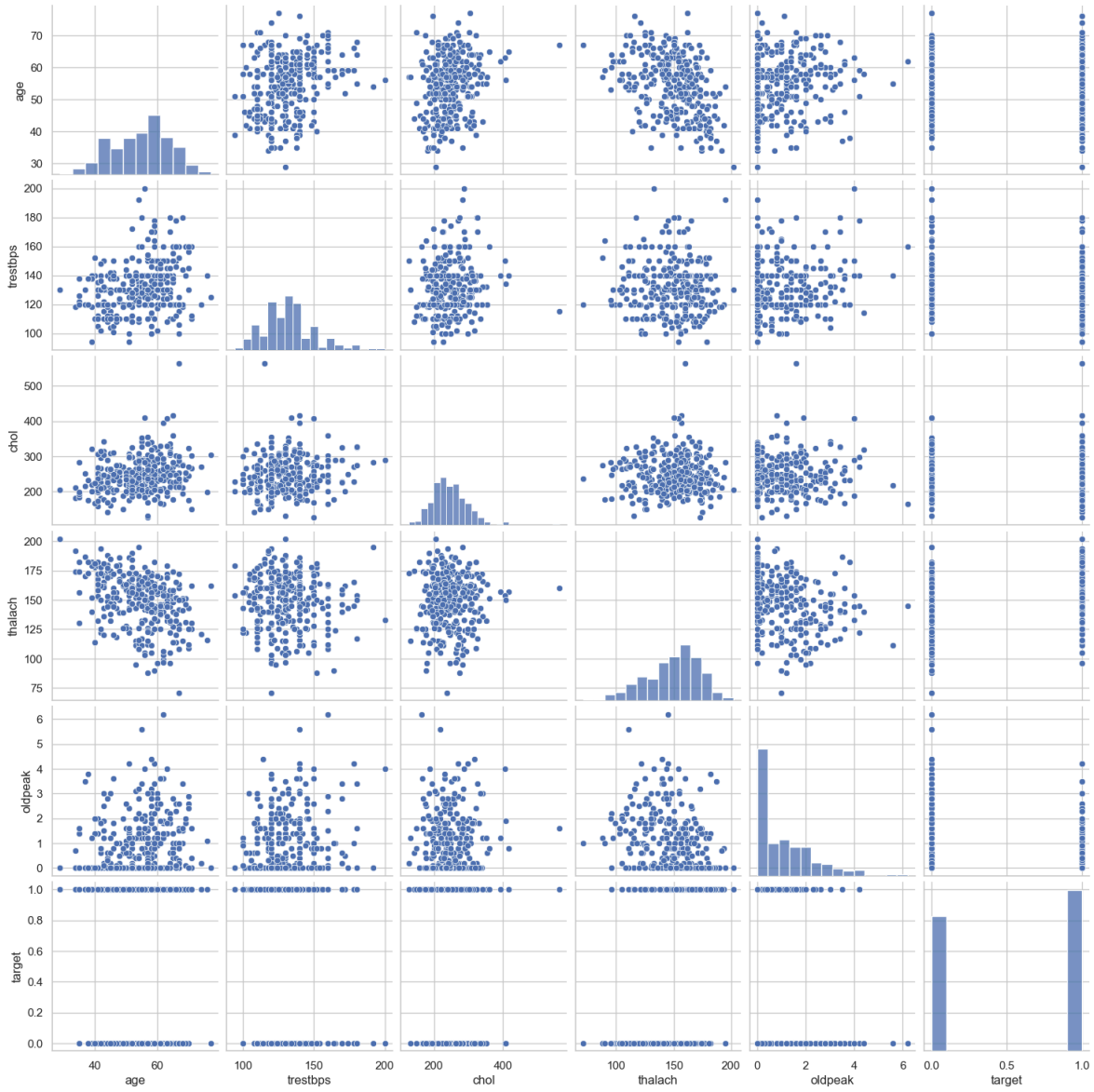


In [ ]:

Pair Plot

In [179…

```
num_var=['age','trestbps','chol','thalach','oldpeak','target']
sns.pairplot(df[num_var],kind='scatter',diag_kind='hist')
plt.show()
```



In [ ]:

In [ ]: