



SILVER OAK UNIVERSITY

EDUCATION TO INNOVATION

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that

Mr. /Ms Prasapati manish V

With enrollment no 2404030400 103 from

Semester 1 Div. B has Successfully

completed his/her laboratory experiments in the **Html markup**

for web designers (4040243136) from the department of

B.Sc CCS-JT)

during the

academic year _____.

Date of Submission: _____

Staff In charge _____

Head of Department

EXPERIMENT NO: 1

Aim: Create and save simple HTML document & modifying the

1. background of HTML.

2. Webpage with different colors.

Description:

In this practical, we created a basic HTML document and applied CSS to change the background color of the webpage. Additionally, we used CSS properties to modify the color of different webpage elements like headers and paragraphs. This demonstrates the basic concept of styling HTML elements using CSS

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title> Experiment - HTML and CSS </title>
    <style>
        body {
            background-color: lightblue;
        }
        h1 {
            color: white;
            background-color: darkblue;
            padding: 10px;
        }
        p {
            color: black;
            background-color: ;
        }
    </style>
</head>
<body>
    <p> welcome </p>
</body>
</html>
```



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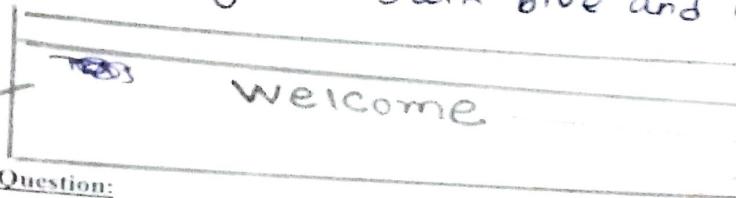
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Conclusion:

Output

- 1. A webpage with a light blue background.
- 2. A heading with dark blue and white text.

background
light blue



Post Practical Question:

1. How can you apply different background images instead of a color to your webpage?

Ans: To apply a background image to your webpage instead of just a color, we can use the **background-image Property** in CSS.

2. How would you change the colors dynamically using JavaScript?

Ans: I can change the background color of an element dynamically using JavaScript by manipulating the DOM and CSS styles.

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EXPERIMENT NO: 2

Aim: Demonstrate use of

1. subscript,
2. super script,
3. align tag and
4. Format the text by using formatting tags like bold and italic.

Description:

In this practical, we demonstrated how to use:

1. **Subscript** (`<sub>`) and **superscript** (`<sup>`) tags to format text in mathematical and chemical notations.
2. **Align** attribute to control text alignment (center, right).
3. Formatting tags like **bold** (``) and **italic** (`<i>`) to emphasize specific parts of the text.

Procedure: <!Doctype html>

```
<html>
<head><title> Formatting </title></head>
<body>
<!-- subscript and superscript -->
<p> This is an example of H2O</p>
<p> 23</sup></p>

<!-- Align Tags -->
<p align="left"></p>
<p align="right"></p>

<!-- Bold and Italics Tags -->
<p><b>bold</b><i>italic</i></p>
<p><strong>strongly</strong></p>
<p><em>emphasized</em></p>
```



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<! Underline and strike Tags ->
<p> <u> underline </u> </p>
<p> <s> struck through </s> </p>
</body>
</html>

Conclusion:

- 1) Subscript (<sub>) and superscript (<sup>) tags.
- 2) Align (align) attribute for left, center and right.
- 3) Bold () and italic (<i> ;) tags.
- 4) Underline (<u>) and strike (<s>) tags.

Post Practical Question:

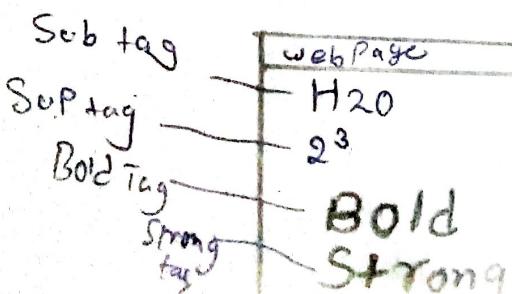
1. Which tag is used to display text as a subscript in HTML?

- a) <sup>
- b) <sub>
- c) <script>
- d) <small>

Answer: B) <sub>

2. Which of the following tags is used to display text as superscript in HTML?

- a) <sub>
- b) <i>
- c) <sup>
- d) <u>



italic + italic tag



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Answer: C ^c

3. What is the correct way to align text to the center in a paragraph using HTML?

- a) <p align="right">This is centered text</p>
- b) <p align="center">This is centered text</p>
- c) <p style="center">This is centered text</p>
- d) <p text-align="center">This is centered text</p>

Answer: b <p align = "center"> This is centered text </p>

4. Which tag is used to make text bold in HTML?

- a)
- b) <i>
- c) <u>
- d)

Answer: a

5. What is the purpose of the <i> tag in HTML?

- a) To underline the text
- b) To make the text bold
- c) To italicize the text
- d) To strike through the text

Answer: c To italicize the text

6. Which tag is used to underline text in HTML?

- a) <i>
- b)
- c) <u>
- d) <sub>

Answer: c <u>



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EXPERIMENT NO: 3

Aim: Draw the table as given format

Description:

In this exercise, a table is created using the `<table>`, `<tr>`, `<th>`, and `<td>` tags. The table structure was enhanced with attributes like borders, cell padding, and cell spacing. This demonstrates the creation of structured data presentation using tables in HTML.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title> Table </title>
</head>
<body>
    <table border="1" width="80%">
        <tr>
            <th> Heading </th>
            <th> Heading </th>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td> Row 1, Cell 1 </td>
            <td> Row 1, Cell 2 </td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td> Row 2, Cell 1 </td>
            <td> Row 2, Cell 2 </td>
        </tr>
    </table>
</body></html>
```



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Row, 1	Cell 1	Row 1	Cell 2
Row, 2	Cell 2	Row 2	Cell 2

Conclusion: `<tr>`: Defines a row `<th>` Defines header cell
`<td>` Defines table data cell

This Table: Three Columns (Heading 1, Heading 2,)
Two rows of data.

Post Practical Question:

1. Which tag is used to create a table in HTML?

- a) `<table>`
- b) `<tab>`
- c) `<tr>`
- d) `<tds>`

Answer: a b `<table>`

2. What does the `<tr>` tag represent in an HTML table?

- a) A table cell
- b) A table row
- c) A table header
- d) A table caption

Answer: b c A table row

3. Which tag is used to define a header cell in a table?

- a) `<td>`
- b) `<th>`
- c) `<thead>`
- d) `<tbl>`

Answer: b c `<th>`



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EXPERIMENT NO: 4

Aim: Create web page using metadata & `<!DOCTYPE html>` tag.

Description:

This practical demonstrates the use of the `<!DOCTYPE html>` declaration to specify the HTML version. It also covers the use of metadata tags like `<meta>` to define the character set, description, keywords, and other important information for the webpage. Metadata is essential for SEO and webpage responsiveness.

Procedure: `<!DOCTYPE html>`

```
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport"
          content="width: initial-scale
                  = 1.0">
    <meta name="keywords"
          content="HTML, CSS, Javascript">
    <meta name="author" content="your name">
    <title> WebPage </title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1> welcome to webPage </h1>
  </body>
</html>
```

Conclusion:

• There we create a webpage using metadata with deceleration with `<!DOCTYPE html>` version.

Post Practical Question:

1) what is the purpose of the `<meta charset="UTF-8">` tag?

2) how do you add Javascript functionality to the webpage?



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3b How do you upload the web page + 0
web Server?

4b What is the importance of website
backup and security?

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Output : 5

XYZ	Contact
• M. 555555	E-mail:
Education	
Degree	BSC(1st)
University	XZ University



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EXPERIMENT NO: 5

Aim: Create a Web page to display basic your resume

Description:

In this practical, a simple webpage was created to showcase a basic resume layout. HTML tags such as `<h1>`, `<p>`, ``, and `<table>` are used to structure sections like personal details, education, skills, and contact information. This is useful for creating personal portfolios or professional resumes online.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title> xyz resume </title>
    <style>
        body {
            font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
            margin: 20px;
        }
        {
            background-color: #f0f0f0;
        }
    </style>
</head>
<body>
    <h1> xyz </h1>
    <p> Contact: </p>
    <ul>
        <li> M: 555555 </li>
        <li> Email: </li>
    <h2> Education </h2>
    <table><tr>
        <th> Degree </th>
        <th> University </th>
    </tr>
```



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```
<td> BSC (CS-IT) </td>
<td> XYZ university </td> </tr>
</body>
</html>
```

Conclusion:

- This code creates basic resume
- Header with name and contact information
- Summary Section
- Education Section with table.

Post Practical Question:

1) What is difference between the `` and `` elements?

2) what is the use of table in HTML?

3) How can I add more sections to the resume?

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Marks out of 10	



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EXPERIMENT NO: 6

Aim: Show the use of all tags and attributes of

1. ordered list
2. unordered list.

Description:

This exercise demonstrates the use of ordered (``) and unordered (``) lists in HTML. The `` tag is used for list items. Attributes like `type`, `start`, and `reversed` for ordered lists, and bullet styling for unordered lists, are explored to enhance list formatting.

Procedure: `<!DOCTYPE HTML>`

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title> lists </title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h2> ordered list </h2>
    <ol type="A" start="3">
      <li> item 3 </li>
      <li> item 4 </li>
    </ol>

    <h2> unordered list </h2>
    <ul style="list-style-type: none;">
      <li> item 1 </li>
      <li> item 2 </li>
    </ul>

  </body>
</html>
```



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Output:

Order list:

1. item 3
2. item 4

Unorder list:

- item 1
- item 2

Conclusion:

Post Practical Question:

1. Which tag is used to create an unordered list in HTML?

- a)
- b)
- c)
- d) <list>

Answer: b)

2. What is the purpose of the tag in both ordered and unordered lists?

- a) To define the list itself
- b) To represent each item within a list
- c) To create a heading for the list
- d) To style the list items

Answer: b) To present each item within a list

3. Which attribute can be used to specify the type of bullet in an unordered list?



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EXPERIMENT NO: 7

Aim: Create webpage which shows the use of hyperlink.

Description:

In this practical, hyperlinks were created using the `<a>` tag. The `href` attribute was used to link to external and internal web pages, while the `target` attribute was used to control how the linked page opens (e.g., in a new tab). This exercise is key in learning how to navigate between web pages.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title> HTML link </title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <p> Click on the following link </p>
    <a href = "https://www.google.com">
      google </a>
    </body>
  </html>
```

Conclusion:

Click on the following link
Google

Post Practical Question:



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- What are the security implications of using hyperlinks that open in a new tab (i.e., using `target="_blank"`)?

Ans: Using `target = "_blank"` in hyperlinks can introduce a security risk known as "tabnabbing".

The original page is still accessible and can be modified by the newly opened page through JavaScript.

- How would you create an anchor link that scrolls to a specific section of the same webpage?

Ans: You can create an anchor link by using the href attribute with the # symbol followed by the ID of the target section. For example, `` to section `<#>`.

Then, in target section, add an ID attribute, ~~id~~.

When the link is clicked, the page will scroll to the section with the specified ID.

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Marks out of 10	



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EXPERIMENT NO: 8

Aim: Show the use of all tags related to images.

Description:

This practical demonstrates the use of the `` tag to display images on a webpage. Attributes like `src` (source), `alt` (alternative text), `height`, and `width` are explored to control the display of images. It also covers image alignment and linking an image to another page using the `<a>` tag.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>image</title>
</head>
<body>
  
  <br>
  
</body>
</html>
```

Conclusion:

OUTPUT

- image will be displayed with their respective attributes (e.g., width, height, alt text)
- Show three basic images.
- image3 with width and Height (400 x 300).



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Post Practical Question

1. Which tag is used to embed an image in an HTML document?

- a)
- b) <pic>
- c) <image>
- d)

Answer: a

2. What attribute is essential for the tag to specify the image source?

- a) source
- b) src
- c) met
- d) file

Answer: b & src

3. What attribute is used in the tag to provide alternative text for an image?

- a) alt
- b) title
- c) description
- d) text

Answer: a & alt

4. How do you specify a caption for an image using HTML?

- a) Using the <figcaption> tag inside the <figure> tag
- b) Using the <caption> tag
- c) Using the alt attribute
- d) Using the <status> tag

Answer: a & b using the <figcaption> tag inside the <figure> tag

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Marks out of 10	



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EXPERIMENT NO: 9

Aim: Create a webpage and use the following TAG to perform operation.

1. Create a simple table with at least three rows and three columns.
2. Use the `<table>`, `<tr>`, `<th>`, and `<td>` tags.
3. Add a caption to the table created above using the `<caption>` tag.
4. Add a border to your table using the `border` attribute in the `<table>` tag.
5. Align the content of your table cells using the `align` and `valign` attributes.
6. Change the background color of your table and its cells using the `bcolor` attribute.
7. Use the `cellpadding` and `cellspacing` attributes to adjust the spacing inside and between the table cells.
8. Create a nested table by inserting one table inside another table's cell.

Description:

This practical focuses on creating a table with at least three rows and three columns using the `<table>`, `<tr>`, `<th>`, and `<td>` tags. Features such as captions, borders, alignment, background colors, `cellpadding`, and `cellspacing` were demonstrated. Additionally, a nested table was created by placing one table inside a table cell.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Table example</title>
</head>
<body>
    <table border="2" cellpadding="10" cellspacing="5"
        bcolor="#f0f0f0">
        <caption> Student information</caption>
        <tr>
            <th align="left" valign="top" bcolor="#ccffcc">
                Name</th>
            <th align="left" valign="top" bcolor="#ccffcc">
                age</th>
            <th align="left" valign="top" bcolor="#ccffcc">
                Grade</th>
        </tr>
```



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```
<tr>
<td align="left" valign="top">John Doe </td>
<td align="left" valign="top">Doe </td>
<td align="left" valign="top">A </td>
</tr>
</table>
</body>
</html>
```

Conclusion:

Student information		
Name	Age	Grade
John Doe	20	A

Post Practical Question:

- What are the benefits of using CSS to style tables instead of inline HTML attributes?

Ans: Benefits including:

- Separation of Concerns
- Flexibility and Reusability
- Improved accessibility
- Better control and customization
- Improved SEO and etc.

- How would you handle large tables with many rows and columns to improve readability and usability?

Ans: To improve reliability and usability of large table

- Paginate data, server-side processing, caching
- Freeze header/rows / columns, scrollable containers

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EXPERIMENT NO: 10

Aim: Create a webpage and use the following TAG to perform operation.

1. Use the <frameset> tag to create a webpage with two frames.
2. Use the <frame> tag to define the content of each frame.
3. Specify different attributes like border, frameborder, framespacing, and marginwidth for the frames.
4. Set the width and height of the frames using the cols and rows attributes in the <frameset> tag.
5. Create a navigation menu in one frame and display the corresponding content in another frame using the target attribute in the <a> tag.

Description:

This practical shows the use of the <frameset> and <frame> tags to create a webpage with two frames. The webpage includes a navigation menu in one frame and displays related content in another frame using the target attribute. Attributes like border, frameborder, framespacing, and marginwidth are also demonstrated to control the appearance and spacing of frames.

Procedure:

index.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<frameset rows="20%", 80%">
  <frame border="1" framespacing="5"
        border="1">
  <frame src="menu.html">
  <frame src="content.html"
        name="Content">
</frameset>
</html>
```

Menu.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
  <h2>navigation </h2>
  <ul>
    <li><a href ="Page 1.html"
          target = "Content"> Page 1 </a> </li>
    <li><a href ="Page 2.html"
          target = "Content"> Page 2 </a> </li>
    <li><a href ="Page 3.html"
          target = "Content"> Page 3 </a> </li>
  </ul>
</body>
</html>
```



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Conclusion:

Output:

- WebPage layout
- Top frame (Navigation menu)
 - Navigation
 - Page 1
 - Page 2
 - Page 3
- Bottom frame
 - Click on Page 1 "2" "3"
 - display content "in the bottom of frame."
 - If Page = 1, 2, 3.

Post Practical Question:

1. What are the drawbacks of using frames in modern web development, and what alternatives exist?

Ans: Drawbacks of frames :

- SEO issues
- Accessibility Problem
- Browser compatibility issues
- security issues

Alternatives:

- CSS layouts
- javascript libraries
- Ajax
- HTML5 semantic elements

2. How can you handle issues related to frame security and browser compatibility?

Ans: Frame security :

- 1) Use HTTPS encryption
- 2) Set Content Security Policy
- 3) Use Sandbox attribute.

Browser Compatibility:

- 1) Cross-browser testing
- 2) Standard HTML/CSS
- 3) Javascript libraries.

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EXPERIMENT NO: 11

Aim: Create a webpage for online Jewellery shopping.

1. Display Menu in left frame.
2. Clicking on menu should display related webpage in right frame.
3. Keep header and footer frames to display related information.

Description:

In this exercise, a webpage is designed using frames to create a simple online jewelry shopping interface. The left frame displays the menu, and clicking on the items in the menu displays the related content in the right frame. Additionally, a header and footer are used to display additional information.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title> Jewelry Shop </title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
  </head>
  <body>
    <nav>
      <ul>
        <li><a href="#"> Necklaces </a></li>
        <li><a href="#"> Earring </a></li>
        <li><a href="#"> Ring </a></li>
      </ul>
    </nav>
    <main>
      <Section id=" Necklaces " >
        <h2> Necklaces </h2>
        
      </Section>
      <Section id=" Earring " >
        <h2> Earring </h2>
        
      </Section>
    </main>
    <footer> © Copyj 2024 Jewelry shop </footer>
  </body>
</html>
```

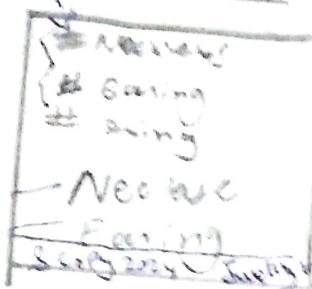


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Part of Jewellery

Curriculum:



Design

This code creates a responsive website card.

- * Header with title
- * navigation menu
- * main content with sections for necklace, earring, etc.
- * Footer with copyright information & links

Post Practical Questions:

1. How would you enhance the user experience by integrating JavaScript or CSS animations in your jewellery shopping website?

Ans: Enhance user experience on jewellery shopping website.

Java Scripts

- * Product image zoom
- * 360-degree View
- * Shopping cart animation

CSS Animation :

- * Hover effects
- * Loading animation
- * Product sliders.

2. How can you make your shopping website responsive for mobile and tablet devices?

Ans: Make your shopping website responsive for mobile and tablet devices.

use:

- * HTML5/CSS3 media query
- * Bootstrap / Foundation
- * mobile-first design
- * responsive images / videos.

Etc.

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EXPERIMENT NO: 12

Aim: Create web page for register online exam form filling process.

Description:

This practical involves creating a form for registering for an online exam. The form uses various form elements like inputs, select, text area, and buttons for user input. The exercise highlights form validation, data submission, and user interaction on a webpage.

Procedure:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head> <title> online exam registration </title> </head>
  <style>
    body { font-family: Arial, sans-serif; }
    form { width: 50%; margin: 20px auto; }
    padding: 20px; border: 1px solid #ccc;
    border-radius: 10px; box-shadow: 0 0 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.2);
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1> Online Exam Registration </h1>
    <form>
      <h2> Registration form </h2>
      <label> Full name: </label>
      <input type="text" name="name" required>
      <label> E-mail ID: </label>
      <input type="email" name="email" required>
      <label> Phone: </label>
      <input type="number" name="phone" required>
      <label> Exam: </label>
      <select name="exam">
        <option value="C++"> C++
        <option value="Python"> Python
        <option value="Java"> Java
      </select>
      <label> Password: </label>
      <input type="password" required>
      <input type="submit" value="Register"/>
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
```



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Conclusion:

Output

online exam registration
Registration Form

Full Name: _____	Password: _____
Email ID: _____	
Phone Number: _____	
Exam name: _____	<input type="button" value="Register"/>

Post Practical Question:

1. Which HTML tag is used to create a form in a webpage?

- a) <inputs>
- b) <form>**
- c) <redirections>
- d) <fieldset>

Answer: b) <form>

2. What attribute is used to specify the method of form submission in HTML?

- a) action
- b) method
- c) submit**
- d) encrypt

Answer: c) Submit

3. Which input type would you use for a text field where users can enter their names?

- a) <input type="number">
- b) <input type="text">
- c) <input type="email">**
- d) <input type="password">

Answer: b) <input type = "text" >



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2. Which CSS property would you use to change the background color of the form?
- a) color
 - b) background
 - c) border
 - d) background-color

Answer: ~~background-color~~

3. What is the purpose of the <label> tag in a form?

- a) To create a text input
- b) To provide a clickable area for form controls
- c) To define a form section
- d) To display error messages

Answer: ~~To provide a clickable area for form controls~~

6. Which CSS property is used to adjust the spacing between the form fields?

- a) margin
- b) padding
- c) border
- d) spacing

Answer: ~~margin~~

7. How can you make a field required in a form?

- a) By adding the required attribute to the input tag
- b) By using the mandatory attribute
- c) By adding required="true" in the form tag
- d) By setting the validate attribute to true

Answer: ~~By adding the required attribute to the input tag.~~



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EXPERIMENT NO: 13

Aim: Create a Web page to display your resume.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head> <title>my resume</title>
<style>
body {
    font-family: Arial;
}
table {
    border-collapse: collapse;
}
th, td {
    border: 1px solid #ccc;
    padding: 10px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1> my resume </h1>
<table width="80%">
<tr>
<th> ColSpan = "2" >
    Contact information </th>
</tr>
<tr>
<td> Name </td>
<td> vibham sinh </td>
</tr>
```

<tr> <td> Email </td>
<td> Vibham@gmail.com </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td> Phone </td>
<td> 8401414868 </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<th colspan="2">Education </th>
</tr>
<tr>
<td> degree </td>
<td> BSC (CS-IT) </td>
</tr>
<tr> <td> University </td>
<td> Silver Oak University </td>
</tr>
<td> <td> Graduation Date </td>
<td> 2024 </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<th colspan="2">Skills </th>
</tr>
<tr>
<td> </td>
<td> HTML, CSS, Java, Python
</tr>
</table> </td>
</body>
</html>



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Description:

This practical session covers creating a more detailed and formatted resume using HTML. Sections like personal information, work experience, and skills are presented using appropriate tags like `<div>`, `<h1>`, `<h2>`, and ``. A sample resume will also be used to create professional online resumes.

Procedure:

Output

My Resume

Contact Information

| Field | Value |

| - | - |

| Name | Vibhanshi |

| Email | Vibham@gmail.com |

| Phone | 9899999999 |

Education

| Field | Value |

| - | - |

| Degree | BSC (CS-IT) |

| University | Silver Oak University |

| Graduation | 2024 |

Skills

| Value |

| - | - |

| HTML, CSS, Java, Python |

Post Practical Question:



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- What enhancements can you add to make the resume more interactive, such as using modal windows or downloadable sections?

Ans:

Here enhancements add as a :

- Interactive Element -> Downloadable section as ^{Pdf}
- Dynamic Content
- Visual Enhancements
- Downloadable formats -> PDF, word, JSON
- Social media integration -> GitHub link, profile link.

- How would you update your resume in the future while maintaining consistency and formatting across devices?

Ans: To update your resume while maintaining consistency and formatting.

- use CSS framework (Bootstrap Tailwind CSS)
- store on cloud storage (Google Drive)
- Test on multiple devices and browsers
- utilize resume builders (Canvas LinkedIn Resume)
- update regularly to stay current

Signature with Date of Completion	
Marks out of 10	



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EXPERIMENT NO: 14

Aim: Show the use of all tags and attributes of ordered list and unordered list.

Description:

In this practical, ordered and unordered lists were created using `` and `` tags. Different attributes of lists were explored, such as the `type` attribute for ordered lists (e.g., numbers, letters) and various bullet styles for unordered lists. This practical highlights how to create and style lists on a webpage.

Procedure:

```
<ol style="list-style-type: none;" type="I">
<li> I. Pizza
<li> II. mushroom
<li> III. ice cream
<li> IV. Burgers
```

~~<ol style="list-style-type: none;" type="I">
<li value="1"> Pizza
<li value="2"> mushroom
<li value="3"> ice cream
<li value="4"> Burgers~~

Conclusion:

Output

- | |
|---------------|
| ✓. Pizza |
| • PEPPERONI |
| • mushroom |
| IV. ice cream |
| Flavors: |
| chocolate |
| vanilla |
| III. Sushi |
| II. Tacos |
| I. Burgers |