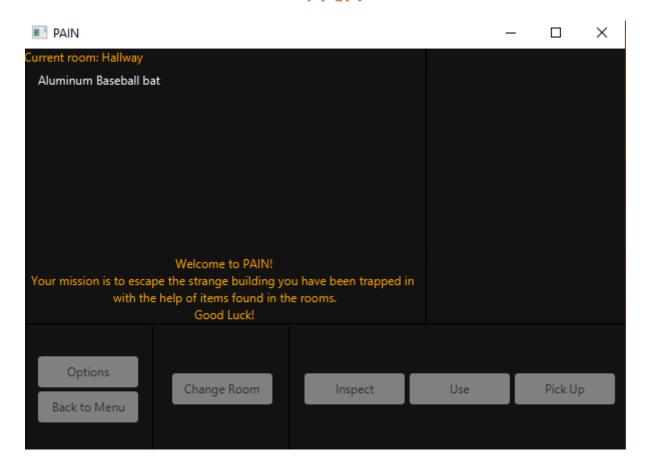
Sommersemester 2022 Softwareentwicklung 2 MI7

PAIN



Rometh Umic-Senol (ru006)

Manith Mam (mm334)

André Schwabauer (as436)

Kevin Cipric (kc028)

https://gitlab.mi.hdm-stuttgart.de/as439/se-2-pain



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Short description

Our first enthusiastic idea was to create a whole big text-adventure. Obvioulsy, that was way too ambitious and too time consuming. After the first few meetings and first coding sessions we realized, we must cut down our imaginations. We have agreed to concentrate on fulfilling the given criteria first.

We now have a click-game where you need to escape the building by finding essential items to progress. The game has a UI which is easy to understand. You click yourself through the rooms and pick up, inspect, or drop the items lying in rooms by clicking the related buttons with the mouse. But you need to hurry because a timer could deny your escape.

Starting class

The Main-Method is placed in *src/main/java/de.stuttgart_hdm.hdm.mi.se2* and is called **Main**.

Note

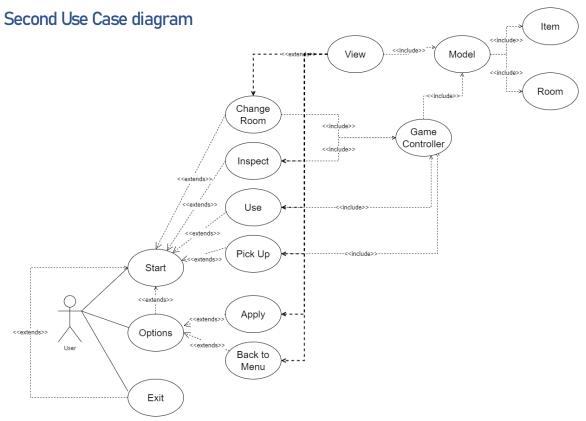
We specialized on the Open-Close principle, so we have an easy way to add further items and rooms but keep our quintessential information private. This was important for us. Nevertheless, our program could have some downsides like no additional graphics or bugs we didn't notice yet.

Before we wrote any code, we tried to have a basic plan. So, we created our first Class Diagram. We knew which objects we needed surprisingly quick. We needed a player, items, rooms therefore we had already a foundation of our plan.

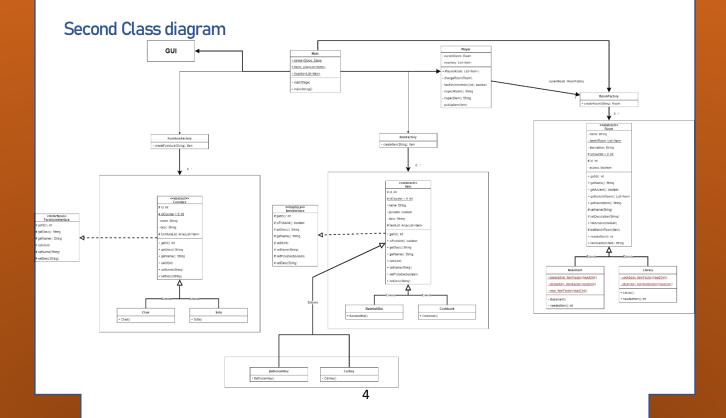
Important Note:

We had some issues with our UI running on **Linux** otherwise it works perfect on **Windows**. We couldn't solve this problem.

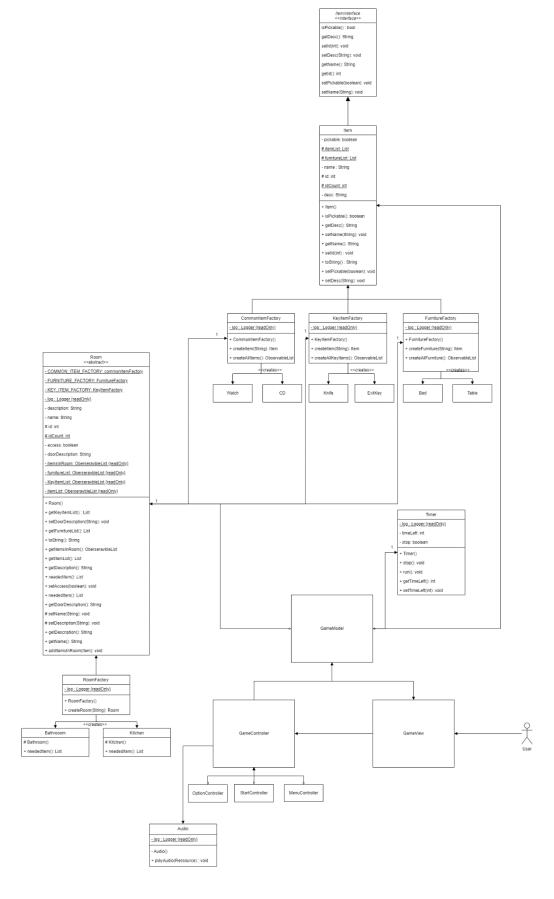
Diagrams



Note: After the first Use Case diagram we learned how to create a Use Case diagram properly. So, we created a right one and transferred our new learned knowledge into it.



Final Class Diagram



Statement

Architecture

- Created our own Interface ItemInterface (implemented in the abstract class Item). Because if we want to add a new type of items it should partly behave like the others.
- Timer implements Runnable
- Two abstract classes Room and Item
- Subclasses like Basement, Bathroom inheritance from Room
- Subclasses like Glasses, Hammer, Chair inheritance from Item
- Factories for Rooms (RoomFactory), factories for all our item types (FurnitureFactory, KeyltemsFactory, CommonItemFactory). We did this to easily add new CommonItems, Keyltems, Furnitures without changing the base code and like this we keep more privacy.
- If we create rooms, items, etc. we access it only through factories
- We are using the Model View Controller pattern for our GUI (package controller, model, view represent the MVC pattern)
- We have Controller for the game itself, the menu, the options and for losing the game
- Fxml-files are in resource/fxml

Clean Code

- We tried to set variables to final if it was possible
- Tried to keep as many properties and variables private as possible or at least protected
- To read properties we are only using getters and we are using setters in Subclasses to set their own property to keep encapsulation
- loadFxml in gui/Utils, playerAudio in Audio had to be static
- same goes for getKeyItemList in Room
- static methods in GameView and in GameModel
- it was inevitable to not have a reference to the inventory List

Tests

- RoomTest tests needItem(), addItemsInRoom(), properties of Rooms and a negative test for properties of Rooms
- ExceptionTest tests if IlegalArgumentException of createRoom(String roomType) is thrown like expected and the same for InterruptedException from our thread
- **ItemFactoryTest** tests the unique lds and the *properties of Item*

GUI

- Our GUI is created with *fxml*-files except for error screens which are created with java code
- Everything for our UI is located under the directory gui

Exceptions

- RoomFactory throws IlegalArgumentException if the parameter in createRoom(String roomtype) is an non-existing room type and all factories follow this principle. **GameModel** handles this thrown Exception.
- Timer catches an unchecked InterruptedException

Threads

- **Timer** uses a thread to have a displayed time in game, also the time is getting logged.
- If the timer hits 0 the player loses the game
- Timer with its thread is started in Main

Streams and Lambda-Functions

- With the **Item Watch** we constantly check the remaining time. We implemented it with a **Stream** in **Timer**
- To check which **Item** is needed for opening a door, we coded it also with stream, filter and map
- Generally, we mostly use **Streams** to check the **Items** Id
- Factories use a "Lambda-like" syntax to create the objects
- Button events exclusively handled with Lambda expressions

Logging

- Our logging.xml is found under resources/log4j2.xml
- **Exception** are logged with log.warn()
- Timer Thread is logged
- Log statements are saved under logs/logFile.log

Filled evaluation

First Name	Last Name	Kürzel	First Name Last Name Kürzel Matrikelnummer Project	Project	Architecture (Clean Code	Documentation	Tests	9	Architecture Clean Code Documentatio Tests GUI Logging/Except. UML Threads Streams Nachd	eads Str	eams N	9	kzettel Summe - Projekt	Kommentar	Projekt-Note
André	Schwabauer as439	as439	43377 Pain	Pain	3	S	3		ω	ω	ω	ω	3	30,00		1,00
Kevin	Cipric	kc028	43399 Pain	Pain	3	3	3		w	3	ω	ω	3	30,00		1,00
Manith	Mam	mm334	43361 Pain	Pain	S	S	3		w	ω	ω	ω	S	30,00		1,00
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