

#### Lab 2

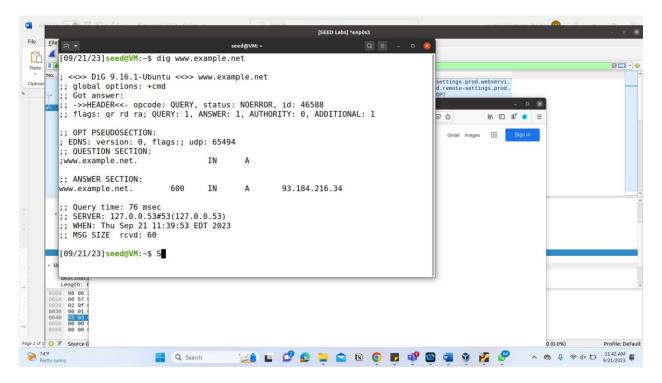
Course: Networking and Data Security COMP8677-1-R-2023F

**Professor: Dr. Shaoquan Jiang** 

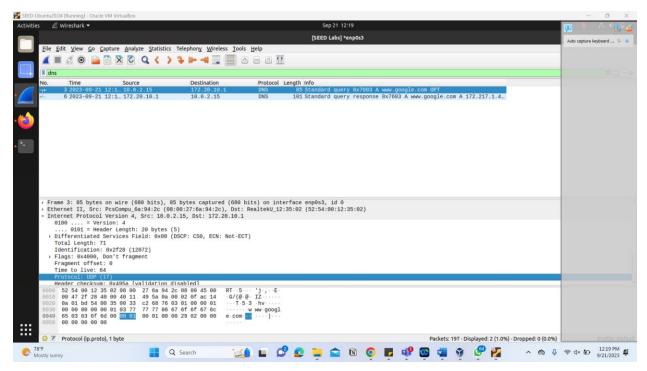
**Prepared by** 

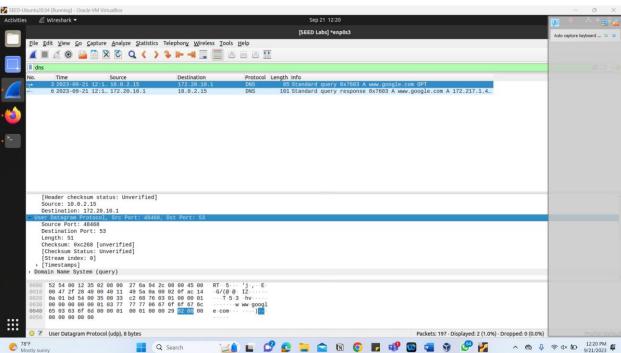
Harshil Hitendrabhai Panchal (110096129)

### 1.a. Try \$ dig www.example.net to find out its ip address.

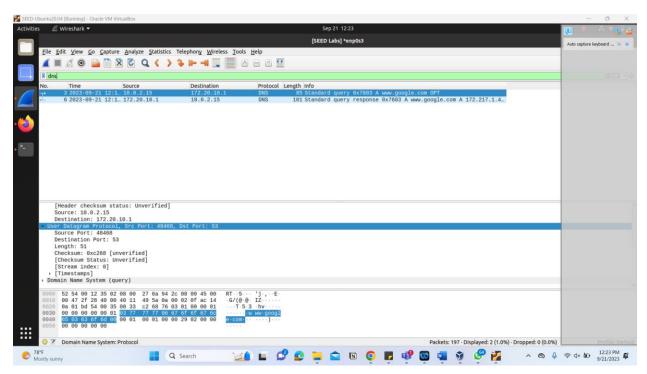


- **1.b.** run Wireshark on your VM, then \$ dig www.example.net and stop wireshark. Look at the DNS request packet (using filter DNS to find it easily), confirm that the transport layer protocol is UDP. What are the values of this UDP header (you need to first check the header fields learned in class)?
  - Used www.google.com instead of www.example.net



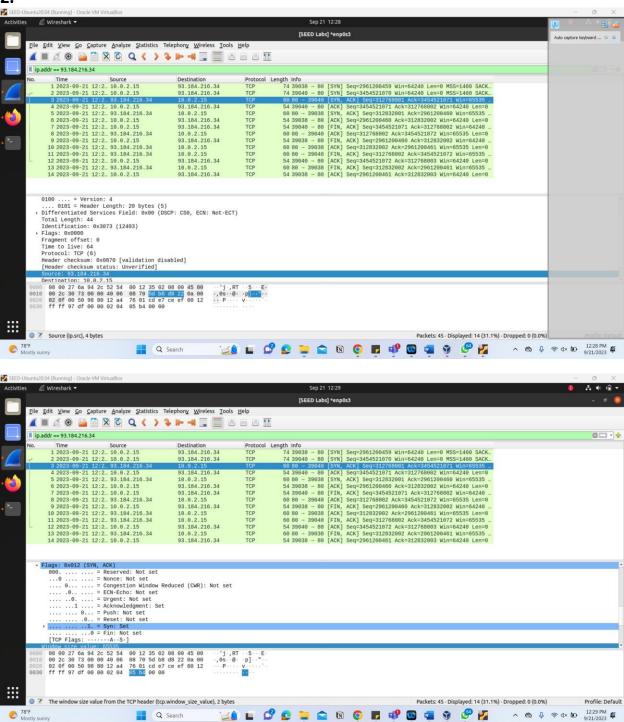


1.C. In the DNS request packet in step b, the destination IP is your local DNS server's IP. What is this value? As said, DNS is serviced by UDP and has no connection setup before sending DNS request. You can confirm this by checking that there is no any packet in Wireshark exchanged between your VM and local DNS server, prior to the DNS request packet (show the screen shot of the window of Wireshark for the list of packets).

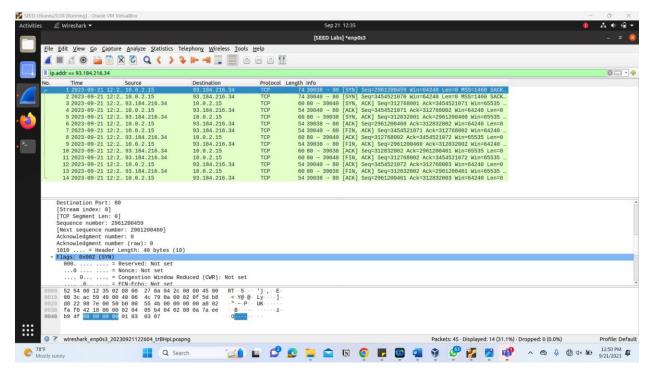


In the above Screenshot, you can see that there are only 2 DNS packet exchanged.

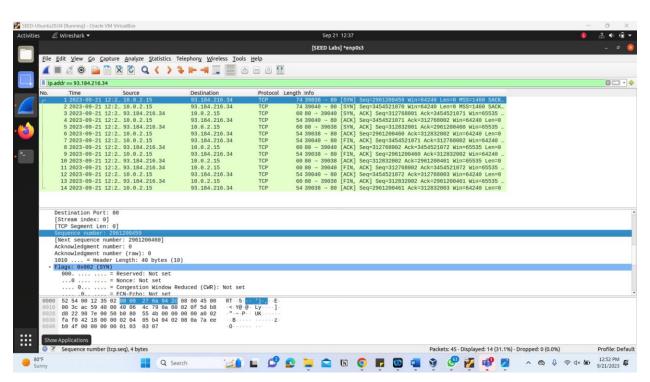
2.



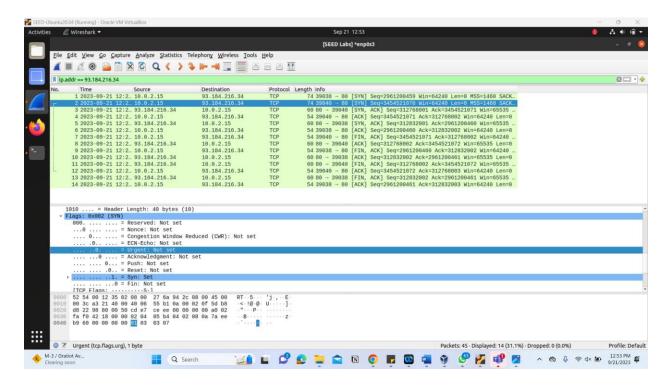
#### 3.a.



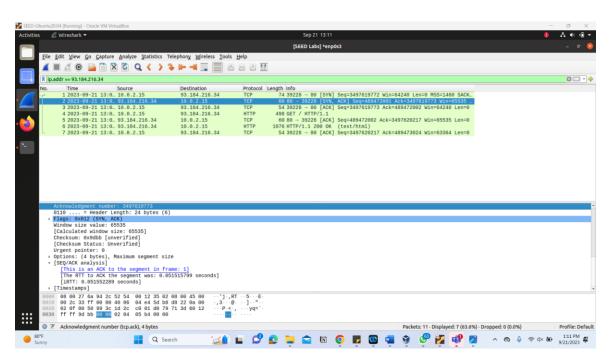
## 3.b.

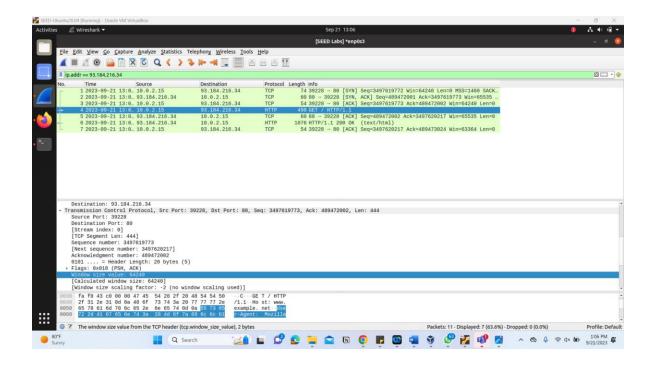


### 3.c.

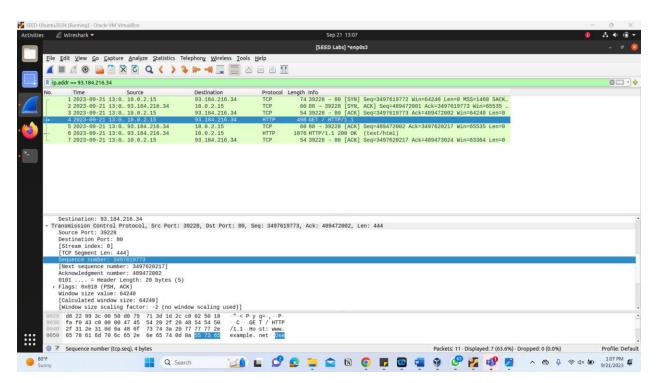


## 3.d.

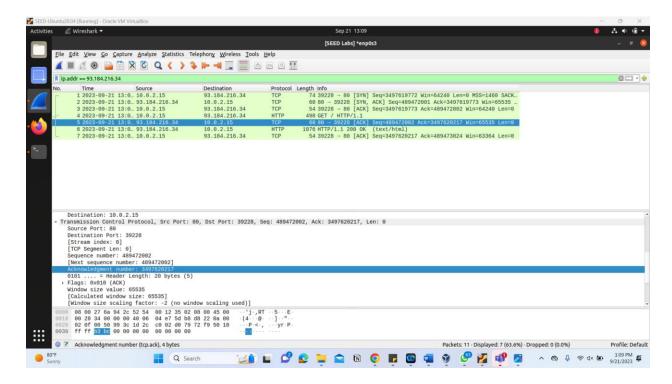




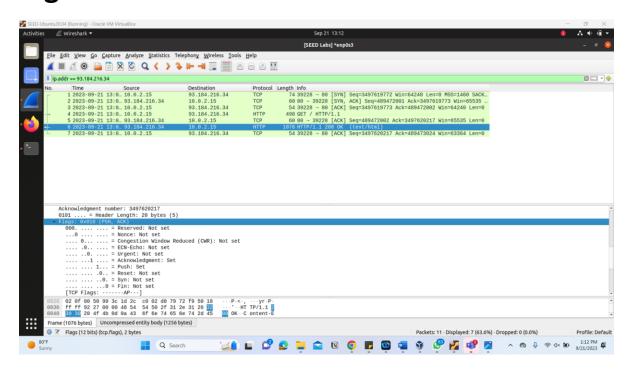
## 3.e.



## 3.f.



# 3.g.



# 3.h.

