

## Day 3:

### 22. LCM OF THREE NUMBERS

```
a=int(input("enter a:"))
```

```
b=int(input("enter b:"))
```

```
c=int(input("enter c:"))
```

if(a>b) and (a>c):	if(12>15)and(12>18):
max1=a	Not true
elif (b>c) and (b>a):	(15>18)and(15>12):
max1=b	Not true
else:	else:
max1=c	max=18

```
while True:
```

```
    if((max1%a==0)and(max1%b==0) and (max1%c==0)):
        print(max1,end=" ")
        break
    max1=max1+1
```

```
if(18%12==0) and(18%15==0)and
(18%18==0):
It is finally satisfies when
max1=180 (to get 180 value
it iterates)
```

### 22(a): Lcm of two numbers using recursion

```
a=int(input("enter a:"))
```

```
b=int(input("enter b:"))
```

def gcd(a,b):	<b>s1:</b> gcd(4,6)	<b>s2:</b> gcd(6,4)	<b>s3:</b> gcd(4,2)
if b==0:	if 6==0:	if 4==0:	if 2==0:
return a	Then it return "a" value	"a" value	"a" value
return gcd(b,a%b)	return gcd(6,4%6)=gcd(6,4)	gcd(4,6%4)=gcd(4,2)	gcd(2,4%2)=(2,0)
def lcm(a,b):	<b>s5:</b> lcm(4,6)		<b>s4:</b> gcd(2,0):
lcm=(a*b)/gcd(a,b)	lcm=4*6 /2		if 0==0:
return int(lcm)	<b>lcm=12</b>		a=2
gcd(a,b)			i.e., gcd(a,b)=2
lcm(a,b)			

## 23. Decimal to any conversion upto 36

n=int(input("enter decimal number:"))	<b>s1:</b> n=15	
b=int(input("enter base:"))	b=8	
def dectobase(n):	dectobase(15)	
base1=" "	base1=""	
while(n>0):	while(15>0)	<b>s2:</b> while(1>0)
dig=n%b	dig=15%8=7	dig=1%8=1
if(dig<10):	if(7<10)	if(1<10)
base1=base1+str(dig)	base1=7	base1=71
else:	else:	
base1=base1+chr(ord('A')+dig-10)	false	
n=n//10	n=15//10=1	n=1//10=0
base1=(base1[::-1])		Loops comes out of loop
return int(base1)		base1=17(reverse a string)
dectobase(n)		<b>int(17)=17</b>

## 24. Binary to Decimal number

<pre>n=int(input("enter binary number:")) dec=0 base=1 binary=n while(binary&gt;0):     r=binary%10     dec=dec+r*base     binary=binary//10     base=base*2 print(dec,end=" ")</pre>	<pre>s1:n=10111 dec=0 base=1 binary=10111 (10111&gt;0): r=10111%10=1 dec=0+1*1=1 10111//10=1011 base=1*2=2</pre>	<pre>s2:(1011&gt;0) r=1011%10=1 dec=1+1*2=3 1011//10=101 base=2*2=4</pre>	<pre>s3:(101&gt;0) r=101%10=1 dec=3+1*4=7 101//10=10 base=4*2=8</pre>
	Similarly remaining are same to get the value dec=23		

## 24(a): Binary to Octal number

<pre>n=int(input("enter binary number:")) def dectooct(n):     dec=0     base=1     while(n&gt;0):         r=n%10         dec=dec+r*base         base=base*2         n=n//10  def basetooct(dec):     oct1=0     base=1     while(dec&gt;0):         r1=dec%8</pre>	<p><b>s1:First we convert the binary to decimal so follow the above program to get the decimal value</b></p> <p><b>s2: Then convert the decimal to octal by the below steps as follows.</b></p>
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```

oct1=oct1+r1*base
dec=dec//8
base=base*10
print(oct1,end=" ")
basetooct(dec)
dectooct(n)

```

## 25. Octal to Decimal number

Similiarly follow the same steps in 24 .program to get the *OCTAL TO DECIMAL NUMBER*

## 26.Count number of digits in a given number

n=int(input("enter number:"))				
count=0				
if(n==0):	<b>S1:</b> if(1234==0)	<b>s2:</b> if(123==0)	<b>s3:</b> if(12==0)	<b>s4:</b> if(1==0)
count=1	false	false	false	false
while(n>0):	(1234>0)	(123>0)	(12>0)	(1>0)
r=n%10	r=1234%10=4	123%10=3	12%10=2	1%10=1
if(r>=0):	if(4>=0)	if(3>=0)	if(2>=0)	if(1>=0)
count=count+1	count=0+1=1	count=1+1=2	count=2+1=3	<b>count=4</b>
n=n//10	n=1234//10=123	n=123//10=12	n=12//10=1	1//10=0
print(count,end=" ")				

## Series programs

**27. 1 2 3 6 9 18 27.....**

n=int(input())	s1:n=4		
a=1	a=1		
b=2	b=2		
print(a,b,end=" ")	1 2		
for i in range(3,n+1):	for i in range(3,5):	s2:i=4	s3:Finally output is 1 2 3 6.....
if (i%2==1):	if(3%2==1)	if(4%2==1):	
a=a*3	a=1*3=3	false	
print(a,end=" ")	3		
else:		else:	
b=b*3		b=2*3=6	
print(b,end=" ")		6	

**28. 3 8 6 11 9 14 12.....**

**This program is similar to 27. Program ...same procedure.....**

## **29. How to check the divisiblility of number**

x=int(input("enter x:"))	x=4
y=int(input("enter y:"))	y=2
if(x%y==0):	if(4%2==0)
print(x,"is divisible by",y)	<b>4 is divisible by 2</b>
else:	
print(x,"is not divisible by",y)	

### 30. How to create the simple thermometer

x=input("enter 'c' or 'f':")	x=1c
unit=x[-1]	unit=c
x=int(x[0:-1])	x=1
if unit=='C' or unit=='c':	if c==c:
x=round(x*(9/5)+32)	x=round(1*(9/5)+32)=34
print(str(x)+'F')	<b>34F</b>
elif unit=='F' or unit=='f':	
x=round((x-32)*(5/9))	
print(str(x)+'C')	