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## Design Document for **Course View**

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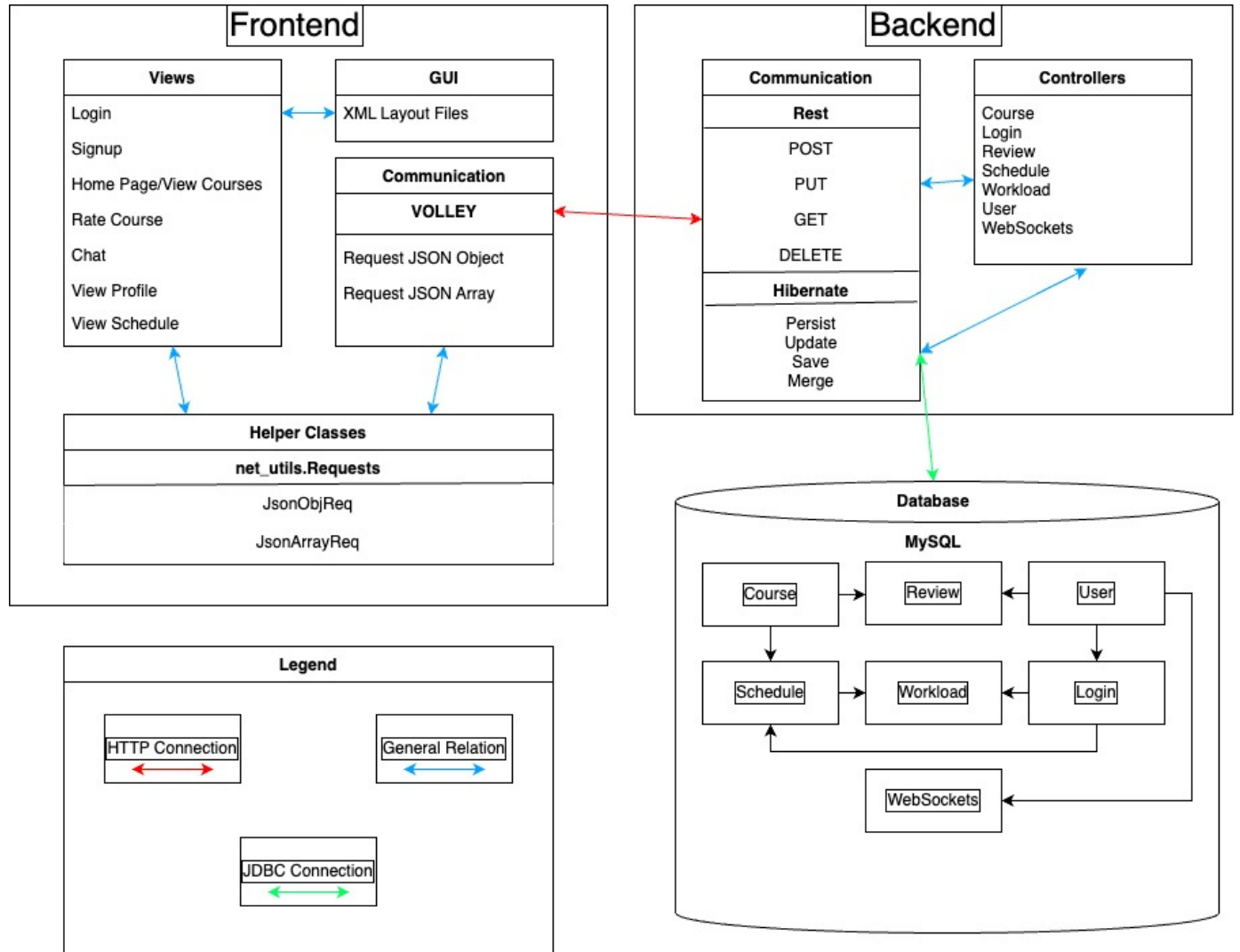
Group **LG\_113**

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## **Frontend**

### **SignUp (User)**

- A page is generated with the elements listed below:
  - EditText: Username
  - EditText: First Name
  - EditText: Last Name
  - EditText: Email
  - EditText: Password
  - Spinner: User Role
  - Button: Sign Up
- When the sign up button is clicked, the values in the username, first name, last name, email, password, and user role fields will be sent as a POST request to the server.

### **Login (User)**

- A page is generated with the elements listed below:
  - EditText: Username
  - EditText: Password
  - Button: Login
- When the login button is clicked, it checks the values of username and password and compares it to the database. Sends user to homescreen if the user is valid.

### **LoadCourses (Course)**

- Load courses generates a page with the elements listed below
  - Spinner: Courses
  - TextView: Course Description
  - TextView: Selected Course
- When the home page is loaded, a GET request is completed from the server to populate the page

## **Backend**

### *Communication*

Our backend uses various different URL mappings to update the information in our database:

1. Post: Adding information or an item to the database
2. Get: Request information and sometimes uses an identifier to request something specific.
3. Put: Updating something specific item in the database.
4. Delete: Using an identifier to delete a specific item from the database

### *Controllers*

Our controllers make use of these mappings to communicate with the frontend and the database.

1. Course: Contains the mappings from above and has a one-to-many relationship with Review and a many-to-many relationship with Schedule.
2. Login: Contains one post and one get mapping that let's you post a user to the list of users while also helping you find a specific user based on their username to login.
3. Review: Contains the mappings from above and has a many-to-one relationship with both User and Course.
4. Schedule: Contains the mappings from above and has a many-to-many relationship with Course and a one-to-one relationship with User.
5. User: Contains the mappings from above and has a one-to-many relationship with Review and a one-to-one relationship with Schedule.
6. Workload: Contains two get mappings with either user ID or course ID to get the workload of a user's schedule (which is filled with different courses).

