HEALTHAI : INTELLIGENT USING IBM GRANITE	HEALTHCARE ASSISTANT
Health AI: Intelligent Healtho	care Assistant Using IBM Granite
Team Members:	
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Phase 1 – Brainstorming	g & Ideation
Objectives:	
Identify a real-world healthca	are issue: slow or inaccessible medical consultation.
Use AI to provide fast, intelli	gent preliminary symptom analysis.
Key Points:	
	help due to inaccessibility, cost, or uncertainty. This assistant ealth check based on symptoms.

2. Project Solution:

3. Target User:
General public
Rural population with limited access to doctors
Students and researchers studying health-tech
4. Expected Output:
A list of possible health conditions based on symptoms
Timestamped report for review
Disclaimer advising professional consultation
Phase 2 – Requirement Analysis
Objectives:
Gather the necessary tools to build the assistant.
Define core functionalities.
Kov Beinter
Key Points:
1. Technical Requirements:
Programming Language: Python
LLM: IBM Granite granite-3.3-2b-instruct
Libraries: transformers, torch

A command-line (or web-based) Al assistant that uses IBM Granite LLM to analyze user-

input symptoms and suggest possible conditions.

### (Optional) IBM Cloud or Streamlit for deployment

## 2. Functional Requirements:

Input: Name and symptoms

Process: Format input as prompt, send to IBM Granite, get response

Output: Display possible conditions, disclaimer, and timestamp

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# 3. Constraints & Challenges

Limited medical accuracy – the AI does not replace doctors.

Dependency on model prompt quality – output changes if prompt isn't well-structured.

Internet access needed – for model inference (especially if using IBM Cloud).

No real-time diagnosis – only suggestion-based support.

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Phase 3 − Project Design

Objectives:

Design a user-friendly and technically robust system structure.

Key Points:

#### 1. System Architecture Diagram:

User Input → Prompt Builder → IBM Granite Model → Output Parser → Display Result

### 2. User Flow:

User opens app Enters name and symptoms System formats and sends prompt to model Model responds → output shown to user 3. UI/UX Consideration: Simple CLI (can be extended to Streamlit UI) Minimal input steps for ease of use Clear display of results with warnings/disclaimers Phase 4 – Project Planning (Agile Methodologies) Objectives: Implement iterative development with flexibility and team collaboration. Key Points: 1. Sprint Planning: Sprint 1: Input/output + symptom prompt generation Sprint 2: Model integration & testing Sprint 3: Output formatting & basic UI

2. Task Allocation:

Member 1: Input & prompt logic

Member 2: Model integration

Member 3: UI/UX design Member 4: Testing & documentation
3. Time & Milestones:
Week 1: Base functionality
Week 2: Model connection + UI
Week 3: Testing + fixes
Week 4: Final report and presentation
☑ Phase 5 – Project Development
Objectives:
Build the application and integrate all components.
Key Points:
1. Technology Stack Used:
Python
Hugging Face Transformers
IBM Granite 3.3-2B Instruct
(Optional) Streamlit / IBM Cloud
2. Development Process:
Code structure set up
Tokenizer + model loaded

User input handling Response generation and output cleanup
3. Challenges and Fixes:
Challenge: Long or irrelevant model outputs Fix: Limit tokens and improve prompt structure
Challenge: Model loading time Fix: Use smaller test prompts during development
Objectives:
Ensure the app works as intended and is efficient for users.
Key Points:
1. Functional Testing:
Test valid/invalid symptom inputs
Test multiple users
Ensure proper output generation
2. Performance Testing:
Time taken for model response

Memory usage while generating outputs

3. Output Accuracy Checks:

Compare AI suggestions with verified sources Validate disclaimer visibility

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✓ Phase 6 – Functional and Performance Testing

Objectives:

Ensure the assistant performs as expected under various input conditions and is stable for end users.

Key Points:

1. Test Cases Executed:

Input with common symptoms (e.g., fever, cough)

Input with rare symptoms

Input with no symptoms or empty string

Long symptom strings to test output truncation

2. Bug Fixes & Improvements:

Fixed prompt formatting issues for better model output

Limited token length (max\_new\_tokens=200) to avoid overload

Added clearer instructions and timestamp formatting

3. Final Validation:

Verified output relevance using known medical databases

Ensured disclaimer is always shown

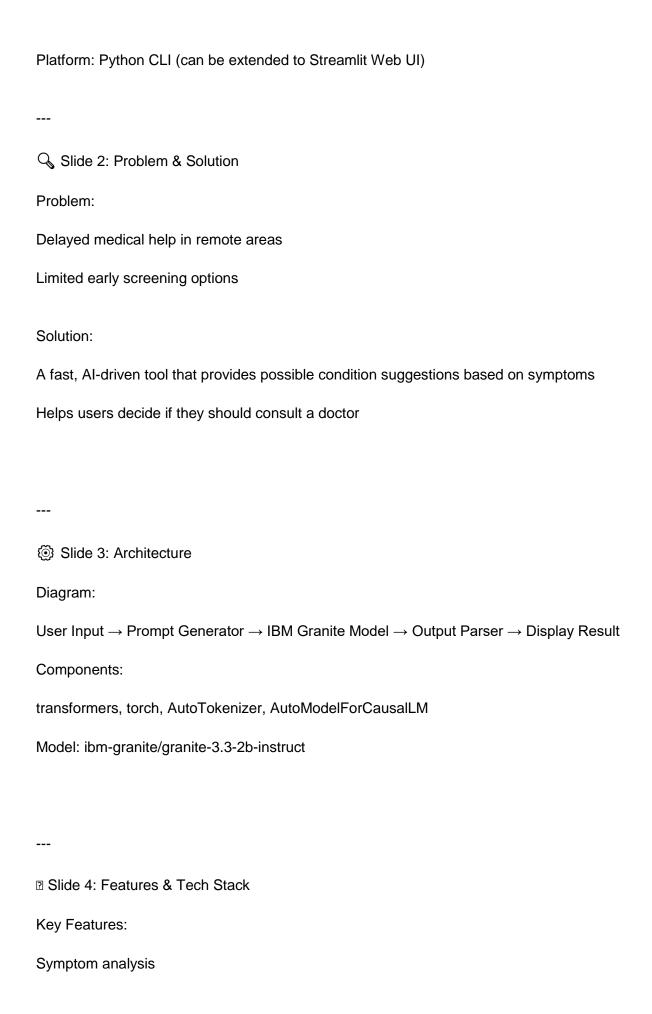
Confirmed input → prompt → output cycle functions without crash

Final Submission
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1. Project Report Based on the Templates:
Includes filled sections from Phases 1 to 6
Clear documentation of objectives, designs, code, and results
2. Demo Video:
A walkthrough showing:
Starting the app
Entering symptoms
Al response display
Conclusion with timestamp and disclaimer (Use screen recorder + voiceover or subtitles)
3. GitHub/Code Repository Link:
> 1 https://github.com/YourUsername/HealthAI-Granite (Replace with your real repo)
4. Presentation:

Title: HealthAI – AI-Powered Healthcare Assistant

Goal: Use IBM Granite LLM to assist users by analyzing symptoms and suggesting possible conditions

Type: AI + Healthcare + NLP



Real-time response using LLM		
Timestamps and disclaimers		
Tank Otani.		
Tech Stack:		
Python, Hugging Face Transformers		
IBM Granite LLM		
(Optional) Streamlit / IBM Cloud		
2 Slide 5: Testing & Results		
Test Cases:		
Common/rare/empty symptom inputs		
Bug Fixes:		
Prompt optimization		
Token length control		
Describes		
Results:		
Reliable AI suggestions (non-diagnostic)		
Fast inference time (~1-2s)		
읍 Slide 6: Demo Snapshot / Conclusion		
Screenshots of:		

Input prompt
Al-generated suggestions
Timestamp and warning
Conclusion:

HealthAl improves early health awareness

Can be scaled for multi-language, doctor-assisted apps

Future: connect with APIs for real medical advice

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