## **Import Libraries**

## In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report,confusion_matrix,accuracy_score
```

#### In [3]:

```
company_data = pd.read_csv('Company_Data.csv')
company_data
```

#### Out[3]:

	Sales	CompPrice	Income	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	Age	Education	U
0	9.50	138	73	11	276	120	Bad	42	17	
1	11.22	111	48	16	260	83	Good	65	10	
2	10.06	113	35	10	269	80	Medium	59	12	
3	7.40	117	100	4	466	97	Medium	55	14	
4	4.15	141	64	3	340	128	Bad	38	13	
395	12.57	138	108	17	203	128	Good	33	14	
396	6.14	139	23	3	37	120	Medium	55	11	
397	7.41	162	26	12	368	159	Medium	40	18	
398	5.94	100	79	7	284	95	Bad	50	12	
399	9.71	134	37	0	27	120	Good	49	16	

400 rows × 11 columns

**◆** 

#### In [4]:

company\_data.shape

#### Out[4]:

(400, 11)

## In [5]:

```
company_data.head()
```

## Out[5]:

	Sales	CompPrice	Income	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	Age	Education	Urba
0	9.50	138	73	11	276	120	Bad	42	17	Yı
1	11.22	111	48	16	260	83	Good	65	10	Yı
2	10.06	113	35	10	269	80	Medium	59	12	Yı
3	7.40	117	100	4	466	97	Medium	55	14	Yı
4	4.15	141	64	3	340	128	Bad	38	13	Y

4

## In [6]:

company\_data.dtypes

## Out[6]:

Sales	float64
CompPrice	int64
Income	int64
Advertising	int64
Population	int64
Price	int64
ShelveLoc	object
Age	int64
Education	int64
Urban	object
US	object
dtype: object	

# In [7]:

company\_data.isna().sum()

## Out[7]:

Sales	0
CompPrice	0
Income	0
Advertising	0
Population	0
Price	0
ShelveLoc	0
Age	0
Education	0
Urban	0
US	0
dtype: int64	

#### In [11]:

```
company_data.describe(include='all')
```

#### Out[11]:

	Sales	CompPrice	Income	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	
count	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	400	4
unique	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	3	
top	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	Medium	
freq	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	219	
mean	7.496325	124.975000	68.657500	6.635000	264.840000	115.795000	NaN	
std	2.824115	15.334512	27.986037	6.650364	147.376436	23.676664	NaN	
min	0.000000	77.000000	21.000000	0.000000	10.000000	24.000000	NaN	
25%	5.390000	115.000000	42.750000	0.000000	139.000000	100.000000	NaN	
50%	7.490000	125.000000	69.000000	5.000000	272.000000	117.000000	NaN	
75%	9.320000	135.000000	91.000000	12.000000	398.500000	131.000000	NaN	
max	16.270000	175.000000	120.000000	29.000000	509.000000	191.000000	NaN	
4								<b>•</b>

## **Converting form Categorical data**

#### In [20]:

```
company_data['High']=company_data.Sales.map(lambda x:1if x>8 else 0)
company_data['ShelveLoc']=company_data['ShelveLoc'].astype('category')
company_data['Urban']=company_data['Urban'].astype('category')
company_data['US']=company_data['US'].astype('category')
company_data.dtypes
```

## Out[20]:

Sales	float64
CompPrice	int64
Income	int64
Advertising	int64
Population	int64
Price	int64
ShelveLoc	category
Age	int64
Education	int64
Urban	category
US	category
High	int64
dtype: object	

#### In [21]:

```
company_data.head()
```

#### Out[21]:

	Sales	CompPrice	Income	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	Age	Education	Urba
0	9.50	138	73	11	276	120	Bad	42	17	Yı
1	11.22	111	48	16	260	83	Good	65	10	Yı
2	10.06	113	35	10	269	80	Medium	59	12	Y
3	7.40	117	100	4	466	97	Medium	55	14	Y
4	4.15	141	64	3	340	128	Bad	38	13	Yı
4										•

## In [22]:

```
# Label Encoding
company_data['ShelveLoc']=company_data['ShelveLoc'].cat.codes
company_data['Urban']=company_data['Urban'].cat.codes
company_data['US']=company_data['US'].cat.codes
company_data.tail()
```

## Out[22]:

		Sales	CompPrice	Income	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	Age	Education	U
39	95	12.57	138	108	17	203	128	1	33	14	
39	96	6.14	139	23	3	37	120	2	55	11	
39	97	7.41	162	26	12	368	159	2	40	18	
39	98	5.94	100	79	7	284	95	0	50	12	
39	99	9.71	134	37	0	27	120	1	49	16	
4											•

# Setting feature and target variable

## In [23]:

```
feature_colm=['Income','CompPrice','Advertising','Population','Price','ShelveLoc','Age','Ed
x=company_data[feature_colm]
y=company_data.High
print(x)
print(y)
```

	Income	CompPrice	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	Age	\
0	73	138	11	276	120	0	42	
1	48	111	16	260	83	1	65	
2	35	113	10	269	80	2	59	
3	100	117	4	466	97	2	55	
4	64	141	3	340	128	0	38	
	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •		
395	108	138	17	203	128	1	33	
396	23	139	3	37	120	2	55	
397	26	162	12	368	159	2	40	
398	79	100	7	284	95	0	50	
399	37	134	0	27	120	1	49	

```
Education Urban
                           US
0
              17
                        1
                            1
              10
                        1
1
                            1
2
              12
                        1
                            1
3
              14
                        1
                            1
4
              13
                        1
                            0
             . . .
                            . .
. .
              14
                        1
                            1
395
396
              11
                        0
                            1
                        1
                            1
397
              18
398
              12
                        1
                            1
399
              16
                        1
                            1
```

```
[400 rows x 10 columns]
0
        1
1
       1
2
       1
3
       0
4
       0
395
       1
396
       0
397
       0
398
       0
399
        1
```

Name: High, Length: 400, dtype: int64

## In [24]:

```
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test
```

## Out[24]:

(	Income	CompPrice	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	Age	\
336	35	138	6	60	143	0	28	
64	67	100	12	184	104	2	32	
55	81	143	5	60	154	2	61	
106	33	102	0	217	139	2	70	
300	78	116	1	158	99	2	45	
• •			• • •					
323	105	107	18	428	103	2	34	
192	26	108	0	408	93	2	56	
117	53	145	0	507	119	2	41	
47	98	126	0	173	108	0	55	
172	102	104	13	123	110	1	35	
	Education	on Urban	US					
336	:	18 1	0					
64	:	16 0	1					
55	:	18 1	1					
106		18 0	0					
300	:	11 1	1					
• •	•		• •					
323		12 1	1					
192		14 0	0					
117		12 1	0					
47		16 1	0					
172	•	16 1	1					

[320 rows x 10 columns],

	Income	CompPrice	Advertising	Population	Price	ShelveLoc	Age	\
132	87	125	9	232	136	1	72	
309	111	131	13	33	80	0	68	
341	120	98	0	268	93	2	72	
196	28	130	6	410	133	0	72	
246	56	120	20	266	90	0	78	
14	117	107	11	148	118	1	52	
363	75	111	1	377	108	1	25	
304	98	123	12	408	134	1	29	
361	25	131	10	183	104	2	56	
329	54	100	9	433	89	1	45	

	Education	Urban	US
132	10	1	1
309	18	1	1
341	10	0	0
196	16	1	1
246	18	1	1
	• • •		
14	18	1	1
363	12	1	0
304	10	1	1
361	15	0	1
329	12	1	1

[80 rows x 10 columns],

```
In [25]:
```

```
dc_model=BaggingClassifier(DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=8),random_state=0)
dc_model=AdaBoostClassifier(DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=8),random_state=0)
dc_model=dc_model.fit(x_train,y_train)
y_pred=dc_model.predict(x_test)
```

```
In [27]:
```

```
# Accuracy
accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
```

#### Out[27]:

0.6875

#### In [30]:

```
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))
```

```
[[36 7]
[18 19]]
```

#### In [31]:

print(classification\_report(y\_test,y\_pred))

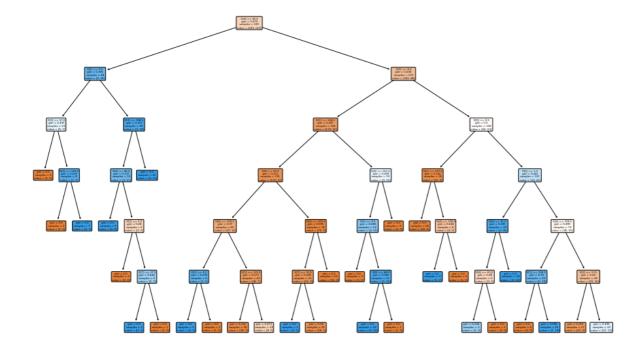
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.67	0.84	0.74	43
1	0.73	0.51	0.60	37
accuracy			0.69	80
macro avg	0.70	0.68	0.67	80
weighted avg	0.70	0.69	0.68	80

## In [32]:

```
dc_model=DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini',max_depth=6)
dc_model=dc_model.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

## In [33]:

```
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(16,10))
plot_tree(dc_model,rounded=True,filled=True)
plt.show()
```



## In [ ]: