

GPS Signal Description

1. The baseband signal **transmitted** by the satellite is given as

$$S(t) = S_{PPS}(t) + jS_{SPS}(t) \quad (1)$$

- $S_{SPS}(t) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} c_{sps}([i]_{L_sps}).d([i]_{CD_sps}).rect_{T_{c,sps}}(t - iT_{c,sps})$ — Standard Positioning Service
- $S_{PPS}(t) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} c_{pps}([i]_{L_pps}).d([i]_{CD_pps}).rect_{T_{c,pps}}(t - iT_{c,pps})$ — Precision Positioning Service

2. Let $x_{in}[n]$ be the incoming signal at the **receiver** end and is given as

$$x_{in}[n] = A(t)s_T(t - \tau(t))e^{j(2\pi f_D(t)t + \phi(t))}|_{t=nT_s} + n(t)|_{t=nT_s} \quad (2)$$

where

- $A(t)$ is Amplitude
- $s_T(t)$ is Complex baseband signal
- $\tau(t)$ is code delay(time varying)
- $f_D(t)$ is Doppler shift(time varying)
- $\phi(t)$ is carrier phase shift(time varying)
- $n(t)$ is Random noise with zero mean
- T_s is Sampling period
- f_s is Sampling frequency

Pseudo code for GPS Signal Acquisition

1.1 Functions for computing the PRN codes of GPS satellite

1. (a) g1_lfsr()

```
state = 0x3FFF
Declare an array out[1023]
for i=0 to i=1022
    out[i] = (state >> 9) & 0x1
    new_bit = ((state >> 9) ⊕ (state >> 2)) & 0x1
    state = ((state << 1) | new_bit) & 0x3FFF
end for
return out
```

- (b) g2_lfsr(tap0,tap1)

```
state = 0x3FFF
Declare an array out[1023]
tap0 = tap0-1
tap1 = tap1-1
for i=0 to i=1022
    out[i] = ((state >> tap0) ⊕ (state >> tap1)) & 0x1
    new_bit = ((state >> 9) ⊕ (state >> 8) ⊕ (state >> 7) ⊕ (state >> 5) ⊕ (state >> 2) ⊕ (state >> 1)) & 0x1
    state = ((state << 1) | new_bit) & 0x3FFF
end for
return out
```

- (c) combine.g1.g2(g1,g2)

```
declare out[1023]
for i=0 to i=1022
    out[i] = g1[i] ⊕ g2[i]
end for
return out
```

1.2 Main function

PRN Code frequency f_c is 1.023Mhz

Sampling frequency f_s is 2.048Mhz

The number of samples \mathbf{N} for 1ms is 2048

```
/* Array to store Phase selector values for 32 satellites - 2 values per satellite*/
```

```
SVs[32][2] = { { 2, 6}, {3, 7}, {4, 8}, {5, 9}, {1, 9}, {2, 10}, {1, 8}, {2, 9}, {3, 10}, {2, 3}, {3, 4}, {5, 6}, {6, 7}, {7, 8}, {8, 9}, {9, 10}, {1, 4}, {2, 5}, {3, 6}, {4, 7}, {5, 8}, {6, 9}, {1, 3}, {4, 6}, {5, 7}, {6, 8}, {7, 9}, {8, 10}, {1, 6}, {2, 7}, {3, 8}, {4, 9} };
```

```
Static array g1[1023]
```

```
static array g2[1023]
```

```
g1 = g1_lfsr() /* Fucntion call */
```

```
visibile_satellites = 0
```

```
Capture 2ms samples of incoming signal  $x_{in}[n]$ 
```

```
Calculate received signal power using the formula
```

```
 $P_x = 0$ 
```

```
for i=0 to N-1
```

```
     $P_x = P_x + (x_{in}[n] \times x_{in}^*[n])$ 
```

```
The power of incoming signal should be  $P_x > \text{threshold}$  . If true, go to step 13. else, stop the process
```

```
Initialize the array max_power[5] = {0}
```

```
Initialize the array visibile_satellites_withMaxPower[5] = {0}
```

```
Initialize the array codePhase[5] = {0}
```

```
Initialize the array PRN_visible_satellites[5][2048] = {{0}}
```

```
/* Find out the code phase for 5 satellites having maximum power */
```

```
Apply FFT to  $x_{in}[n] \rightarrow X[k]$ , for n = 0 to N-1
```

```
for sv=01 to sv=32:
```

```
    k=0
```

```
    tap0 = SVs[sv][k]
```

```
    tap1 = SVs[sv][k++]
```

```
    g2 = g2_lfsr(tap0,tap1) /* Fucntion call */
```

```
    gold_code = combine_g1_g2(g1,g2) /* Fucntion call */
```

```
/*BPSK modulation of PRN code */
```

```
    for i = 0 to i = 1022
```

```
        if gold_code[i] > 0
```

```
            gold_code[i] = -1
```

```
        else
```

```
            gold_code[i] = 1
```

```
/* Upsampling the PRN code */
```

```
    for i = 0 to i = 1022
```

```

    c[2i] = gold_code[i]
    c[2i + 1] = gold_code[i]
end for
c[2046] = 0
c[2047] = 0

Initialize max = 0
Initialize max_index = 0
Compute conjugate of FFT of c[n]  $\rightarrow C^*[k]$ , for n = 0 to N-1, k = 0 to N-1
Multiply  $X[k]$  and  $C^*[k]$ .
 $Y[k] = X[k] \cdot C^*[k]$ , for k = 0 to N-1
 $R[n] = IFFT_k\{Y[k]\}$ , for n = 0 to N-1, k = 0 to N-1
for n=0 to n = N-1
     $R[n] = R[n] \times R^*[n]$ 
    if R[n] > max:
        max = R[n]
        max_index = n
    end if
end for

/* Update max_power, visible_satellites_withMaxPower and codePhase arrays */

for i = 0 to i = 4
    if max > max_power[i]
        for j = 4 to j = i-1
            max_power[j] = max_power[j-1]
            visible_satellites_withMaxPower[j] = visible_satellites_withMaxPower[j-1]
            codePhase[j] = codePhase[j-1]
            j = j-1
        end for
        max_power[i] = max
        visible_satellites_withMaxPower[i] = sv
        codePhase[i] = max_index
        for b = 0 to b = 2048
            PRN_visible_satellites[i][b] = c[b]
        end for
        break the loop
    end if
end for

end for

/* Finding the Doppler shift for 5 satellites */

for sv = 0 to sv = 4
    Code phase  $\hat{\tau} = \text{codePhase}[sv]$ 
    Initialize max_of_max=0
    Initialize max_fd = 0
    for  $f_D = f_{min}$  to  $f_D = f_{max}$  in  $f_{step}$  steps:
        Shift the signal  $x[n]$  by  $f_D$ , for n = 0 to N-1

```

$$x_{sh}[n] = x_{in}[n + \hat{\tau}] \cdot e^{-j2\pi f_D n T_s} \quad (3)$$

```

Initialize  $z = 0$ 
for  $i = 0$  to  $i = N-1$ 
     $z = z + x_{sh}[i] \times \text{PRN\_visible\_satellites}[\mathbf{sv}][i]$ 
end for
 $z = \text{Re}(z)$ 
if ( $z > \text{max\_of\_max}$ )
     $\text{max\_of\_max} = z$ 
     $\text{max\_fd} = f_D$ 
end if
end for
Doppler Frequency offset  $f_{D_{sv}} = \text{max\_fd}$ 
end for

```