

Q1. If $x_n > x_{n-1} > x_{n-2} \dots > x_1 > 1$ then the value of $\log_{x_1} \log_{x_2} \log_{x_3} \dots \log_{x_n} x_{n-1} \dots x_1$

Q2. Solve the equation: $\log_x (3x^{\log_5 x} + 4) = 2 \log_5 x$

Q3. If $a^{\log_b c} = 3 \cdot 3^{\log_4 3} \cdot 3^{\log_4 3^{\log_4 3}} \dots \infty$ where $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Q}$. Then the value of abc is

Q4. Solve the system of equations where $a > 0$ & $a \neq 1$

$$\log_a x \log_a (xyz) = 48$$

$$\log_a y \log_a (xyz) = 12$$

$$\log_a z \log_a (xyz) = 84$$

Q5. If $5 \log_{abc} (a^3 + b^3 + c^3) = 3\lambda \left(\frac{1 + \log_3 (abc)}{\log_3 abc} \right)$ & $(abc)^{a+b+c} = 1$ & $\lambda = \frac{m}{n}$, where m, n are

relative primes then the value of $|m+n| + |m-n|$

Q6. Find all the real numbers x which satisfy the equation

$$2 \log_2 \log_2 x + \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \log_2 (2\sqrt{2}x) = 1$$