SRI CHAITANYA EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, A.P.

CHEMISTRY ASSIGNMENT Date: 20.06.2021

1. An antipyretic is

- 1) quinine
- 2) paracetamol
- 3) luminal
- 4) piperazine

2. Aspirin is

- 1) antibiotic
- 2) antipyretic
- 3) sedative
- 4) psychedelic

3. Synthetic detergents are more effective in hard water than soaps because

- 1) they are non-ionic
- 2) their Ca^{++} and Mg^{++} salts are insoluble in water
- 3) their Ca⁺⁺ and Mg⁺⁺ salts are water soluble
- 4) they are highly soluble in water

4. The use of chemicals for treatment of diseases is called as

- 1) isothermotherapy
- 2) angiotherapy
- 3) physiotherapy
- 4) chemotherapy

5. A drug effective in the treatment of 12. pneumonia, bronchitis, etc, is

- 1) streptomycin
- 2) chloramphenicol
- 3) penicillin
- 4) sulphaguanidine

6. Which of the following is not an antiseptic drug?

- 1) Iodoform
- 2) Dettol
- 3) Gammexane
- 4) Genation violet

7. An antibiotic with a broad spectrum

- 1) kills the antibodies
- 2) acts on a specific antigen
- 3) acts on different antigens
- 4) acts on both the antigens and antibodies

8. Streptomycin is effective in the treatment of

- 1) tuberculosis
- 2) malaria
- 3) typhoid
- 4) cholera

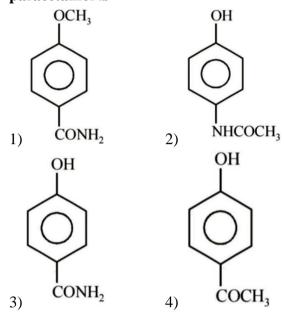
9. Which one of the following is an antihistamine?

- 1) Iproniazid
- 2) Salvarsan
- 3) Zantac
- 4) Chloramphenicol

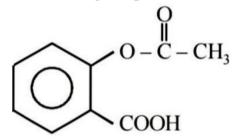
10. The drug used for prevention of heart attacks is

- 1) aspirin
- 2) valium
- 3) chloramphenicol
- 4) cephalsoprin

11. The correct structure of the drug paracetamol is



12. The following compound is used as



- 1) an anti-inflammatory compound
- 2) analgesic
- 3) hypnotic
- 4) antiseptic

13. Various phenol derivatives, tincture of iodine (2-3%) I_2 in (water / alcohol) and some dyes like methylene blue are

- 1) antiseptics
- 2) disinfectants
- 3) analgesics
- 4) antipyretics
- 14. Which of the following statements about aspirin is not true?
 - 1) It is effective in relieving pain
 - 2) It is a neurologically active drug
 - 3) It has antiblood clotting action
 - 4) It belongs to narcotic analgesics

15.	Which one of the	following is not a								
	neurologically active drug?									
	1) Veronal	2) Bithionol								
	3) Equanil	4) Nardil								
16.	Further growth of cancerous cells in the									
	body is arrested by									
	1) physiotherapy 2) chemotherapy									
	3) electrotherapy 4) psychotherapy									
17.	Which one among th	ne following is not an								

analgesic?

- 1) Ibuprofen
- 2) Naproxen
- 3) Aspirin
- 4) Valium

18. Which one of the following is employed as a tranquilizer drug?

- 1) Promethazine
- 2) Valium
- 3) Naproxen
- 4) Mifepristone

19. Which one of the following is employed as **Antihistamine?**

- 1) Chloramphenicol
- 2) Diphenylhydramine
- 3) Norothindrone
- 4) Omeprazole

20. Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide is a popular

- 1) anionic detergent
- 2) cationic detergent
- 3) non-ionic detergent
- 4) sweetener

21. Which of the following acts as an antioxidant is edible oils

- 1) Vitamin B
- 2) Vitamin C
- 3) Vitamin D
- 4) Vitamin E

Which is correct about vanillin? 22.

- 1) A flavouring agent having vanilla flavor
- 2) p-hydroxy-m-methoxy benzaldehyde
- 3) A food additive
- 4) All of these

23. Glycerol is added to soap. It function

- 1) as a filler
- 2) to increase leathering
- 3) to prevent rapid drying
- 4) to make soap granule

24. Which is the correct statement about birth control pills?

- 1) Contain estrogen only
- 2) Contain progesterone only
- 3) Contain a mixture of estrogen and progesterone derivatives
- 4) Progesterone enhances ovulation

25. Bithional is added to soap as an additive to function as a/an

- 1) softener
- 2) hardener
- 3) dryer
- 4) antiseptic

Match the chemicals in Column - I with 26. their uses in Column - II

	Column – I		Column – II
(A)	Sodium Perborate	(I)	Disinfectant
(B)	Chlorine	(II)	Antiseptic
(C)	Bithional	(III)	Milk bleaching agent
(D)	Potassium stearate	(IV)	Soap

- 1) A I, B II, C III, D IV
- 2) A II, B III, C IV, D I
- 3) A III, B I, C II, D IV
- 4) A IV, B I, C II, D III

Consider the following antibiotics 27.

- i) Erythromycin
- ii) Ofloxacin
- iii) Chloramphenicol
- iv) Penicillin

v) Tetracycline

The pair of bactericidal antibiotics is

- 1) i-iii
- 2) ii-iv
- 3) iii-v
- 4) i-iv

28. Placebo is often given to patients. It is

- 1) an antidepressant
- 2) a broad spectrum antibiotic
- 3) a sugar pill
- 4) a tonic

29. Salts of sorbic acid and propionic acid are used as

- 1) antioxidants
- 2) flavouring agents
- 3) food preservatives
- 4) nutritional supplements

30. An antibiotic contains nitro group attached to aromatic nucleus. It is

- 1) penicillin
- 2) streptomycin
- 3) tetracycline
- 4) chloramphenicol

31. Morphine is

- 1) an alkaloid
- 2) an enzyme
- 3) a carbohydrate
- 4) a protein

32. Phenacetin is used as

- 1) antipyretic
- 2) antiseptic
- 3) antimalarial
- 4) analgesic

33. Which is correct about saccharin?

- 2) It is 600 times sweeter than sugar
- 3) It is used as sweetening agent
- 4) All of these

34. The most useful classification of drugs for medicinal chemists is

- 1) on the basis of chemical structure
- 2) on the basis of drug action
- 3) on the basis of molecular targets
- 4) on the basis of pharmacological effect

CHEMISTRY

1)	2	2)	2	3)	3	4)	4	5) 3	6) 3	7) 3	8) 1	9) 3	10) 1
11)	2	12)	2	13)	1	14)	4	15) 4	16) 2	17) 4	18) 2	19) 2	20) 2
21)	4	22)	4	23)	3	24)	3	25) 4	26) 3	27) 2	28) 3	29) 3	30) 4
31)	1	32)	1	33)	4	34)	3						

SOLUTIONS:

- 1. Paracetamol is antipyretic
- 2. Aspirin is antipyretic i.e a drug which is responsible for lowering the temp. of feverish organism
- 3. Detergents have an advantage over soaps that its polar end sulphate and sulphonate retain their efficiency in hard water, since their corresponding salts Ca and Mg are soluble.
- 4. Chemotherapy is to injure or destroy infection caused by microorganism.
- 5. Penicillin is an effective medicine for Pneumonia disease
- 6. Gammexane is an insecticide drug.
- 7. A broad spectrum acts on different antigens
- 8. Streptomycin is used in tuberculosis
- 9. Zantac is an antihistamine

10. Aspirin

11.

- 12. It is acetyl salicylic acid I,e aspirin analgesic and antipyretic
- 13. Tincture of iodine is used as antiseptic
- 14. Aspirin is non-narcotic analgesic
- 15. Bithional is an antiseptic drug
- 16. Chemotherpy is used to arrest the growth of cancerous cells.
- 17. Valium is a tranquillizer and not an analgesic
- 18. Valium is tranquilizer
- 19. Diphenylhydramine
- 20. $CH_3 (CH_2)_{15} N^+ (CH_3)_3 Br^-$, cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide.
- 21. Vitamin E is an antioxidant present in edible oil.
- 22. Vanillin is p-hydroxy-m-methoxybanzaldehyde have vanilla flavor and used as food additive.
- 23. Glycerol prevent rapid drying.
- 24. Birth control pills contain a mixture of estrogen and progesterone derivatives.
- 25. Bithinol is used as antiseptic.
- 26. Sodium perborate Milk bleaching agent

Chlorine – Disinfactant

Bithinol – Antiseptic

Potassium stearate – soap

- 27. Ofloxacin and Penicillin are bacterial antibiotics.
- 28. Placebo is a sugar pill.
- 29. Salts of sorbic acid and propionic acid are used as food preservative.
- 30. Chloraphenicol

$$\begin{array}{c|c} OH & OH \\ \hline O & NH & Cl \\ \hline O & & \parallel \\ O & & O \end{array}$$

- 31. Morphine is an alkaloid
- 32. Phenacetin is used as antipyritic
- 33. Saccharin is an artificial sweetesning agent which is 600 times sweeter than sugar.
- 34. Classification on basis of molecular targates.