

A right Choice for the Real Aspirant

ICON Central Office - Madhapur - Hyderabad

 Sec:Sr.Super60\_STERLING\_BT
 Paper -2(Adv-2021-P2-Model)
 Date: 17-09-2023

 Time: 02.00Pm to 05.00Pm
 CTA-06
 Max. Marks: 180

 17-09-2023\_Sr.Super60\_NUCLEUS&STERLING\_BT\_Jee-Adv(2021-P2)\_CTA-06\_Syllabus

PHYSICS: Thermal physics, Geometrical optics, Wave optics, General Physics,

Kinematics, NLM, Friction, Circular motion, WPE, COM & Collisions,

**Rigid body Dynamics 1** 

CHEMISTRY: Nomenclature, Isomerism, GOC, Alkanes, Alkene & Alkyne, Benzene,

Alkyl Halides & Aryl Halides, Alcohols, Phenols, Ethers & Amines, Aldehydes & Ketones, Carboxylic acid & Derivatives, Biomolecules,

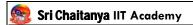
Polymers, Chemistry in Everyday Life & POC

**MATHEMATICS**: Functions & LCD, Application of Differentiation (AOD), TOTAL

**DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS, Indefinite Integration, Definite Integration,** 

Areas & Differential Equations, Total Integral Calculus

	NDIA
Name of the Student:	H.T. NO:



## JEE-ADVANCE-2021-P2-Model

Time: 3:00Hr's IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS Max Marks: 180

## **PHYSICS:**

Section	Question Type	+Ve Marks	- Ve Marks	No.of Qs	Total marks
Sec – I(Q.N : 1 – 6)	Questions with Multiple Correct Choice with Partial mark	+4	-2	6	24
Sec – II(Q.N : 7 – 12)	Paragraph Questions with Numerical Value Answer Type	+2	0	6	12
Sec – III(Q.N : 13 – 16)	Paragraph Questions with Single Answer Type	+3	-1	4	12
Sec – IV(Q.N : 17 – 19)	Questions with Non-negative Integer Value Type	+4	0	3	12
Total		19	60		

## **CHEMISTRY:**

Section	Question Type	+Ve Marks	- Ve Marks	No.of Qs	Total marks
Sec – I(Q.N : 20 – 25)	Questions with Multiple Correct Choice with Partial mark	+4	-2	6	24
Sec – II(Q.N : 26 – 31)	Paragraph Questions with Numerical Value Answer Type	+2	0	6	12
Sec – III(Q.N : 32 – 35)	Paragraph Questions with Single Answer Type	+3	-1	4	12
Sec – IV(Q.N : 36– 38)	Questions with Non-negative Integer Value Type	+4	0	3	12
	Total	-TH		19	60

## **MATHEMATICS:**

Section	Question Type	+Ve Marks	- Ve Marks	No.of Qs	Total marks
Sec – I(Q.N : 39 – 44)	Questions with Multiple Correct Choice with Partial mark	+4	-2	6	24
Sec – II(Q.N : 45 – 50)	Paragraph Questions with Numerical Value Answer Type	+2	0	6	12
Sec – III(Q.N : 51 – 54)	Paragraph Questions with Single Answer Type	+3	-1	4	12
Sec – IV(Q.N : 55 – 57)	Questions with Non-negative Integer Value Type	+4	0	3	12
Total		19	60		

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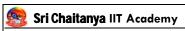












PHYSICS Max. Marks: 60

### SECTION-1(Maximum Marks: 24) One or More Type

- This section contains SIX (06) questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four option(s)
- For each question, choose the option(s) corresponding to (all) the correct answer(s).
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks: +4 If only (all) the correct option(s) is(are) chosen;

Partial Marks : +3 If all the four options are correct but ONLY three options are chosen;

Partial Marks : +2 If three or more options are correct but ONLY two options are chosen, both of which are correct;

Partial Marks: +1 If two or more options are correct but ONLY one option is chosen and it is a correct option;

: 0 If unanswered; Zero Marks

Negative Marks: -2 In all other cases.

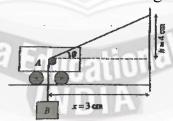
1. The velocity, acceleration and force in two systems of units are related as under

(i) 
$$v' = \frac{\alpha^2}{\beta}v$$
 (ii)  $a' = (\alpha\beta)a$  (iii)  $F' = \left(\frac{1}{\alpha\beta}\right)F$ 

All the primed symbols belong to one system and unprinted ones belong to the other system.  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are dimensionless constants. Which of the following is/are correct?

**A)** Length standards of the systems are related by: 
$$L' = \left(\frac{\alpha^3}{\beta^3}\right)L$$

- **B)** Mass standards of the two systems are related by:  $M' = \left(\frac{1}{\alpha^2 \beta^2}\right) M$
- C) Time standards of the two systems are related by:  $T' = \left(\frac{\alpha}{\beta^2}\right)T$
- **D)** Momentum standards of the systems are related by:  $P' = \left(\frac{1}{\beta^2}\right)P$
- The string shown in figure is passing over small smooth pulley rigidly attached to trolley 2. A. If the speed of trolley is constant and equal to  $v_A$  towards right, speed and magnitude of acceleration of block B at the instant shown in figure are



**A)** 
$$v_B = v_A, a_B = 0$$
 **B)**  $a_B = 3a_A$  **C)**  $v_B = \frac{3}{5}v_A$  **D)**  $a_B = \frac{16v_A^2}{125}$ 

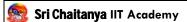
**D)** 
$$a_B = \frac{16v_A^2}{125}$$

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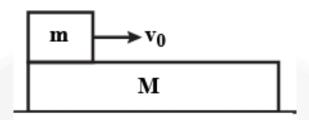
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3. The coefficient of friction between the block and plank is  $\mu$  and its value is such that the block becomes stationary with respect to plank before it reaches the other and end Then:



- A) The work done by friction on the block is negative
- B) The work done by friction on the plank is positive
- C) The net work done by friction is negative
- **D)** Net work done by the friction is zero or positive
- 4. A particle is projected from ground at an angle  $\theta$  certain instant the velocity vector  $\vec{v}$  of particle makes an angle  $\alpha$  with horizontal. Choose the correct option(S).

$$\mathbf{A)} \; \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = \vec{g}$$

- **B)** Modulus of  $\frac{d|\vec{v}|}{dt} = g \sin \alpha$
- C) Tangential acceleration has magnitude of  $g \sin \alpha$
- **D)** Normal acceleration =  $g \cos \alpha$
- Velocity of a particle of mass 1kg changes from  $\vec{v}_1 = (-2\hat{i} 2\hat{j})m / s to \vec{v}_2 = (\hat{i} \hat{j})m / s$  after colliding with a plane surface.
  - A) The angle made by the plane surface with the positive x-axis is  $90^{\circ} + \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)$
  - **B)** The angle made by the plane surface with the positive x-axis is  $tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$
  - C) The direction of change in momentum makes an angle  $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$  with the positive x-axis
  - **D)** The direction of change in momentum makes an angle  $90^{o} + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$  with the plane surface.



- **6.**  $C_V$  and  $C_P$  denote the molar heat capacities of an ideal gas at constant volume and at constant pressure respectively then,
  - A)  $C_P C_V$  is larger for a polyatomic ideal gas than for a mono atomic ideal gas
  - **B)**  $C_P + C_V$  is larger for a diatomic ideal gas than for a mono atomic ideal gas.
  - C)  $\frac{C_P}{C_V}$  is larger for a polyatomic ideal gas than for a diatomic ideal gas
  - **D)**  $C_P$ .  $C_V$  is larger for a diatomic ideal gas than for a mono atomic ideal gas

# SECTION-2(Maximum Marks: 12) Paragraph with Numerical

- This section contains THREE (03) question stems.
- There are TWO (02) questions corresponding to each question stem.
- The answer to each question is a NUMERICAL VALUE.
- For each question, enter the correct numerical value corresponding to the answer in the designated place using the mouse and the onscreen virtual numeric keypad.
- If the numerical value has more than two decimal places, truncate/round-off the value to TWO decimal places.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

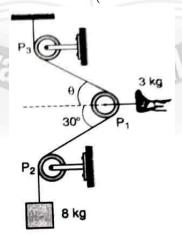
Full Marks : +2 If ONLY the correct numerical value is entered at the designated place; Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.

#### Question Stem for Question Nos. 7 and 8

#### **Question stem**

Very often it is required to place an injure limb of an accident victim in traction. Traction involves pulling of the limb gently for long periods of time using weights and pulleys. Suppose a broken leg of an accident victim is placed in traction. The patient is made to wear a special boot which has a pulley attached to its sole. Combined mass of foot and boot is 3 kg and a mass 8 kg hangs from the rope as shown in the figure. The boot (and also the foot) remain suspended by the ropes and do not touch the bed. In fact, the leg will remain horizontal and it will be pulled by the traction force along the horizontal.

Assuming that the pulleys are mass less and frictionless and the rope has also a negligible mass, answer these questions  $(g = 10m/s^2)$ 



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Page 5

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- 7. Tension in the string in Newtons is ......

#### Question Stem for Question Nos. 9 and 10

#### Question stem

A person standing on the roof of a building throws a ball vertically upward at an instant t = 0. The ball leaves his hand with an upward speed 20m/s and it is then in free fall. The ball rises to a certain height and then moves down. On its way down, the ball just misses to hit the roof of the building and keeps falling towards the earth. The ball hits earth at t = 5 sec. Considering that (i) The vertically upward direction is the positive Y-direction (ii) The position of ball at t = 0 is the origin (iii) The ball does not rebound and comes to rest at the same place where it hits earth and (iv) Air resistance is negligible, answer these questions.

(Take  $g = 10m/s^2$ )

- 9. Magnitude of maximum displacement of the ball from the initial position in meters is.....
- 10. Magnitude of average velocity of the ball from t = 0 to t = 5 sec is

#### **Question Stem for Question Nos. 11 and 12**

#### **Question Stem**

Both ends of an aluminum rod of length 20 cm and cross sectional area  $4 \text{ cm}^2$  are kept at a temperature  $0^0 C$ . Thermal conductivity of aluminum is 205 W / (m-k). The initial distribution of temperature along the rod can be expressed as.  $T = 25 \sin(15.7x)^o C$  Here length of the rod has been considered to be along the X direction and one of the ends as the origin so that 'x' in the initial temperature distribution equation refers to the x position of any point on the rod. Also the angle in the sine term is in radian provided that x is expressed in the SI system.

Answer the following questions.

## SECTION-3(Maximum Marks: 12) Paragraph with Single Answer Type

- This section contains TWO (02) paragraphs. Based on each paragraph, there are TWO (02) questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is the correct answer.
- For each question, choose the option corresponding to the correct answer
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

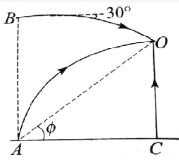
Full Marks : +3 If ONLY the correct option is chosen;

Zero Marks : 0 If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered);



### Paragraph-I

Points A and C are on the horizontal ground and A and B are in same vertical plane at a distance of 1500 m. Simultaneously bullets are fired from A,B and C and they collide at O. The bullet at B is fired at an angle of  $30^{0}$  with horizontal towards the ground at velocity 100 m/s. The bullet at C is fired vertically upward at velocity of 100 m/s. The bullet projected from A reaches its maximum height at O.

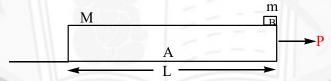


- 13. Find the time in which bullets will collide (Seconds):
  - **A)** 10
- **B)** 15
- **C)** 20
- **D**) 25

- **14.** Find the elevation angle  $\angle \phi = \angle OAC$ :
  - **A)**  $60^0$
- **B**)  $45^0$
- C)  $30^0$
- **D)**  $15^0$

## Paragraph-II

A plank A of mass M rests on a smooth horizontal surface over which it can move without friction. A cube B of mass m lies on the plank at one edge. The coefficient of friction between the plank and the cube is  $\mu$ . The size of cube is very small in comparison to the plank.



- 15. At what force P applied to the plank in the horizontal direction will the cube begin to slide towards the other end of the plank?
  - A)  $P > \mu(m+M)g$

- **B)**  $P > 0.5 \mu (m+M)g$
- C)  $P = 0.5 \ \mu (m + M) g$
- **D)**  $P = \mu(m+M)g$
- 16. In what time will the cube fall from the plank if the length of the letter is 1?

$$\mathbf{A)} \sqrt{\frac{ML}{P - \mu g \left(M + m\right)}}$$

**B**) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{2ML}{P-\mu g(M+m)}}$$

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Page 7



Sri Chaitanya









C) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{ML}{P + \mu g(M + m)}}$$

$$\mathbf{D)} \sqrt{\frac{2ML}{P + \mu g\left(M + m\right)}}$$

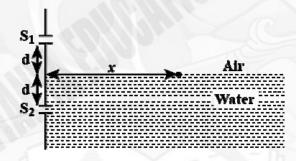
## SECTION-4(Maximum Marks: 12) Non-Negative Integer Answer Type

- This section contains THREE (03) questions.
- The answer to each question is a NON-NEGATIVE INTEGER.
- For each question, enter the correct integer corresponding to the answer using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks : +4 If ONLY the correct integer is entered;

Zero Marks: 0 In all other cases.

17. A Young's double slit interference arrangement with slits  $S_1$  in air and  $S_2$  is immersed in water (refractive index = 3/2) as shown in the figure. The positions of maxima on the surface of water are given by  $x^2 = p^2 m^2 \lambda^2 - d^2$ , where  $\lambda$  is the wavelength of light in air (refractive index = 1), 2d is the separation between the slits and m is an integer. The value of p is



- 18. A metal rod AB of length 10x has its one end A in ice at  $0^0C$  and the other end B in water at  $100^0C$ . If a point P on the rod is maintained at  $400^0C$ , then it is found that equal amounts of water and ice evaporate and melt per unit time. The latent heat of evaporation of water is  $540 \ calg^{-1}$  and latent heat of melting of ice is  $80 \ calg^{-1}$ . If the point P is at a distance of  $\lambda x$  from the ice end A, find the value of  $\lambda$ . (Neglect any heat loss to the surrounding.)
- 19. Two capacitors with capacitance values  $C_1 = (2000 \pm 10) \ pF$  and  $C_2 = (3000 \pm 15) \ pF$  are connected in series. The voltage applied across this combination is  $V = (5.00 \pm 0.02) \ V$ . The percentage error in the calculation of the energy stored in this combination of capacitors is (rounded off to nearest integer)





## CHEMISTRY Max. Marks: 60

## SECTION-1(Maximum Marks: 24) One or More Type

- This section contains SIX (06) questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four option(s)
- For each question, choose the option(s) corresponding to (all) the correct answer(s).
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Partial Marks : +3 If all the four options are correct but ONLY three options are chosen;

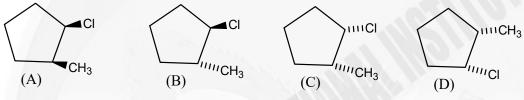
Partial Marks : +2 If three or more options are correct but ONLY two options are chosen, both of which are correct;

Partial Marks : +1 If two or more options are correct but ONLY one option is chosen and it is a correct option;

Zero Marks : 0 If unanswered;

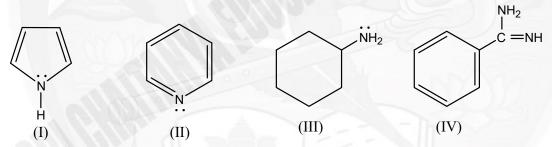
Negative Marks : -2 In all other cases.

### 20. Which of the following isomers have diastereomeric relationship



- A) A and C
- B) A and B
- C) A and D
- D) B and C

#### 21.



Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

- A) I and II are aromatic, but I is more basic than III
- B) I is anti-aromatic, II is aromatic and II is more basic than I
- C) The order of basicity of above compounds is IV > III > I
- D) The conjugate acid of II is less stabilized than conjugate acid of IV

#### 22.

CH<sub>3</sub>

m-CPBA

(A)

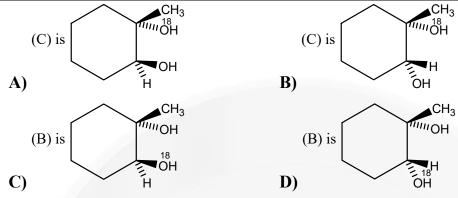
$$H_3 \overset{\uparrow}{O}^{18}$$

(C)

(major)

Choose the correct option(s)





23. A chiral alcohol  $(A)(C_9H_{18}O)$  on oxidation gives  $(B)(C_9H_{16}O_2)$ . (A) on heating in acidic medium gives compound  $(C)(C_9H_{16})$  as major product, which on ozonolysis produces  $(D)(C_4H_8O)$  and **cyclopentanone**. Idnetify the correct answers. (Neglect ring expantion)

(A) is 
$$CH_2-CH_3$$
 (A) is  $CH_3$  OH  $CH_3$  CH  $CH_3$  CH  $CH_3$  CH  $CH_4$  CH  $CH_3$  CH  $CH_4$  CH  $CH_5$  CH

24.

Choose the correct answer(s)

A) 
$$(A)$$
 is  $Ph - CH = C - CH_3$ 

B)

(E) is

OH

(E) is

OH

(E) is

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25.

$$O_2N$$
 $O_2N$ 
 $O_2N$ 

Choose the correct answer(s)

(A) is 
$$O_2N$$

# SECTION-2(Maximum Marks: 12) Paragraph with Numerical

- This section contains THREE (03) question stems.
- There are TWO (02) questions corresponding to each question stem.
- The answer to each question is a NUMERICAL VALUE.
- For each question, enter the correct numerical value corresponding to the answer in the designated place using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad.
- If the numerical value has more than two decimal places, truncate/round-off the value to TWO decimal places.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:
   Full Marks : +2 If ONLY the correct numerical value is entered at the designated place;
   Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.

## **Question Stem for Question Nos. 26 and 27**

#### **Question Stem**



1.26g of an organic compound was reacted under Kjeldahl's method and the ammonia evolved was absorbed in 100ml of  $1N\,H_2SO_4$ . The remaining acid solution was made upto 500ml by addition of water and 20ml of this dilute solution required 35 ml of N/10 caustic soda solution for complete neutralization.

- **26.** Volume of  $H_2SO_4$  required for neutralization of  $NH_3$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- 27. Percentage of  $N_2$  present in the compound is \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Question Stem for Question Nos. 28 and 29**

#### **Question Stem**

When 'x'g of Nitrobenzene reacts with 'y'g of Sn and HCl produces an organic compound, which on treating with dil. HCl produces 2.58g of an organic salt quantitatively.

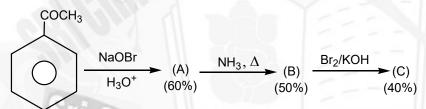
(Use molar masses (in g  $mol^{-1}$ ) of H,C,N,O,Cl and Sn as 1,12, 14, 16, 35 and 119 respectively)

- **28.** The value of 'x' is \_\_\_\_\_
- **29.** The value of 'y'is \_\_\_\_\_

### Question Stem for Question Nos. 30 and 31

#### **Question Stem**

When '150'g of Acetophenone involves in the following sequence of reactions gives 'x' g of compound (B) and 'y' g of compound (C).



- 30. The value of 'x' is
- **31.** The value of 'y'is

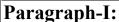
## SECTION-3(Maximum Marks: 12) Paragraph with Single Answer Type

- This section contains TWO (02) paragraphs. Based on each paragraph, there are TWO (02) questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is the correct answer.
- For each question, choose the option corresponding to the correct answer
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks : +3 If ONLY the correct option is chosen;

Zero Marks : 0 If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered);

Negative Marks: -1 In all other cases.





An organic compound (A) with molecular formula  $C_{11}H_{22}O_2$  on hydrolysis gives two optically active compound (B) and (C). Compound (C) is soluble in NaOH and compound (B), which gives negative iodoform test on heating with conc.  $H_2SO_4$  produces compound (D) with No diastereomers. When 'Ag' salt of compound (C) is treated with  $Br_2$ , gives compound (E), which is also obtained when compound (B) is treated with TsCl and then with NaBr.

32. Structure of organic compound (A) is

33. What would be the structure of 'A', If compound (B) gives positive iodoform test.

Paragraph-II:

An organic compound (A) with molecular formula  $C_{10}H_{12}O_2$  on treatment with  $CH_3I$  in alkali gives (B)  $C_{11}H_{14}O_2$ , which is insoluble in aq.NaOH and decolourises  $Br_2/CCl_4$ . Compound (A) on treatment with strong alkali alone gives an isomeric product (C), which on ozonolysis give (E)  $C_8H_8O_3$ , an isomer of isovaniline. (B) on treating with strong base gives (D), which on ozonolysis gives (F)  $(C_9H_{10}O_3)$ .





#### **34.** The structure of compound (A) is

**35.** Compounds (E) and (F) are respectively.

## SECTION-4(Maximum Marks: 12) Non-Negative Integer Answer Type

- This section contains THREE (03) questions.
- The answer to each question is a NON-NEGATIVE INTEGER.
- For each question, enter the correct integer corresponding to the answer using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks : +4 If ONLY the correct integer is entered;

Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.

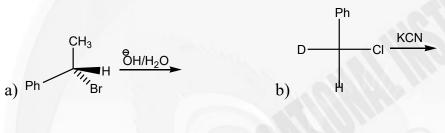
- **36.** How many number of following statements are correct?
  - i) when pure  $\alpha D$  glucopyranose is dissolved in water, its optical rotation slowly changes.
  - ii)  $\alpha D$  glucopyranose and  $\beta D$  glucopyranose are anomers
  - iii) Methyl glucosides do not react with fehling's or Tollen's reagent

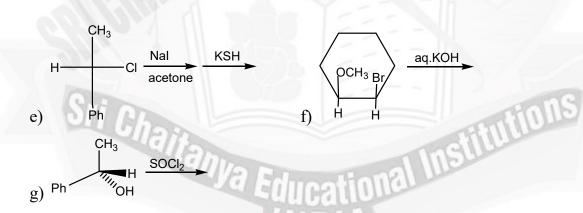


- iv)  $\alpha D$  glucopyranose react with  $NaHSO_3$  to form white precipitate
- v)  $\alpha D$  methyl glucoside and  $\beta D$  methyl glucosides are anomers
- vi) Reduction of Fructose with Na-Hg  $/H_2O$  gives both sorbitol and mannitol
- 37. Amongst the following, the total no. of biodegradable polymers are: PVC, Glyptal, Nylon 6, 6, PHBV, Nylon 2 nylon 6

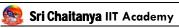
Cellulose, PMMA, Dextron, Nylon 6, PAN.

**38.** How many of the following reactions proceed with retention of configuration?









### MATHEMATICS

Max. Marks: 60

### **SECTION-1(Maximum Marks: 24)** One or More Type

- This section contains SIX (06) questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four option(s)
- For each question, choose the option(s) corresponding to (all) the correct answer(s).
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks: +4 If only (all) the correct option(s) is(are) chosen;

Partial Marks : +3 If all the four options are correct but ONLY three options are chosen;

Partial Marks : +2 If three or more options are correct but ONLY two options are chosen, both of which are correct;

Partial Marks : +1 If two or more options are correct but ONLY one option is chosen and it is a correct option;

Zero Marks : 0 If unanswered; Negative Marks: -2 In all other cases.

- $f: R \to [-1, \infty)$  and  $f(x) = \ln(\lceil |\sin 2x| + |\cos 2x| \rceil)$  (where [.] greatest integer function). **39.** 
  - A)  $R^- \cap$  range of 'f' is null set
  - **B)** f(x) is periodic but fundamental period not defined
  - C) f(x) is invertible in  $\left| 0, \frac{\pi}{4} \right|$
  - **D)** f(x) is not an onto function.
- Let  $\Phi\left(\frac{x+2y}{3}\right) = \frac{\Phi(x)+2\Phi(y)}{3} \forall x, y \in R \text{ and } \Phi'(0)=1 \text{ and } \Phi(0)=2 \text{ then}$ 
  - A)  $\phi(x)$  is continuous  $\forall x \in R$
  - **B)**  $\phi(x)$  is differentiable  $\forall x \in R$
  - C)  $\phi(x)$  is both continuous and differentiable
  - **D)**  $\phi(x)$  is discontinuous at x = 0
- If  $\frac{d}{dx} \{f(x)\} = g(x)$  where  $g(x) = e^{-x} \cdot f(x) + e^{x} \cdot f(-x)$  then (given f(0) = 0) 41.

  - A) g(x) is an even function B) f(x) is an odd function
  - C)  $g^{1}(0) = f^{1}(0) = g(0)$  D)  $g^{1}(0) \neq f(0)$
- Let  $f(x) = 2x^2 \ln|x|$ ,  $x \ne 0$ , then f(x) is 42.
  - A) monotonically increasing in  $\left(-\frac{1}{2},0\right) \cup \left(\frac{1}{2},\infty\right)$
  - **B)** monotonically decreasing in  $\left(-\frac{1}{2},0\right) \cup \left(\frac{1}{2},\infty\right)$
  - C) monotonically increasing in  $\left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}\right) \cup \left(0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
  - **D)** monotonically decreasing in  $\left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}\right) \cup \left(0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

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Space for rough work







**43.** If 
$$I_1 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin(\sin x)}{\sin x} dx$$
,  $I_2 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$  and  $I_3 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin(\tan x)}{\tan x} dx$ 

Then which of the following is true

- A)  $I_1 > I_3$
- **B)**  $I_2 > I_3$
- **C)**  $I_1 > I_2$  **D)**  $I_1 < I_2$
- 44. The curve whose sub tangent is 'n' times the abscissa of the point of contact and passes through the point (2,3), then
  - A) For n = 1 equation of the curve is 2y = 3x
  - **B)** For n = 1 equation of the curve is  $2y^2 = 9x$
  - C) For n = 2 equation of the curve is 2y = 3x
  - **D)** For n = 2 equation of the curve is  $2y^2 = 9x$

## **SECTION-2(Maximum Marks: 12)** Paragraph with Numerical

- This section contains THREE (03) question stems.
- There are TWO (02) questions corresponding to each question stem.
- The answer to each question is a NUMERICAL VALUE.
- For each question, enter the correct numerical value corresponding to the answer in the designated place using the mouse and the onscreen virtual numeric keypad.
- If the numerical value has more than two decimal places, truncate/round-off the value to TWO decimal places.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks: +2 If ONLY the correct numerical value is entered at the designated place;

In all other cases. Zero Marks : 0

### **Question Stem for Question Nos. 45 and 46**

#### **Question Stem**

Consider the function f:  $R \to (0, \infty)$  defined by  $f(x) = 2^x + 2^{|x|}$ 

- The number of solutions of the equation  $f(x) = \ln \pi$  is 45.
- The area of the region bounded by the curves y = f(x), y = 0, x = -1 and x = 1 is 46.  $\log_2(e^p)$  Then 2p =

## **Question Stem for Question Nos. 47 and 48**

## **Question Stem**

Let 
$$\lim_{x \to c} f(x) = l = \lim_{x \to c} h(x)$$
 and

$$f(x) \le g(x) \le h(x) \forall x \in (c - \delta, c) \cup (c, c + \delta) \text{ for } \delta > 0 \text{ then } \lim_{x \to c} g(x) = l \text{ this is called}$$

squeeze principle or sandwich principle. Then answer the following questions.





47. 
$$Lt \underset{x\to 0}{Lt} \underbrace{Lt}_{n\to\infty} \left( \frac{\left[1^2 x^x\right] + \left[2^2 x^x\right] + \dots + \left[n^2 x^x\right]}{n^3} \right) = p \text{ then } \left(p^{-2}\right) \text{ is }$$

(Where [.] denotes the greatest integer function)

**48.** 
$$Lt \left( \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) + \left( \frac{\tan x}{x} \right) = \text{(Where [.] denotes the greatest integer function)}$$

### **Question Stem for Question Nos. 49 and 50**

#### Question Stem

Let 
$$f_n(x) = \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \cos^2 \left(\frac{2r+1}{2}\right) x}$$
 and let  $g_n(x) = \prod_{r=1}^n f_r(x)$ 

- Let  $I_n = \int_0^{\pi} \frac{f_n(x)}{g_n(x)} dx$ . If  $\sum_{n=1}^{100} I_n = k\pi$ , then the value of k is: 49.
- The value of  $\left(\lim_{x\to 0}\int_{0}^{x}\frac{9dt}{xf_{0}(t)g_{0}(t)}\right)$  is: **50.**

## **SECTION-3(Maximum Marks: 12)** Paragraph with Single Answer Type

- This section contains TWO (02) paragraphs. Based on each paragraph, there are TWO (02) questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is the correct answer.
- For each question, choose the option corresponding to the correct answer
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks : +3 If ONLY the correct option is chosen;

: 0 If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered);

Negative Marks: -1 In all other cases.

### Paragraph-I:

It can be shown that if f(x) is continuous at 0 then x f(x) is differentiable at x = 0 by changing origin, we can say that if f(x) is continuous at 'a' then (x-a)f(x-a) is differentiable at x = a

- The largest set over which  $\frac{x \sin|x|}{1-|x|^2}$  is differentiable is 51.
  - **A)**  $R \{0,1,-1\}$  **B)** R **C)**  $R \{-1,1\}$  **D)**  $\{-1,1\}$

- The number of points where the function  $(x-3)|x^2-7x+12|+\cos|x-3|$  is not **52.** differentiable is
  - A) one
- **B)** two
- C) three
- **D)** infinite

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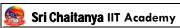












#### Paragraph-II:

If f be a twice differentiable function such that  $f^n(x) > 0 \forall x \in R$ . Let h(x) is defined by

$$h(x) = f(\sin^2 x) + f(\cos^2 x)$$
where  $|x| < \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

- 53. The number of critical points of h(x) are
  - **A)** 1

- **B**) 2
- **C**) 3
- **D)** more than 3

- **54.** h(x) is increasing for  $x \in$ 
  - $\mathbf{A)}\left(-\frac{\pi}{4},\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

**B)**  $\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, -\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cup \left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ 

C)  $\left(-\frac{\pi}{4},0\right) \cup \left(\frac{\pi}{4},\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ 

 $\mathbf{D})\left(-\frac{\pi}{2},-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\cup\left(0,\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ 

## SECTION-4(Maximum Marks: 12) Non-Negative Integer Answer Type

- This section contains THREE (03) questions.
- The answer to each question is a NON-NEGATIVE INTEGER.
- For each question, enter the correct integer corresponding to the answer using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks : +4 If ONLY the correct integer is entered;

Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.

55. If 'f' is a polynomial function satisfying the condition

$$f(\tan x) + f(\cot x) = f(\tan x).f(\cot x) \quad \forall x \in \left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \{0\} \text{ and } f(2) = 9 \text{ then the}$$

value of  $\frac{f'(2)}{6}$  is.

**56.** If 
$$f(n) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^2 n\theta}{\sin^2 \theta} d\theta$$
 then  $\frac{f(15) + f(3)}{f(12) - f(10)} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

57. If 
$$f(x) = \frac{10\cos x + 5\cos 3x + \cos 5x}{\cos 6x + 6\cos 4x + 15\cos 2x + 10}$$
 then  $f(0) + f'(0) + f''(0) = \dots$ 

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Page 1



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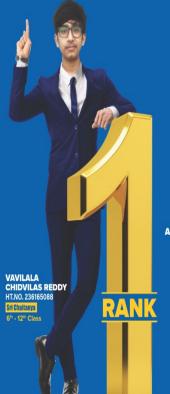












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