BUILD A CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK

Aim:

To build a simple convolutional neural network without Keras/TensorFlow.

Algorithm:

- 1. Define Activation Functions: Create ReLU and softmax activation functions for non-linear transformations.
- 2. Implement Convolution: Define a 2D convolution function that slides a kernel over the input image and computes the dot product at each position.
- 3. Apply Convolution Layer: Initialize a convolution kernel, apply the convolution function, and use ReLU activation on the result.
- 4. Implement Pooling: Define a max-pooling function to reduce the spatial dimensions by selecting the maximum value in each sub-region.
- 5. Flatten and Fully Connect: Flatten the pooled output and apply a fully connected layer with weights, calculating logits.
- 6. Output Using Softmax: Apply the softmax function to logits for final class probabilities.

Program:

```
import numpy as np
def relu(x):
    return np.maximum(0, x)
def softmax(x):
    exp_x = np.exp(x - np.max(x))
    return exp_x / np.sum(exp_x, axis=0)

# Convolution operation
def convolve2d(X, kernel):
    kernel_height, kernel_width = kernel.shape
    height, width = X.shape
```

```
output = np.zeros((height - kernel height + 1, width - kernel width + 1))
  for i in range(output.shape[0]):
     for j in range(output.shape[1]):
       output[i, j] = np.sum(X[i:i+kernel height, j:j+kernel width] * kernel)
  return output
# Pooling operation
def max pooling(X, size=2, stride=2):
  output height = (X.shape[0] - size) // stride + 1
  output width = (X.shape[1] - size) // stride + 1
  output = np.zeros((output height, output width))
  for i in range(output height):
     for j in range(output width):
       output[i, j] = np.max(X[i*stride:i*stride+size, j*stride:j*stride+size])
  return output
def simple cnn(X):
  # Convolution Layer
  kernel = np.array([[1, 0, -1], [1, 0, -1], [1, 0, -1]]) # Example kernel
  conv output = convolve2d(X, kernel)
  conv output = relu(conv output)
  # Pooling Layer
  pooled output = max pooling(conv output)
  # Flatten and Fully Connected Layer
  flattened = pooled output.flatten()
  weights = np.random.randn(flattened.size, 10) # Assuming 10 classes
  logits = np.dot(flattened, weights)
  output = softmax(logits)
  return output
# Example input data (a 28x28 grayscale image)
```

```
X = np.random.rand(28, 28)
output = simple_cnn(X)
print("Output:", output)
```

Output:

```
Output: [1.76093045e-07 2.85912698e-14 1.66949370e-16 1.76633408e-07 1.19544489e-13 4.08544451e-06 5.86145334e-06 2.86661537e-05 4.93999040e-01 5.05961994e-01]
```

Result:

Thus the program to build a simple convolutional neural network without Keras/TensorFlow has been executed successfully.