# byte<sup>XL</sup>

Percentages

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PERCENTAGE: per \longrightarrow Cent (Value per hundredth)
Per Hundred (x /100)
```

Ex: If a student Secure 75 marks out 100 marks, the Percentage marks secured by that particular student is ??

Solution: 75/(total)100 \* 100

75 %



Ex: If your Monthly Total Pocket money Is Rs.1500 and at the end of any particular month you are left with Rs 600. Find how much % money was spent during that month.

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Solution: Total= 1500

Savings = 600

Money Spent = 1500-600 = 900

% Spent = 900 (Expenditure) / 1500 (Total) * 100

= 60 %
```



# PERCENTAGE has its application in wide range of topics like

- 1. Number system & simplification
- 2. Data Interpretation
- 3. Profit and Loss
- 4. Interest: Simple and Compound
- 5. Discounts



Percentage and Fractions # 100 % means total out of total.		Fractions	%	
# If we take 100 % as 1, It means 1/1 i.e. 1		1/6	16.66	or 16 2/3
		1/7	14.28	or 14 2/7
Fractions %		1/8	12.50	
		1/9	11.11	
1	100	1/10	10	
		1/11	9.09	
1/2	50	1/12	8.33	
		1/13	7.69	
1/3	33.33 or 33 1/3	1/14	7.14	
		1/15	6.66	
1/4	25	1/16	6.25	
		1/17	5.88	
1/5	20	1/18	5.55	
		1/19	5.26	
		1/20	5	



What is 37.5% Of 48?

$$37.5 = 25\%$$
 and  $12.5\%$ 

What is 64.6% of 50?

$$60\% + 5\% - 0.4\%$$



❖X % of Y is always equal to Y% of X

#### **&**Example:

$$36 \% \text{ of } 50 = 50 \% \text{ of } 36$$

$$20\% \text{ of } 96 = 96\% \text{ of } 20$$



- 1. If 50% of P = 25% of Q; then P = X% of Q; Find X
- 2. If 90% of A = 30% of B; then B = 2X% of A; Find X
- 3. If 20% of (P+Q) = 25% of (P-Q); then P:Q (ratio)
- 4. If 40% of (A+B) = 60% of (A-B); then 2A 3B / A + B is
- 5. If 20% of (A+B) = 50% of B; then 2A B / 2A + B is



X is what percentage of Y = X / Y \* 100

Y is what percentage of X = Y / X \* 100

#### Example;

- 1. If X = 30 and Y = 80. Find X is what % of Y?
- 2. If X = 60 and Y = 180. Find Y is what % of X?
- 3. What percentage of 8000 is 360?



A fruit seller had some apples. He sells 40% apples and still has 420 apples. Originally, he had:

A. 588 apples

B. 600 apples

C. 672 apples

D. 700 apples

**Answer: D** 



A batsman scored 110 runs which included 3 boundaries and 8 sixes. What percent of his total score did he make by running between the wickets?

- A. 45%
- B. 45\*5/11%
- C. 54\*6/11%
- D. 55%
  Answer: B



Three candidates contested an election and received 1136, 7636 and 11628 votes respectively. What percentage of the total votes did the winning candidate get?

A. 57%

B. 60%

C. 65%

D. 90%

Answer: A



#### **Percentage Increase/Decrease:**

X is what percentage more or less than Y?

$$= (X - Y) / Y * 100$$
 (or)

❖ If the price of a commodity increases by R%, then the reduction in consumption so as not to increase the expenditure is:

$$R/(100 + R) \times 100 \%$$

❖ If the price of a commodity decreases by R%, then the increase in consumption so as not to decrease the expenditure is:

$$R/(100 - R)x 100$$
 %



If X's income is 25 % more than Y's. By how much percentage is Y's income less than x's income?

A. 20

B. 30

C. 40

D. 50

Answer: A



If X's income is 20 % less than Y's. By how much percentage is Y's income more than x's income?

A. 20

B. 25

C. 30

D. 35

**Answer: B** 



In 2008, the price of a mobile increases 20 % with respect to that in 2007. By what percentage is its price in 2007 less than that in 2008?

A. 16.67%

B. 25%

C. 33.33%

D. 35%

**Answer: A** 



In an examination, Mani's score is 10 % less than Mahesh's score. By what percentage, Mahesh's score is more than Mani?

A. 12.12

B. 13.13

C. 11.11

D. 30.3

**Answer: C** 



Rohit salary is 20% less than gaurav's salary. if karan salary is Rs.20000 and it is 25% more than gaurav's salary, then what is rohit salary?

A. 12000

B. 19200

C. 16000

D. 24000

**Answer: A** 



A's salary is 20% less than B's salary. if C's salary is Rs.10000 and it is 25% more than B's salary, then what is A's salary?

A. 6800

B. 5000

C. 6000

D. 4000

**Answer: C** 



In an examination, 35% of students failed in quant and 42% of students failed in verbal while 14% failed in both the topics. If 222 students passed in both the topics, how many students appeared to write the examination?

A. 500

B. 400

C. 600

D. 700

**Answer: C** 



#### **Answer: Option C**

#### **Explanation:**

Percent of students failing quants = 35

Percent of students failing verbal = 42

$$Sum = 35 + 42 = 77$$

Percent of students failing both = 14

=> Percent of students failing either one = 77 - 14 = 63. Thus, 37% students passed in both the topics

$$\Rightarrow$$
 37% of x = 222

$$=> x = 600$$

The total number of students is 600.



**Result on Population:** Let the population of a town be P now and suppose increases the rate of R% per annum, then:

1.Population after n years =  $P(1 + R/100)^n$ 

**Result on Depreciation**: Let the present value of a machine be P. Suppose depreciates at the rate of R% per annum Then:

1. Value of the machine after n Years =  $P(1 - R/100)^n$ 

Net % change = 
$$x + y + xy/100$$



The population of a town increased from 1,75,000 to 2,62,500 in a decade. The average percent increase of population per year is:

A. 4.37%

B. 5%

C. 6%

D. 8.75%

**Answer: B** 



The price of the potato is increased by 20% and consumption decreased by 10%. What will be the percentage change in expenditure?

A. 4%

B. 5%

C. 6%

D. 8%

**Answer: D** 



If the price of a commodity is decreased by 20% and its consumption is increased by 20%, what will be the increase or decrease in expenditure on the commodity?

A. 4%

B. 5%

C. 6%

D. 8%

