## Sending JSON Data

This lesson gives a brief overview of sending JSON data to the server.

When the information expected by the web server is more structured (with complex types, nested fields, etc), it's often a better choice to send it as JSON data. For example, check out how to send a JavaScript array as JSON data to a web server.

```
JavaScript
    const cars = [
        model: "Peugeot",
        color: "blue",
        registration: 2012,
        checkups: [2015, 2017]
      },
        model: "Citroën",
11
        color: "white",
12
        registration: 1999,
13
        checkups: [2003, 2005, 2007
15
17
    fetch("https://thejsway-server
      method: "POST",
      headers: {
21
        Accept: "application/json"
        "Content-Type": "application
23
      },
      body: JSON.stringify(cars)
      .then(response => response.te
      .then(result => {
27
        console.log(result);
28
      })
      .catch(err => {
      console.error(err.message)
```

use, updates the request headers to indicate that the data format is JSON, and

adds the JSON representation of the JavaScript array into the body of the request.