Greedy/Non-Greedy Matching

Python Greedy and non-greedy matching explained with examples.

There are times when you want to match a pattern only optionally! The ? character flags the group that precedes it as an optional part of the pattern. For example, enter the following into the interactive shell:

```
import re

Regex = re.compile(r'(scientific )?programming')

m1 = Regex.search('Learn programming')

m2 = Regex.search('Learn scientific programming')

print m1.group()

print m2.group()
```

The output will be:

```
programming
scientific programming
```

This means that the (scientific)? part of the regular expression means that the pattern scientific (notice the white space!) is an **optional** group. The regex will match text that has zero instances or one instance of scientific in it. This is why the regex matches both 'programming' and 'scientific programming'.

Note that the '*', '+', and '?' qualifiers are all **greedy**; they match as much text as possible. Sometimes this behavior isn't desired; if the RE pattern <.*> is matched against '<H1>Learn Scientific Programming</H1>', it will match the entire string, and not just '<H1>'. Adding '?' after the qualifier makes it perform the match in non-greedy or minimal fashion; as few characters as possible will be matched. Using .*? in the previous expression will match

only $\langle H1 \rangle$.