

EXNO: 4

## A\* informed search

Date:

Aim:

To implement the A\* informed search algorithm in Python. The A\* algorithm is used to find the shortest path from a start node to goal node in a graph, using both the actual cost from the start node and a heuristic estimate to the goal.

Algorithm:

1. Initialize the graph:

- Represent the graph as a dictionary where each node has a list of tuples representing its neighboring nodes and the cost to reach them.

2. Heuristic function:

- Define a heuristic function  $h(n)$  that estimates the cost from node  $n$  to the goal node. The choice of heuristic depends on the problem domain. For simplicity assume we are given this heuristic function.

3. Define the A\* Search function \*:

Initialize two sets: open-set (nodes to evaluate) and closed-set (nodes already evaluated). Use a priority queue (min-heap) to pick the node with the lowest  $f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$  where  $g(n)$  is the cost from the start node to  $n$  and  $h(n)$  is the heuristic from  $n$  to the goal.

- Initialize the  $g$  values (costs from the start to infinity) for all nodes, except the start node,

- Track the parent of each node to reconstruct the path after reaching the goal.

#### 4. A search process:

- while Open-set is not empty:

1. Select the nodes  $n$  in Open-set with the lowest  $F(n)$

2. If  $n$  is the goal node, reconstruct the path and return it.

3. Move  $n$  from Open-set to Closed-set

- If the goal node is not reached and Open-set is empty, return that there is no solution.

Program:

```
import heapq

def a_star(Graph, Start, goal, h):
    open_set = []
    heapq.heappush(open_set, (h(Start), Start))
    g = {node: float('inf') for node in Graph}
    g[Start] = 0
    f = {node: float('inf') for node in Graph}
    f[Start] = h[Start]
    came_from = {}
    closed_set = set()

    while open_set:
```

```

while open_set:
    current = heapq.heappop(open_set)

    if current == goal:
        path = []
        while current in came_from:
            path.append(current)
            current = came_from[current]
        path.append(start)
        return path[::-1]

    closed_set.add(current)

    for neighbor, cost in graph[current]:
        if neighbor in closed_set:
            continue
        tentative_g = g[current] + cost
        if tentative_g < g[neighbor]:
            came_from[neighbor] = current
            g[neighbor] = tentative_g
            f[neighbor] = g[neighbor] + h[neighbor]
            if neighbor not in open_set:
                heapq.heappush(open_set, (f[neighbor], neighbor))
            else:
                if f[neighbor] > f[neighbor]:
                    f[neighbor] = f[neighbor]
                    came_from[neighbor] = current
                    g[neighbor] = g[neighbor]
                    h[neighbor] = h[neighbor]
                    break
    return None

graph = {
    'A': [(('B', 1), ('C', 3)), ('D', 2), ('E', 5)],
    'B': [(('A', 2), ('D', 2), ('E', 5)), ('F', 2)],
    'C': [(('A', 3), ('F', 2))],
    'D': [(('B', 2))],
}

```

'E' : [('B', 5), ('F', 2)],  
 'F' : [('C', 2), ('E', 2), ('G', 2)],  
 'G' : [('F', 2)]

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heuristic = {

'A' = 7,

'B' = 6,

'C' = 2,

'D' = 5,

'E' = 3,

'F' = 2,

'G' = 0

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start\_node = 'A'

goal\_node = 'G'

path = a\_star (graph, start\_node, goal\_node,  
 heuristic)

if Path:

print ("Path Found:", path)

else:

~~print ("no Path Found")~~

Output:

Path Found: ['A', 'C', 'F', 'G']

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