DATA SCIENCE MAJOR PROECT

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- Importing all the necessary libraries
- · Handling with the data
- Rearranging the features in the data
- Handling with the outliers
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- · Splitting the data into train and test data

** Ouestion**

- Problem statement: Create a classification model to predict whether a person makes over \$50k a year
- Context: This data was extracted from the 1994 Census bureau database by Ronny Kohavi and Barry
- Dataset: https://drive.google.com/file/d/193ND4XKmMSnqdOlbDGP36b5V5s6HcQJb/view?usp=sharing

Importing all the necessary Libraries

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Handling with the data, rearranging the features, handling with null values and outliers

[] L 16 cells hidden

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Handling with missing values

[] L, 5 cells hidden

HANDLING WITH CATEGORICAL DATA

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- SPLITTING DATA AS TRAIN AND TEST

df_new.head()

	age	Fnlwgt	education_num	capital_gain	capital_loss	hours_per_week	sex_ Male	income_ >50K	Federal-	h
0	39	77516	13	2174	0	40	1	0	0	
1	50	83311	13	0	0	13	1	0	0	

```
df_new["income_ >50K"].value_counts()
```

0 24586

1 7812

Name: income_ >50K, dtype: int64

X=df_new.drop(columns=["income_ >50K"],axis=1)

X["education_num"]=X["education_num"].astype("int")

y=df_new["income_ >50K"]

X.head()

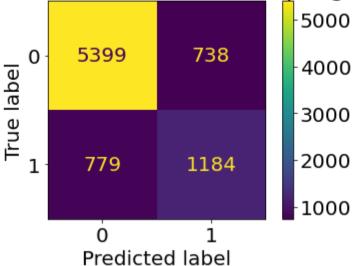
→ WITH-OUT BALANCING THE DATA

```
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                                                                                                U
Counter(y)
     Counter({0: 24586, 1: 7812})
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test_no = train_test_split(X, y)
Double-click (or enter) to edit
print("X train row number :",X train.shape[0])
print("X_test row number :",X_test.shape[0])
print("y_train row number :",y_train.shape[0])
print("y test row number :",y test no.shape[0])
     X train row number : 24298
     X_test row number : 8100
     y train row number : 24298
     y test row number: 8100
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()
clf.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

```
y pred D no=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test_no,y_pred_D_no)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('DecisionTreeClassifier with-out sampling the data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(v test no, v pred D no))
print()
print()
clf=RandomForestClassifier()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred R no=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test no,y pred R no)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('RandomForestClassifier with-out sampling the data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test no,y pred R no))
print()
print()
clf=LogisticRegression()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred L no=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test no,y pred L no)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('LogisticRegression with-out sampling the data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test no,y pred L no))
print()
print()
clf=KNeighborsClassifier()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred_K_no=clf.predict(X_test)
```

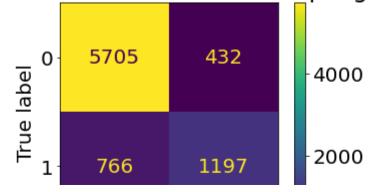
```
cm=confusion matrix(y test no,y pred K no)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('KNeighborsClassifier with-out sampling the data')
plt.show()
print(classification_report(y_test_no,y_pred_K_no))
print()
print()
clf=SVC()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred S no=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test no,y pred S no)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('SVC with-out sampling the data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test no,y pred S no))
```

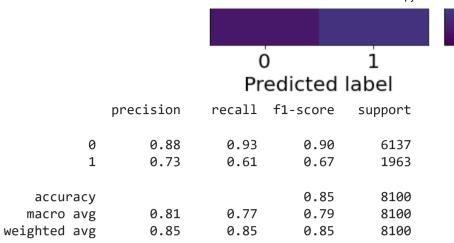




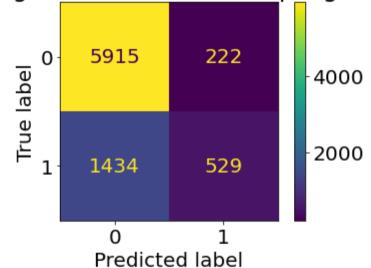
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.87	0.88	0.88	6137
1	0.62	0.60	0.61	1963
accuracy			0.81	8100
macro avg	0.74	0.74	0.74	8100
weighted avg	0.81	0.81	0.81	8100

RandomForestClassifier with-out sampling the data





LogisticRegression with-out sampling the data



support	f1-score	recall	precision	
6137	0.88	0.96	0.80	0
1963	0.39	0.27	0.70	1
8100	0.80			accuracy
8100	0.63	0.62	0.75	macro avg
0100	0.76	0 00	0.70	بأريم الممتلا والمثام

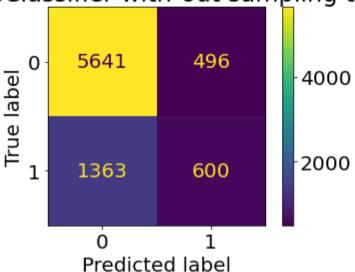
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0.80

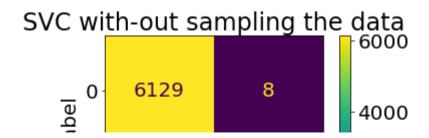
0./6

STAR





	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.81	0.92	0.86	6137
1	0.55	0.31	0.39	1963
accuracy			0.77	8100
macro avg	0.68	0.61	0.63	8100
weighted avg	0.74	0.77	0.75	8100



→ UNDERSAMPLING THE DATA

```
random majority indices=np.random.choice(df new[df new["income >50K"]==0].index,
                                      len(df new[df new["income >50K"]==1]),
                                       replace=False)
minority class indices=df new[df new["income >50K"]==1].index
print(minority class indices)
     Int64Index([
                           8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 19,
                                                                   20,
                                                                          25,
                   27,
                32530, 32532, 32533, 32536, 32538, 32539, 32545, 32554, 32557,
                325601,
               dtype='int64', length=7812)
under sample indices=np.concatenate([minority class indices,random majority indices])
under sample=df new.loc[under sample indices]
X=under sample.drop(columns=["income >50K"],axis=1)
X["education num"]=X["education num"].astype("int")
y=under sample["income >50K"]
sns.countplot(x="income_ >50K",data=under_sample)
```

```
<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa86deb6e10>
         8000
         6000
      count
         4000
         2000
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test_u = train_test_split(X, y)
Counter(y)
     Counter({0: 7812, 1: 7812})
print("X train row number :",X train.shape[0])
print("X test row number :",X test.shape[0])
print("y_train row number :",y_train.shape[0])
print("y test row number :",y test u.shape[0])
     X_train row number : 11718
     X test row number: 3906
     y train row number : 11718
     y test row number : 3906
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred D u=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test u,y pred D u)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('DecisionTreeClassifier with undersampled data')
plt.show()
```

```
print(classification_report(y_test_u,y_pred_D_u))
print()
print()
clf=RandomForestClassifier()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred R u=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test u,y pred R u)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('RandomForestClassifier with undersampled data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test u,y pred R u))
print()
print()
clf=LogisticRegression(max iter=5000)
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred L u=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test u,y pred L u)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('LogisticRegression with undersampled data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test u,y pred L u))
print()
print()
clf=KNeighborsClassifier()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y_pred_K_u=clf.predict(X_test)
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test_u,y_pred_K_u)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm)
```

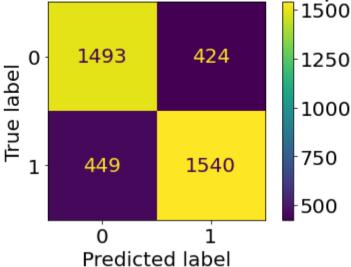
```
disp.plot()
plt.title('KNeighborsClassifier with undersampled data')
plt.show()

print(classification_report(y_test_u,y_pred_K_u))
print()
print()

clf=SVC()
clf.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred_S_u=clf.predict(X_test)
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test_u,y_pred_S_u)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('SVC with undersampled data')
plt.show()

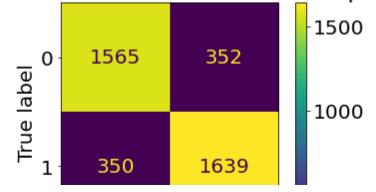
print(classification_report(y_test_u,y_pred_S_u))
```

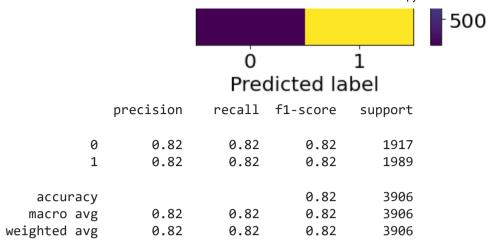




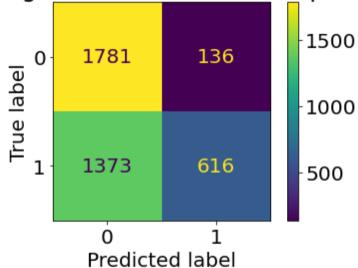
		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.77	0.78	0.77	1917
	1	0.78	0.77	0.78	1989
accurac	СУ			0.78	3906
macro av	/g	0.78	0.78	0.78	3906
weighted av	/g	0.78	0.78	0.78	3906

RandomForestClassifier with undersampled data





LogisticRegression with undersampled data



support	f1-score	recall	precision	
1917	0.70	0.93	0.56	0
1989	0.45	0.31	0.82	1
3906	0.61			accuracy
3906	0.58	0.62	0.69	macro avg
2000	0 57	0 (1	0 (0	

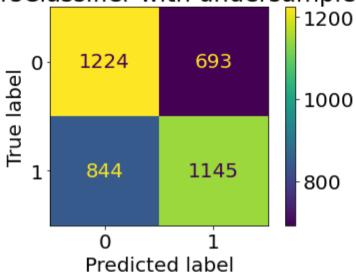
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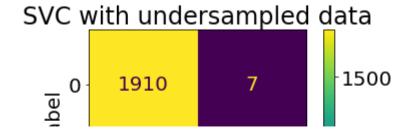
L 0

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KNeighborsClassifier with undersampled data



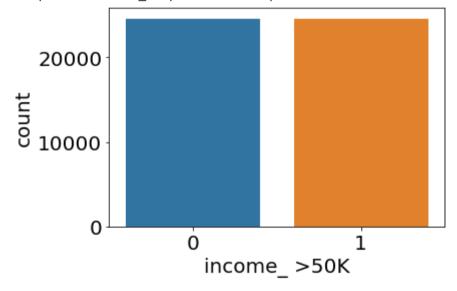
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.59	0.64	0.61	1917
1	0.62	0.58	0.60	1989
accuracy			0.61	3906
macro avg	0.61	0.61	0.61	3906
weighted avg	0.61	0.61	0.61	3906



→ OVERSAMPLING THE DATA

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following var FutureWarning

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa86db7e650>

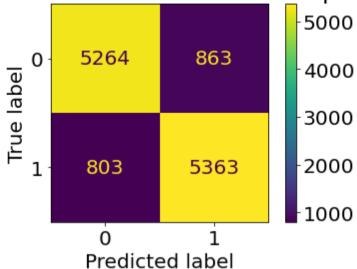


```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test_o = train_test_split(X_new, y_new)
print("X_train row number :",X_train.shape[0])
```

```
print("X test row number :",X test.shape[0])
print("y_train row number :",y_train.shape[0])
print("y_test row number :",y_test_o.shape[0])
     X train row number : 36879
     X test row number : 12293
     y train row number : 36879
     y test row number : 12293
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred D o=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test o,y pred D o)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('DecisionTreeClassifier with over-sampled data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test o,y pred D o))
print()
print()
clf=RandomForestClassifier()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred R o=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test o,y pred R o)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('RandomForestClassifier with over-sampled data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test o,y pred R o))
print()
print()
```

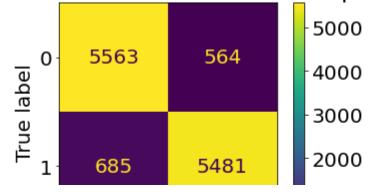
```
clf=LogisticRegression(max iter=5000)
clf.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred_L_o=clf.predict(X_test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test o,y pred L o)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('LogisticRegression with over-sampled data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test o,y pred L o))
print()
print()
clf=KNeighborsClassifier()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred K o=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test o,y pred K o)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('KNeighborsClassifier with over-sampled data')
plt.show()
print(classification report(y test o,y pred K o))
print()
print()
clf=SVC()
clf.fit(X train,y train)
y pred S o=clf.predict(X test)
cm=confusion matrix(y test o,y pred S o)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
disp.plot()
plt.title('SVC with over-sampled data')
plt.show()
print(classification_report(y_test_o,y_pred_S_o))
```

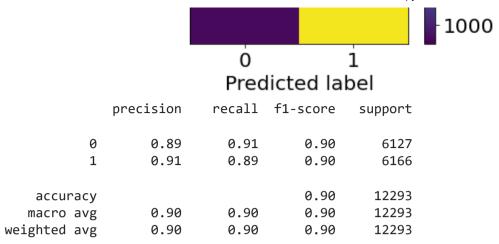
DecisionTreeClassifier with over-sampled data



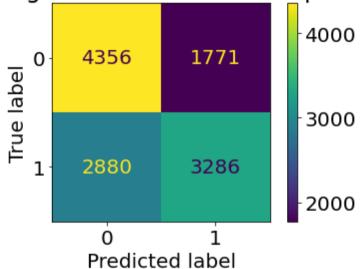
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.87	0.86	0.86	6127
1	0.86	0.87	0.87	6166
accuracy			0.86	12293
macro avg	0.86	0.86	0.86	12293
weighted avg	0.86	0.86	0.86	12293

RandomForestClassifier with over-sampled data





LogisticRegression with over-sampled data



support	f1-score	recall	precision	
6127 6166	0.65 0.59	0.71 0.53	0.60 0.65	0 1
12293 12293	0.62 0.62	0.62	0.63	accuracy macro avg

weighted avg

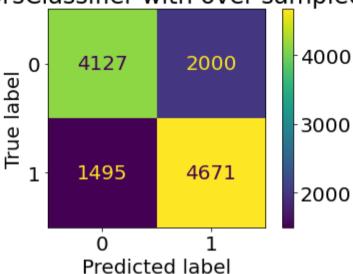
6.03

0.02

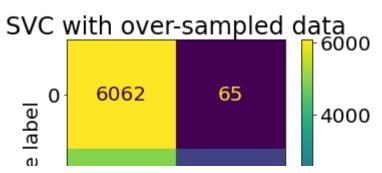
0.02

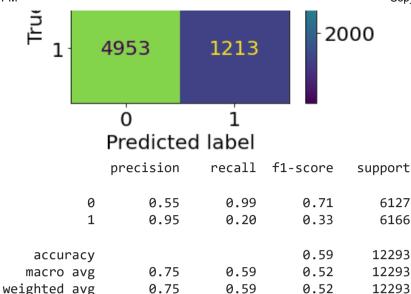
12293





	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.73	0.67	0.70	6127
1	0.70	0.76	0.73	6166
accuracy			0.72	12293
macro avg	0.72	0.72	0.72	12293
weighted avg	0.72	0.72	0.72	12293





from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, precision score, recall score, f1 score

	Algorithm	Precision_Score	f1_Score	Recall_Score	Percentage of misclassification	Accuracy
1	Random Forest	0.906700	0.897715	0.888907	10.160254	0.898397
0	Decision Tree	0.861388	0.865558	0.869770	13.552428	0.864476
3	KNN Classifier	0.700195	0.727740	0.757541	28.430814	0.715692
_	Logistic	0.040700	0.505500	0.500000	07.004540	0.004055

results1=pd.DataFrame({

"Algorithm":["Decision Tree", "Random Forest", "Logistic Regression", "KNN Classifier", "SVC Classifier"],

results1.sort_values(ascending=False,by="Accuracy")

	Algorithm	Precision_Score	f1_Score	Recall_Score	Percentage of misclassification	Accuracy
1	Random Forest	0.823204	0.823618	0.824032	17.972350	0.820276
0	Decision Tree	0.784114	0.779155	0.774258	22.350230	0.776498
2	Logistic Regression	0.819149	0.449471	0.309703	38.632873	0.613671
3	KNN Classifier	0.622960	0.598380	0.575666	39.349718	0.606503

[&]quot;Precision_Score":[precision_score(y_test_u,y_pred_D_u),precision_score(y_test_u,y_pred_R_u),precision_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u)

"f1_Score":[f1_score(y_test_u,y_pred_D_u),f1_score(y_test_u,y_pred_R_u),f1_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),f1_score(y_test_u,y_pred

"Recall_Score":[recall_score(y_test_u,y_pred_D_u),recall_score(y_test_u,y_pred_R_u),recall_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),recall_sco

"Percentage of misclassification":[(1-accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_D_u))*100,(1-accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_R_u))*100,(1-accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_D_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_R_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_test_u,y_pred_L_u),accuracy_score(y_te

print('THE MODEL WITH THE BEST ACCURACY IS RANDOM FOREST CLASSIFIER WITH ACCURACY OF {}'.format(accuracy_score(y_test_o,y_pred_R_o)))

THE MODEL WITH THE BEST ACCURACY IS RANDOM FOREST CLASSIFIER WITH ACCURACY OF 0.898397461970227

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