```
#include < stdio. h>
Void main()
of int numi, numa, opt;
   printf ("Enter the first integer:");
   Scanf (" 1.8", & num 1);
   printf (" Enter the second integer : ");
   Scanf (" . l. d", 4 num );
     Printy (" In Input your option : In");
     print (" 1- Addition. In - 2 - Substraction. In 3 - Multiplication
           . In 4 - Division. In 5 - Equal. In 6 - not equal. Int-
            Greater. In 8 - Smaller. In 9 - odd or even (num 1). In
            10 - odd or even (num 2), \n11 - exit, \n")
     Scanf (".1.d", Lopt);
     Switch (opt)
    & B
     (ase 1 %
         printy l'the Addition of old and old is : old in
                                       , num 1 , num2 , num 1 + num2
         break.
      calez:
         printf ("The Substration of I.d and I.d ix " olod In"
                               , num 1, num 2, num 1 - mum 2);
        break;
       (ale 3:
         printy (" The Multipli cation of iled & Iled is : Iled"
                            , num 1 , num 2 , num 1 * num 2);
        break;
```

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```
case 4'.
   : (num 2 == 0)
of prints ("The second integer is Zero. Divide by ZeroIn");
 else
of prints ("The Division of I'd and I'd is : I'd In"
                  , num I num 2 num I num 2);
break;
case 5:
 if (num 1 = = num 2)
of printy ("The two integers I'd and I'd are equal"
                    num 1, num 2);
else
< printy (" The two integers are not equal");</pre>
 break !
 (ase 6:
 if (numi!=numa)
 I prints (" The two integers I d and I d are
           not equal", num, numa):
 clac
 I printy " (" The towo integers are equal");
  break;
```

```
case 7:
  if (num 1 > num 2)
& prints (" 1.d is greater than 1.d", num 1, num 2);
 else of
 prints (".1. d is not greater than 1.d", numi, numi).
 break!
case 8:
 if (num 1 < num 2)
 { prints (".1.d is smaller than d.d", num, numa);
 else
 deprints (".1.d is not smoller than 1.d", numi, numi);
  break.
(a) e 9:
  if (num 1 .1. 2 = = 0)
 & prints (" the integer · I. d is even number ", num!);
  else
 { prints (" The integer 1.d is add ", num 1);
   break :
```

```
(ase 10:
  [ (num2.1.2 = = 0)
 { prints ("the integer 1-d is even", numa);
  else
  & prints ("The integer old is odd", numa);
  break:
  cale 11:
   break;
  default:
    printf ("Input correct option In");
    break ;
}
```

```
# include Latdio.h >
 int main ()
  int a, b, c, 11, y, dlag;
  printy (" Enter three numbers: (n");
  Scanf (" 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.4, 46, 4c);
  11 = largest Num of three (a, b, c);
   if (11 = = a)
     y = largut Num of two (bo, co);
    else if (11 = = b)
      1 = largest Num of two (Q1, ac);
       y = largest Num of otwo ( a. b. a);
  printf ("The largest two numbers of given three
             are .1. d and .1. d \n", 11, 4);
    Sum avg (1,4);
    print even (11,4);
     return o
    intlargest Num of three (int ni, int na, int na)
    int largut = 0;
      if (nisna et nisna)
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```

```
clac 1/ (n2>n1. &f n2>n3)
   largest = n2;
 else
    largest = n3;
  return largest;
void sumary (int my, intna)
print (" the average : -1-d In", (a+6)(2));
printy ("The sum : . 1. 2 /n ", (a+6));
 void printeven (int n, int na)
    prints (" Even numbers between I.d to I.d: ", ma, n);
     for ( := 102; i <= n1; i++)
     d ij (i.1.2 == 0)
        { printf ("did", ");
   int largest Num of two (int no, int na)
   int largest = 0;
if (n1 > n2)
        largest = n1;
```

else if (n2>n1) largust = n2; return largest.