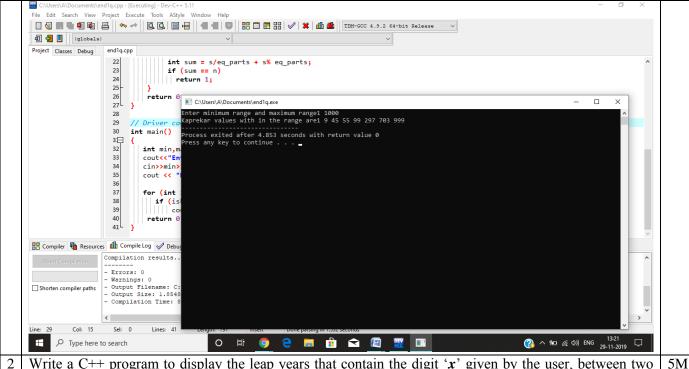
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY WARANGAL



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING I B.Tech., I Semester, END Examination, November 2019 CS101: Problem Solving and Computer Programming

Date: 28-11-2019 Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 50

```
In mathematics, a Kaprekar number is a nonnegative integer whose square can be split into two equal
                                                                                                      6M
parts that add up to the original number again. For instance, 45 is a Kaprekar number, because 45^2 = 2025
and 20+25 = 45. Write a program to find all Kaprekar numbers within a given range.
Program:
   #include<iostream>
   #include<math.h>
   using namespace std;
   int iskaprekar(int n)
      if (n == 1)
        return 1;
      int s = n * n;
      int count_digits = 0;
      while (s)
        count_digits++;
        s/=10;
      }
      s = n*n;
      for (int i=1; i<count_digits; i++)
         int e = pow(10, i);
         if (e == n)
           continue;
         int sum = s/e + s\% e;
         if (sum == n)
          return 1;
      return 0;
   int main()
     int min, max;
     cout<<"Enter minimum range and maximum range";
     cin>>min>>max;
     cout << "Kaprekar values within the range are";
     for (int i=min; i<max; i++)
       if (iskaprekar(i))
          cout << i << " ";
      return 0;
    }
OUTPUT:
```



Write a C++ program to display the leap years that contain the digit 'x' given by the user, between two given year n1 and n2 both inclusive. For example, if n1 and n2 are 1990 and 2020 and if the digit 'x' is 6, the outputs need to be: The number of leap years between 1990 and 2020 that contains the digit 6 are: 1996, 2016.

Program:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
//function to check leap year
int checkLeapYear(int year)
  if( (year \% 400==0)||(year \% 4==0 \&\& year \% 100!=0)
                return year;
  else
     return 0;
int main()
  int i,start_year,ending_year,match_digit,year1,y;
  cout<<"Enter the starting year: ";
  cin>>start_year;
  cout<<"Enter the ending year:";
  cin>>ending_year;
  cout << "Enter the digit: ";
  cin>>match_digit;
  cout<<"Leap years from:"<<start_year<<" to "<<ending_year<<endl;
        for(i = start_year; i <= ending_year; i++)
  {
     year1 = checkLeapYear(i);
```

```
while(year1!=0)
                                                                                 y = year1\% 10;
                                                                                  year1 = year1/10;
                                                                                  if(y == match_digit)
                                                                                                      cout<<i<" ";
                                                                                                      break;
                                                                                  }
                           }
                          return 0;
OUTPUT:
                                                                                          C:\Users\RAJU\Desktop\CPPJuly_Dec2019\END_Q2_Sushil.cpp - Dev-C++ 5.11
File Edit Search View Project Execute Took AStyle Window Help
//function to check leap year and checkleapYear(int year)

5 int checkleapYear(int year)

6  if ( year % 480-
  1 #include(iostream>
2 using namespace std;
          if( (year % 400==0)||(year%4==0 && year%100!=0) )
          int i, start_year, start_year; "
cout<("Enter the starting year: ";
cin>>start_year;
cout<("Enter the ending year:";
cin>>ending.year;
cout<("Enter the digit : ";
cin>>math_digit;
cout<("Leap years from:"<cstart_year<(" to "<cending_year<cending_year</p>
                year1 = checkLeapYear(i);
while(year1!=0)
### Annote Completed

About Completion

- Saminings: 0

- Output Filename: C:\Usera\RAUT\Deextop\CFFValy_Dec2019\END_Q2_Sushil.exe

- Output Size: 1.83114609527868 HiB

- Compilation Time: 0.589
Line: 39 Col: 5 Set: 0 Lines: 46 Length: 840 Insert | Done passing in 0.015 seconds
```

Assume that you need to re order the numbers given in a 2D array of $n \times n$, where n is odd. The user will be inputting the rotation factor. By using this rotation factor, the outer most layer need to rotated in the clock wise direction, the next layer in anti-clock direction, the next layer in clock wise, and so on till we go to inner most layer. Example:

Enter the size of the array:7 Rotation factor: 2

Input:							Ou	tput:					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	15	8	1	2	3	4	5
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	22	11	12	13	20	27	6
15	16	.17	18	19	20	21	29	10	31	24	17	34	7
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	36	9	32	25	18	41	14
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	43	16	33	26	19	40	21
36	37	38	39	40	41	42	44	23	30	37	38	39	28
43	44	45	46	47	48	49	45	46	47	48	49	42	35

```
Program:
        #include<iostream>
        #include<iomanip>
        void acrotate(int b[],int n,int r){
           int t,i,j;
           for(j=0;j< r;j++){}
             t=b[0];
             for(i=0;i< n;i++){}
               b[i]=b[i+1];
             }
             b[n-1]=t;
           }
         }
        void crotate(int b[],int n,int r){
           int t,i,j;
           for(j=0;j< r;j++){
             t=b[n-1];
             for(i=n-1;i>0;i--){
               b[i]=b[i-1];
             }
             b[0]=t;
           }
         }
        void arraySeries(int b[],int &id,int a[][7],int n,int k){
           int i,j;
           i=k;
           for(j=k;j< n-k;j++){}
             b[id++]=a[i][j];
           }
           j=n-k-1;
           for(i=k+1;i< n-k;i++){}
             b[id++]=a[i][j];
           }
           i=n-k-1;
           for(j=n-k-2;j>=k;j--){
             b[id++]=a[i][j];
           }
           j=k;
           for(i=n-k-2;i>k;i--){
             b[id++]=a[i][j];
           }
        }
        void seriesIntoArray(int b[],int &id,int a[][7],int n,int k){
           int i,j;
           i=k;
```

```
id=0;
  for(j=k;j< n-k;j++){}
     a[i][j]=b[id++];
  }
  j=n-k-1;
  for(i=k+1;i< n-k;i++){}
     a[i][j]=b[id++];
  }
  i=n-k-1;
  for(j=n-k-2;j>=k;j--){}
     a[i][j]=b[id++];
  }
  j=k;
  for(i=n-k-2;i>k;i--){
     a[i][j]=b[id++];
  }
}
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int r;
  int n=7;
  int a[7][7]={
           1,2,3,4,5,6,7,\
           8,9,10,11,12,13,14,\
           15,16,17,18,19,20,21,\
           22,23,24,25,26,27,28,\
           29,30,31,32,33,34,35,\
           36,37,38,39,40,41,42,\
           43,44,45,46,47,48,49\
          };
  int b[n*n],i,j,id;
  for(i=0;i< n;i++){}
    for(j=0;j< n;j++)
      cout<<setw(2)<<a[i][j]<<" ";
    cout<<endl;
  cout<<"enter rotating factor:";</pre>
  cin>>r;
  for(i=0;i< n/2;i++){
    id=0;
    if(i\%2==0){
      arraySeries(b,id,a,n,i);
      crotate(b,id,r);
      seriesIntoArray(b,id,a,n,i);
    }
    else{
      arraySeries(b,id,a,n,i);
      acrotate(b,id,r);
```

```
seriesIntoArray(b,id,a,n,i);
          }
         for(i=0;i<id;i++)
             cout << setw(2) << b[i] << " ";
          cout<<endl<<endl;
          for(i=0;i< n;i++){
           for(j=0;j< n;j++)
             cout<<setw(2)<<a[i][j]<<" ";
           cout<<endl;
OUTPUT:
ler Resources de Compile Log & Debug . Find Results . Close
Line: 36 Col: 13 Set 0 Line: 112 Length: 2240 Insert Done parsing in 0.734 s
You are given with n number of names. Write a C++ program to sort the given names based on their
                                                                                                    6M
length? Example:
            INPUT: Enter the names:
                                      OUTPUT:
            Sridhar Kumar A
                                       Mahesh B
                                       Sri Ramana U
            Mahesh B
            Siva Sai Ram U
                                       Siva Sai Ram U
            Sri Ramana U
                                       Sridhar Kumar A
Program:
       #include<iostream>
       #define MAX_STR 100
       using namespace std;
       int main(){
          string arr[MAX_STR];
         int l[MAX_STR];
         int no;
          cout<<"Enter the no of names::";
          cin>>no;
```

```
cout << "Enter names::";
                                                          cin.ignore();
                                                          for(int i=0;i<no;i++){
                                                                     getline(cin,arr[i]);
                                                          for(int i=0;i< no;i++){
                                                                     l[i]=arr[i].length();
                                                          int b[MAX_STR];
                                                          for(int i=0;i<no;i++)
                                                                     for(int j=0;j< no-i-1;j++){}
                                                                              if(l[j]>l[j+1])\{
                                                                                         string temp=arr[j];
                                                                                         arr[j]=arr[j+1];
                                                                                         arr[j+1]=temp;
                                                                                         int tempi=l[j];
                                                                                        1[j]=1[j+1];
                                                                                        l[j+1]=tempi;
                                                                                }
                                                          cout<<endl;
                                                          for(int i=0;i<no;i++){
                                                                     cout<<arr[i]<<endl;
                                                           }
OUTPUT:
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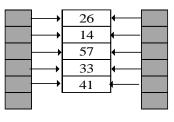
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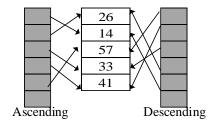
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G to the Search View Project 
              using namespace std;
                     string arr[MAX_STR];
int l[MAX_STR];
int no;
coutcc'Enter the no of names:";
cin>non;
cin,ignore();
for(ant ispl:nop;i=n){
    getline(cin,arr[i]);
}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   exited after 25.03 seconds with
                          for(int i=0;i<no;i++){
    l[i]=arr[i].length();</pre>
                            int b[MAX_STR];
for(int i=0;i<no;i++)
                                 for(int j=0;jfno-i-1;j++){
   if(l[j]>l[j+1]){
    string tempsarr[j];
    arr[j+1]=temp;
   int tempi=l[j];
   l[j+1]=tempi;
}
```

Write a program that reads integers from the keyboard and places them in an array. The program then will sort the array into ascending and descending order and print the sorted list. The program must not change the original array or create any other integer array. Hint: The solution to this problem requires two pointer arrays shown in the following figure. The first pointer array is rearranged so that it points to the data in ascending sequence. The second pointer array is rearranged so that it points to the data in descending sequence. (i)By using the original array we must be in a position to print the given values, (ii) By using the first pointer array we need to display the values in ascending order and similarly (iii) by using the second pointer array we need to display the values in descending order.



Before Sorting



After Sorting

Program:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
int i,x,y,a[30],n,*temp;
cout<<"Enter the size of array"<<endl;</pre>
cin>>n:
cout<<"\n Enter elements into array"<<endl;</pre>
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
 cin>>a[i];
int **p=new int*[n];
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  p[i] = &a[i];
for(x=0;x< n;x++)
 for(y=0;y< n-x-1;y++)
 if(*p[y]>*p[y+1])
  temp=p[y];
  p[y]=p[y+1];
  p[y+1]=temp;
 int **q=new int*[n];
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  q[i]=&a[i];
 for(x=0;x< n;x++)
 for(y=0;y< n-x-1;y++)
```

```
if(*q[y]<*q[y+1])
  temp=q[y];
  q[y]=q[y+1];
  q[y+1]=temp;
 cout<<"\n Array in ascending order using first pointer array"<<endl;
 for(i=0;i< n;i++)
 cout<<*p[i]<<" ";
 cout<<"\n Array in descending order using second pointer array"<<endl;
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
 cout<<*q[i]<<" ";
  cout<<"\n Original array elements are"<<endl;
 for(i=0;i< n;i++)
 cout<<a[i]<<" ";
return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
  C:\Users\A\Documents\final end5Q,exe
 Enter the size of array
  Enter elements into array
 26 14 57 33 41
  Array in ascending order using first pointer array
 14 26 33 41 57
  Array in descending order using second pointer array
 57 41 33 26 14
  Original array elements are
  26 14 57 33 41
 Process exited after 22.44 seconds with return value 0
 Press any key to continue . .
Write the definition for a class called time that has hours and minutes as integers. The class has the
                                                                                                     6M
following member functions:
void settime(int, int) to set the specified value in object
void showtime() to display time object
time sum(time, time) to sum two time objects & return time
Write the definitions for each of the above member functions. Write main function to create three time
objects. Set the value in two objects and call sum() to calculate sum and assign it in third object. Display
all time objects.
Program:
```

#include<iostream>

```
using namespace std;
class time
{
       int hours;
       int minutes;
       public: void settime(int x, int y)
               hours=x;
               minutes=y;
       void showtime()
               cout<<hours<<" hours "<<minutes<<" minutes "<<endl;</pre>
                      time sumtime(time t1)
                              time t3;
                              t3.hours=hours+t1.hours;
                              t3.minutes=minutes+t1.minutes;
                              if(t3.minutes>60)
                                     t3.minutes==60;
                                     t3.hours++;
                              return t3;
                      }
};
int main()
       time t1,t2,t3;
       t1.settime(10,59);
       t2.settime(11,23);
       t3=t1.sumtime(t2);
       t1.showtime();
       t2.showtime();
       cout<<"sum of two times is"<<endl;</pre>
       t3.showtime();
       //cout << "sum of \n "<< t1.showtime()<< "\n and \n"<< t2.showtime()<< "\n is
n'' << t3.showtime();
       return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
```

```
Select C:\Users\s\Documents\q6.exe

10 hours 59 minutes

11 hours 23 minutes
sum of two times is
22 hours 22 minutes

Process exited after 0.1669 seconds with return value 0

Press any key to continue . . . __

You are given with three text files namely: file1.txt, file2.txt and file3.txt, Write a C++ program to copy

6M
```

You are given with three text files namely: file1.txt, file2.txt and file3.txt. Write a C++ program to copy the contents of file1 to file2, file2 to file3 and file3 to file1.

Example: Before execution:

file1.txtfile2.txtfile3.txtNITWIITHIITTPWarangalHyderabadTirupati

After Execution:

file1.txt	file2.txt	file3.txt
IITTP	NITW	IITH
Tirupati	Warangal	Hyderabad

Program:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
#include<string>>
using namespace std;
int main()
fstream f1,f2,f3,t;
f3.open("file3.txt");
t.open("temp1.txt",ios::out|ios::trunc);
char c;
while(f3)
 f3.get(c);
 t.put(c);
f3.close();
t.close();
cout<<"file3 to temp1 copied successfully"<<endl;
f2.open("file2.txt");
f3.open("file3.txt",ios::out|ios::trunc);
while(f2)
 f2.get(c);
 f3.put(c);
f3.close();
f2.close();
cout<<"file2 to file3 copied successfully"<<endl;
```

```
f1.open("file1.txt");
                                                                                                                 f2.open("file2.txt",ios::out|ios::trunc);
                                                                                                                  while(f1)
                                                                                                                     f1.get(c);
                                                                                                                       f2.put(c);
                                                                                                                 f1.close();
                                                                                                                 f2.close();
                                                                                                                 cout<<"file1 to file2 copied successfully"<<endl;
                                                                                                                 t.open("temp1.txt");
                                                                                                                 f1.open("file1.txt",ios::out|ios::trunc);
                                                                                                                 while(t)
                                                                                                                       t.get(c);
                                                                                                                     f1.put(c);
                                                                                                                 t.close();
                                                                                                                 f1.close();
                                                                                                                 cout<<"temp1 to file1 copied successfully"<<endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                       return 0;
                                                                                                              }
| Country | Coun
                                                                                                            OUTPUT:
                                                                                                            Before execution see the file contents of file1, file2, file3.
                                                                                                          File Edit Senich View Project Execute Tools ASSyle Window Help

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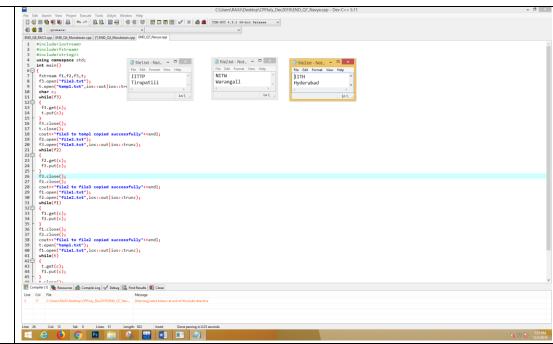
Output Sizes 1.53403746236339 Mills

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Output Sizes 1.53403746236339 Mills

Output Sizes 1.53403746236339 Mills
```

After Execution the see the contents of file1, file2 and file3.



In our Indian Railways, the sleeper class bogie contains a total of 72 berths for sleeping. Out of which the berth numbers 7, 15, 23...63, 71 a total of 9 berths can be used for RAC (Reservation Against Cancellation) passenger, in which case the berth will be allotted to two passengers for seating instead of sleeping. i.e. a maximum of 18 RAC passengers in a bogie.

RAC passenger i and i+1 will be allotted side lower berth $k = (8 \times j)$ -1; where j = 1,2,3,...,9 and i=1,3,5,...17.

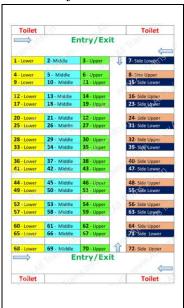
If any of the berths/RAC passengers are not reported the following rules are applied.

Rule-1: If any of 63 confirmed berth passenger is not reported, the RAC_i passenger will be given the berth k and RAC_{i+1} passenger will be allotted with the non-reported person's berth.

Rule-2: If any of 18 RAC passenger is not reported. If anyone from i and i+1 have not reported, then that side lower \mathbf{k} will be allotted to the reported person out of these two.

Rule-3: If both i and i+1 RAC passenger have not reported, then that side lower berth 'k' will be given to the next RAC passenger as per the sequence.

Write a C++ program for taking the number of RAC passengers in a bogie, the number of non-reporting for both berth and RAC list and allot the berths as per the rules given and display the final berth allotment after the adjustment.



Example-1:INPUT:

- Enter the number of RAC passengers in the bogie: 14
- Enter the berth numbers of passengers with *confirmed berths* but not reported: 4 12
- Enter the **RAC numbers** of passengers not reported: 8 13

OUTPUT:

The status of passengers is:
RAC1 will be in Berth 7
RAC2 will be in Berth 4
RAC3 will be in Berth 15
RAC4 will be in Berth 12
RAC7 will be in Berth 31
RAC14 will be in Berth 55
NO change for all the other passengers.

Example-2:INPUT:

- Enter the number of RAC passengers in the bogie: 14
- Enter the berth numbers of passengers with *confirmed berths* but not reported: 4 12
- Enter the **RAC numbers** of passengers not reported: 5 6 **OUTPUT**:

The status of passengers is: RAC1 will be in Berth 7

RAC2 will be in Berth 4

RAC3 will be in Berth 15

RAC4 will be in Berth 12

RAC7 will be in Berth 31

RAC8 will be in Berth 23

NO change for all the other passengers.

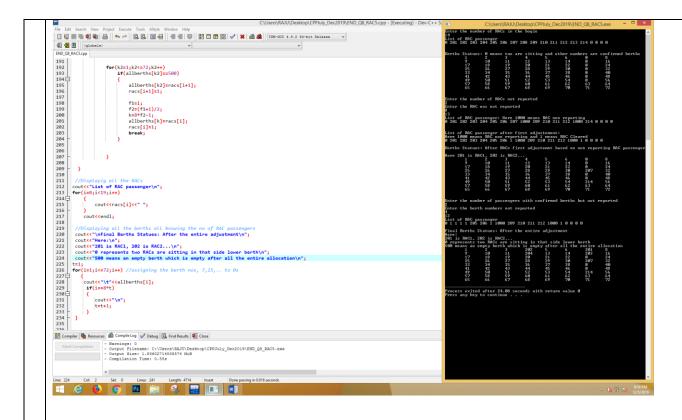
```
Program:
        #include<iostream>
        using namespace std;
        int main()
                int i,j,k,r1,r2;
                int allberths[73];
                for(i=1;i <= 72;i++) //assigning the berth nos, 7,15,.. to 0s
                if((i)\%8==7)
                  allberths[i]=0;
           else
           allberths[i]=i;
          //RAC numbers are like 201, 202, ...
                int racs[19]=\{0\};
           cout<<"Enter the number of RACs in the bogie\n";
          cin > r1;
          for(i=1;i<=r1;i++)
                racs[i]=200+i;
        //Displayig all the RACs
        cout<<"List of RAC passenger\n";</pre>
        for(i=0;i<19;i++)
           {
                cout << racs[i] << " ";
                cout<<endl;
        //fillin the side lowerBerths based on number of RACs
        r2=(18-r1)/2;
        for(j=72;j>=1;j--)
                if(r2!=0)
                  if(allberths[j]==0)
                        allberths[j]=j;
                        r2=r2-1;
                  }
                }
        }
        //Displaying all the berths after knowing the no of RAC passengers
        cout<<endl;
        cout<<"\nBerths Statues: 0 means two are sitting and other numbers are confirmed berths\n";
        int t=1;
```

```
for(i=1;i <= 72;i++) //assigning the berth nos, 7,15,.. to 0s
        cout << "\t" << all berths[i];
   if(i==8*t)
        cout << "\n";
        t=t+1;
   }
}
//Now dealing with Non reported RACs
int p2,k3;
cout<<"\n\nEnter the number of RACs not reported\n";</pre>
cin>>p2;
cout<<"Enter the RAC nos not reported\n";</pre>
for(i=1;i<=p2;i++)
  {
        cin>>k3; // RAC no not reported
        racs[k3]=1000;
//Displayig all the RACs
cout<<"List of RAC passenger: Here 1000 means RAC non reporting\n";
for(i=0;i<19;i++)
  {
        cout<<racs[i]<<" ";
        cout<<endl;
//rule2 and rule3
int onlyracs[18]=\{0\};
j=1;
k3=0;
for(i=1;i<=18;i=i+2)
  {
        if(racs[i]==1000 && racs[i+1]!=1000 && racs[i+1]!=1) //case-1
        {
                k=8*j-1;
                allberths[k]=racs[i+1];
                racs[i+1]=1;
     }
                if(racs[i]!=1000 && racs[i+1]==1000 && racs[i]!=1) //case-2
                k=8*j-1;
                allberths[k]=racs[i];
                racs[i]=1;
        if(racs[i]==1000 \&\& racs[i+1]==1000) //Both RACs not reported
```

```
onlyracs[k3]=i+200; //maintaing the list separetely
                onlyracs[k3+1]=i+1+200;
                k3=k3+2;
  j++;
        }
int f1,f2;
j=0;
for(i=1;i<=18;i=i+2)
        if(racs[i]!=1000 \&\& racs[i+1]!=1000 \&\& racs[i]!=1 \&\& racs[i+1]!=1) //RACs need to be
cleared
                        if(onlyracs[j]!=0)
                                {
                                        f1=onlyracs[j]-200;
                                        f2=(f1+1)/2;
                                        k=8*f2-1;
                                        allberths[k]=racs[i+1];
                                        racs[i+1]=1;
                                        f1=i;
                                        f2=(f1+1)/2;
                                        k=8*f2-1;
                                        allberths[k]=racs[i];
                                        racs[i]=1;
                                        j=j+2;
                                }
                        }
 }
//Displayig all the RACs
cout<<"\n\nList of RAC passenger after first adjustement:\n";</pre>
cout<<"Here 1000 means RAC non reporting and 1 means RAC Cleared\n";
for(i=0;i<19;i++)
  {
        cout<<racs[i]<<" ";
        cout<<endl;
```

```
//Displaying all the berths
cout<<"\nBerths Statues: After RACs first adjustemnt based on non reporting RAC passenger\n";
cout<<"Here 201 is RAC1, 202 is RAC2...\n";
t=1;
for(i=1;i<=72;i++)
        cout<<"\t"<<allberths[i];</pre>
   if(i==8*t)
   {
        cout << "\n";
        t=t+1;
   }
}
//Rule-1:Take the non reporting of confirmed berths
cout<<"\n\nEnter the number of passengers with confirmed berths but not reported\n";
cin>>p1;
cout<<"Enter the berth numbers not reported\n";</pre>
int nonrepberths[63]={0};
for(i=0;i<p1;i++)
        cin>>nonrepberths[i]; //{4,12}
j=0;
for(i=1;i<=72;i++)
        if(nonrepberths[j]==i)// i.e.4,12
         allberths[i]=500;
         j=j+1;
         }
//int f1,f2;
int k2=1;
for(i=1;i <= r1;i=i+2)
        if(racs[i]!=1000 \&\& racs[i+1]!=1000 \&\& racs[i]!=1 \&\& racs[i+1]!=1) //RACs need to be
cleared
                for(k2=1;k2 <= 72;k2++)
                                 if(allberths[k2]==500)
                                         allberths[k2]=racs[i+1];
                                         racs[i+1]=1;
                                         f1=i;
```

```
f2=(f1+1)/2;
                                                 k=8*f2-1;
                                                 allberths[k]=racs[i];
                                                 racs[i]=1;
                                                 break;
                                 }
         }
        //Displayig all the RACs
        cout<<"List of RAC passenger\n";</pre>
        for(i=0;i<19;i++)
          {
                cout<<racs[i]<<" ";
                }
                cout<<endl;
        //Displaying all the berths all knowing the no of RAC passengers
         cout<<"\nFinal Berths Statues: After the entire adjustment\n";
         cout<<"Here:\n";
         cout<<"201 is RAC1, 202 is RAC2...\n";
         cout<<"0 represents two RACs are sitting in that side lower berth\n";
         cout<<"500 means an empty berth which is empty after all the entire allocation\n";
        t=1;
        for(i=1;i<=72;i++) //assigning the berth nos, 7,15,.. to 0s
                cout << "\t" << all berths[i];
           if(i==8*t)
           {
                cout << "\n";
                t=t+1;
           }
         }
        return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
Example-1:
```



Example-2: Here is a small change in the final output. First I have adjusted all the RACs and then started adjusting the non-reported berths. As per the given question this is also valid allotment.

