



Spring Boot Microservices

Beginner to Guru

Adopting Microservices



Adopting Microservices

- Often applications will start as monoliths
 - Might be because of being older legacy applications
 - Or a development choice
 - Remember there is a 'cost' to splitting into microservices
 - Its not uncommon to start development of an application as a monolith
- Monolithic architectures are well established in companies
- Many companies are just starting to adopt Microservices



Decomposing to Services

- Decomposing is the process of taking a larger monolithic application and breaking it up into microservices
- Decomposition is more of an 'art' than a science
- Strategies you can use:
 - By Business Capability - ie Order Service
 - By Domain Objects - ie Product Service (services over domain object 'Product')
 - By action verbs - Payment Service
 - By Nouns - Customer Service



Single Responsibility Principle

- Single Responsibility Principle (SRP) is a term coined by Uncle Bob Martin about object oriented programming.
 - SRP says a class should have just one reason to change.
 - Meaning your classes should be very specific in what they do
 - Do one thing, and do it very well
- SRP can also be applied to microservices
 - Do one thing, and do it very well



Microservices and Development Teams

- Larger organizations might have hundreds of developers
- When possible small teams should be responsible for specific microservices
- This will often lend itself to business functions
 - An account team would work on accounting related services
 - An Customer Order team would work on Customer Order related services
 - An Order Fulfillment team would work on Order Fulfillment related services
- Often you will see a lot of overlap of business domain with the domain of the services

