



Model Optimization and Tuning Phase Template

Date	12 July 2024
Team ID	SWTID1720083491
Project Title	Early Prediction of Chronic Kidney Disease Using Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

Model Optimization and Tuning Phase

The Model Optimization and Tuning Phase involves refining machine learning models for peak performance. It includes optimized model code, fine-tuning hyperparameters, comparing performance metrics, and justifying the final model selection for enhanced predictive accuracy and efficiency.

Hyperparameter Tuning Documentation (6 Marks):

Model	Tuned Hyperparameters	Optimal Values
Logistic Regression	<pre># Define the logistic regression model model = LogisticRegression(max_iter=5000) # Define the parameter grid for tuning param_grid = { 'C': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100], # Regularization parameter 'solver': ['lbfgs', 'newton-cg', 'liblinear', 'sag', 'saga'] # Solvers to try }</pre>	<pre># Print the best parameters found print("Best parameters:", best_params) Best parameters: {'C': 100, 'solver': 'lbfgs'}</pre>
Decision Tree	<pre># Define the parameter grid for GridSearchCV param_grid = { "max_depth": [2, 3, 4, 5], "min_samples_split": [2, 5, 10], "min_samples_lear": [1, 2, 4], "max_features": ["auto", "sqrt"] # Different options for feature selection }</pre>	# Print the best parameters print("Best parameters:", best_params) Best parameters: { 'max_de pth': 4, 'max_features': 'sqrt' , 'min_samples_leaf': 1, 'mi n_samples_split': 2}





```
# Print the best parameters found
                                                                                                                                        print("Best parameters:", best_params)
                                      # Define the Random Forest model
                                      rf_model = RandomForestClassifier()
                                                                                                                                      Best parameters: {'n_estima
                                      # Define the hyperparameter grid
                                      param_grid = {
                                                                                                                                      tors': 200, 'min_samples_sp
                                          am_grid = {
    'n_estimators': [100, 200, 300], # Number of trees in the forest
    'max_depth': [4, 6, 8], # Maximum depth of each tree
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10], # Minimum samples to split a node
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4], # Minimum samples at each leaf node
    'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2'] # Number of features considered at each split
Random Forest
                                                                                                                                      lit': 10, 'min_samples_leaf':
                                                                                                                                      2, 'max_features': 'log2', 'm
                                     }
                                                                                                                                      ax_depth': 8}
                                      # Define the parameter grid for GridSearchCV
                                                                                                                                         # Print the best parameters
                                      param_grid = {
                                                                                                                                        print("Best parameters:", best_params)
                                            "C": [0.1, 1, 10], # Regularization parameter
SVM
                                                                                                                                        # Use the best model for prediction
                                            "kernel": ["linear", "rbf"], # Kernel function
                                                                                                                                        # ... (Similar to decision tree example)
                                            "gamma": [0.01, 0.1, 1], # Kernel coefficient (for rbf)
                                                                                                                                       Best parameters: {'C': 1, 'gamma': 0.01, 'kernel': 'linear'
```

Performance Metrics Comparison Report (2 Marks):

Model	Optimized Metric				
	<pre>print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred)) print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))</pre>				
	1.0	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Logistic	0	1.00	1.00	1.00	27
Regression	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	53
	accuracy			1.00	80
	macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	80
	weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	80
	[[27 0] [0 53]]				





Random Forest	print(classification) Accuracy: 1.6 Confusion Mat [[24 0] [0 56]] Classification accuracy macro avg weighted avg	ion_matrix() :rix: on Report: precision	(y_test,	f1-score 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	
Decision Tree	print(classi print(confus 1.0 0 1 accuracy macro avg weighted avg [[27 0] [0 53]]		(y_test	,y_pred)) f1-score 1.00	
SVM	print(classi print(confus	_			





0.9875					
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
0	0.96	1.00	0.98	27	
1	1.00	0.98	0.99	53	
accuracy			0.99	80	
macro avg	0.98	0.99	0.99	80	
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	80	
[[27 0]					
[1 52]]					

Final Model Selection Justification (2 Marks):

Final Model	Reasoning
Logistic Regression	Gives promising accuracy & performance and does not overfit or underfit even after cv=10. This model was selected for its superior performance, exhibiting high accuracy during hyperparameter tuning. Its ability to handle complex relationships, minimize overfitting, and optimize predictive accuracy aligns with project objectives, justifying its selection as the final model.