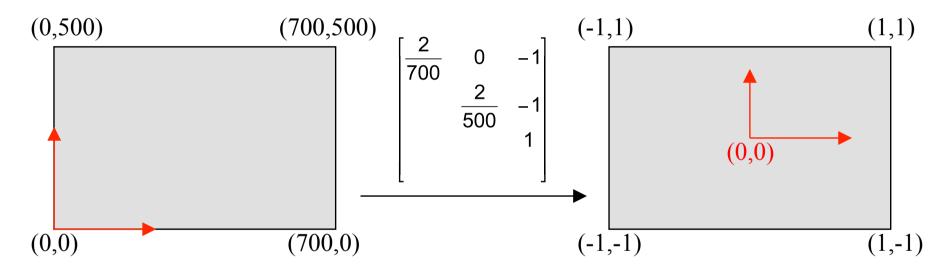
The normalized 8-point algorithm: Step 1 – Normalize image coordinates

Transform image to \sim [-1,1]x[-1,1]



Or normalize coordinates to have mean (0,0) and average norm sqrt(2)

The normalized 8-point algorithm: Step 2 – Compute F

$$x^{T} F_{norm} x = 0$$

$$x'xf_{11} + x'yf_{12} + x'f_{13} + y'xf_{21} + y'yf_{22} + y'f_{23} + xf_{31} + yf_{32} + f_{33} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x'_1 x_1 & x'_1 y_1 & x'_1 & y'_1 x_1 & y'_1 y_1 & y'_1 & x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ x'_n x_n & x'_n y_n & x'_n & y'_n x_n & y'_n y_n & y'_n & x_n & y_n & 1 \end{bmatrix} f = 0$$

$$Af_{norm} = 0$$

$$F = N_2^T F_{norm} N_1$$

The normalized 8-point algorithm: Step 3 – The singularity constraint

$$e^{T} F = 0$$
 $Fe = 0$ $detF = 0$ $rank F = 2$

SVD from linearly computed F matrix (rank 3)

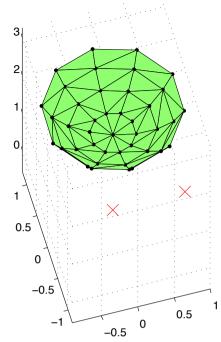
$$F = U \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ \sigma_3 \end{bmatrix} V^T = U_1 \sigma_1 V_1^T + U_2 \sigma_2 V_2^T + U_3 \sigma_3 V_3^T$$

Compute closest rank-2 approximation

$$\min \|\mathbf{F} - \mathbf{F}'\|_{F}$$

$$F' = U \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1 \\ \sigma_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} V^T = U_1 \sigma_1 V_1^T + U_2 \sigma_2 V_2^T$$

Evaluation procedure



- 1. Generate 3D points and cameras
- 2. Project 3D points into cameras

$$x_i = PX_i$$
 $x_i' = P'X_i$

$$x_i' = P'X_i$$

3. Add noise to projections

$$\tilde{\boldsymbol{x}}_i = \boldsymbol{x}_i + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \quad \tilde{\boldsymbol{x}}_i' = \boldsymbol{x}_i' + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \quad \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \!\in\! N(0, \! \sigma)$$

4. Estimate F

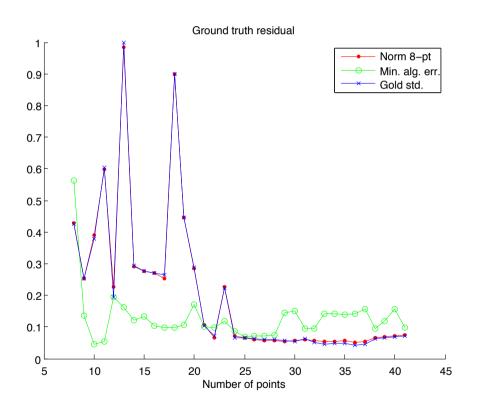
$$\tilde{\chi}_i \leftrightarrow \tilde{\chi}_i' \rightarrow F$$

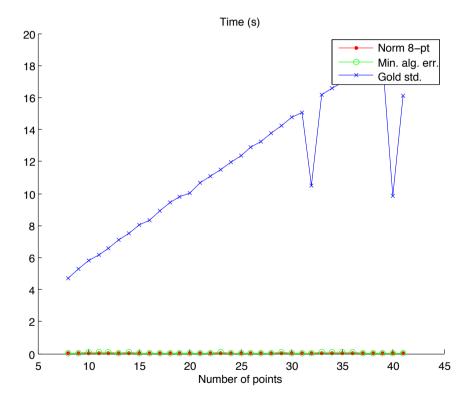
5. Compare F to ground-truth F_{gt}

$$e = 1 - \left(\frac{F \cdot F_{gt}}{\|F\| \cdot \|F_{gt}\|}\right)^{2}$$

$$F_{gt} = [e']_{\times} \cdot P' \cdot P^+$$

Results





Results 2

