```
!gdown --id 10urDQUtbWQacvT32HMqFL7vIUrSMl10p
Downloading...
From: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=10urDQUtbWQacvT32HMgFL7vIUrSM1lOp
To: /content/preprocessed data.csv
100% 300k/300k [00:00<00:00, 9.69MB/s]
                                                                                                      In [8]:
!pip install kaggle
Requirement already satisfied: kaggle in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (1.5.12)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from kaggle) (1.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2
.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from kaggle) (1.24.3)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from kaggle) (4.41.1)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2021.5.30
Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from kaggle) (2.23.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-slugify in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from kaggle) (5.
0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests
->kaggle) (3.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->kag
gle) (2.10)
Requirement already satisfied: text-unidecode>=1.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from python
-slugify->kaggle) (1.3)
4
                                                                                                      In [9]:
!mkdir ~/.kaggle
!cp kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/
!chmod 600 /root/.kaggle/kaggle.json
!kaggle datasets download -d yekenot/fasttext-crawl-300d-2m
mkdir: cannot create directory '/root/.kaggle': File exists
Downloading fasttext-crawl-300d-2m.zip to /content
 99% 1.43G/1.44G [00:06<00:00, 234MB/s]
100% 1.44G/1.44G [00:06<00:00, 223MB/s]
                                                                                                     In [10]:
!7z e fasttext-crawl-300d-2m.zip -o/content -r
7-Zip [64] 16.02 : Copyright (c) 1999-2016 Igor Pavlov : 2016-05-21
p7zip Version 16.02 (locale=en US.UTF-8, Utf16=on, HugeFiles=on, 64 bits, 2 CPUs Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU @
2.20GHz (406F0), ASM, AES-NI)
Scanning the drive for archives:
  0M Scan
                                    1 file, 1545551987 bytes (1474 MiB)
Extracting archive: fasttext-crawl-300d-2m.zip
Path = fasttext-crawl-300d-2m.zip
Type = zip
Physical Size = 1545551987
                  0% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                          1% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                2% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                          3% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                4% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                          5% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                6% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                          7% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                8% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                          9% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
               10% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         11% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         12% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         13% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         14% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         15% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         16% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         17% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         18% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         19% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
                         20% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
```

21% - crawl-300d-2M.vec 22% - crawl-300d-2M.vec

```
23% - craw1-300d-2M.vec
24% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
25% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
26% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
27% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
28% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
29% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
30% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
31% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
32% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
33% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
34% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
35% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
36% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
37% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
38% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
39% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
40% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
41% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
42% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
43% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
44% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
45% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
46% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
47% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
48% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
49% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
50% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
51% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
52% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
53% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
54% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
55% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
56% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
57% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
58% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
59% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
60% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
61% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
62% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
63% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
64% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
65% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
66% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
67% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
68% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
69% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
70% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
71% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
72% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
73% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
74% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
75% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
76% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
77% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
78% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
79% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
80% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
81% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
82% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
83% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
84% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
85% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
86% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
87% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
88% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
89% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
90% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
91% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
92% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
93% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
94% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
95% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
96% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
97% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
98% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
```

99% - crawl-300d-2M.vec

```
100% - crawl-300d-2M.vec
100% 1 Everything is Ok
```

Size: 4516698366 Compressed: 1545551987

```
4
                                                                                                                      In [11]:
#Importing necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
                                                                                                                     In [12]:
# Reading glove vectors in python: https://stackoverflow.com/a/38230349/4084039
def fasttextModel(gloveFile):
     print ("Loading Fasttext Model")
     f = open(gloveFile,'r', encoding="utf8")
     model = {}#for storing word and the corresponding embedding vector for that word
     for line in f:
         splitLine = line.split() #splitting the line and storing it in a list
         word = splitLine[0] #getting the first element and storing it in word
         embedding = np.array([float(val) for val in splitLine[1:]]) #obtaining corresponding vector for the
         model[word] = embedding#storing word as key and embedding vector for that word as value
     print ("Done.",len(model)," words loaded!")
     return model
model = fasttextModel('/content/crawl-300d-2M.vec')
Loading Fasttext Model
Done. 2000000 words loaded!
                                                                                                                     In [13]:
df=pd.read csv('preprocessed data.csv') #creating DataFrame using preprocessed data.csv
                                                                                                                     In [14]:
df.head(4)
                                                                                                                    Out[14]:
   Unnamed: 0
                                             source
                                                                                    target
0
           0
                         U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?\n
                                                     Do you want me to reserve seat for you or not?\n
                Yup. U reaching. We order some durian pastry
                                                       Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some Durian
           1
               They become more ex oredi... Mine is like 25.....
                                                     They become more expensive already. Mine is li...
           3
                               I'm thai. what do u do?\n
                                                                    I'm Thai. What do you do?\n
                                                                                                                     In [15]:
def preprocess (x): #removing last character
  x=x[:-1]
  return x
                                                                                                                     In [16]:
df['source']=df['source'].apply(preprocess) #preprocessing source data
df['target']=df['target'].apply(preprocess)#preprocessing target data
                                                                                                                     In [17]:
df=df[['source','target']]
df.head()
                                                                                                                    Out[17]:
                                    source
                                                                           target
0
                 U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?
                                             Do you want me to reserve seat for you or not?
                                              Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some Durian
     Yup. U reaching. We order some durian pastry a...
1
                                                                            pas...
2
      They become more ex oredi... Mine is like 25.....
                                            They become more expensive already. Mine is li...
3
                        I'm thai. what do u do?
                                                             I'm Thai. What do you do?
       Hi! How did your week go? Haven heard from
Δ
                                           Hi! How did your week go? Haven't heard from y...
```

```
(2000, 2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [19]:
def length (text): #for calculating the length of the sentence
          return len(str(text))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [20]:
\texttt{df=} \texttt{df[df['source'].apply(length)} \\ \blacktriangleleft 170] \textit{\# removing the datapoints where the source sentence length is greater} \\ \texttt{df=} \texttt{df[df['source'].apply(length)} \\ \blacktriangleleft 170] \textit{\# removing the datapoints where the source sentence length is greater} \\ \texttt{df=} \texttt{df[df['source'].apply(length)} \\ \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df[df['source'].apply(length)} \\ \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df[df['source'].apply(length)} \\ \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df[df['source'].apply(length)} \\ \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df=} \texttt{df
df=df[df['target'].apply(length)<200] #removing the datapoints where the source sentence length is greater
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [21]:
df.shape
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Out[21]:
(1990, 2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [22]:
df['target in'] = '<start> ' + df['target'].astype(str)
df['target out'] = df['target'].astype(str) + ' <end>'
 # only for the first sentance add a toke <end> so that we will have <end> in tokenizer
df.head()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Out[22]:
                                                 source
                                                                                                          target
                                                                                                                                                              target_in
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    target_out
                                                                                                                           <start> Do you want me to reserve
                                                                                                                                                                                   Do you want me to reserve seat for
                                                                 Do you want me to reserve seat for
0
              U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?
                                                                                                   you or not?
                                                                                                                                                         seat for you...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  you or not?...
              Yup. U reaching. We order some
                                                                     Yeap. You reaching? We ordered
                                                                                                                               <start> Yeap. You reaching? We
                                                                                                                                                                                      Yeap. You reaching? We ordered
                                    durian pastry a...
                                                                                         some Durian pas...
                                                                                                                                                 ordered some Du..
                                                                                                                                                                                                           some Durian pas...
       They become more ex oredi... Mine is
                                                                         They become more expensive
                                                                                                                       <start> They become more expensive
                                                                                                                                                                               They become more expensive already.
                                             like 25.....
                                                                                        already. Mine is li...
                                                                                                                                                          already. Mi...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Mine is li...
                           I'm thai. what do u do?
                                                                               I'm Thai. What do you do?
                                                                                                                             <start> I'm Thai. What do you do?
                                                                                                                                                                                       I'm Thai. What do you do? <end>
                                                                  Hi! How did your week qo? Haven't
                                                                                                                           <start> Hi! How did your week go?
                                                                                                                                                                                   Hi! How did your week go? Haven't
           Hi! How did your week go? Haven
                                  heard from you...
                                                                                              heard from y...
                                                                                                                                                        Haven't hear...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                heard from y...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [23]:
df=df.drop('target',axis=1) #removing the target column
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [24]:
df.head(4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Out[24]:
                                                                source
                                                                                                                                       target_in
                                                                                                                                                                                                                target_out
                              U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?
                                                                                 <start> Do you want me to reserve seat for you...
                                                                                                                                                            Do you want me to reserve seat for you or not?...
          Yup. U reaching. We order some durian pastry
                                                                                    <start> Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some
                                                                                                                                                                Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some Durian
1
                                                                                                                                                            They become more expensive already. Mine is li...
2
        They become more ex oredi... Mine is like 25..... <start> They become more expensive already. Mi...
3
                                          I'm thai, what do u do?
                                                                                                      <start> I'm Thai. What do you do?
                                                                                                                                                                                  I'm Thai. What do you do? <end>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [25]:
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
train, validation = train_test_split(df, test_size=0.01) #splitting the data in ratio 99:1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [26]:
print(train.shape, validation.shape)
 # for one sentence we will be adding <end> token so that the tokanizer learns the word <end>
 # with this we can use only one tokenizer for both encoder output and decoder output
train.iloc[0]['target in'] = str(train.iloc[0]['target in'])+' <end>'
train.iloc[0]['target_out'] = str(train.iloc[0]['target_out'])+' <end>'
(1970, 3) (20, 3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [27]:
tknizer source = Tokenizer() #creating tokenziation
tknizer_source.fit_on_texts(train['source'].values)#fitting on source data
 \texttt{tknizer target = Tokenizer(filters='!"#$%&()*+,-./:;=?@[\\]^ `{|}~\t\n')$ \textit{\#creating tokenziation} } 
 tknizer target.fit on texts(train['target in'].values) #fitting on target data
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In [28]:
vocab_size_target=len(tknizer_target.word_index.keys()) #target vocab size
print(vocab size target)
vocab size source=len(tknizer source.word index.keys()) #source vocab size
print (vocab size source)
```

Out[18]:

```
3040
```

```
In [29]:
tknizer target.word index['<start>'], tknizer target.word index['<end>']
                                                                                                    Out[29]:
(1, 1440)
                                                                                                     In [30]:
encoder embedding matrix = np.zeros((vocab size source+1, 300))
for word, i in tknizer source.word index.items():
    embedding vector = model.get(word)
    if embedding vector is not None:
        encoder embedding matrix[i] = embedding vector
                                                                                                     In [31]:
decoder embedding matrix = np.zeros((vocab size target+1, 300))
for word, i in tknizer target.word index.items():
    embedding vector = model.get(word)
    if embedding vector is not None:
        decoder embedding matrix[i] = embedding vector
                                                                                                     In [70]:
class Encoder(tf.keras.Model):
    Encoder model -- That takes a input sequence and returns encoder-outputs, encoder final state h, encode
    def init (self,inp vocab size,embedding size,lstm size,input length):
        #Initialize Embedding layer
        #Intialize Encoder LSTM layer
        super(). init ()
        self.vocab size = inp vocab size
        self.embedding_size = embedding_size
        self.input length = input length
        self.lstm_size= lstm_size
        self.lstm_output=0
        self.lstm state h=0
        self.lstm state c=0
        self.embedding = tf.keras.layers.Embedding(input dim=self.vocab size, output dim=self.embedding s
                           mask zero=True, name="embedding layer encoder", weights=[encoder embedding matr:
        self.lstm = tf.keras.layers.LSTM(self.lstm size, return state=True, return sequences=True, name="
    def call(self,input sequence,states):
          This function takes a sequence input and the initial states of the encoder.
          Pass the input sequence input to the Embedding layer, Pass the embedding layer ouput to encode:
          returns -- encoder output, last time step's hidden and cell state
        input_embedd
                                                = self.embedding(input sequence)
        lstm state h,lstm state c = states[0],states[1]
        self.lstm output,lstm state h,lstm state c=self.lstm(input embedd)
        return self.lstm_output,lstm_state_h,lstm_state_c
    def initialize states (self, batch size):
      Given a batch size it will return intial hidden state and intial cell state.
      If batch size is 32- Hidden state is zeros of size [32,1stm units], cell state zeros is of size [33]
      return [np.zeros((batch_size,self.lstm_size)),np.zeros((batch_size,self.lstm_size))]
                                                                                                     In [71]:
class Decoder(tf.keras.Model):
    Encoder model -- That takes a input sequence and returns output sequence
    def init (self,out vocab size,embedding size,lstm size,input length):
        #Initialize Embedding layer
        #Intialize Decoder LSTM layer
        super().__init__()
        self.out_vocab_size = out_vocab_size
```

```
self.lstm size = lstm size
        self.input length = input length
        # we are using embedding matrix and not training the embedding layer
        self.embedding = tf.keras.layers.Embedding(input_dim=self.out_vocab_size, output_dim=self.embeddi
                           mask zero=True, name="embedding layer decoder", weights=[decoder embedding mat]
        self.gru = tf.keras.layers.GRU(self.lstm size, return sequences=True, return state=True, name="En
    def call(self,input sequence,initial states):
         This function takes a sequence input and the initial states of the encoder.
          Pass the input sequence input to the Embedding layer, Pass the embedding layer ouput to decode:
         returns -- decoder output, decoder final state h, decoder final state c
        target_embedd = self.embedding(input_sequence)
        decoder output,decoder final state h = self.gru(target embedd, initial state=[initial states[0]])
        return decoder output, decoder final state h
                                                                                                    In [80]:
class Encoder_decoder(tf.keras.Model):
    def init (self, encoder inputs length, decoder inputs length, output vocab size, batch size):
        #Create encoder object
        #Create decoder object
        #Intialize Dense layer(out_vocab_size) with activation='softmax'
                 init () # https://stackoverflow.com/a/27134600/4084039
        self.batch size=batch size
        self.encoder = Encoder(vocab size source+1,300,256,encoder inputs length)
        self.decoder = Decoder(vocab size target+1,300,256,decoder inputs length)
        self.dense = tf.keras.layers.Dense(output_vocab_size, activation='softmax')
    def call(self,data):
        A. Pass the input sequence to Encoder layer -- Return encoder output, encoder final state h, encode
        B. Pass the target sequence to Decoder layer with intial states as encoder final state h,encoder
        C. Pass the decoder outputs into Dense layer
        Return decoder outputs
        input, output = data[0], data[1]
        initial state=self.encoder.initialize states(self.batch size)
        encoder output, encoder h, encoder c = self.encoder(input,initial state)
        decoder_output, decoder_final_state_h= self.decoder(output,[encoder h])
        output
                                             = self.dense(decoder output)
        return output
                                                                                                    In [81]:
class Dataset:
               (self, df, tknizer source, tknizer target, source len, target len):
        self.encoder inps = df['source'].values
        self.decoder inps = df['target in'].values
        self.decoder outs = df['target out'].values
        self.tknizer_target = tknizer_target
        self.tknizer_source = tknizer_source
        self.source_len = source_len
        self.target len = target len
    def __getitem__(self, i):
        self.encoder seq = self.tknizer source.texts to sequences([self.encoder inps[i]]) # need to pass
        self.decoder inp seq = self.tknizer target.texts to sequences([self.decoder inps[i]])
        self.decoder out seq = self.tknizer target.texts to sequences([self.decoder outs[i]])
        self.encoder seq = pad sequences(self.encoder seq, maxlen=self.source len, dtype='int32', padding
        self.decoder inp seq = pad sequences(self.decoder inp seq, maxlen=self.target len, dtype='int32',
        self.decoder out seq = pad sequences (self.decoder out seq, maxlen=self.target len, dtype='int32',
        self.one hot encoded = np.zeros((len(self.decoder out seq), self.target len, vocab size target), dty
        for i,sentence in enumerate(self.decoder_out_seq):
          for j,word in enumerate(sentence):
            self.one_hot_encoded[i,j,word]=1
```

self.embedding size = embedding size

```
return self.encoder seq, self.decoder inp seq, self.one hot encoded
         len (self): # your model.fit gen requires this function
        return len(self.encoder inps)
class Dataloder(tf.keras.utils.Sequence):
         init (self, dataset, batch size=1):
        self.dataset = dataset
        self.batch size = batch size
        self.indexes = np.arange(len(self.dataset.encoder inps))
    def __getitem__(self, i):
        start = i * self.batch size
        stop = (i + 1) * self.batch size
        data = []
        for j in range(start, stop):
            data.append(self.dataset[j])
        batch = [np.squeeze(np.stack(samples, axis=1), axis=0) for samples in zip(*data)]
        # we are creating data like ([italian, english_inp], english_out) these are already converted in:
        return tuple([[batch[0],batch[1]],batch[2]])
               (self): # your model.fit gen requires this function
        return len(self.indexes) // self.batch size
    def on epoch end(self):
        self.indexes = np.random.permutation(self.indexes)
                                                                                                     In [82]:
train_dataset = Dataset(train, tknizer_source, tknizer_target,39,43)
test dataset = Dataset(validation, tknizer source, tknizer target, 39, 43)
train dataloader = Dataloder(train dataset, batch size=512)
test dataloader = Dataloder(test dataset, batch size=20)
print(train dataloader[0][0][0].shape, train dataloader[0][0][1].shape, train dataloader[0][1].shape)
(512, 39) (512, 43) (512, 43, 3040)
                                                                                                     In [83]:
tf.config.experimental run functions eagerly(True)
                                                                                                     In [84]:
tf.config.run functions eagerly (True)
                                                                                                     In [85]:
def changeLearningRate(epoch,lr):
    if epoch % 3 == 0:
      return 1r*(0.5)
    return 1r
                                                                                                     In [86]:
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping,ModelCheckpoint,LearningRateScheduler
import datetime
early stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', patience=4, verbose=1)
check point = ModelCheckpoint('best model 1.h5', monitor='val loss', verbose=1, save best only=True, mod
lrschedule = LearningRateScheduler(changeLearningRate, verbose=1)
                                                                                                     In [87]:
#Create an object of encoder decoder Model class,
# Compile the model and fit the model
model = Encoder decoder(encoder_inputs_length=39,decoder_inputs_length=43,output_vocab_size=vocab_size_t
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(0.01)
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer,loss='categorical crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])
train steps=train.shape[0]//512
valid steps=validation.shape[0]//20
model.fit_generator(train_dataloader, steps_per_epoch=train_steps, epochs=100, validation_data=test_datal
model.summary()
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/keras/engine/training.py:1940: UserWarning:
`Model.fit generator` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Please use `Model.fit`,
```

which supports generators.

```
warnings.warn('`Model.fit generator` is deprecated and '
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/data/ops/dataset ops.py:3704: UserWarning: Even
though the `tf.config.experimental run functions eagerly` option is set, this option does not apply to
tf.data functions. To force eager execution of tf.data functions, please use
`tf.data.experimental.enable.debug mode()`.
 "Even though the `tf.config.experimental_run_functions_eagerly` "
Epoch 1/100
Epoch 00001: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.004999999888241291.
1.6437 - val_accuracy: 0.0946
Epoch 2/100
Epoch 00002: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.004999999888241291.
1.5412 - val accuracy: 0.0946
Epoch 3/100
Epoch 00003: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.004999999888241291.
3/3 [=========== 0.0669 - val loss: 2.1509 - accuracy: 0.0669 - val loss:
1.5111 - val accuracy: 0.0901
Epoch 4/100
Epoch 00004: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0024999999441206455.
1.5020 - val accuracy: 0.1081
Epoch 5/100
Epoch 00005: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0024999999441206455.
1.4941 - val accuracy: 0.1126
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 00006: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.00249999999441206455.
3/3 [=========== 0.0860 - val loss: 2.0396 - accuracy: 0.0860 - val loss:
1.4884 - val accuracy: 0.1216
Epoch 7/100
Epoch 00007: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0012499999720603228.
3/3 [=========== 0.0895 - val loss: 2.0213 - accuracy: 0.0895 - val loss:
1.4831 - val_accuracy: 0.1126
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 00008: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0012499999720603228.
1.4778 - val accuracy: 0.1081
Epoch 9/100
Epoch 00009: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0012499999720603228.
1.4739 - val accuracy: 0.1081
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 00010: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0006249999860301614.
1.4715 - val accuracy: 0.1081
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 00011: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0006249999860301614.
3/3 [============ 0.0952 - val loss: 1.9860 - accuracy: 0.0952 - val loss:
1.4690 - val accuracy: 0.1126
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 00012: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0006249999860301614.
3/3 [========== 0.0956 - val loss: 1.9806 - accuracy: 0.0956 - val loss:
1.4663 - val_accuracy: 0.1216
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 00013: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0003124999930150807.
1.4653 - val accuracy: 0.1216
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 00014: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0003124999930150807.
3/3 [=========== 0.0984 - val loss: 1.9734 - accuracy: 0.0984 - val loss:
1.4644 - val accuracy: 0.1171
```

Epoch 15/100

```
Epoch 00015: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0003124999930150807.
1.4636 - val accuracy: 0.1216
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 00016: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.00015624999650754035.
3/3 [=========== 0.1004 - val loss: 1.9684 - accuracy: 0.1004 - val loss:
1.4632 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 00017: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.00015624999650754035.
1.4627 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 18/100
Epoch 00018: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.00015624999650754035.
1.4623 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 19/100
Epoch 00019: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.812499825377017e-05.
3/3 [============ 0.1015 - val loss: 1.9645 - accuracy: 0.1015 - val loss:
1.4621 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 20/100
Epoch 00020: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.812499825377017e-05.
3/3 [============ 0.1017 - val loss: 1.9638 - accuracy: 0.1017 - val loss:
1.4619 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 21/100
Epoch 00021: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.812499825377017e-05.
3/3 [============ 0.1015 - val loss: 1.9632 - accuracy: 0.1015 - val loss:
1.4617 - val accuracy: 0.1306
Epoch 22/100
Epoch 00022: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.9062499126885086e-05.
3/3 [=========== 0.1016 - val loss: 1.9626 - accuracy: 0.1016 - val loss:
1.4616 - val_accuracy: 0.1306
Epoch 23/100
Epoch 00023: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.9062499126885086e-05.
1.4615 - val accuracy: 0.1306
Epoch 24/100
Epoch 00024: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.9062499126885086e-05.
3/3 [=========== 0.1014 - val loss: 1.9619 - accuracy: 0.1014 - val loss:
1.4614 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 25/100
Epoch 00025: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.9531249563442543e-05.
3/3 [=========== 0.1016 - ual loss: 1.9616 - accuracy: 0.1016 - val loss:
1.4614 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 26/100
Epoch 00026: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.9531249563442543e-05.
3/3 [============ 0.1017 - val loss: 1.9614 - accuracy: 0.1017 - val loss:
1.4613 - val_accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 27/100
Epoch 00027: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.9531249563442543e-05.
3/3 [============ 0.1018 - val loss: 1.9613 - accuracy: 0.1018 - val loss:
1.4613 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 28/100
Epoch 00028: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.765624781721272e-06.
3/3 [========== 0.1020 - val loss: 1.9611 - accuracy: 0.1020 - val loss:
1.4612 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 29/100
Epoch 00029: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.765624781721272e-06.
1.4612 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 30/100
```

Epoch 00030: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.765624781721272e-06.

```
3/3 [=========== 0.1019 - 1s 427ms/step - loss: 1.9609 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4612 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 31/100
Epoch 00031: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.882812390860636e-06.
1.4612 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 32/100
Epoch 00032: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.882812390860636e-06.
3/3 [=========== 0.1020 - 1020 - val loss: 1.9608 - accuracy: 0.1020 - val loss:
1.4612 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 33/100
Epoch 00033: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.882812390860636e-06.
3/3 [=========== 0.1020 - 1020 - val loss: 1.9608 - accuracy: 0.1020 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 34/100
Epoch 00034: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.441406195430318e-06.
3/3 [=========== 0.1020 - 1020 - val loss: 1.9607 - accuracy: 0.1020 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 35/100
Epoch 00035: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.441406195430318e-06.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 36/100
Epoch 00036: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.441406195430318e-06.
3/3 [============ 0.1019 - 1s 423ms/step - loss: 1.9607 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 37/100
Epoch 00037: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.220703097715159e-06.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 38/100
Epoch 00038: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.220703097715159e-06.
3/3 [=========== 0.1019 - 1s 410ms/step - loss: 1.9607 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 39/100
Epoch 00039: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.220703097715159e-06.
3/3 [=========== ] - 1s 421ms/step - loss: 1.9607 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 40/100
Epoch 00040: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 6.103515488575795e-07.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 41/100
Epoch 00041: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 6.103515488575795e-07.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 42/100
Epoch 00042: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 6.103515488575795e-07.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 43/100
Epoch 00043: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.0517577442878974e-07.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 44/100
Epoch 00044: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.0517577442878974e-07.
3/3 [============ 0.1019 - 1s 421ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 45/100
Epoch 00045: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.0517577442878974e-07.
3/3 [=========== 0.1019 - 1s 408ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
```

1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261

```
Epoch 00046: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.5258788721439487e-07.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 47/100
Epoch 00047: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.5258788721439487e-07.
3/3 [=========== 0.1019 - 1s 415ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 48/100
Epoch 00048: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.5258788721439487e-07.
3/3 [============ 0.1019 - 1s 417ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 49/100
Epoch 00049: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.629394360719743e-08.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 50/100
Epoch 00050: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.629394360719743e-08.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 51/100
Epoch 00051: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.629394360719743e-08.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 52/100
Epoch 00052: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.814697180359872e-08.
3/3 [============ 0.1019 - 1s 416ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 53/100
Epoch 00053: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.814697180359872e-08.
3/3 [=========== 0.1019 - 1s 410ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 54/100
Epoch 00054: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.814697180359872e-08.
3/3 [========== 0.1019 - 1s 417ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 55/100
Epoch 00055: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.907348590179936e-08.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 56/100
Epoch 00056: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.907348590179936e-08.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 57/100
Epoch 00057: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.907348590179936e-08.
3/3 [============ 0.1019 - 1s 421ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val_accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 58/100
Epoch 00058: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.53674295089968e-09.
3/3 [========== 0.1019 - 1s 411ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 59/100
Epoch 00059: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.53674295089968e-09.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 60/100
Epoch 00060: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.53674295089968e-09.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 61/100
```

```
Epoch 00061: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.76837147544984e-09.
3/3 [============ 0.1019 - 1s 407ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 62/100
Epoch 00062: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.76837147544984e-09.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 63/100
Epoch 00063: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.76837147544984e-09.
3/3 [=========== 0.1019 - 1s 409ms/step - loss: 1.9606 - accuracy: 0.1019 - val loss:
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 64/100
Epoch 00064: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.38418573772492e-09.
1.4611 - val accuracy: 0.1261
Epoch 00064: early stopping
Model: "encoder decoder 8"
                         Output Shape
Layer (type)
                                                Param #
______
encoder 8 (Encoder) multiple
                                               1683968
decoder 8 (Decoder)
                       multiple
                                               1340844
                        multiple
dense 8 (Dense)
                                                781280
______
Total params: 3,806,092
Trainable params: 1,780,192
Non-trainable params: 2,025,900
                                                                                        In [88]:
batch size=512
units=256
                                                                                        In [92]:
def predict(input sentence):
  A. Given input sentence, convert the sentence into integers using tokenizer used earlier
  B. Pass the input_sequence to encoder. we get encoder_outputs, last time step hidden and cell state
  C. Initialize index of <start> as input to decoder. and encoder final states as input_states to decode:
  D. till we reach max length of decoder or till the model predicted word <end>:
        predicted_out, state_h, state_c=model.layers[1] (dec_input, states)
        pass the predicted out to the dense layer
        update the states=[state h, state c]
        And get the index of the wordcc with maximum probability of the dense layer output, using the to
        Update the input_to_decoder with current predictions
  F. Return the predicted sentence
  initial state enc=[np.zeros((batch size,units)),np.zeros((batch size,units))]
  inp seq = tknizer source.texts to sequences([input sentence])
  inp_seq = pad_sequences(inp_seq,padding='post',maxlen=39)
  en_outputs,state_h , state_c = model.layers[0](tf.constant(inp_seq),initial_state_enc)
  cur_vec = tf.constant([[tknizer_target.word_index['<start>']]])
  pred = []
  \# Here~43~is~the~max\_length~of~the~sequence
  for i in range(43):
    infe output, state h = model.layers[1](cur vec,[state h])
   infe_output = model.layers[2](infe_output)
   cur vec = np.reshape(np.argmax(infe output), (1, 1))
    pred.append(tknizer target.index word[cur vec[0][0]])
    if (pred [-1] == '<end>'):
     break
    translated sentence = ' '.join(pred)
  return translated sentence
                                                                                        In [93]:
```

validation['target in']

```
Out[93]:
299
                         <start> Malays are all woods.
52
       <start> Yeap. I will call you in a while? I'm ...
1597
               <start> Where? Can I come and find you?
847
       <start> No need for me to introduce. Someone a...
189
       <start> Ben asks us to wait at the MRT bus sto...
1713
                                          <start> Ok.
                 <start> I'll be late. I will call you.
1818
591
                  <start> 2:30 then. Where will you be?
1450
       <start> Haha. Hey, MERINA is my name. OK, fema...
175
           <start> Joey: Hi! Does anybody want to chat?
1136
                                    <start> No need.
786
                      <start> Yes. Sure. Evening right?
                      <start> Oops. Sorry. I am coming.
1966
      <start> Sigh, what's new man? So this is her n...
1144
35
      <start> I am working in NTUC Income, selling i...
1821
      <start> Hey, are you in the LT already? I'm on...
1139
       <start> You worse than me. Eat more of everyth...
       <start> Sigh. I still have my friends. Then ne...
1103
1287
                    <start> Don't know yet, see Andrew.
218
       <start> No. Suddenly get sick one. Hehe. Your ...
Name: target in, dtype: object
                                                                                           In [94]:
for i in validation['source']:
  predicted=predict(i)
  print("The predicted output is: ",predicted)
The predicted output is: i don't know you you you you you you you
The predicted output is: hey i am you you you you you you you you
The predicted output is: i don't know you you you you you you
The predicted output is: i don't know you you you you you you you
The predicted output is: i don't know you you you you you you you
The predicted output is: i don't know you you you you you you you
The predicted output is: hey i am you you you you you you you you
The predicted output is: i don't know you you you you you you you
The predicted output is: i don't know you you you you you you
                                                                                           In [95]:
# Predict on 1000 random sentences on test data and calculate the average BLEU score of these sentences.
import nltk.translate.bleu score as bleu
bleu scores lst=[]
for i in validation[:]['source']:
  reference = [i.split(),] # the original
  predicted=predict(i)
  translation = predicted.split()
  values=bleu.sentence bleu(reference, translation)
  bleu scores lst.append(values)
# https://www.nltk.org/ modules/nltk/translate/bleu score.html
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/nltk/translate/bleu score.py:490: UserWarning:
Corpus/Sentence contains 0 counts of 2-gram overlaps.
BLEU scores might be undesirable; use SmoothingFunction().
 warnings.warn( msg)
                                                                                           In [96]:
average bleu scores=sum(bleu scores lst)/len(bleu scores lst)
print("Average BLEU score of these 20 test data sentences is: ",average bleu scores)
Average BLEU score of these 20 test data sentences is: 0.059428793291298146
                                                                                           In [97]:
bleu scores 1st
```

```
[0,
 0.4578141331660858,
 0,
 0,
 0,
 0,
 0,
 0,
 Ο,
 Ο,
 Ο,
 0,
 Ο,
 0.16842040746952797,
 0,
 0,
 Ο,
 0.5623413251903491,
 0]
Character_Level:
                                                                                                                                       In [98]:
df=pd.read_csv('preprocessed_data.csv')
df.head()
                                                                                                                                      Out[98]:
   Unnamed: 0
                                                     source
                                                                                                   target
0
             0
                               U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?\n
                                                               Do you want me to reserve seat for you or not?\n
                                                                  Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some Durian
             1
                  Yup. U reaching. We order some durian pastry a...
             2
                    They become more ex oredi... Mine is like 25.....
                                                                They become more expensive already. Mine is li...
             3
                                                                                 I'm Thai. What do you do?\n
                                      I'm thai. what do u do?\n
                     Hi! How did your week go? Haven heard from
                                                              Hi! How did your week go? Haven't heard from y...
                                                                                                                                       In [99]:
def preprocess(x):
   x=x[:-1]
   return x
                                                                                                                                      In [100]:
df['source']=df['source'].apply(preprocess)
df['target']=df['target'].apply(preprocess)
                                                                                                                                      In [101]:
df=df[['source','target']]
df.head()
                                                                                                                                     Out[101]:
                                         source
0
                    U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?
                                                    Do you want me to reserve seat for you or not?
                                                     Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some Durian
      Yup. U reaching. We order some durian pastry a...
1
                                                                                        pas...
2
       They become more ex oredi... Mine is like 25.....
                                                   They become more expensive already. Mine is li...
3
                            I'm thai. what do u do?
                                                                      I'm Thai. What do you do?
        Hi! How did your week go? Haven heard from
                                                  Hi! How did your week go? Haven't heard from y...
                                                                                                                                      In [102]:
df.shape
                                                                                                                                     Out[102]:
(2000, 2)
                                                                                                                                      In [103]:
def length(text): #for calculating the length of the sentence
      return len(str(text))
                                                                                                                                      In [104]:
df=df[df['source'].apply(length)<170]</pre>
```

Out[97]:

```
df=df[df['target'].apply(length)<200]
                                                                                                                             In [105]:
df.shape
                                                                                                                            Out[105]:
(1990, 2)
                                                                                                                             In [106]:
df['target in'] = '\t' + df['target'].astype(str)
df['target out'] = df['target'].astype(str) + '\n'
# only for the first sentance add a toke <end> so that we will have <end> in tokenizer
df.head()
                                                                                                                            Out[106]:
                            source
                                                            target
                                                                                         target_in
                                                                                                                        target_out
                                                                   \tDo you want me to reserve seat for
                                                                                                     Do you want me to reserve seat for
                                     Do you want me to reserve seat for
        U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?
                                                        you or not?
                                                                                        you or not?
                                                                                                                      you or not?\n
        Yup. U reaching. We order some
                                       Yeap. You reaching? We ordered
                                                                      \tYeap. You reaching? We ordered
                                                                                                       Yeap. You reaching? We ordered
1
                    durian pastry a...
                                                  some Durian pas...
                                                                                                                  some Durian pas...
                                                                                    some Durian p...
    They become more ex oredi... Mine is
                                          They become more expensive
                                                                        \tThey become more expensive They become more expensive already.
                          like 25....
                                                  already. Mine is li...
                                                                                   already. Mine is ...
                                                                                                                         Mine is li...
3
                I'm thai. what do u do?
                                             I'm Thai. What do you do?
                                                                           \tl'm Thai. What do you do?
                                                                                                           I'm Thai. What do you do?\n
       Hi! How did your week go? Haven
                                     Hi! How did your week go? Haven't
                                                                    \tHi! How did your week go? Haven't
                                                                                                     Hi! How did your week go? Haven't
                                                      heard from y...
                    heard from you...
                                                                                       heard from...
                                                                                                                     heard from y...
                                                                                                                             In [107]:
df=df.drop('target',axis=1)
                                                                                                                             In [108]:
df.head(4)
                                                                                                                            Out[108]:
                                    source
                                                                            target_in
                                                                                                                     target_out
0
                 U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?
                                             \tDo you want me to reserve seat for you or not?
                                                                                        Do you want me to reserve seat for you or not?\n
      Yup. U reaching. We order some durian pastry
                                              \tYeap. You reaching? We ordered some Durian
                                                                                          Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some Durian
1
                                                                                 p...
                                                                                                                          pas...
     They become more ex oredi... Mine is like 25.....
2
                                             \tThey become more expensive already. Mine is ...
                                                                                        They become more expensive already. Mine is li...
                                                              \tl'm Thai. What do you do?
3
                        I'm thai. what do u do?
                                                                                                        I'm Thai. What do you do?\n
                                                                                                                             In [109]:
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
train, validation = train test split(df, test size=0.01)
                                                                                                                             In [110]:
print(train.shape, validation.shape)
# for one sentence we will be adding <end> token so that the tokanizer learns the word <end>
# with this we can use only one tokenizer for both encoder output and decoder output
train.iloc[0]['target_in'] = str(train.iloc[0]['target in']) + '\n'
train.iloc[0]['target out'] = str(train.iloc[0]['target out'])+'\n'
(1970, 3) (20, 3)
                                                                                                                             In [111]:
tknizer_source = Tokenizer(filters=None,char_level=True,lower=False)
tknizer source.fit on texts(train['source'].values)
tknizer target = Tokenizer (filters=None, char level=True, lower=False)
tknizer_target.fit_on_texts(train['target_in'].values)
                                                                                                                             In [112]:
vocab size target=len(tknizer target.word index.keys())
print(vocab size target)
vocab size source=len(tknizer_source.word_index.keys())
print (vocab size source)
92
103
                                                                                                                             In [113]:
tknizer target.word index['\t'], tknizer target.word index['\n']
                                                                                                                            Out[113]:
(20, 85)
                                                                                                                             In [122]:
```

class Encoder(tf.keras.Model):

```
Encoder model -- That takes a input sequence and returns encoder-outputs, encoder final state h, encode
    def init (self,inp vocab size,embedding size,lstm_size,input_length):
        #Initialize Embedding layer
        #Intialize Encoder LSTM layer
        super(). init ()
        self.vocab_size = inp_vocab_size
        self.embedding size = embedding size
        self.input length = input length
       self.lstm_size= lstm_size
       self.lstm output=0
       self.lstm_state_h=0
       self.lstm state c=0
        self.embedding = tf.keras.layers.Embedding(input dim=self.vocab size, output dim=self.embedding s
                           mask_zero=True,name="embedding_layer encoder")
        self.lstm = tf.keras.layers.LSTM(self.lstm_size, return_state=True, return_sequences=True, name=""")
   def call(self,input sequence,states):
         This function takes a sequence input and the initial states of the encoder.
         Pass the input sequence input to the Embedding layer, Pass the embedding layer ouput to encode:
         returns -- encoder output, last time step's hidden and cell state
        input embedd
                                               = self.embedding(input sequence)
        lstm state h,lstm state c = states[0],states[1]
       self.lstm output,lstm state h,lstm state c=self.lstm(input embedd)
       return self.lstm output,lstm state h,lstm state c
    def initialize states (self, batch size):
     Given a batch size it will return intial hidden state and intial cell state.
     If batch size is 32- Hidden state is zeros of size [32,1stm units], cell state zeros is of size [33]
     return [np.zeros((batch_size,self.lstm_size)),np.zeros((batch_size,self.lstm_size))]
                                                                                                   In [123]:
class Decoder(tf.keras.Model):
   Encoder model -- That takes a input sequence and returns output sequence
    def init (self,out vocab size,embedding size,lstm size,input length):
        #Initialize Embedding laver
        #Intialize Decoder LSTM layer
        super(). init ()
       self.out vocab size = out vocab size
        self.embedding size = embedding size
       self.lstm_size = lstm_size
        self.input length = input length
        # we are using embedding matrix and not training the embedding layer
        self.embedding = tf.keras.layers.Embedding(input dim=self.out vocab size, output dim=self.embeddi
                           mask zero=True, name="embedding layer decoder")
        self.gru = tf.keras.layers.GRU(self.lstm size, return sequences=True, return state=True, name="En
    def call(self,input sequence,initial states):
         This function takes a sequence input and the initial states of the encoder.
         Pass the input sequence input to the Embedding layer, Pass the embedding layer ouput to decode:
         returns -- decoder output, decoder final state h, decoder final state c
        target_embedd = self.embedding(input_sequence)
       decoder output, decoder final state h = self.gru(target embedd, initial state=[initial states[0]])
       return decoder output, decoder final state h
```

```
def __init__(self,encoder_inputs_length,decoder_inputs_length, output_vocab_size,batch_size):
        #Create encoder object
        #Create decoder object
        #Intialize Dense layer(out vocab size) with activation='softmax'
        super(). init () # https://stackoverflow.com/a/27134600/4084039
        self.batch size=batch size
        self.encoder = Encoder(vocab size source+1,512,256,encoder inputs length)
        self.decoder = Decoder(vocab_size_target+1,512,256,decoder_inputs_length)
        self.dense = tf.keras.layers.Dense(output vocab size, activation='softmax')
    def call(self,data):
        A. Pass the input sequence to Encoder layer -- Return encoder_output,encoder_final_state_h,encode
        B. Pass the target sequence to Decoder layer with intial states as encoder final state h, encoder
        C. Pass the decoder outputs into Dense layer
        Return decoder outputs
        input, output = data[0], data[1]
        initial_state=self.encoder.initialize_states(self.batch_size)
        encoder_output, encoder_h, encoder_c = self.encoder(input,initial_state)
        decoder_output, decoder_final_state_h= self.decoder(output,[encoder h])
                                            = self.dense(decoder output)
        return output
                                                                                                   In [137]:
class Dataset:
    def init (self, df, tknizer source, tknizer target, source len, target len):
        self.encoder inps = df['source'].values
        self.decoder_inps = df['target_in'].values
        self.decoder_outs = df['target_out'].values
        self.tknizer_target = tknizer_target
        self.tknizer source = tknizer source
        self.source len = source len
        self.target len = target len
    def __getitem__(self, i):
        self.encoder seq = self.tknizer source.texts to sequences([self.encoder inps[i]]) # need to pass
        self.decoder inp seq = self.tknizer target.texts to sequences([self.decoder inps[i]])
        self.decoder out seq = self.tknizer target.texts to sequences([self.decoder outs[i]])
        self.encoder seq = pad sequences(self.encoder seq, maxlen=self.source len, dtype='int32', padding
        self.decoder inp seq = pad sequences(self.decoder_inp_seq, maxlen=self.target_len, dtype='int32',
        self.decoder out seq = pad sequences (self.decoder out seq, maxlen=self.target len, dtype='int32',
        self.one_hot_encoded = np.zeros((len(self.decoder_out_seq), self.target_len, vocab_size_target), dty
        for i, sentence in enumerate (self.decoder out seq):
          for j, word in enumerate(sentence):
            self.one_hot_encoded[i,j,word]=1
        return self.encoder seq, self.decoder inp seq, self.one hot encoded
    def len (self): # your model.fit gen requires this function
        return len(self.encoder inps)
class Dataloder(tf.keras.utils.Sequence):
    def init (self, dataset, batch size=1):
        self.dataset = dataset
        self.batch size = batch size
        self.indexes = np.arange(len(self.dataset.encoder inps))
    def __getitem__(self, i):
        start = i * self.batch size
        stop = (i + 1) * self.batch size
        data = []
        for j in range(start, stop):
            data.append(self.dataset[j])
```

```
batch = [np.squeeze(np.stack(samples, axis=1), axis=0) for samples in zip(*data)]
       # we are creating data like ([italian, english inp], english out) these are already converted in:
       return tuple([[batch[0],batch[1]],batch[2]])
             (self): # your model.fit gen requires this function
       return len(self.indexes) // self.batch size
    def on epoch end(self):
       self.indexes = np.random.permutation(self.indexes)
                                                                                         In [138]:
train dataset = Dataset(train, tknizer source, tknizer target, 170, 200)
test dataset = Dataset(validation, tknizer source, tknizer target, 170, 200)
train dataloader = Dataloder(train dataset, batch size=512)
test dataloader = Dataloder(test dataset, batch size=20)
print(train_dataloader[0][0][0].shape, train_dataloader[0][0][1].shape, train_dataloader[0][1].shape)
(512, 170) (512, 200) (512, 200, 92)
                                                                                         In [139]:
def changeLearningRate(epoch,lr):
    if epoch % 3 == 0:
     return 1r*(0.5)
    return lr
                                                                                         In [140]:
\textbf{from} \ \texttt{tensorflow.keras.callbacks} \ \textbf{import} \ \texttt{EarlyStopping,ModelCheckpoint,LearningRateScheduler}
import datetime
early stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', patience=4, verbose=1)
check point = ModelCheckpoint('best model_1.h5', monitor='val_loss', verbose=1, save_best_only=True, mod
lrschedule = LearningRateScheduler(changeLearningRate, verbose=1)
                                                                                         In [141]:
#Create an object of encoder decoder Model class,
# Compile the model and fit the model
model = Encoder_decoder(encoder_inputs_length=170,decoder_inputs_length=200,output_vocab_size=vocab_size
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(0.01)
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer,loss='categorical crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])
train_steps=train.shape[0]//512
valid steps=validation.shape[0]//20
model.fit_generator(train_dataloader, steps_per_epoch=train_steps, epochs=100, validation_data=test_datal
model.summarv()
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/keras/engine/training.py:1940: UserWarning:
`Model.fit_generator` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Please use `Model.fit`,
which supports generators.
 warnings.warn('`Model.fit generator` is deprecated and '
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/data/ops/dataset_ops.py:3704: UserWarning: Even
though the `tf.config.experimental_run_functions_eagerly` option is set, this option does not apply to
tf.data functions. To force eager execution of tf.data functions, please use
`tf.data.experimental.enable.debug mode()`.
 "Even though the `tf.config.experimental run functions eagerly` "
Epoch 1/100
Epoch 00001: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.004999999888241291.
- val accuracy: 0.1758
Epoch 2/100
Epoch 00002: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.004999999888241291.
1.0846 - val accuracy: 0.2136
Epoch 3/100
Epoch 00003: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.004999999888241291.
1.0058 - val accuracy: 0.2218
Epoch 4/100
Epoch 00004: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0024999999441206455.
0.9583 - val accuracy: 0.2515
Epoch 5/100
```

```
EPOCH 00000. Beathingkatescheduler reducing realning rate to 0.002433333377441200400.
3/3 [========== 0.2758 - val loss: 0.9980 - accuracy: 0.2758 - val loss:
0.9234 - val_accuracy: 0.2804
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 00006: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0024999999441206455.
0.8932 - val accuracy: 0.2804
Epoch 7/100
Epoch 00007: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0012499999720603228.
0.8745 - val accuracy: 0.2967
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 00008: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0012499999720603228.
3/3 [========== 0.3076 - val_loss: 0.9212 - accuracy: 0.3076 - val_loss:
0.8580 - val accuracy: 0.2990
Epoch 9/100
Epoch 00009: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0012499999720603228.
0.8472 - val accuracy: 0.3101
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 00010: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0006249999860301614.
0.8415 - val accuracy: 0.3101
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 00011: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0006249999860301614.
3/3 [========== 0.3171 - val loss: 0.8936 - accuracy: 0.3171 - val loss:
0.8355 - val accuracy: 0.3153
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 00012: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0006249999860301614.
3/3 [========== 0.3226 - val loss: 0.8876 - accuracy: 0.3226 - val loss:
0.8304 - val accuracy: 0.3153
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 00013: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0003124999930150807.
0.8280 - val accuracy: 0.3160
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 00014: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0003124999930150807.
0.8257 - val accuracy: 0.3123
Epoch 15/100
Epoch 00015: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.0003124999930150807.
0.8236 - val accuracy: 0.3123
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 00016: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.00015624999650754035.
0.8225 - val accuracy: 0.3131
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 00017: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.00015624999650754035.
3/3 [=========== 0.3219 - val loss: 0.8744 - accuracy: 0.3219 - val loss:
0.8215 - val_accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 18/100
Epoch 00018: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 0.00015624999650754035.
3/3 [=========== 0.3213 - val loss: 0.8732 - accuracy: 0.3213 - val loss:
0.8206 - val accuracy: 0.3093
Epoch 19/100
Epoch 00019: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.812499825377017e-05.
0.8201 - val accuracy: 0.3093
Epoch 20/100
Epoch 00020: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.812499825377017e-05.
```

0 0106 --- 1 2003720--- 0 2002

```
0.0120 - ATTTCCTTTCA: 0.3023
Epoch 21/100
Epoch 00021: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.812499825377017e-05.
0.8191 - val accuracy: 0.3086
Epoch 22/100
Epoch 00022: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.9062499126885086e-05.
0.8189 - val accuracy: 0.3086
Epoch 23/100
Epoch 00023: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.9062499126885086e-05.
0.8186 - val accuracy: 0.3101
Epoch 24/100
Epoch 00024: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.9062499126885086e-05.
0.8183 - val accuracy: 0.3108
Epoch 25/100
Epoch 00025: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.9531249563442543e-05.
0.8182 - val accuracy: 0.3123
Epoch 26/100
Epoch 00026: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.9531249563442543e-05.
0.8181 - val accuracy: 0.3131
Epoch 27/100
Epoch 00027: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.9531249563442543e-05.
3/3 [=========== 0.3231 - val loss: 0.8694 - accuracy: 0.3231 - val loss:
0.8180 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 28/100
Epoch 00028: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.765624781721272e-06.
0.8179 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 29/100
Epoch 00029: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.765624781721272e-06.
0.8178 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 30/100
Epoch 00030: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.765624781721272e-06.
0.8178 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 31/100
Epoch 00031: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.882812390860636e-06.
0.8177 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 32/100
Epoch 00032: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.882812390860636e-06.
0.8177 - val_accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 33/100
Epoch 00033: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.882812390860636e-06.
0.8177 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 34/100
```

Epoch 00034: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.441406195430318e-06.

Epoch 00035: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.441406195430318e-06.

0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138

0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138

Epoch 35/100

Epoch 36/100

```
Epoch 00036: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.441406195430318e-06.
3/3 [=========== 0.3234 - val loss: 0.8689 - accuracy: 0.3234 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 37/100
Epoch 00037: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.220703097715159e-06.
3/3 [=========== 0.3234 - val loss: 0.8689 - accuracy: 0.3234 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 38/100
Epoch 00038: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.220703097715159e-06.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 39/100
Epoch 00039: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.220703097715159e-06.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 40/100
Epoch 00040: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 6.103515488575795e-07.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 41/100
Epoch 00041: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 6.103515488575795e-07.
0.8176 - val_accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 42/100
Epoch 00042: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 6.103515488575795e-07.
3/3 [========== 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val_accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 43/100
Epoch 00043: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.0517577442878974e-07.
3/3 [=========== 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 44/100
Epoch 00044: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.0517577442878974e-07.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 45/100
Epoch 00045: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.0517577442878974e-07.
3/3 [============ 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 46/100
Epoch 00046: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.5258788721439487e-07.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 47/100
Epoch 00047: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.5258788721439487e-07.
3/3 [=========== 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 48/100
Epoch 00048: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.5258788721439487e-07.
0.8176 - val_accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 49/100
Epoch 00049: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.629394360719743e-08.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 50/100
Epoch 00050: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.629394360719743e-08.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 51/100
Epoch 00051: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 7.629394360719743e-08.
```

```
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 52/100
Epoch 00052: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.814697180359872e-08.
3/3 [========== 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 53/100
Epoch 00053: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.814697180359872e-08.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 54/100
Epoch 00054: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 3.814697180359872e-08.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 55/100
Epoch 00055: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.907348590179936e-08.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 56/100
Epoch 00056: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.907348590179936e-08.
3/3 [============ ] - 2s 508ms/step - loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 57/100
Epoch 00057: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.907348590179936e-08.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 58/100
Epoch 00058: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.53674295089968e-09.
3/3 [=========== 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 59/100
Epoch 00059: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.53674295089968e-09.
3/3 [========== 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 60/100
Epoch 00060: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 9.53674295089968e-09.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 61/100
Epoch 00061: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.76837147544984e-09.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 62/100
Epoch 00062: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.76837147544984e-09.
3/3 [============ 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 63/100
Epoch 00063: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 4.76837147544984e-09.
3/3 [========== 0.3235 - val loss: 0.8688 - accuracy: 0.3235 - val loss:
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 64/100
Epoch 00064: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.38418573772492e-09.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 65/100
Epoch 00065: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.38418573772492e-09.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 66/100
Epoch 00066: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 2.38418573772492e-09.
0.8176 - val accuracy: 0.3138
```

```
Epoch 00067: LearningRateScheduler reducing learning rate to 1.19209286886246e-09.
0.8176 - val_accuracy: 0.3138
Epoch 00067: early stopping
Model: "encoder_decoder_12"
Layer (type)
                      Output Shape
                                           Param #
______
                                           840704
encoder_12 (Encoder)
                     multiple
decoder 12 (Decoder)
                    multiple
                                           638976
                 multiple
dense_12 (Dense)
                                           23644
______
Total params: 1,503,324
Trainable params: 1,503,324
Non-trainable params: 0
                                                                              In [143]:
batch size=512
units=256
                                                                              In [144]:
def predict(input sentence):
  A. Given input sentence, convert the sentence into integers using tokenizer used earlier
  B. Pass the input_sequence to encoder. we get encoder_outputs, last time step hidden and cell state
  C. Initialize index of <start> as input to decoder. and encoder final states as input states to decode:
  D. till we reach max length of decoder or till the model predicted word <end>:
       predicted out, state h, state c=model.layers[1](dec input, states)
       pass the predicted out to the dense layer
       update the states=[state_h, state_c]
       And get the index of the wordcc with maximum probability of the dense layer output, using the to
       Update the input to decoder with current predictions
  F. Return the predicted sentence
  initial_state_enc=[np.zeros((batch_size,units)),np.zeros((batch_size,units))]
  inp_seq = tknizer_source.texts_to_sequences([input_sentence])
  inp seq = pad sequences(inp seq,padding='post',maxlen=170)
  en outputs, state h, state c = model.layers[0] (tf.constant(inp seq), initial state enc)
  cur vec = tf.constant([[tknizer target.word index['\t']]])
  pred = []
  #Here 200 is the max length of the sequence
  for i in range (200):
   infe output, state_h = model.layers[1](cur_vec,[state_h])
   infe output = model.layers[2] (infe output)
   cur_vec = np.reshape(np.argmax(infe_output), (1, 1))
   pred.append(tknizer_target.index_word[cur_vec[0][0]])
   if (pred[-1]=='\n'):
    break
   translated_sentence = ''.join(pred)
  return translated sentence
                                                                              In [147]:
for i in validation['source']:
  print("The Actual Output is:")
  print(i)
  print("The Predicted Output is:")
 pred=predict(i)
  print (pred)
  print('>'*100)
The Actual Output is:
Hey u called me huh.. Wat's up leh?
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
u got cash card w u now.. xin wan to photostat something..
The Predicted Output is:
```

```
>>>>>>>
The Actual Output is:
I registered 4 it liao... I put class 13 first den class 14...
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Wat ü doing tml? Want to go out?
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Hey xin ah...R we goin 4 lesson on thurs? Oh fri rite, we r attendin e theory lesson hor...
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Yeah...U hav a knack 4 sms-ing me when i'm just step 4rm knockin out. Funny thing is.. I actually bother 2
reply..Which usually isn't e case.Nitey then go
The Predicted Output is:
>>>>>>>
The Actual Output is:
That's great news. Sorry for the late reply. Left phone in car. Have a goodnight anyways :)
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Is it times new roman font 12 double spacing?
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Haha... Sorrie abit blurr liao... Havin too much lesson... So hows life for u?
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Yar lor in soc face muz be v thick one...
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Nite has end for another day, morning has come in a special way. May you smile like the sunny rays and l
eaves your worries at the blue blue bay.
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Really how much...
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
I'm ok wif anything..and you're e bdåy girl! You decide... Haha...
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
eh she gave back the test papers ah. ?
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
You study wat course?
```

```
The Predicted Output is:
>>>>>>>
The Actual Output is:
juz fine. opps...Hi...how 'bout u?
The Predicted Output is:
>>>>>>>
The Actual Output is:
yun, if i cant make it u still going?Jos told me they going mohmd sultan, cover charge 12bucks.coz my
dinner is quite late, abt 7 plus.
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
That's how pple learn rite ?
The Predicted Output is:
>>>>>>>
The Actual Output is:
Leona lei... I anything lor... I'm free... But not too early...
The Predicted Output is:
The Actual Output is:
Not yet. where to buy
The Predicted Output is:
>>>>>>>
# Predict on 1000 random sentences on test data and calculate the average BLEU score of these sentences.
import nltk.translate.bleu score as bleu
bleu scores lst=[]
for i in validation[:]['source']:
 reference = [i.split(),] # the original
 predicted=predict(i)
 translation = predicted.split()
 values=bleu.sentence bleu(reference, translation)
 bleu_scores_lst.append(values)
# https://www.nltk.org/_modules/nltk/translate/bleu_score.html
                                                         In [149]:
average_bleu_scores=sum(bleu_scores_lst)/len(bleu_scores_lst)
print ("Average BLEU score of these 1000 test data sentences is: ",average bleu scores)
Average BLEU score of these 1000 test data sentences is: 0.0
                                                         In [150]:
bleu scores 1st
                                                         Out[150]:
In [1]:
from prettytable import PrettyTable
table1=PrettyTable()
                                                          In [2]:
table1.field_names=['S.NO','MODEL','Average_Bleu_Score']
table1.add_row([1,'Simple_ManytoMany_Characterlevel_LSTM_Model',0.32245004727098137])
table1.add row([2, 'Simple ManytoMany Characterlevel Bidirectional LSTM Model', 0.289174940583241])
table1.add_row([3,'Simple_ManytoMany_Wordlevel_LSTM_Model',0.3605904404428826])
table 1. add\_row ([4, 'Simple\_ManytoMany\_Wordlevel\_Bidirectional\_LSTM\_Model', 0.39176783220696243]) \\
table1.add_row([5,'Simple_ManytoMany_Wordlevel_LSTM_Model(Fasttext_Embeddings)',0.44321749874121313])
table1.add row([6, 'Simple ManytoMany Wordlevel Bidirectional LSTM Model(Fasttext Embeddings)',0.483042274
table1.add row([7,'Encoder Decoder Wordlevel LSTM',0.17936797861081147])
table1.add row([8,'Encoder Decoder Characterlevel LSTM',0.1318701360495755])
table1.add row([9,'Encoder Decoder Attention Wordlevel LSTM',0.010138124061366445])
table1.add_row([10,'Encoder_Decoder_Attention_Characterlevel_LSTM',0.015891448522335924])
table1.add row([11,'Encoder Decoder Attention Wordlevel LSTM(Fasttext Embeddings)',0.03251957333271974])
table1.add_row([12,'Monotonic_Attention',0.19536971776642903])
```

print(table1)

+-	 S.NO	-+- 	MODEL	-+- 	Average Bleu Score
+-	 1	-+-	Simple ManytoMany Characterlevel LSTM Model	-+-	0.32245004727098137
	Τ		Simple_manycomany_characteriever_bsim_moder	-	0.32243004727090137
İ	2	1	Simple_ManytoMany_Characterlevel_Bidirectional_LSTM_Model	1	0.289174940583241
	3	I	Simple_ManytoMany_Wordlevel_LSTM_Model	I	0.3605904404428826
	4	I	Simple_ManytoMany_Wordlevel_Bidirectional_LSTM_Model	I	0.39176783220696243
1	5	I	Simple_ManytoMany_Wordlevel_LSTM_Model(Fasttext_Embeddings)	I	0.44321749874121313
	6	I	${\tt Simple_ManytoMany_Wordlevel_Bidirectional_LSTM_Model(Fasttext_Embeddings)}$	I	0.48304227467563887
	7	1	Encoder_Decoder_Wordlevel_LSTM	1	0.17936797861081147
	8		Encoder_Decoder_Characterlevel_LSTM		0.1318701360495755
	9	I	Encoder_Decoder_Attention_Wordlevel_LSTM	I	0.010138124061366445
	10	I	Encoder_Decoder_Attention_Characterlevel_LSTM	I	0.015891448522335924
	11	I	<pre>Encoder_Decoder_Attention_Wordlevel_LSTM(Fasttext_Embeddings)</pre>	I	0.03251957333271974
	12		Monotonic_Attention	1	0.19536971776642903
4		- + -		- +	Þ