LAB EXERCISE-5

COMPANY DATABASE

Consider the schema for Company Database:

EMPLOYEE(<u>SSN</u>, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)

DEPARTMENT(<u>DNo</u>, Dname, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)

DLOCATION(<u>DNo, DLoc</u>)

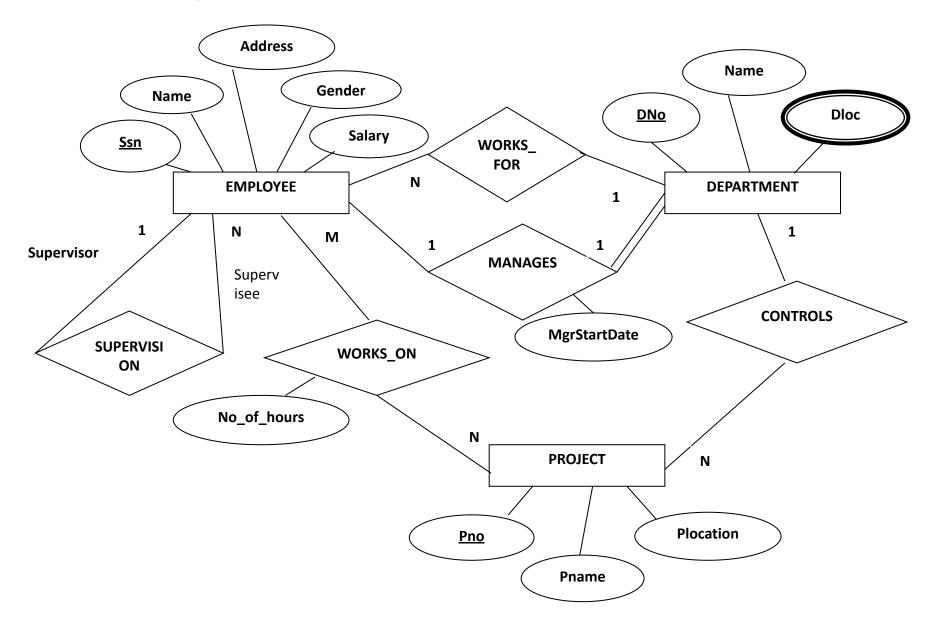
PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)

WORKS_ON(<u>SSN</u>, <u>PNo</u>, Hours)

Write SQL queries to

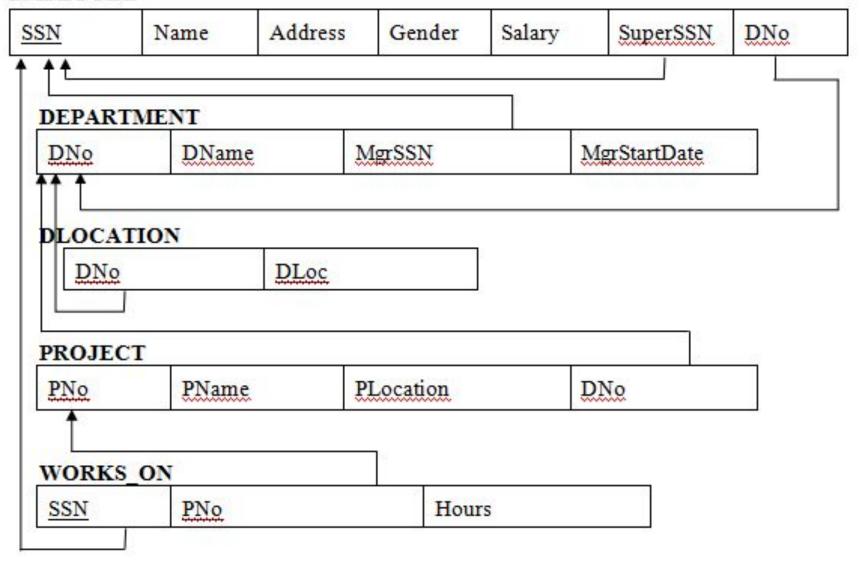
- 1. Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.
- 2. Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent raise.
- 3. Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department
- 4. Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number (use NOT EXISTS operator).
- 5. For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.

ER diagram



Schema diagram

EMPLOYEE



CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(SSN INT PRIMARY KEY,

NAME VARCHAR2(20),

ADDRESS VARCHAR2(20),

GENDER CHAR(1) CHECK(GENDER='M' OR GENDER='F'),

SALARY NUMBER(6),

SUPERSSN REFERENCES EMPLOYEE(SSN), DNO NUMBER);

- INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE

 VALUES(1,'Scott','Mangaluru','F',35000,1,NULL);
- INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE

 VALUES(2,'Sahana','Mangaluru','F',35000,1,NULL);
- INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE

 VALUES(3,'Sagar','Bengaluru','M',35000,1,NULL);
- INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE

 VALUES(4,'Sagarik','Mangaluru','M',35000,1,NULL);
- INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE

 VALUES(5,'Sajaan','Mysore','M',600000,1,NULL);

SELECT *FROM EMPLOYEE_PGM;

SSN	NAME	ADDRESS	G	SALARY	SUPERSSN	DNO
1	Scott	Manga luru	F	35000	1	4
10	Sahana	Mangaluru	F	35000	î	î
3	Sagar	Bengaluru	M	35000	1	3
4	Sagarik	Mangaluru	M	35000	1	3
	Sajaan	Mysore	M	600000	1	3

CREATE TABLE DEPARTMENT_PGM
(DNO NUMBER(5) PRIMARY KEY,
DNAME VARCHAR2(10),
MGRSSN REFERENCES EMPLOYEE_PGM,
MGRSTARTDATE DATE);

- INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT_PGM VALUES(1,'CSE',1,'2-Nov-2007');
- INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT_PGM VALUES(2,'IOT',2,'2-Nov-2007');
- INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT_PGM VALUES(3,'Account',2,'2-Nov-2017');
- INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT_PGM VALUES(4,'ISE',1,'2-Nov-2000');
- INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT_PGM VALUES(5,'Finance',1,'3-Nov-2001');

SQL> SELECT *FROM DEPARTMENT_PGM;

DNO	DNAME	MGRSSN	MGRSTARTD
1	CSE	1	02-NOV-07
2	IOT	2	02-NOV-07
3	Account	2	02-NOU-17
4	ISE	1	02-NOV-00
5	Finance	1	03-NOV-01

Relating employee and department

• ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEE_PGM ADD CONSTRAINT FK FOREIGN KEY(DNO) REFERENCES DEPARTMENT_PGM;

- Now update employee to set dno:
- UPDATE EMPLOYEE_PGM SET DNO=&DNO where SSN=&SSN;

• CREATE TABLE **DLOCATION**(DNO REFERENCES DEPARTMENT_PGM,
LOCATION VARCHAR2(10), **PRIMARY KEY(DNO,LOCATION))**;

- INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES(1, 'Mangaluru');
- INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES(1,'Mysore');
- INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES(2, 'Mangaluru');
- INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES(3, 'Bengaluru');
- INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES(4, 'Mangaluru');
- INSERT INTO DLOCATION VALUES(5,'Mangaluru');

3QL> SELECT *FROM DLOCATION;

DNO LOCATION

- 1 Mangaluru
- 1 Mysore
- 2 Mangaluru
- 3 Bengaluru
- 4 Mangaluru
- 5 Mangaluru

CREATE TABLE PROJECT_PGM
(PNO NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY,
PNAME VARCHAR2(20),
PLOCATION VARCHAR2(20),
DNO NUMBER REFERENCES
DEPARTMENT PGM);

- INSERT INTO PROJECT_PGM VALUES(1,'IOT','Managluru',1);
- INSERT INTO PROJECT_PGM VALUES(2,'Data Mining','Managluru',1);
- INSERT INTO PROJECT_PGM VALUES(3,'CC','Hubli',3);
- INSERT INTO PROJECT_PGM VALUES(4,'Image processing','Managluru',4);
- INSERT INTO PROJECT_PGM VALUES(5,'Research','Managluru',5);

SQL> SELECT *FROM PROJECT_PGM;

PNO	PNAME	PLOCATION	DNO
1	IOT	Managluru	1
2	Data Mining	Managluru	1
	CC	Hubli	3
4	Image processing	Managluru	4
	Research	Managluru	5

CREATE TABLE WORKSON

(SSN NUMBER(5) REFERENCES EMPLOYEE_PGM, PNO NUMBER(2) REFERENCES PROJECT_PGM, HOURS NUMBER(5,2), PRIMARY KEY(SSN, PNO));

- INSERT INTO WORKSON VALUES(1,1,4);
- INSERT INTO WORKSON VALUES(2,1,5);
- INSERT INTO WORKSON VALUES(3,2,4);
- INSERT INTO WORKSON VALUES(4,3,4);
- INSERT INTO WORKSON VALUES(5,5,4);

SQL> SELECT *FROM WORKSON;

SSN	PNO	HOURS
1	1	4
2	1	5
2 3	2	4
4	3	4
5	5	4

3ELECT *FROM EMPLOYEE_PGM;

SSN	NAME	ADDRESS	G	SALARY	SUPERSSN	DNO
1	Scott	Mangaluru	F	35000	1	4
2	Sahana	Mangaluru	F	35000	1	1
3	Sagar	Bengaluru	M	35000	1	3
	Sagarik	Mangaluru	M	35000	1	3
	Sajaan	Mysore	M	600000	1	3

3QL> SELECT *FROM DEPARTMENT_PGM;

SQL> SELECT *FROM DLOCATION;

DNO	DNAME	MGRSSN	MGRSTARTD	DNO	LOCATION
1	CSE		02-NOV-07		Mangaluru
2	IOT	2	02-NOU-07	1	Mysore
3	Account	2	02-NOU-17	2	Mangaluru
	ISE	1	02-NOV-00	3	Bengaluru
	Finance		03-NOV-01		Mangaluru
				5	Mangaluru

SQL> SELECT *FROM PROJECT_PGM;

3QL> SELECT *FROM WORKSON;

PNO	PNAME	PLOCATION	DNO	SSN	PNO	HOURS
2 3 4	IOT Data Mining CC Image processing Research	Managluru Managluru Hubli Managluru Managluru	1 1 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 1 2 3 5	4 5 4 4 4

• Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

SELECT PNO FROM PROJECT PGM WHERE DNO IN (SELECT DNO FROM DEPARTMENT PGM WHERE MGRSSN IN (SELECT SSN FROM EMPLOYEE PGM WHERE NAME ='Scott')) **UNION** (SELECT PNO FROM WORKSON WHERE SSN IN (SELECT SSN FROM EMPLOYEE PGM WHERE NAME='Scott'));

PNO

• (SELECT PNAME, P.PNO FROM PROJECT PGM P, DEPARTMENT PGM D, EMPLOYEE PGM E WHERE NAME = 'Scott' AND MGRSSN = SSN AND P.DNO = D.DNOUNION (SELECT PNAME, P.PNO FROM PROJECT PGM P, WORKSON W, EMPLOYEE PGM E WHERE E.SSN= W.SSN AND W.PNO = P.PNOAND NAME = 'Scott');

PNAME	PNO
Data Mining	2
IOT	1
Image processing	4
Research	5

• Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent raise.

SELECT SSN, NAME, SALARY, SALARY+0.1*SALARY as INC SAL FROM EMPLOYEE PGM WHERE SSN IN (SELECT SSN FROM WORKSON WHERE PNO IN (SELECT PNO FROM PROJECT PGM WHERE PNAME ='IOT'));

SSN	NAME	SALARY	INC_SAL
977	Scott	35000	38500
	Sahana	35000	38500

SELECT E.SSN, NAME, PNAME, SALARY+0.1*SALARY AS INC_SAL FROM EMPLOYEE_PGM E, WORKSON W, PROJECT_PGM P WHERE PNAME = 'IOT' AND E.SSN = W.SSN AND W.PNO = P.PNO;

OR

SELECT E.SSN, NAME, PNAME, 1.1*SALARY AS INC_SAL FROM EMPLOYEE_PGM E, WORKSON W, PROJECT_PGM P WHERE PNAME = 'IOT' AND E.SSN = W.SSN AND W.PNO = P.PNO;

SSN	NAME	PNAME	INC_SAL
1	Scott	IOT	38500
2	Sahana	IOT	38500

• Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department

```
SELECT SUM(SALARY), MAX(SALARY),
MIN(SALARY), AVG(SALARY)
FROM EMPLOYEE PGM
WHERE DNO IN
SELECT DNO
FROM DEPARTMENT PGM
WHERE DNAME = 'Account');
```

SELECT SUM(SALARY), MAX(SALARY), MIN(SALARY), AVG(SALARY)
FROM EMPLOYEE_PGM E, DEPARTMENT_PGM D
WHERE E.DNO = D.DNO AND DNAME = 'Account';

SUM(SALARY)	MAX(SALARY)	MIN(SALARY)	AUG(SALARY)
670000	600000	35000	223333.333

• Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).

Exists operator

The SQL EXISTS Operator

The EXISTS operator is used to test for the existence of any record in a subquery.

The EXISTS operator returns true if the subquery returns one or more records.

```
SELECT column_name(s)

FROM table_name

WHERE EXISTS

(SELECT column_name FROM table_name WHERE condition);
```

```
SELECT SSN, NAME
FROM EMPLOYEE PGM E
WHERE NOT EXISTS
(SELECT PNO
FROM PROJECT PGM
WHERE DNO = 5)
MINUS
(SELECT PNO
FROM WORKSON W
WHERE W.SSN = E.SSN);
```

SSN NAME

5 Sajaan

• For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.

• (SELECT COUNT(SSN) AS NO OF EMPS FROM EMPLOYEE PGM WHERE SALARY >= 600000) **UNION** SELECT DNO FROM EMPLOYEE PGM GROUP BY DNO HAVING COUNT(SSN)>= 5;

NO_OF_EMPS