



Hotel Management System

A PROJECT REPORT

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Declaration

I hereby declare that the project report entitled "Hotel Management System" submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Master in Computer Application is my original work and has not been submitted previously to any other institution or university for any degree or diploma.

I have carried out the work presented in this project report under the guidance of **Tanya Ma'am.** All the work presented here is genuine to the best of my knowledge, and any reference used has been appropriately acknowledged.

I am fully responsible for the authenticity of the content and any inaccuracies in the report.





Acknowledgment

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to everyone who has contributed to the successful completion of this case study on the **Hotel Management System** in AIP.

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This project has been a valuable learning experience, allowing me to bridge the gap between academic concepts and practical application in the field of full-stack web development.

Manpreet kaur





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Introduction

1.1 Background

With the increasing demand for seamless guest services and efficient internal operations, many hotels are transitioning to digital management systems. Manual record-keeping often leads to inefficiencies, such as double-booking or slow check-ins. This project attempts to address those challenges by developing a simple yet functional **Hotel Management System**.

1.2 Project Objective

The primary goal of this project is to create a fully functional hotel management system using only **Java technologies** without relying on external frameworks like Hibernate. It is designed to:

- Manage hotel rooms and bookings.
- Maintain guest and employee records.
- Implement login and logout functionality with session tracking.
- Offer a clean and responsive UI using Bootstrap.
- Use RESTful services for frontend-backend communication.
- Provide theme toggle support (dark/light mode) for better UX.

1.3 Scope

The project covers all basic hotel operations from room availability to customer management. It is not limited to administrators only but is built in a scalable way to support different roles in the future. While billing and payments are excluded for simplicity, the system supports:

- Room listing and availability status.
- Guest check-in/check-out processes.
- Secure login/logout.
- API integration through Java Servlets and Fetch API.

Technology Stack

Java Servlets

Java Servlets form the core of the backend functionality. They handle client requests, process data, interact with the database, and return responses. Servlets are responsible for controlling the flow of the application, managing sessions, and exposing RESTful endpoints that the frontend communicates with.





JSP (JavaServer Pages)

JSP is used for rendering dynamic web pages. It allows embedding Java code directly into HTML, which helps generate content based on user interactions or server-side data. In this project, JSP files serve as the view layer, displaying data such as room availability, bookings, and guest details retrieved from the backend.

HTML & CSS

HTML provides the structure of the web pages, defining elements like forms, tables, buttons, and headers. CSS is used to apply styles to these elements, ensuring that the layout, fonts, colors, and spacing remain consistent and visually appealing across the entire application.

Bootstrap

Bootstrap is a CSS framework included to make the UI responsive and mobile-friendly. It simplifies the design process by offering pre-built components and classes for layout, buttons, forms, and grid systems. Bootstrap is also used to implement the dark/light theme toggle, enhancing the visual experience.

MySQL

MySQL is the database management system used to store all essential data, including user credentials, room records, booking information, and check-in/check-out logs. The database is accessed using JDBC from the Java Servlets, allowing the application to perform operations like inserting, updating, and retrieving records.

Fetch API

The Fetch API enables communication between the frontend (JSP) and backend (Java Servlets) through asynchronous HTTP requests. It is used to send data to REST endpoints (e.g., making a room booking or fetching guest details) and receive JSON responses without reloading the page.





Jakarta EE

Jakarta EE (formerly Java EE) provides the platform for building the web application. It includes specifications for Servlets, JSP, and RESTful services, enabling structured development and deployment. The project leverages Jakarta EE's architecture to organize logic and manage web requests efficiently.

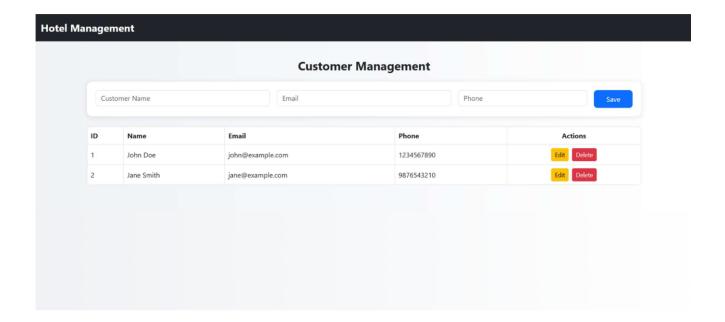
Apache Tomcat

Apache Tomcat is the server used to deploy and run the hotel management web application. It supports the execution of Servlets and JSP pages and acts as the middleware between the user interface and server-side logic. Tomcat is essential for hosting and testing the application during development.

Project Structure Overview

3.1 Page (index.jsp)

- Welcome message, navigation links to login and booking.
- UI toggle (light/dark mode) implemented with Bootstrap classes.

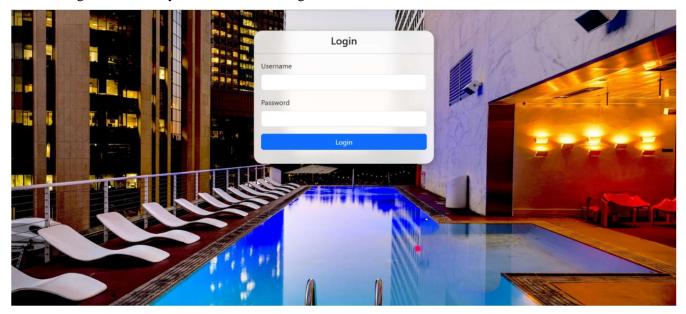






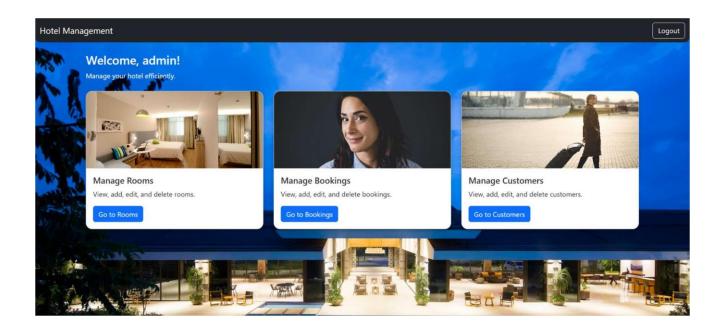
3.2 Admin Login (login.jsp)

- Admin registration with basic validation.
- Login functionality with session tracking.



3.3 Admin Dashboard (adminDashboard.jsp)

- Restricted access with admin authentication.
- View and manage customers and room data.

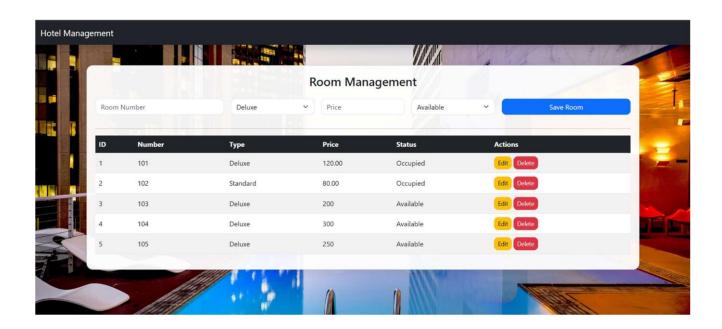


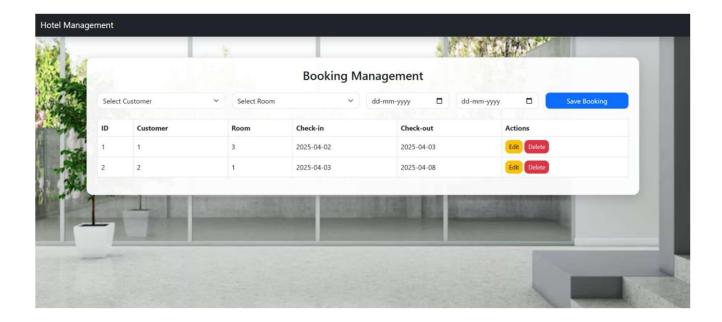




3.4 Booking Page (booking.jsp)

- Shows available rooms fetched via REST API.
- Allows customers to make a booking and view status.









3.6 Servlets

- LoginServlet.java: Handles session login.
- LogoutServlet.java: Handles session destruction.
- BookingServlet.java: Handles room booking.
- RoomAPI.java: REST endpoint to retrieve available rooms (returns JSON).

Key Functionalities

4.1 Room Booking

- Check availability using REST API.
- Confirm booking and update database via servlet.

4.2 Admin Control Panel

- Add/view/delete customer and room entries.
- Simple table UI for CRUD operations via JSP and Java logic.

4.3 Theme Toggle

- Light/dark theme using Bootstrap switch.
- State retained using browser local storage.

Sample Code Snippets

5.1 Room Booking Logic in Servlet

protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {

```
String customerName = request.getParameter("name");
```

int roomId = Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("roomId"));

Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(DB_URL, USER, PASS);

PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement("INSERT INTO bookings (customer_name, room_id) VALUES (?, ?)");

ps.setString(1, customerName);





```
ps.setInt(2, roomId);
ps.executeUpdate();
response.sendRedirect("bookingSuccess.jsp");
}
5.2 REST API for Room Availability
@Path("/rooms")
public class RoomAPI {
    @GET
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public List<Room> getAvailableRooms() {
        List<Room> roomList = new ArrayList<>();
        // Fetch from DB and return as JSON
        return roomList;
    }
}
```

Testing and Debugging

- 1. Login Test: Valid/invalid user credentials tested.
- 2. **Room API Test:** REST endpoints tested via Fetch + Chrome Dev Tools.
- 3. **Mobile Compatibility:** Bootstrap ensures responsiveness on phones.
- 4. **Session Expiry:** Accessing protected pages after logout redirects to login.

Limitations and Challenges

Limitations

- No payment integration (could be added later).
- Basic input validation only.





Challenges

- Integrating REST APIs into JSP without JavaScript logic.
- Managing state across JSP pages without using DAO or Hibernate.

Future Improvements

- 1. Payment Gateway Integration: Add support for online payments.
- 2. Analytics Dashboard: Graphical view of occupancy rates.
- 3. **Email Notifications:** Confirmation emails for bookings.
- 4. **Database Optimization:** Add indexing and query tuning.

Conclusion

This Hotel Management System showcases how a full-featured Java web application can streamline hotel operations. With a modular architecture using Servlets, REST APIs, and JSP, the system is both scalable and extendable. It demonstrates the effective use of core Java EE technologies, Bootstrap for UI, and SQL for robust data storage.

References

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