Rotate 7-digit number to right by three

int last thue = 7% 1000 7 567

int first four = 7/1000 -> 1234

return 567 [mtthre × 10000 + firelfone 567 × 10000 + 1234 507000 + 1234 = 5671234

HW_Check Palindrome

```
1 Main

Teverse > 121 (int)

Toolean is falindrome (int num)

return number == reverse (num)

121 == 121 true
```

```
int t;
for(){
    int num;
    if(isPalindrome(num)){
        syso("YES");
    }
    else{
        syso("NO");
    }
}

public static int reverse(int num){
}

public static boolean isPalindrome(int num){
    return num == reverse(num);
}
```

HW_Print Armstrong in a range

```
no. of digits ->, court
```

```
In-built function of find length of a number
```

= String-valuelet (number). lengthu(); strig. value of (1234). largth () -2(4

12347 "1234"

```
int n = 1234567;
int ans = String.valueOf(n).length();
System.out.println(ans);
```

cg-71234

```
public static boolean isArmstrong(int number){
                                                        public static void main(String[] args) {
       int original = number;
                                                            /* Enter your code here. Read input from S
       int result = 0;
       int n = String.valueOf(number).length();
                                                            Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
                                                            int x = s.nextInt();
       while(original != 0){
          int rem = original % 10;
                                                            int y = s.nextInt();
          result += power(rem, n);
          original /= 10;
                                                            for(int i = x; i \le y; i++){
                                                                if(isArmstrong(i)){ -3 os, felle
       return result == number;
                                                                    System.out.println(i);
   public static int power(int base, int expo){
       int result = 1;
       for(int i = 1; i <= expo; i++){
          result *= base;
                                                                         i= 300 < 500 T
       return result;
0.5i = 300
300|=0.7
1 \le 3.7, 2.5
300|=0.7
37, 10=0.7
37, 10=3.7
1 \times 0.80 \times 0.80
     300
                                                                                       27 = = 300 false
                                                                                        20
0+0 0+0=0 0+21=21 0^3 \to 0 0+0=0 30/10 \to 3 3/10=0 3 \to 27
```