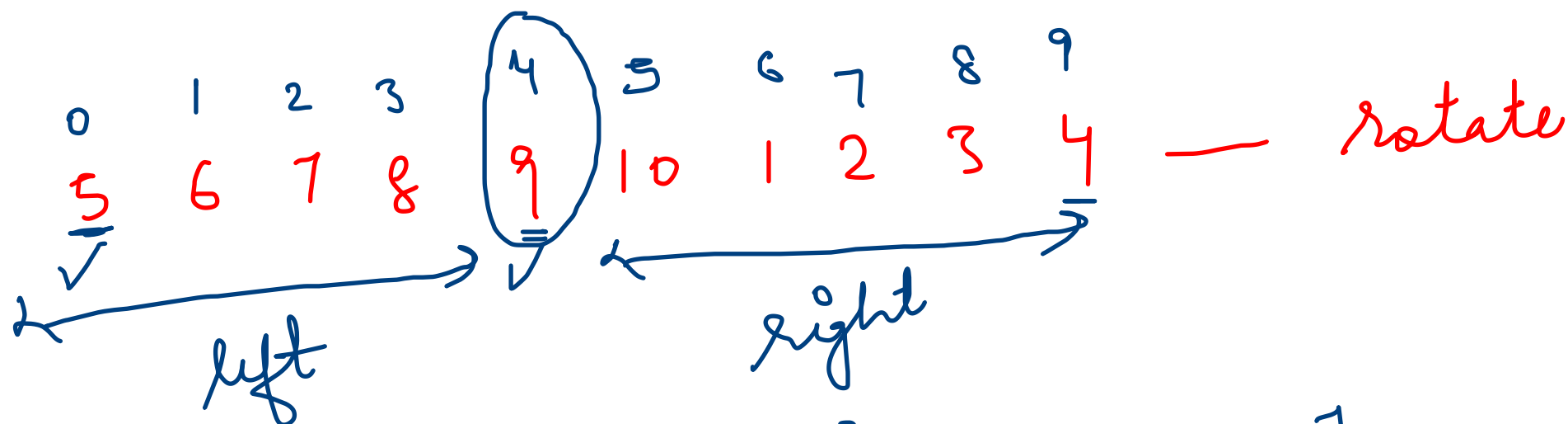


1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 — sorted

x = 6



$$0 + 9 / 2 = \underline{4}$$

$5 < 9 \rightarrow \text{left}$

$9 < 4 \rightarrow \text{right}$

if  $\text{key} > \text{arr}[\text{left}]$   
 $6 \geq 5 \text{ } \tau$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6

$i = 0, j = n - 1$

while ( $i \leq j$ )

$mid = (i + j) / 2$

if ( $arr[mid] \leq arr[mid - 1]$  &&  
 $arr[mid] \leq arr[mid + 1]$ )  
 return  $mid - 1$ ;

00110011

→ 0011

→ 01

→ 1100

→ 10

→ 0011


→ 01

→ count substring with

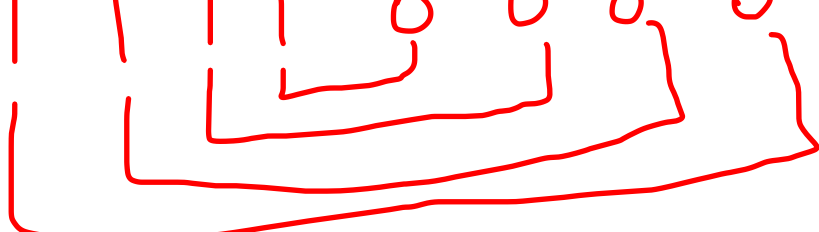
↳ equal no. of 0's & 1's

↳ all 1's & 0's must be together

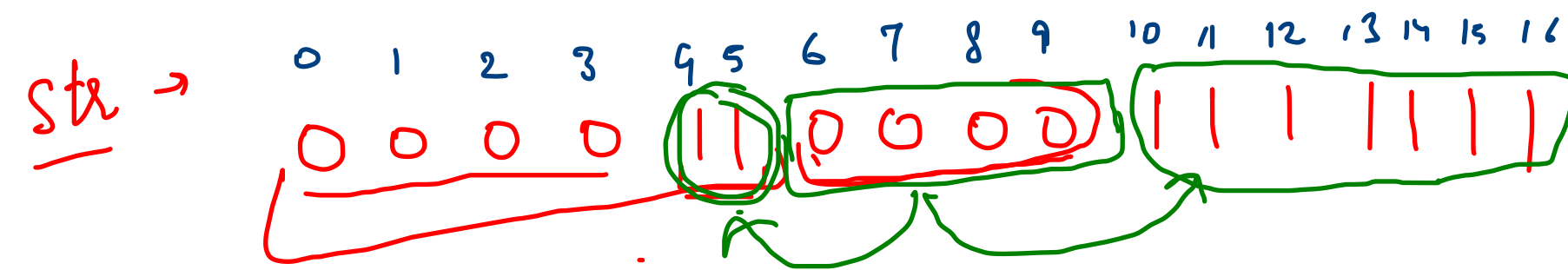
str = "00000011111"



str = "111100000000000"



ans = min(no. of 0's, no. of 1's)



CountZero = ~~4~~ ~~4~~ 4 ✓

CountOne = ~~2~~ ~~2~~ 7 ✓

$$\text{ans} = 0 + 2 + 2 + 4 = 8$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 00 \quad 11 \quad 00 \quad 11 \\
 \hline
 \quad \quad 2 \quad \quad \quad \\
 2 \quad 2 \quad \quad \quad \\
 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad \quad \\
 \hline
 [2 + 2 + 2] = 6
 \end{array}$$

```

public static int countSubstring(String str){
    int n = str.length();
    int i = 0;
    int ans = 0;
    while(i < n){

        int countZero = 0;
        int countOne = 0;

        if(str.charAt(i) == '0'){
            while(i < n && str.charAt(i) == '0'){
                countZero++;
                i++;
            }
            int j = i;
            while(j < n && str.charAt(j) == '1'){
                countOne++;
                j++;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

$n^2$   
 $O(1)$

```

        else{
            while(i < n && str.charAt(i) == '1'){
                countOne++;
                i++;
            }
            int j = i;
            while(j < n && str.charAt(j) == '0'){
                countZero++;
                j++;
            }
        }
        ans += Math.min(countZero, countOne);
    }
    return ans;
}

```

}