

```
// Function to check if 'row' is a subarray of 'arr'
public static boolean isSubarray(int[] arr, int[] row, int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i <= arr.length - n; i++) {
        boolean match = true;
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            if (arr[i + j] != row[j]) {
                match = false;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (match) return true;
    }
    return false;
}
```

arr = 

1	2	3	1	2	3
---	---	---	---	---	---

  
0 1 2 3 4 5

row = 

3	1	2
---	---	---

$i = 0 < 3$

$m = k \quad j = 0 < 3$   
 $\uparrow$   
 $arr[0+0] \neq 3$

SC  $\rightarrow O(n)$   
 TC  $\rightarrow O(n^2)$

```
System.out.println(areRowsCircularRotations(mat, n));
}

public static String areRowsCircularRotations(int[][] mat, int n) {
    // Create the "rotational space" for the first row
    int[] firstRow = new int[2 * n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        firstRow[i] = mat[0][i];
        firstRow[i + n] = mat[0][i]; // Duplicate the first row
    }

    // Check each subsequent row
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        if (!isSubarray(firstRow, mat[i], n)) {
            return "NO";
        }
    }
    return "YES";
}
```

# Binary Search.

→ array must be sorted

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
6	10	15	32	35	40	45

$$n = 7.$$

$$SI = 0$$

$$EI = 6$$

$$mid = \frac{SI + EI}{2} = \frac{0 + 6}{2} = 3$$

$10 < 32 \rightarrow \text{left}$   
 $40 > 32 \rightarrow \text{right}$

return mid;

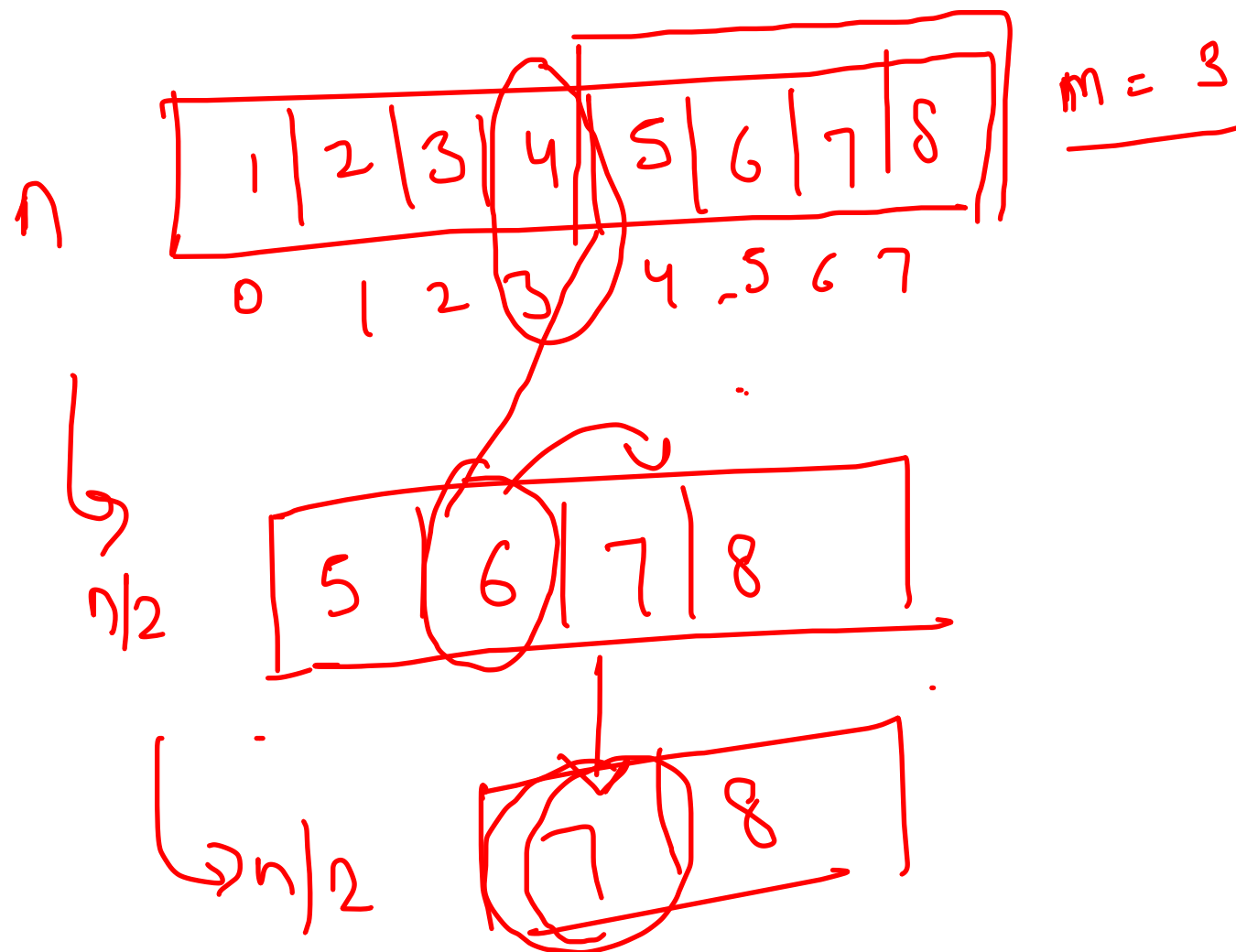
l--  
r++

TC  
best -  $O(1)$

Avg -  $O(\log n)$

Worst -  $O(\log n)$

Sc  
 $O(1)$



```

public static int rotatedarray(int arr[], int key){
    int left = 0;
    int right = arr.length - 1;

    while(left <= right){
        int mid = (l+r)/2;

        if(arr[mid] == key){
            return mid;
        }

        // which part is sorted
        if(arr[left] <= arr[mid]){
            // left half sorted
            if(key >= arr[left] && key < arr[mid]){
                right = mid - 1;
            }
            else{
                left = mid + 1;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

$TC \rightarrow O(\log n)$   
 $SC \rightarrow O(1)$

```

        else{
            // right half is sorted
            if(key > arr[mid] && key <= arr[right]){
                left = mid + 1;
            }
            else{
                right = mid - 1;
            }
        }
    }
    // if key not found
    return -1;
}

```

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2

5 2 8 9