```
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
  int n = s.nextInt();
  int arr[] = new int[n];
                                                                                      an[2]: 37.10=3
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){}
      arr[i] = s.nextInt();
                                                                                      C = 3/10 = 0
  int x = s.nextInt();
  int ans[] = addtoArray(arr,x);
  for(int i = 0; i < ans.length; i++){</pre>
                                         6= 220
      System.out.print(ans[i] + " ");
                                      Sun = 1+2 Sun = 4+0
public static int[] addtoArray(int arr[], int x){
   int n = arr.length;
   int carry = x;
  for(int i = n-1; i >= 0; i--){
                                                                     i=1, S=9+9=18; 187,10=8
       int sum = arr[i] + carry; // total sum
       arr[i] = sum % 10; // last digit of sum
       carry = sum / 10; // remaining carry
                                                                     C = 18/10=1
  if(carry > 0){
                                                                    j=0,5=9+1=10,107010=0
       int result[] = new int[n+1];
       result[0] = carry;
       System.arraycopy(arr, 0, result, 1, n);
                                                                       C=10/10 =1
       //(from which array, its index, to which array, its index, size)
       return result;
  else{
       return arr;
```

}

System. arrycopy (Source, inden, destination, nache, no - of clement) > Source array , our to be copied from > source index = starting position from where to copy. 3 Destination array 3 am to be copied in 3) Destination index 3 starting position whele to copy in I lugth I total no. of elements to be copieed.

$$6 - 8 = 2$$
 $4 - 8 = 4$

$$2 - 3 = 1$$

$$2 - 10 = 8$$

$$2 - 6 = 9$$

$$2 - 9 = 1$$

$$3 - 6 = 3$$

$$3 - 9 = 1$$

$$3 - 8 = 5$$

$$2 - 8 = 6$$

$$2 - 8 = 6$$

$$2 - 8 = 6$$

$$2 - 8 = 6$$

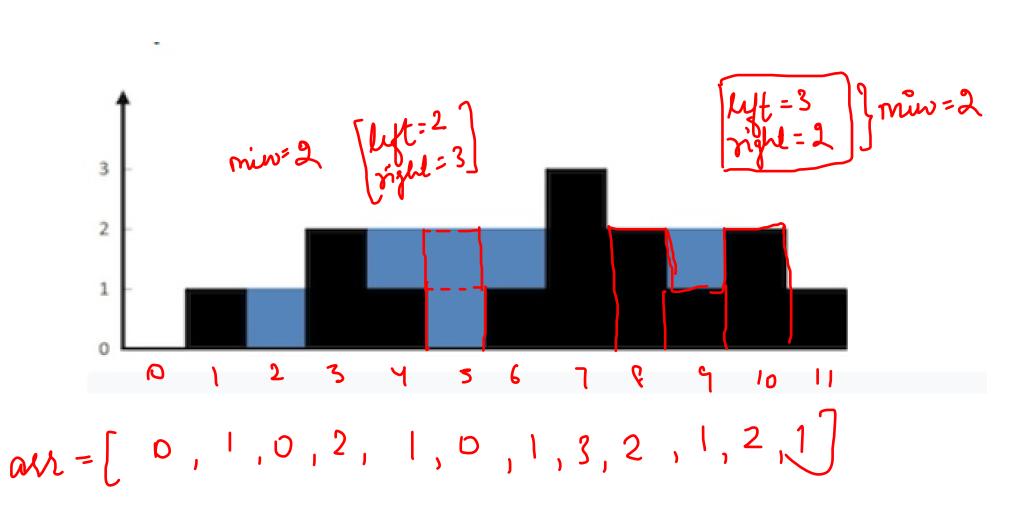
Integer. MIN-VALUE; -127654-Integer. MAX_VALUE; + 12754-

```
public static int maxDiff(int arr[], int n){
          int max = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
        _for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){</pre>
             for(int j = i + 1; j < n; j++){
                _if(arr[j] > arr[i]){
                   if(diff > max){
   max = diff;
          return max;
  L=O KYT
 1=2 <47
are [i] > are [i]; 16 > 2 T
diff = 16-2 = 8
    8717
  mere = 8
```

$$ant = 2 3 10 6$$
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 $ant (1) > ant$

Store Maximum





heter- ans-autij Im = lift man helget som = sight man height nie (In, in) m=3 ln = 2 N=1.0=1 Lm = 2 lm:3 7m = 2 2W = 3 m = 3 Ym = 1 1 = m ams=2 ours = 2 cons = 2aus=2 win w= 2-1 W=1 N=0 12 4 3 10 lm =3 1 lm =3 7m=1 ~ Lm = 0 Pm - 2 m = 3 Qm =1 Lm = 2 8M=2 LW= 3 7m=3 ans= ~ m = 3 7m = 3 7m=3 ans = 2 ans = 3 and = 2 ours = 2NO ~ ars = 0 ars=1 W=2-2 W=0 M=11 ~ webs=0 W=1-1

1+1+1+2+1=6 ans =

0

Pseudo coelc.

- 1) Leanusse from 0 ton
- !!) frankl fran o to i d find the mare value [Uft marc)
- 1.2) traverse from i to(n-1) 2 find narr. value (sight man)
- 2) ans = min (lift mare, sight mar) 3) walte = aus-aucij souteent clem.
- 4) sent t= mater

0 0 for each ndere (indering - rlift mand idself) Fright man Ineter

```
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
   int n = s.nextInt();
                                                                 0 1 0 2 1 0 1 3 2 1 2 1
                                                                         j=1 ans (0,3)=0
1>01 water = 0-0=0
   int arr[] = new int[n];
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){}
       arr[i] = s.nextInt();
   System.out.println(rainWater(arr,n));
}
public static int rainWater(int arr[], int n){
   int result = 0;
   for(int i = 0; i <n; i++){
       int leftMax = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
      for(int j = 0; j <= i; j++){ // include itself
           rif(arr[j] > leftMax){
               leftMax = arr[j];
        int rightMax = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
       for(int j = i; j < n; j++){ // include itself
           if(arr[j] > rightMax){
               rightMax = arr[j];
       int ans = Math.min(leftMax, rightMax);
       int water = ans - arr[i];
       result += water;
   return result;
```

math, min() >> to find min of two.

math = mase () -> to find mase of two

nath.nin(x, math.nin(y, z))
nath.nin(x, y) -> (x)

math.abs(aseti]-aseti]) absolute

HW_Find Difference 2