19EE 10039. Many Uniyal 3/4/2022 h where and come in 11.14 G1=50MVA ? G2=100MVA. Smachine. G = 100 MUA - System H1 = 5 MJ/MVA 200 H2 = 3MJ/MVA smachine ... n= 4, n2=3. Hog-ni(G1)+4+n2(G2)+2 Hag=19MJ/MVA tre sequence. network. DEGY DEG! \(\frac{10.25\frac{2}{5}\to.15}{0.15}\)
\(\frac{10.25\frac{2}{5}\to.15}{0.15}\)
\(\frac{10.25\frac{2}{5}\to.15}{0.15}\)
\(\frac{10.25\frac{2}{5}\to.15}{0.15}\)

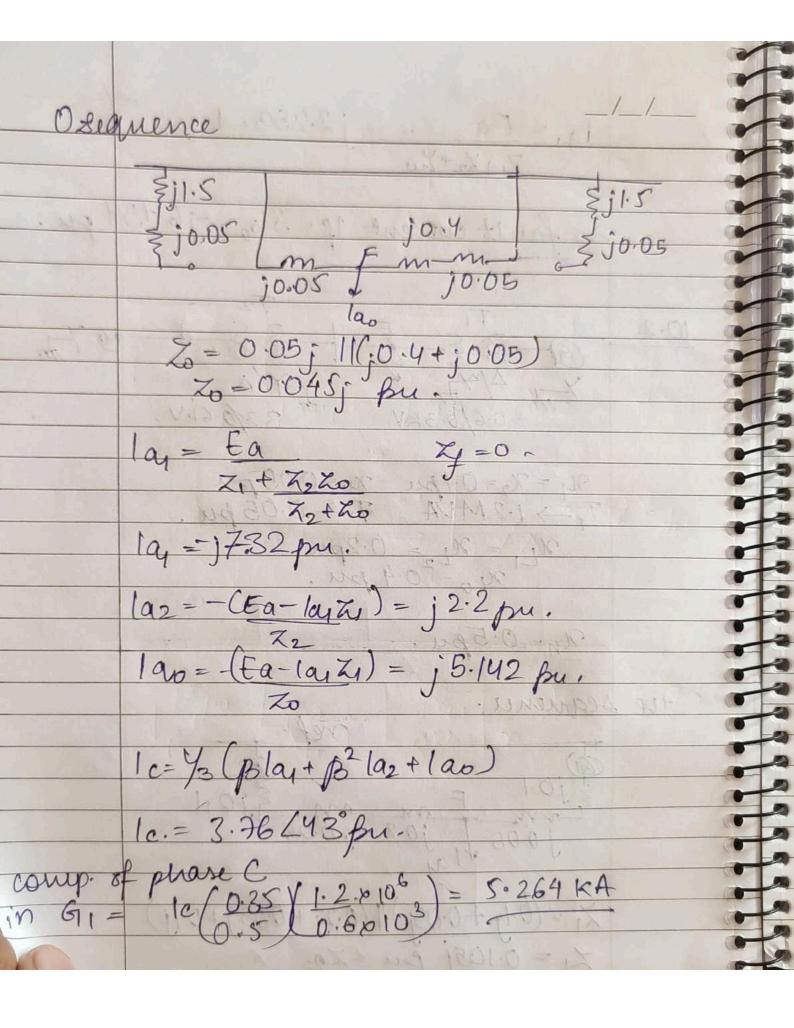
ne sequence. network. £ jo.25 \$ jo.15 JO.15 (JO.2 JO.15 Osequence 102 [j0.4 j0.15 B) Both generator+ infinite bus operate
at 1 pu noltage Ea = 1 pu

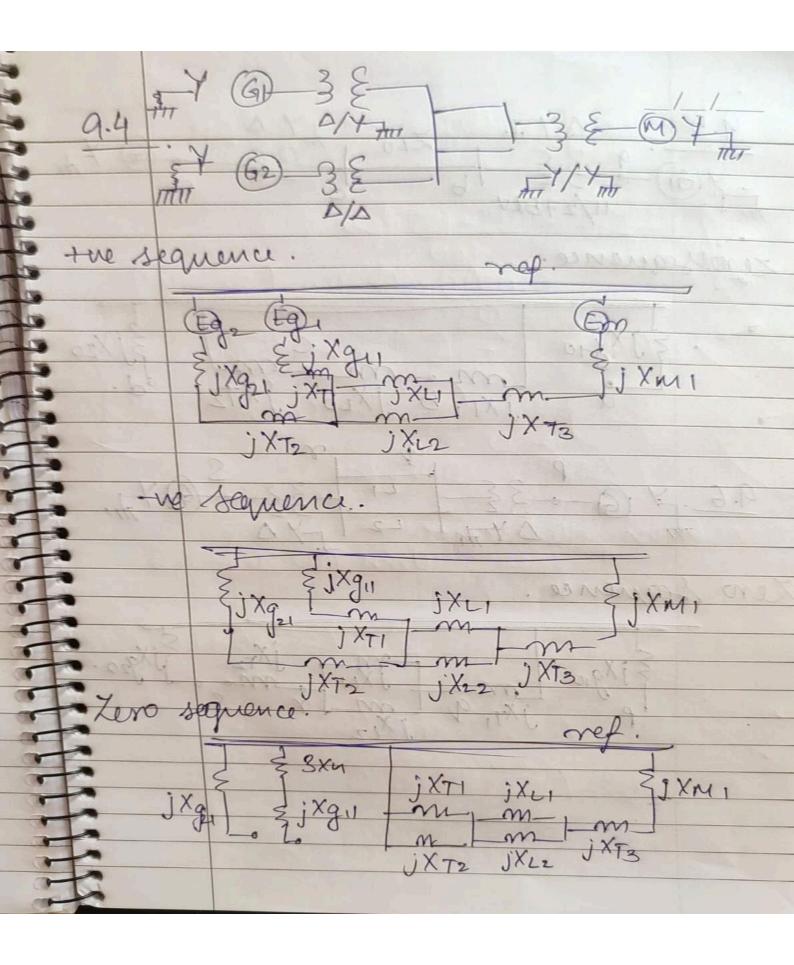
z, _ therein impedance + ve sequence
-ve Zg - Hoombon comonso. out 10 Z= [0.15; 11 0.025; + 0.18] 11 [j0.2+j0.15] $z_1 = 0.163j = z_2$ Zo = 0.15j 11 0.55j = 0.1178

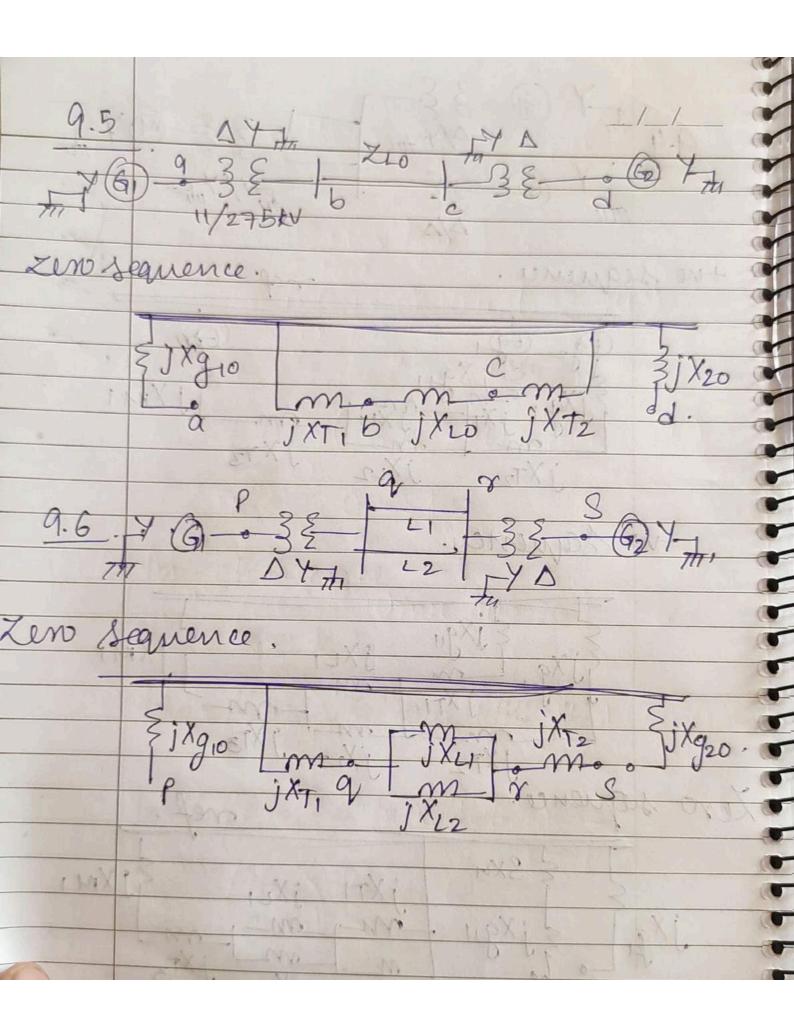
19. = E0 = -j2.253 = 100.La fault current 1f = 3100 = - j6.759 pu 10.2 94 = 75 = 0.1 pu 70 = 0.05 pu $7_1 \rightarrow 1.2 \text{MVA}$ $7_2 \rightarrow 0.05 \text{pu}$. 2/ = 2/2 = 0.2pu 240=0.4 pu. sequence. (d) ref.

2j0.1 F m 5j0.1

j0.05 Jig. 2 j0.05 $Z_1 = (0.1j + 0.05j) || (0.2j + 0.05j + 0.1j)$ $Z_1 = 0.105j pu = Z_2$



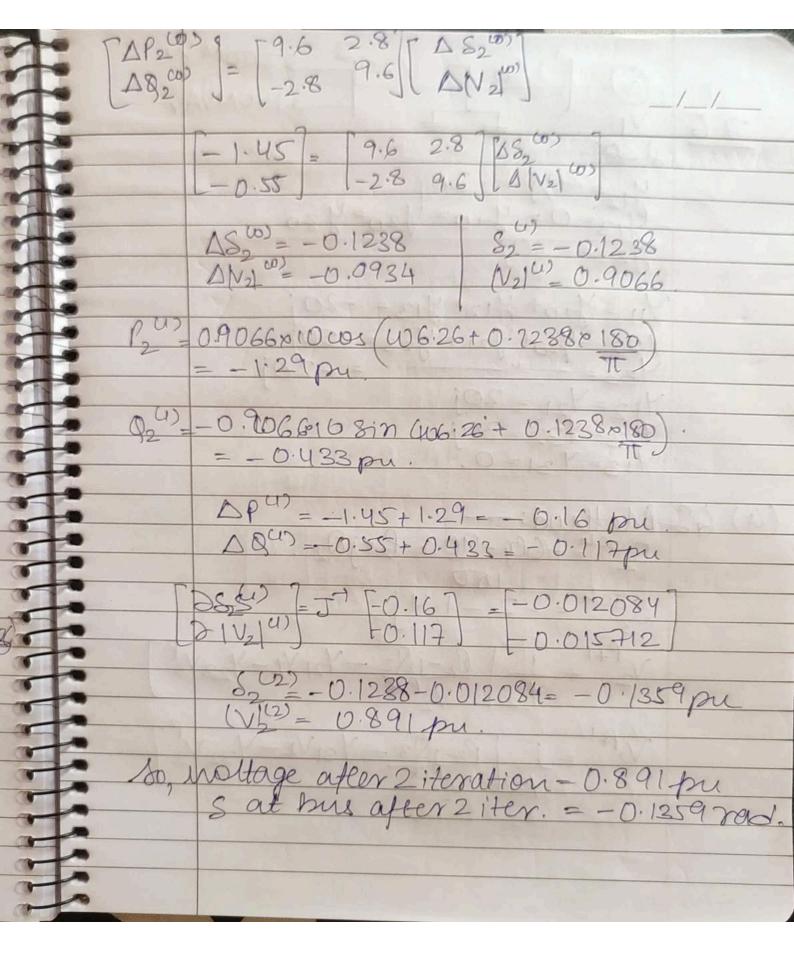




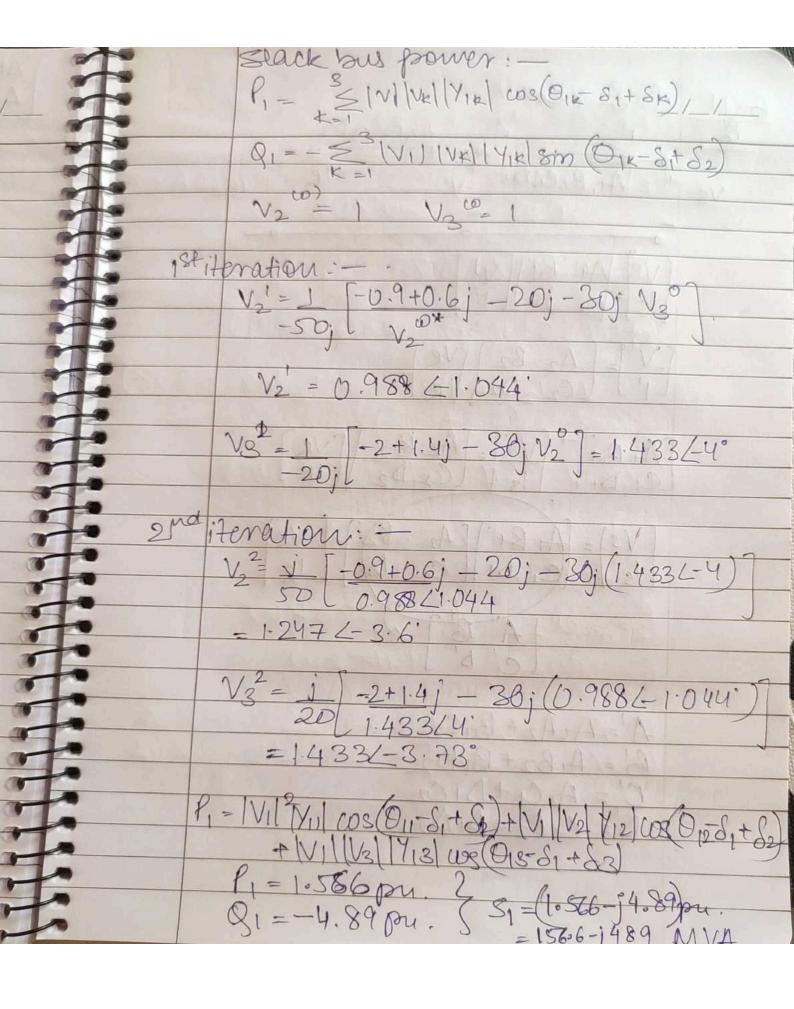
J12=1=106-73.74°

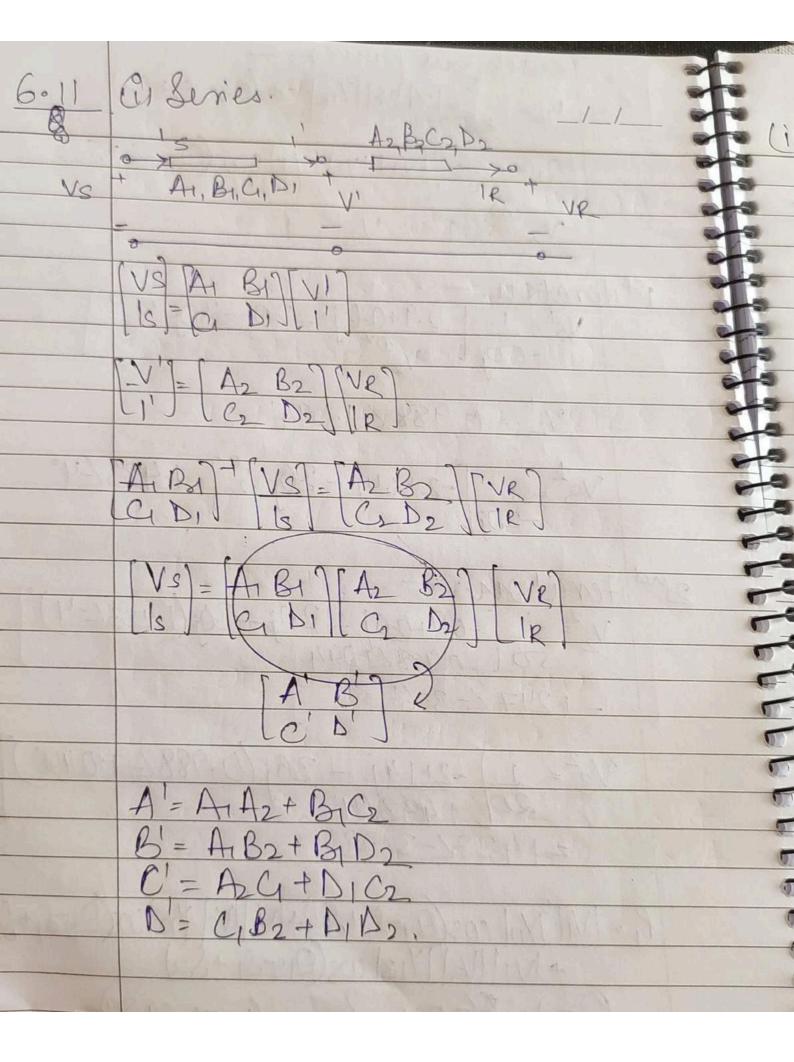
J10=42=0 7.5 $y_{10} = y_{20} = 0$. $y_{11} = y_{10} + y_{12} = y_{12}$ $y_{22} = y_{20} + y_{21} = y_{21} = y_{12}$. Y12= 721= - 412= 10 < 106.26° 106-73.74° 106-73.74° 106-73.74° P_= 5 [V2 [V2] cos (02; -82+8j) $\frac{\partial P_2}{\partial S_2} = \frac{2}{K=1} \frac{|V_2| |V_2| |S_1| |S_2| |S_2| |S_2| |S_2| |S_3| |S_3$ 2/2 = 2 N2 | Y22 | Cas 022 + N1 | Y21 | cos 21-82+ S1 302 = NI V2 (Y21 cas (02 - 52+51) 252 $\frac{\partial \theta_2}{\partial \Psi_2} = -|V_1||Y_{21}| \sin(\theta_{21} - S_2 + S_1)$ $\frac{\partial \Psi_2}{\partial \Psi_2} - 2|V_2||Y_{22}| \sin(\theta_{22})$

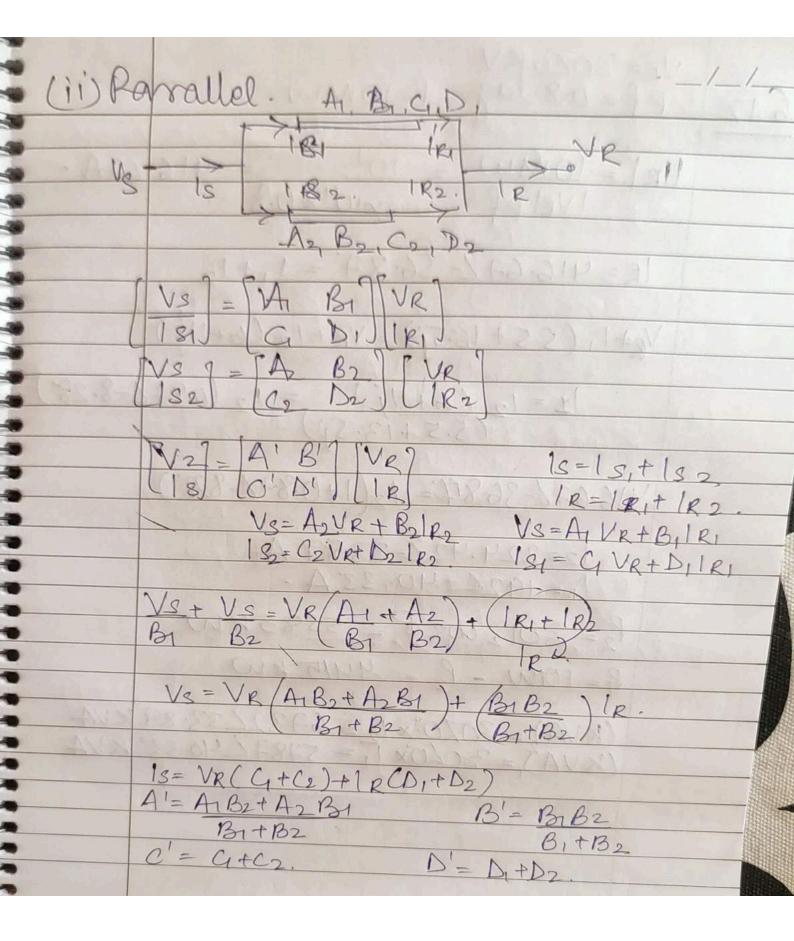
Slack noltage = 4 = 120 pu. 52 = - (145+js5) pu 82 = 10 cos(106.26)+10 cos(-73.74°) P(0) psen_ B(0) = -1.45 Pu Q2 = -10/8in(106.26°)-10/8in(73.74°) D (0) = - 0.55 pu J. (0) = (3P2) = 10 min (06.26°) = 9.6 $J_{2}^{(0)} = (\frac{1}{2})^{(0)} = \frac{1000}{2003} (-72.74) + 1000 (1008)$ = 2.8Je (0) = 1002 (106.26) = -2.8 J(0) (382) (0) q.6.



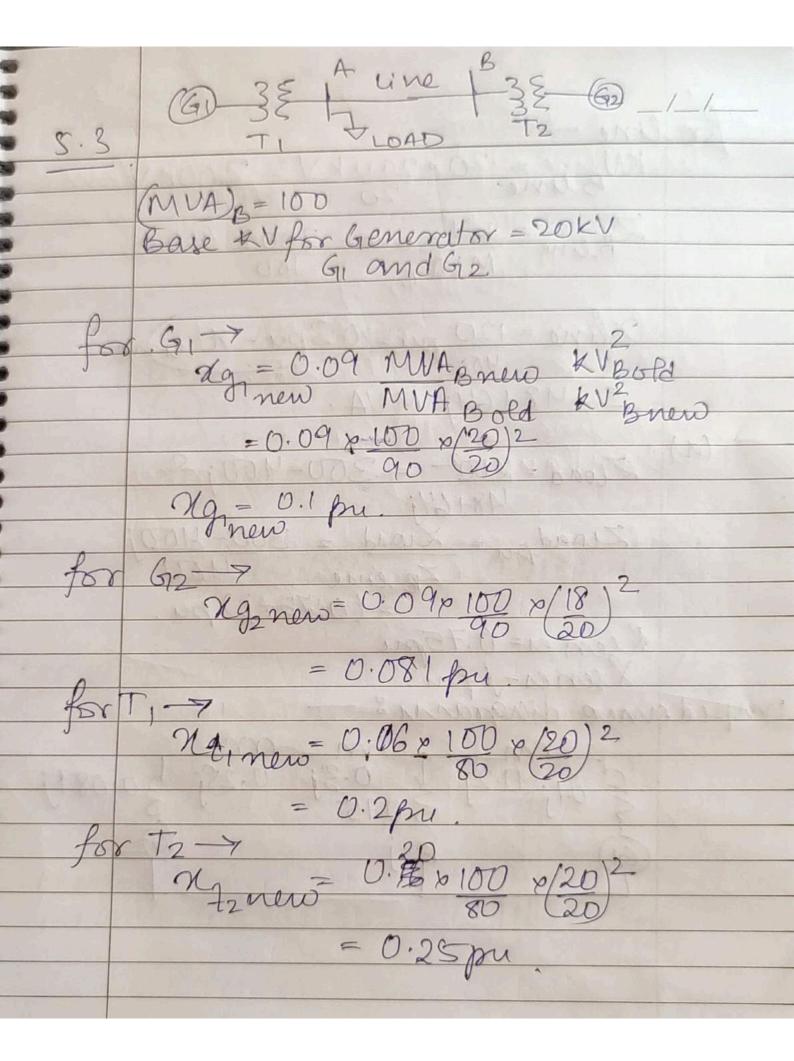
7.6 VI 1/20 12 1/2013 > 200M W y12=201=-20j y12=0=y10=y20=y30. y23=-30j 11 = y10+ y12+ y13 = -20; 100 = y00+ y21+ y23 = -50; 133 = -20; Method: -Sech-60j-90 = P2+jQ2. Sseh = -2-1.4;







Ve=3060KV Pf=0-8 lag P=10MW. (IR) = 10 MW = 107 = 416+67A. 1R=416.676-36.87 = 1,+12 VR+1, (5.5+13.5p) = VR+12 (6+11j) $l_1 = l_2 (6 + 11j) = l_2 (0.8 + L - 8.28)$ (5.5 + 13.5j) 416.672-36.87= (2(1+0.872-828)) 12=224.424-33.89 A 1=1926-40-33'A. P2=3012008 P= 5585 KW P= 10AU - P= 4415 KW (KVA) = 30/20°×12 = 6732/23.89 KVA (KNA) = 30/0×1, = 5787/40.33° KVA

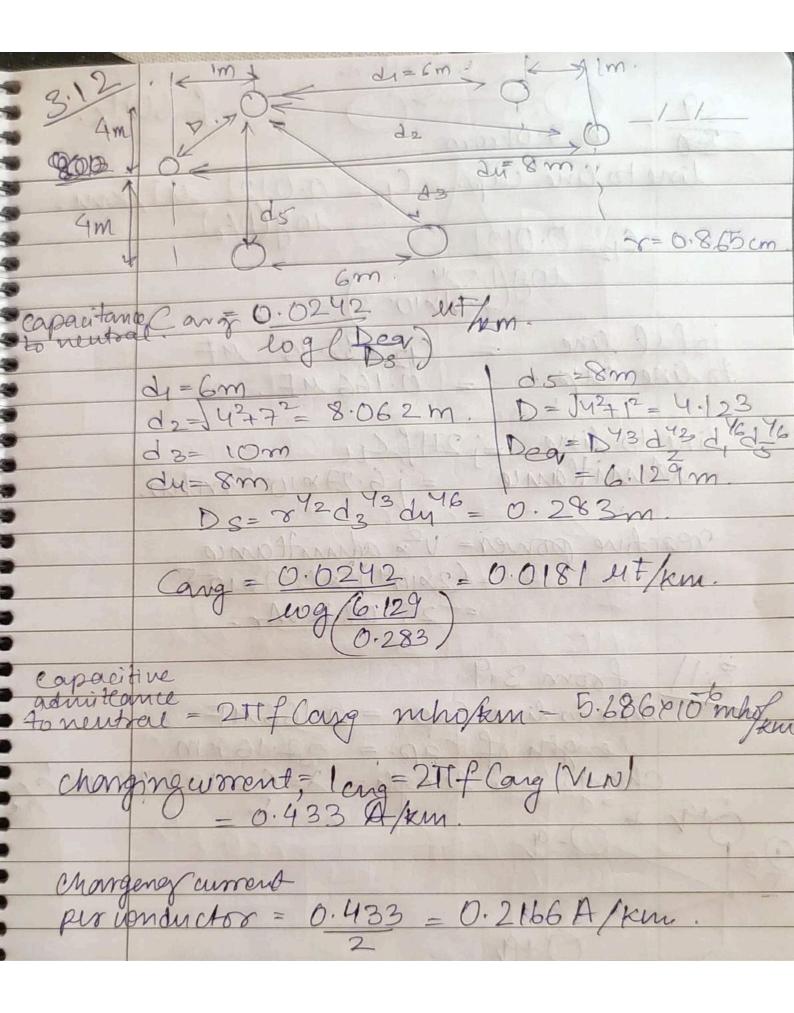


for line ->

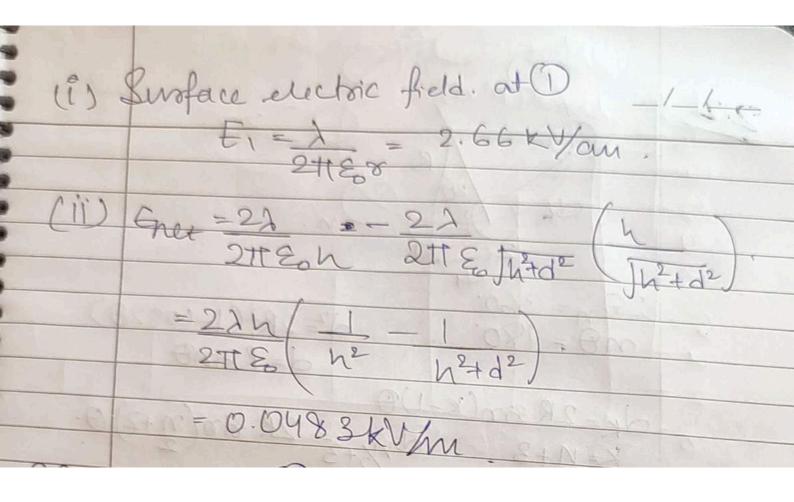
KNB = 20 × 200 kV = 250 kV

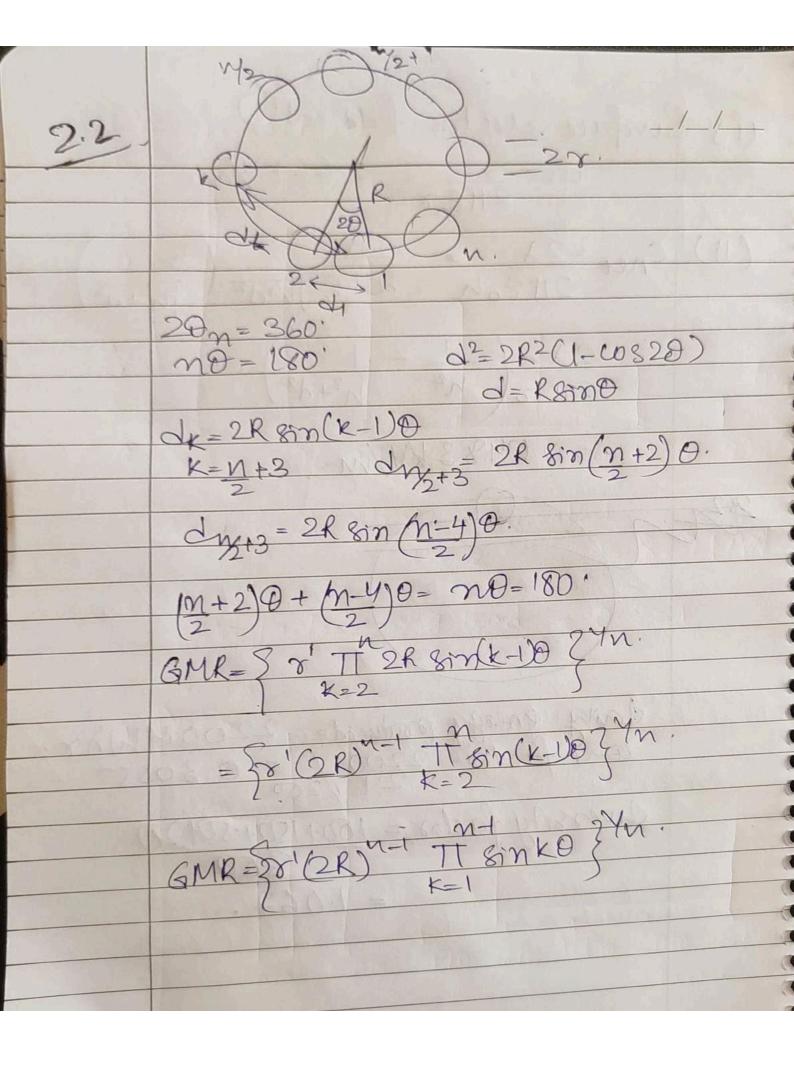
Bline = KV Bline = 2002 = 400.5

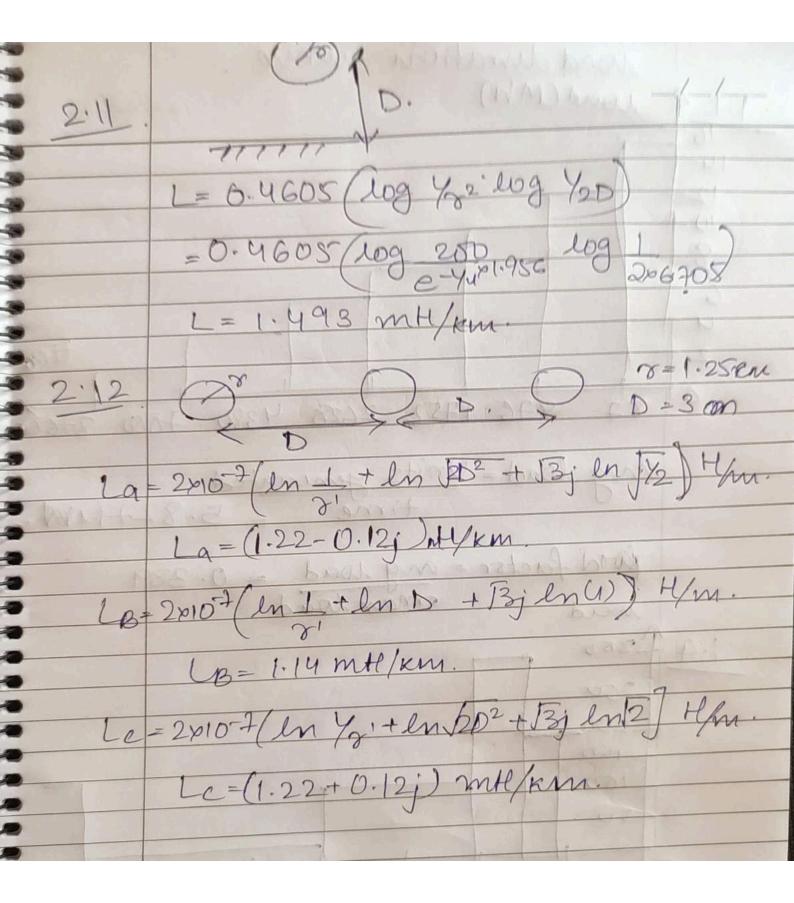
MVAB 100 Xeine = 120 pu = 6:3pu = Nine 400 MVA. (a) $Zload = 200^2 = 300 - 400j^2$ 48+64j Zload pu = 2load = 300 - 400j 2p line = (0.75-j) pu. Ren es= 0.75-j), Xsen es= 1 pu. Impedance diagram: -. 1 0.1; 0.2; 1 0.3; 0.25; 30.081; 0.1; 0.75

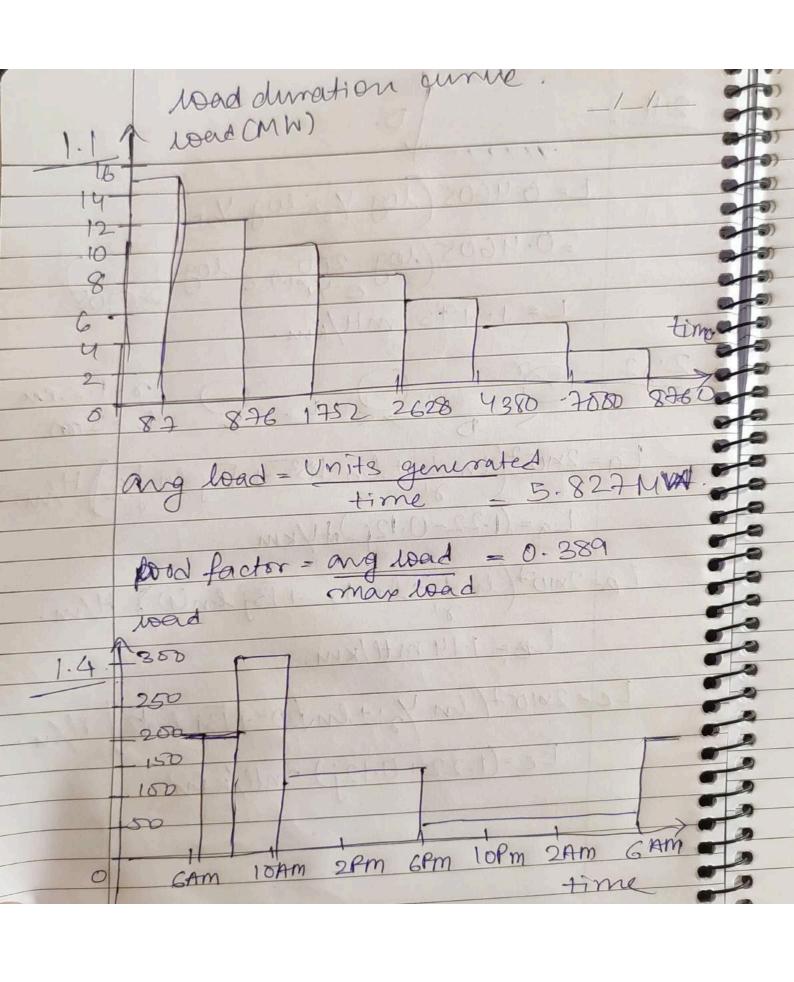


f= 60Hz. mm 10. F=0 line to line cap. G2 = 0.0121 ut/km total une = 42 x 32.16 MF. to line cays. line to line = 211f Gr admittance = j 6.27×10-5 mho. reactive power= 12 admittance = (2×104) 2 6.27 \$105 = 25.08 KVAr. line to line Cap = 6.1664F length of cap. = 32.16 km. Change per length = 12 = C = 103.23 × 10









daily energy produced = 2200 MWhr.

1000 factso = 2200 / = 0.3055

24 /300

Liversity factor = 180+150+50420

= 1.067.