

POWER ELECTRONICS LAB REPORT



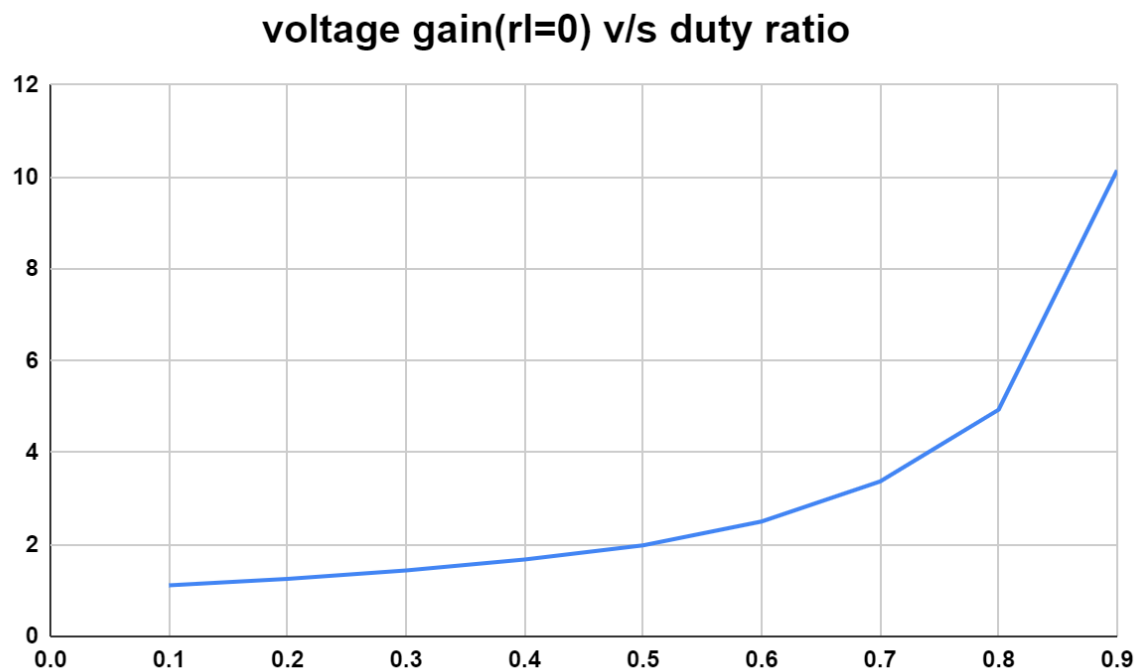
Name: Rupesh Raj
Roll no: 19EE10054
Exp no: 1

Part A: Boost Converter

Specifications: Input Voltage (V_{in}) = 24V, Inductor $L = 115\mu\text{H}$, Capacitance $C = 54\mu\text{F}$, Load resistance $R_L = 11.52\Omega$, Switching Frequency = 50 kHz, Duty Cycle = 0.5.

I. Case (i)

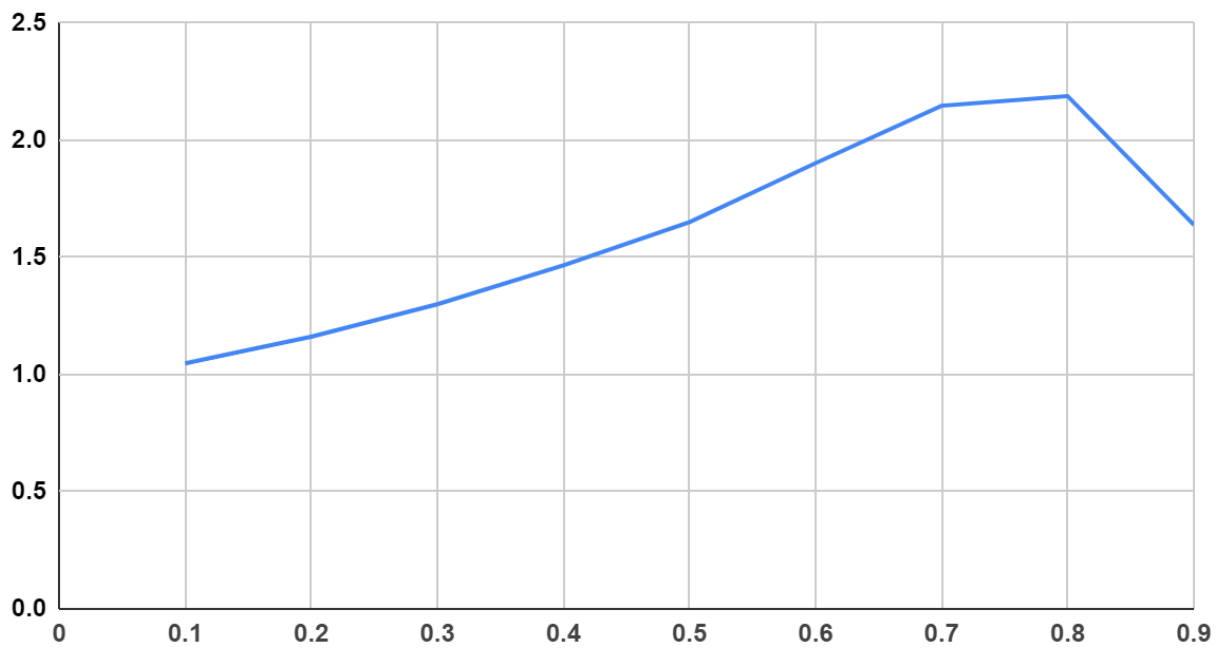
voltage gain($r_l=0$)	duty ratio
1.1125	0.1
1.252083333	0.2
1.433333333	0.3
1.670833333	0.4
1.9825	0.5
2.500833333	0.6
3.370416667	0.7
4.933333333	0.8
10.14583333	0.9



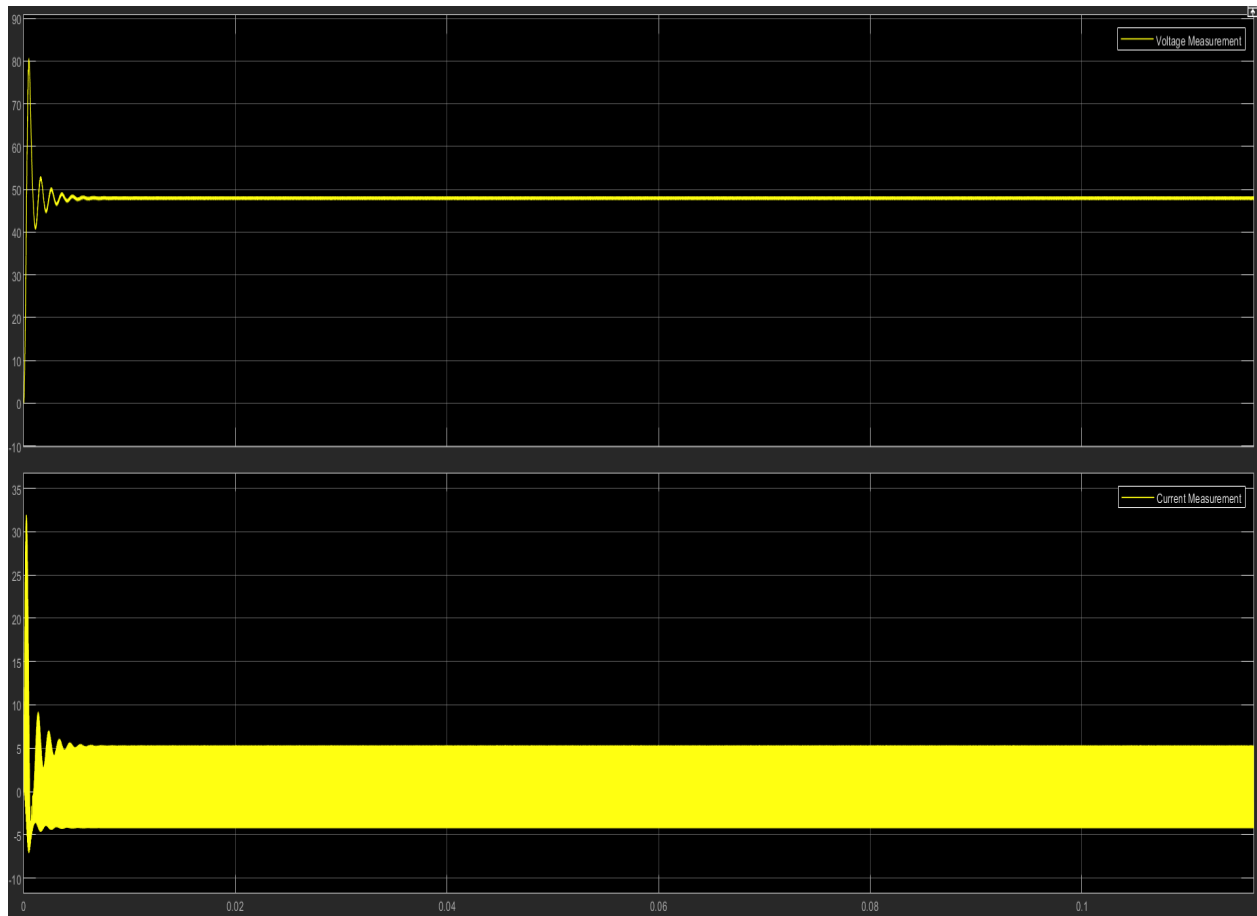
I. Case (ii)

voltage gain(rl=5%)	duty ratio
1.0475	0.1
1.16125	0.2
1.3	0.3
1.465833333	0.4
1.650416667	0.5
1.9025	0.6
2.1475	0.7
2.188333333	0.8
1.639583333	0.9

voltage gain(rl=5%) v/s duty ratio



II. R.M.S. value of capacitor current observed = 4.34A

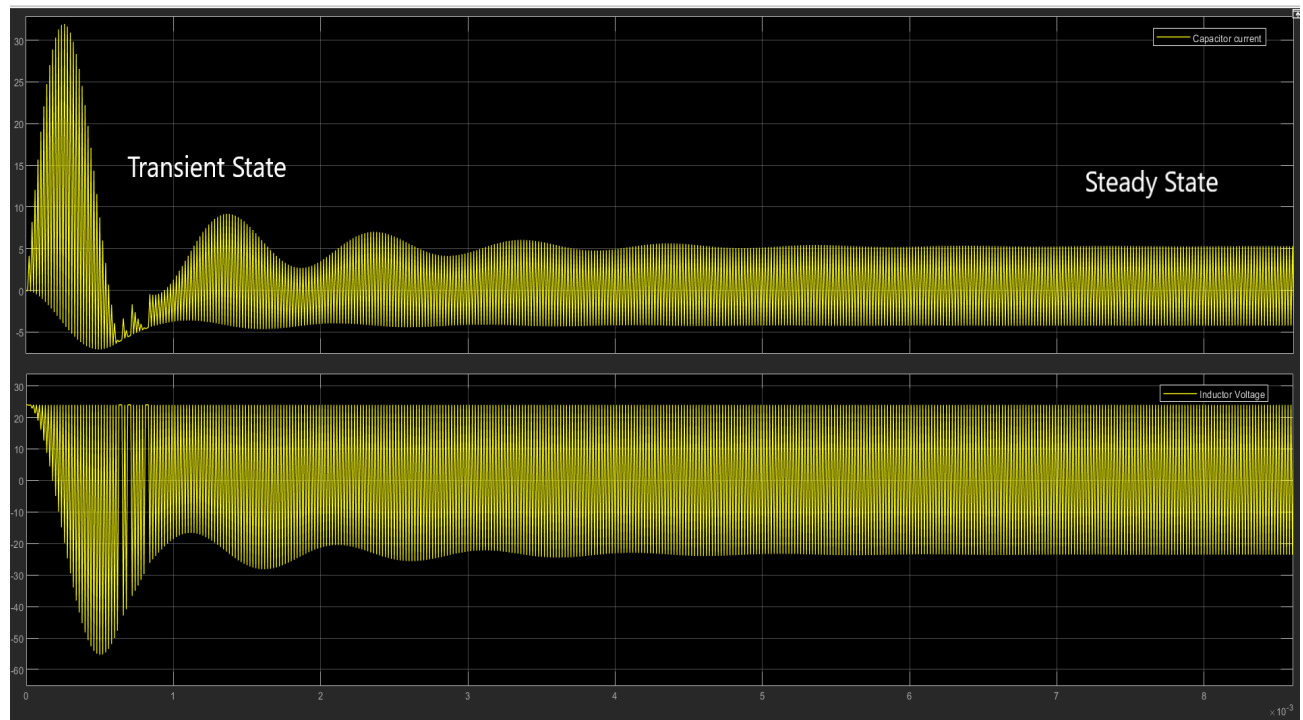


III. L value calculated theoretically for CCM condition = $28.8\mu\text{H}$, but value obtained from simulation is $14.276\mu\text{H}$ for ideal condition and $13.7\mu\text{H}$ for converter with parasitic condition.

IV.

First plot:Capacitor Current

Second Plot:Inductor Voltage

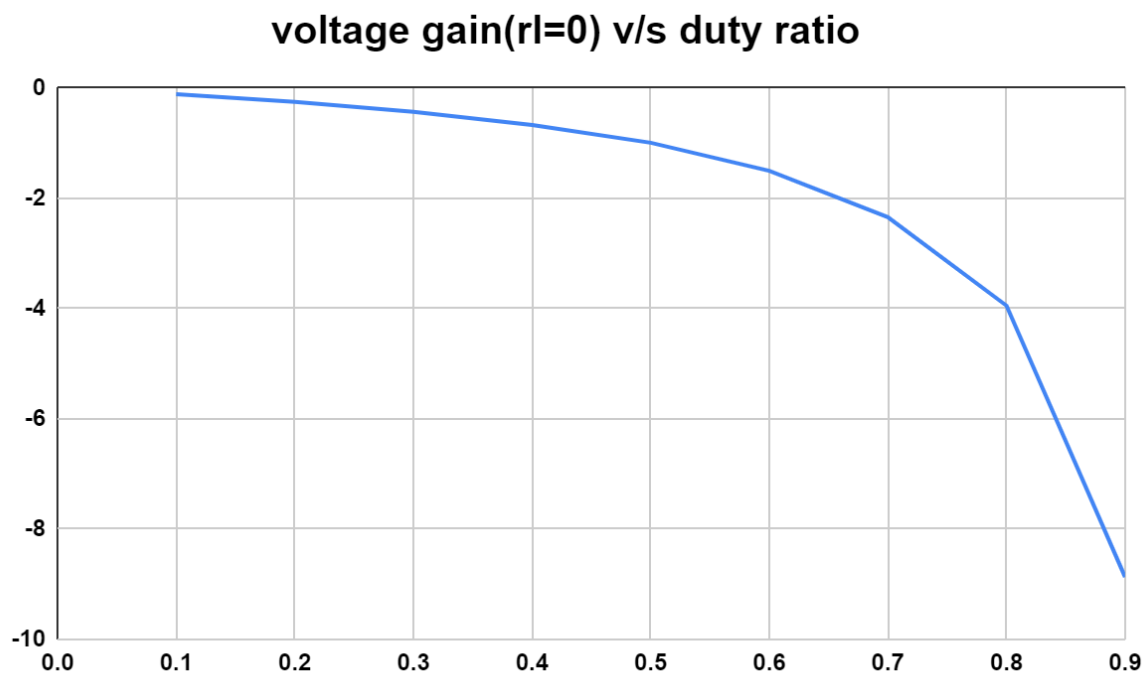


Part B: Buck-Boost Converter

Specifications: Input Voltage (V_{in})=57V, Inductor $L = 226\mu\text{H}$, Capacitance $C = 54\mu\text{F}$, Load resistance $R_L = 11.52\Omega$, Switching Frequency = 50 kHz, Duty Cycle =0.457.

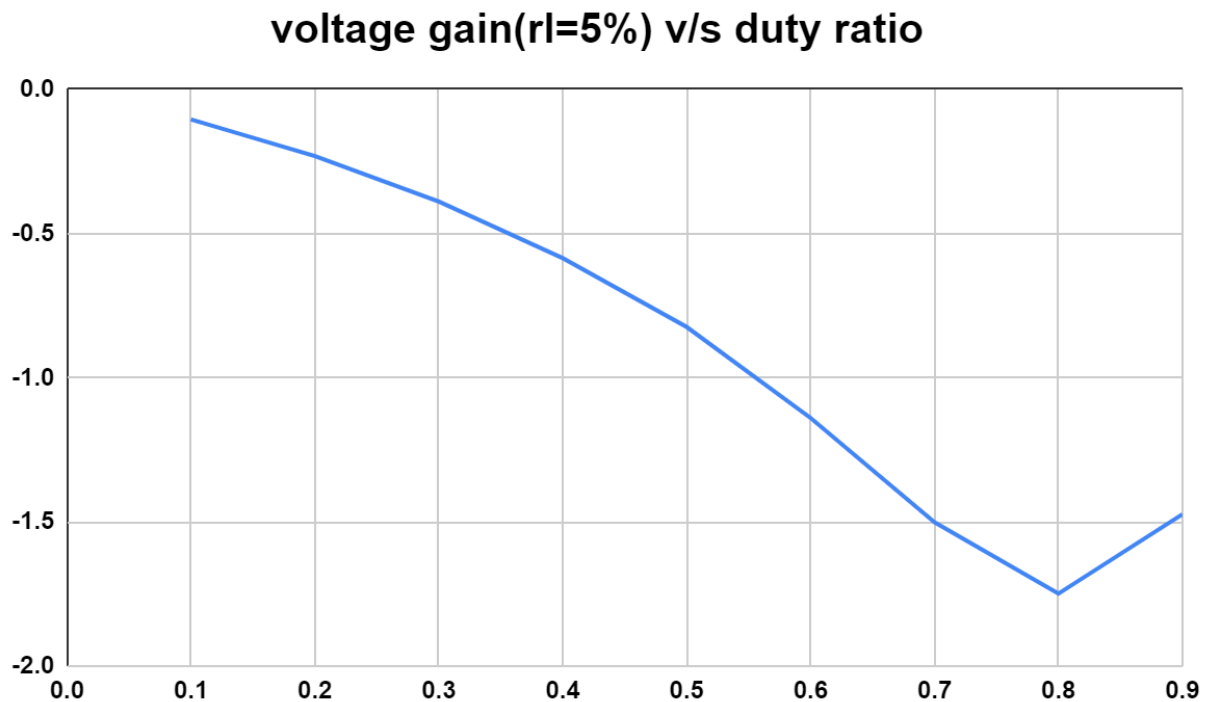
I. Case (i)

voltage gain($r_l=0$)	duty ratio
-0.1111754386	0.1
-0.2505263158	0.2
-0.43	0.3
-0.6684210526	0.4
-0.9910526316	0.5
-1.500350877	0.6
-2.342105263	0.7
-3.947368421	0.8
-8.868421053	0.9



I. Case (ii)

voltage gain(rl=5%)	duty ratio
-0.1045614035	0.1
-0.2319298246	0.2
-0.3894736842	0.3
-0.5857894737	0.4
-0.8240350877	0.5
-1.140350877	0.6
-1.501578947	0.7
-1.748947368	0.8
-1.474035088	0.9



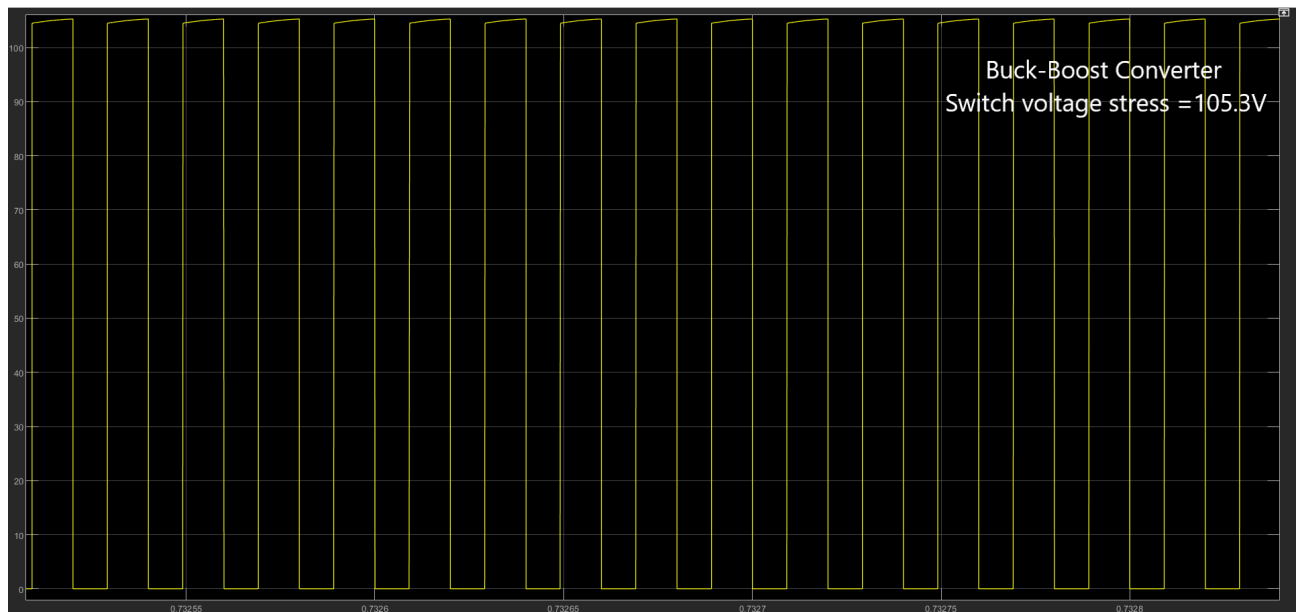
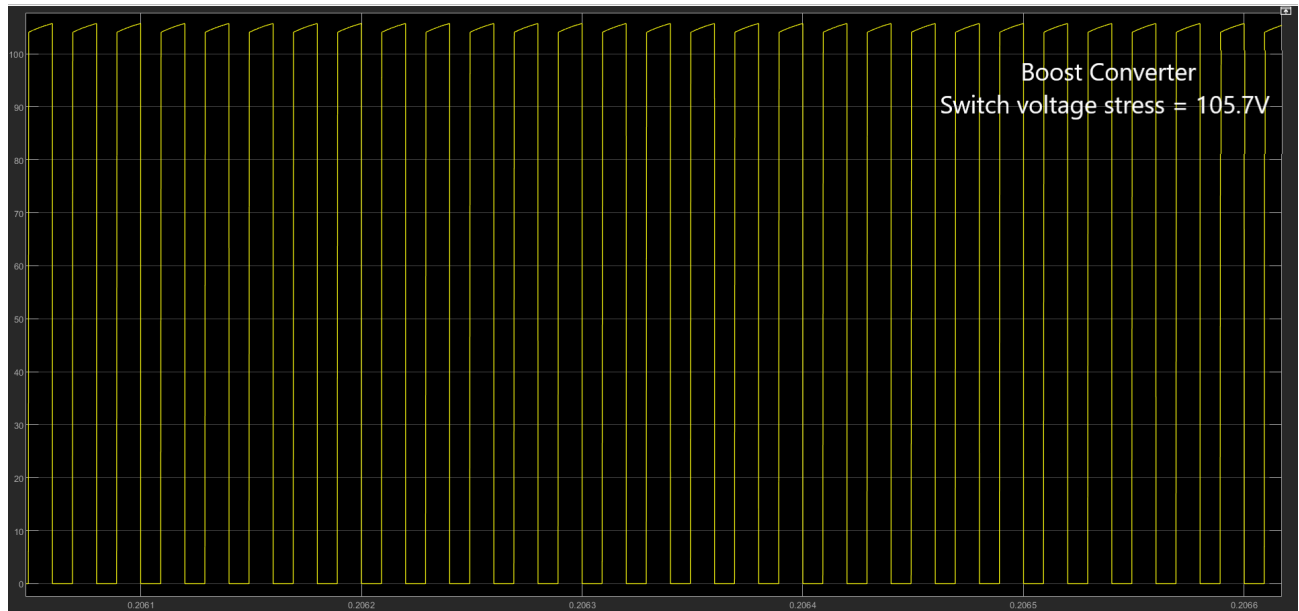
II. For ideal condition CCM condition occurs at **$f = 7.514\text{KHz}$** and with parasitic resistance it occurs at **$f = 8.05\text{KHz}$** .

III.

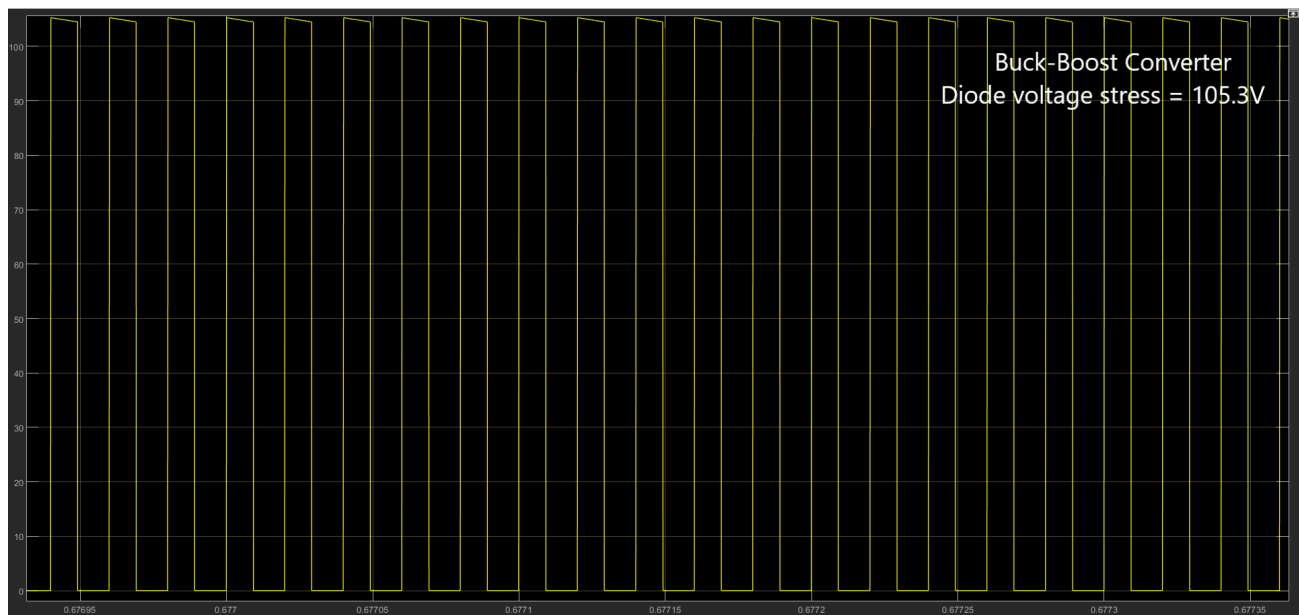
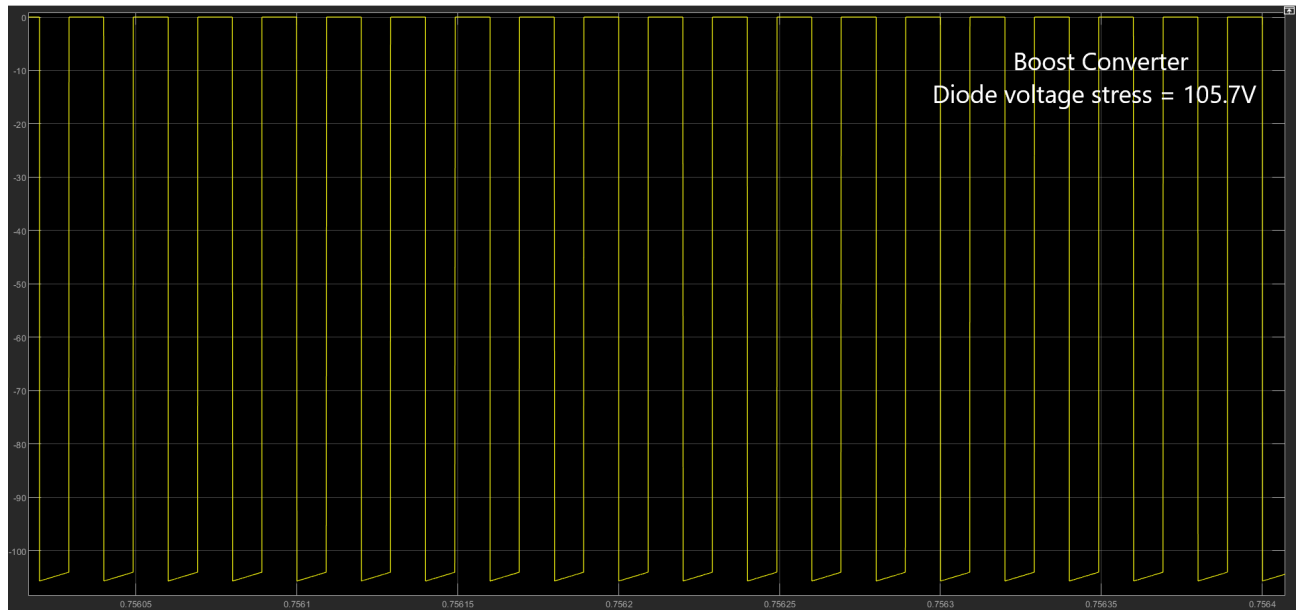
input current	output current	duty ratio
0.0006334	-0.5501	0.1
0.0007128	-1.239	0.2
0.0008151	-2.127	0.3
0.000951	-3.307	0.4
0.001135	-4.904	0.5
0.001425	-7.424	0.6
0.001905	-11.59	0.7
0.00282	-19.53	0.8
0.005625	-43.88	0.9

Part C:

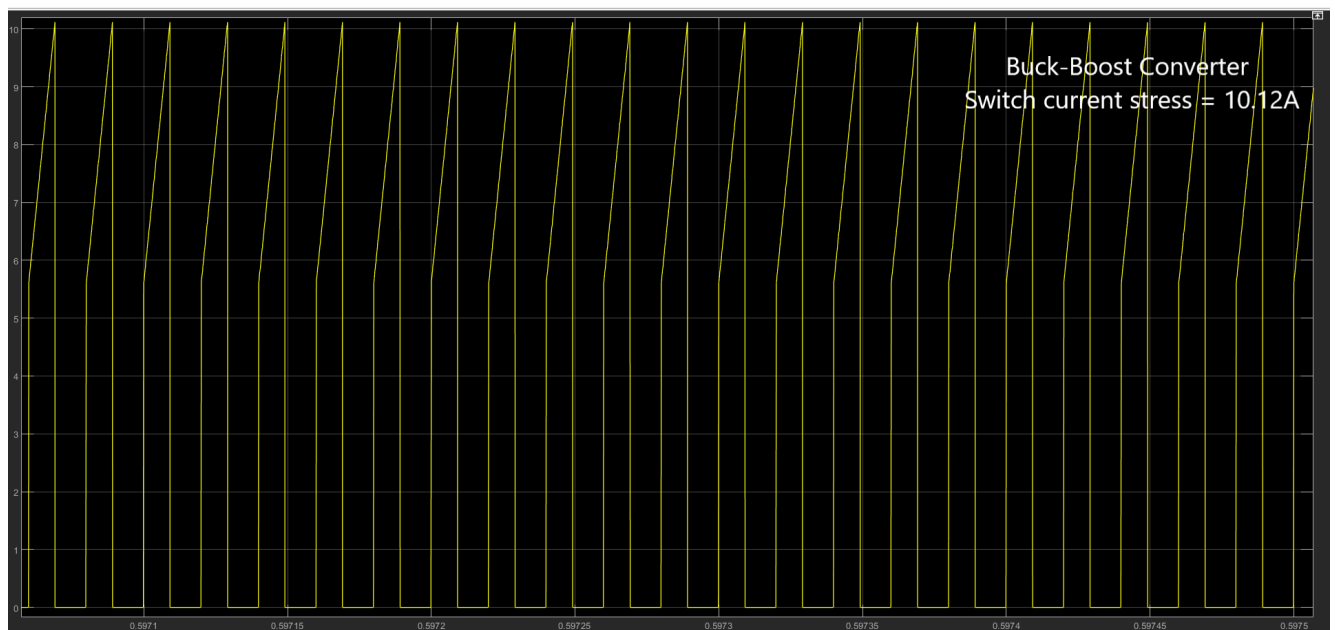
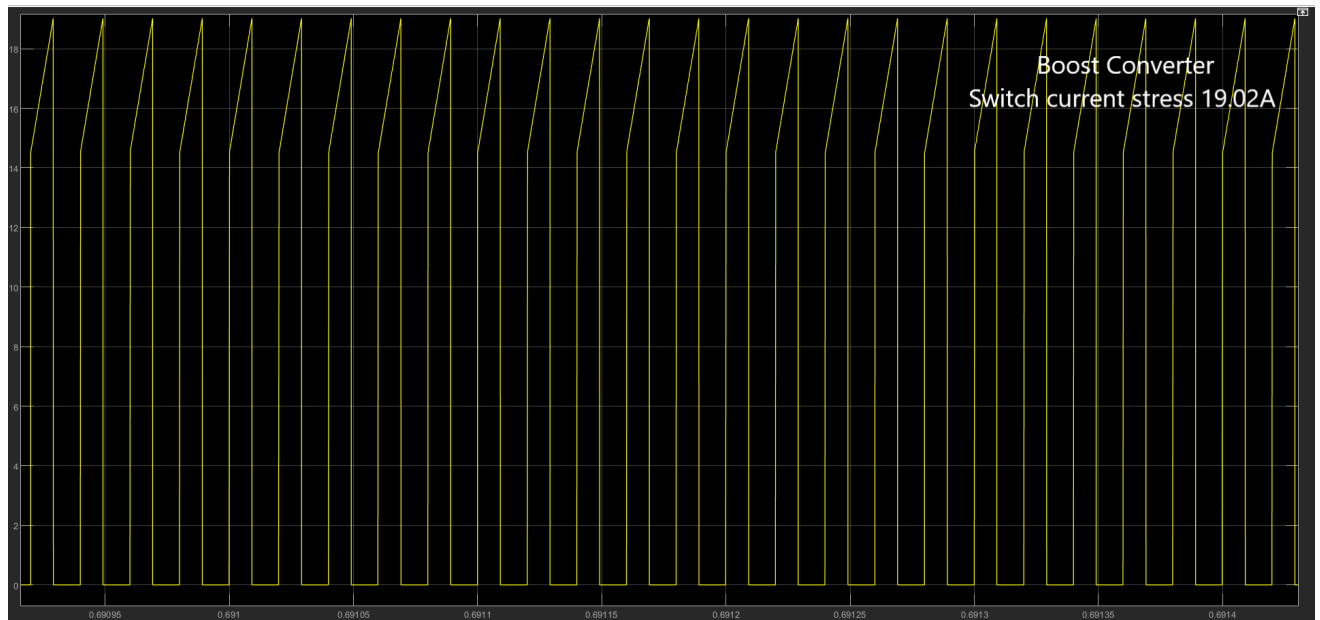
a. Voltage stress of Switch: Both are almost same



b. Voltage stress of Diode: Both are almost same

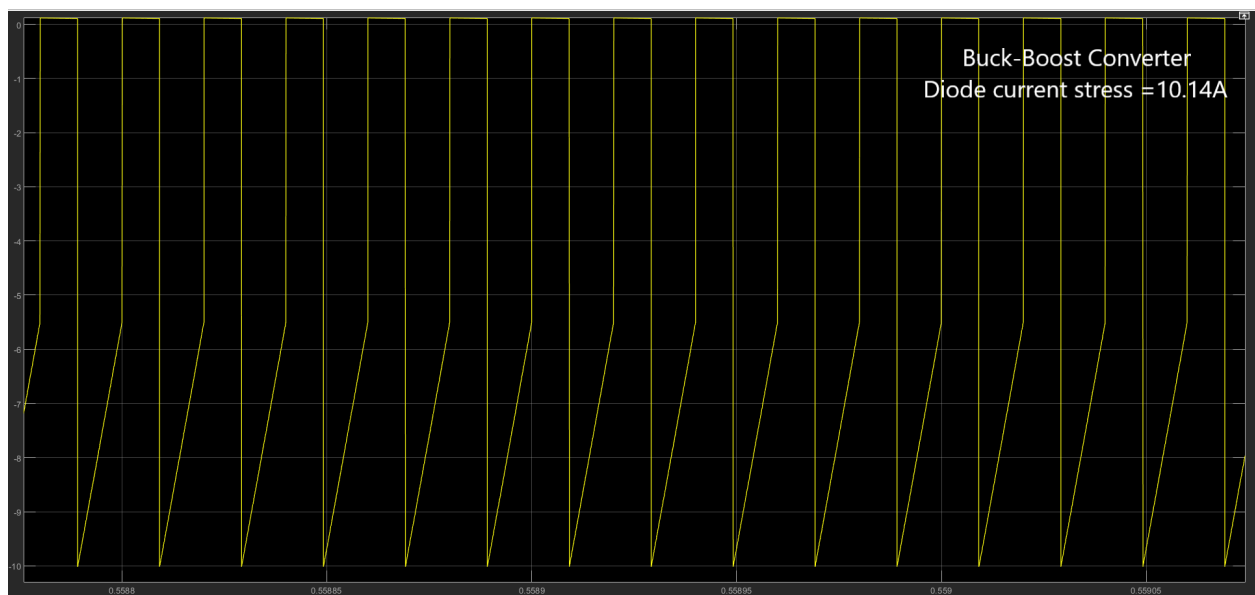
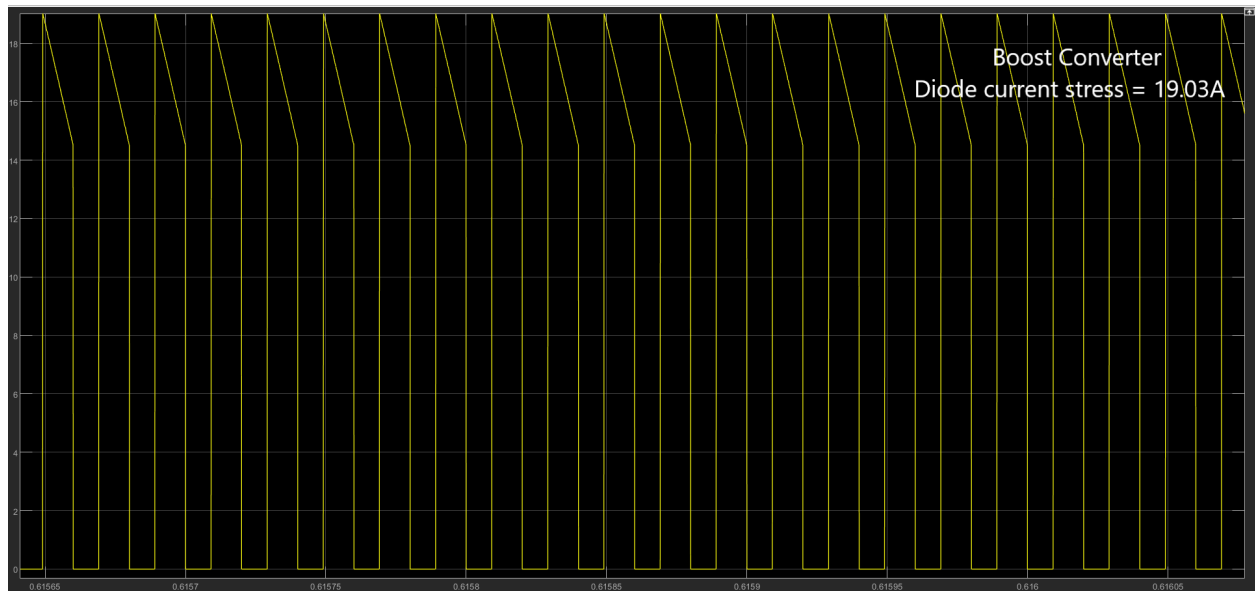


c. Current stress of Switch. Boost has higher switch current stress in a given working condition.

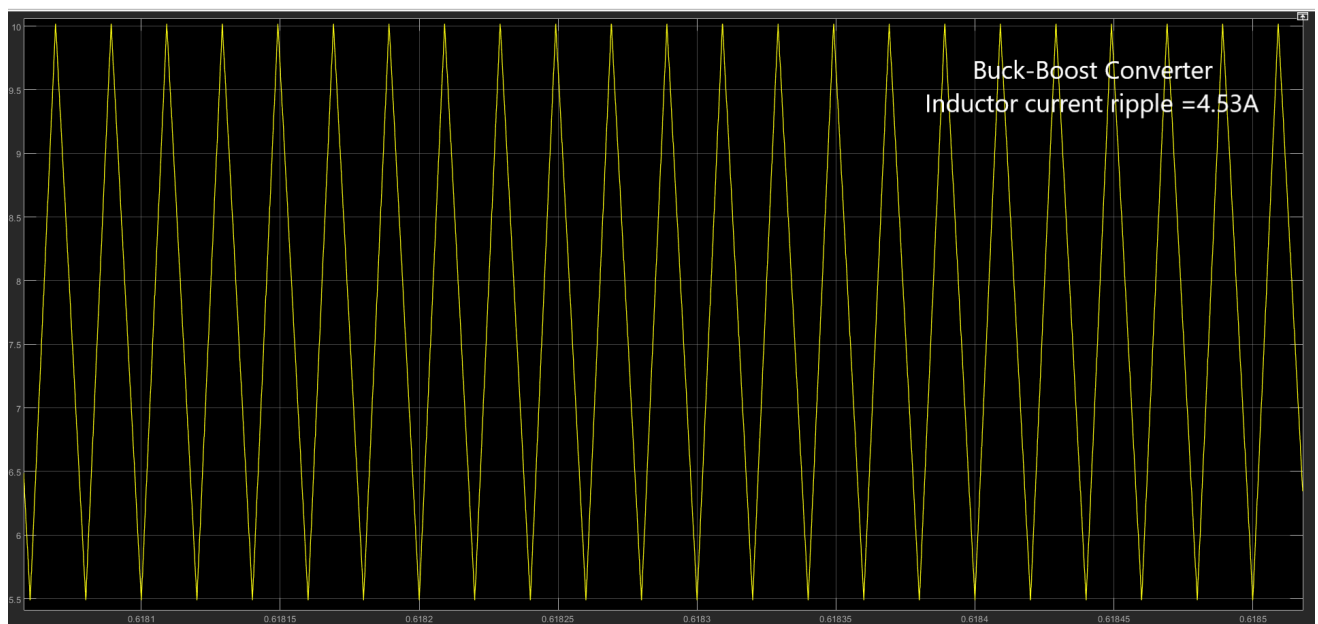
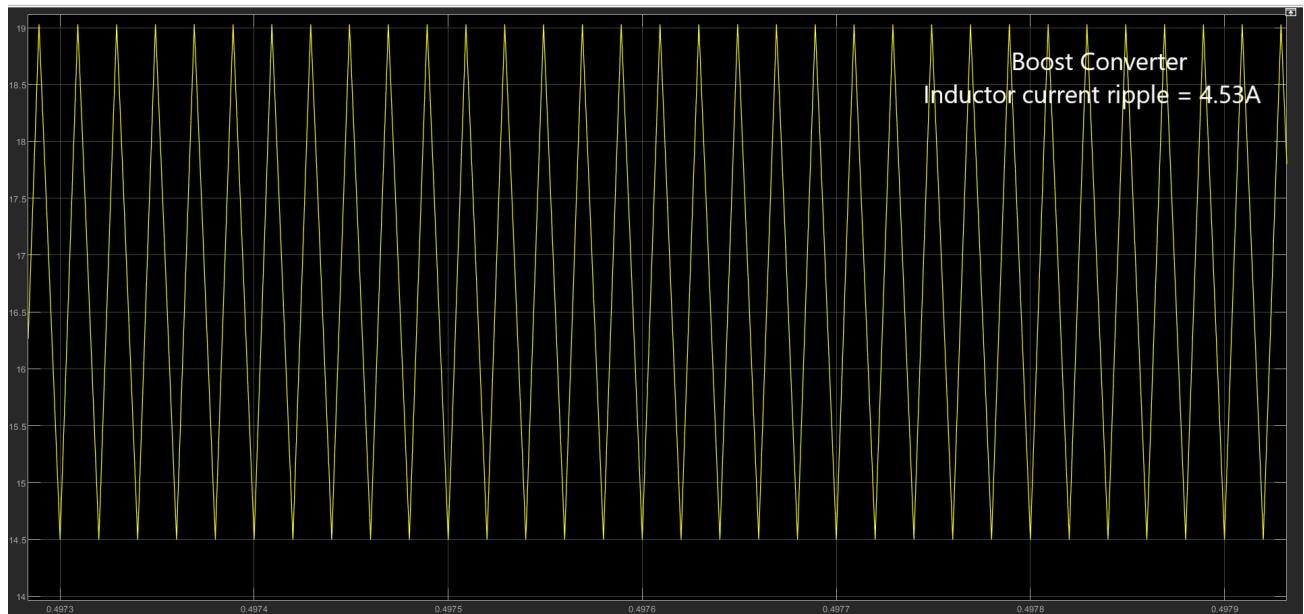


D.

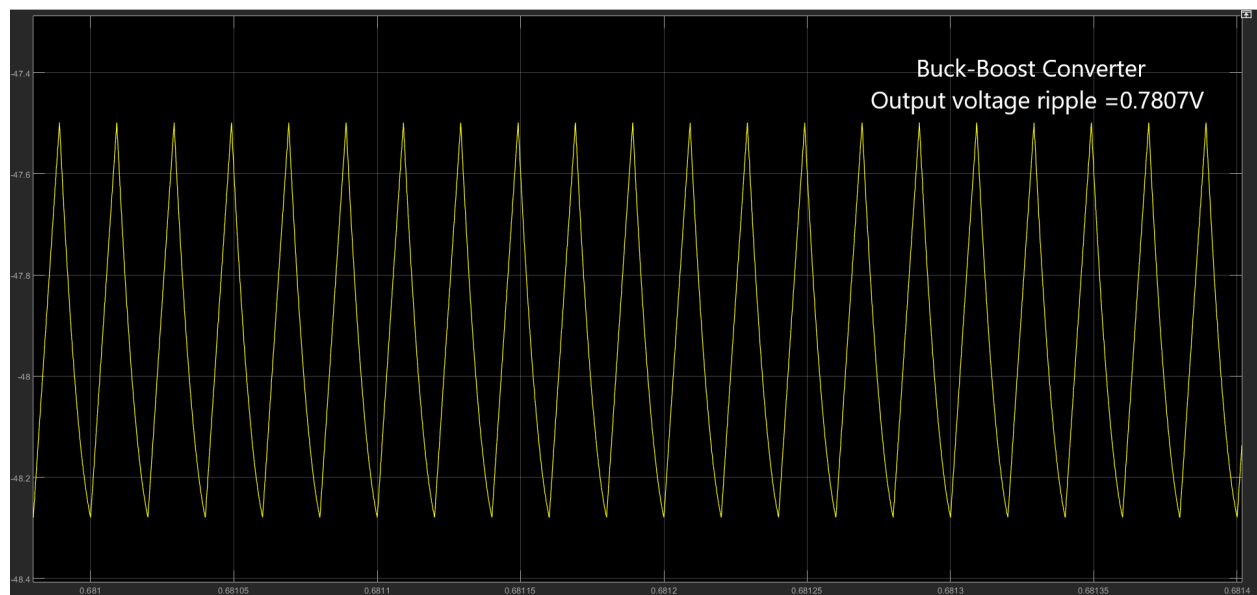
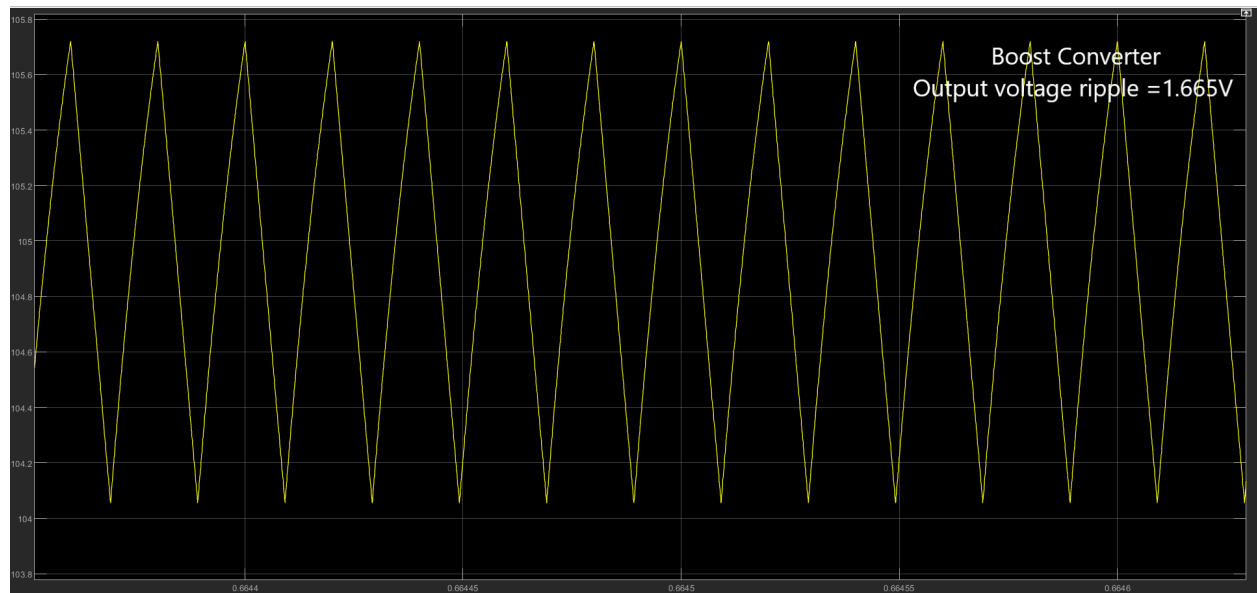
d. Current stress of Diode. Boost converter has higher diode current stress in a given working condition.



e. Inductor current ripple. Both are almost same.



f. Output voltage ripple. Ripple is more in Boost converter.



DISCUSSION:

1.