Data Loading

```
In [1]: import tensorflow as tf
        from tensorflow.keras import models, layers
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import os
In [2]: | IMAGE_SIZE = 224
        BATCH SIZE = 32
        CHANNELS = 3
        EPOCHS =10
In [3]: dataset = tf.keras.preprocessing.image_dataset_from_directory(
            'rice leaf disease images',
            shuffle = True,
            image_size = (IMAGE_SIZE, IMAGE_SIZE),
            batch size = BATCH SIZE
        Found 5933 files belonging to 4 classes.
In [4]: | class names = dataset.class names
        class_names
Out[4]: ['Bacterialblight', 'Blast', 'Brownspot', 'Tungro']
In [5]: len(dataset) #186*32=5931
Out[5]: 186
In [6]: # One random batch of images
        for image_batch, label_batch in dataset.take(1):
            print(image_batch.shape)
            print(label batch.numpy())
        (32, 224, 224, 3)
        [2 2 0 3 0 2 0 2 3 3 2 3 1 2 0 3 3 3 3 2 2 1 1 3 0 0 3 3 2 2 0 1]
```

```
In [7]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
         for image_batch, label_batch in dataset.take(1):
             print(image_batch.shape)
             print(label batch.numpy())
             for i in range(12): #showing 12 images out of 32
                 ax = plt.subplot(3,4,i+1)
                 plt.imshow(image_batch[i].numpy().astype("uint8"))
                 plt.title(class_names[label_batch[i]])
                 plt.axis("off")
         (32, 224, 224, 3)
         [2\ 2\ 0\ 1\ 3\ 1\ 0\ 3\ 3\ 0\ 0\ 2\ 1\ 2\ 0\ 2\ 2\ 2\ 0\ 3\ 1\ 1\ 3\ 3\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 3\ 3\ 2\ 2]
              Brownspot
                                    Brownspot
                                                       Bacterialblight
                                                                                 Blast
                Tungro
                                      Blast
                                                        Bacterialblight
                                                                                 Tungro
                Tungro
                                                                               Brownspot
                                  Bacterialblight
                                                        Bacterialblight
In [8]: # (32=batch_size, 256, 256=image_size, 0 to 3=typesofdiseases)
         # 0 - Bacterial Blight
         # 1 - Blast
         # 2 - Brownspot
         # 3 - Tungro
```

```
In [9]: # Spitting dataset for training, validation and testing
    # 80% for training 10% for validation and 10% for testing
    def get_dataset_partitions_tf(ds, train_split=0.8, val_split=0.1, test_split=0
        ds_size = len(ds)
        if shuffle:
            ds = ds.shuffle(shuffle_size, seed=12)
        train_size = int(train_split*ds_size)
        val_size = int(val_split*ds_size)

        train_ds = ds.take(train_size)
        val_ds = ds.skip(train_size).take(val_size)
        test_ds = ds.skip(train_size).skip(val_size)

        return train_ds, val_ds, test_ds
```

In [10]: train_ds, val_ds, test_ds =get_dataset_partitions_tf(dataset)

```
In [11]: # Catching and prefeching
train_ds = train_ds.cache().shuffle(1000).prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUN
val_ds = val_ds.cache().shuffle(1000).prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
test_ds = test_ds.cache().shuffle(1000).prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
```

Preprocessing

VGG16

```
In [14]: from tensorflow.keras.applications.resnet50 import ResNet50
```

```
In [15]: resnet50 = ResNet50(input_shape=(IMAGE_SIZE,IMAGE_SIZE,CHANNELS),weights='imag
```

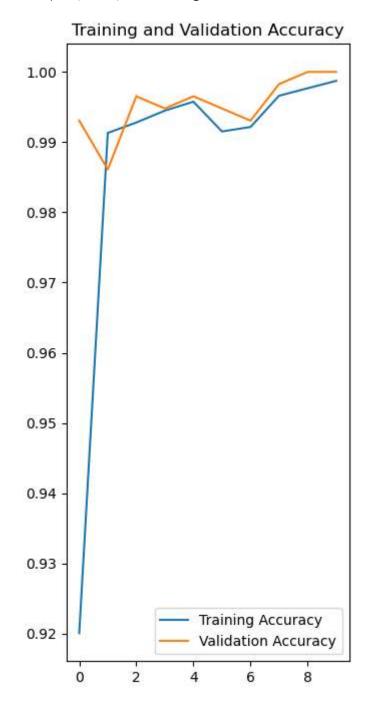
```
In [16]: # Don't train existing weights
for layer in resnet50.layers:
    layer.trainable = False
```

```
In [17]: | x = tf.keras.layers.Flatten()(resnet50.output)
In [18]:
         prediction = tf.keras.layers.Dense(len(class_names),activation='softmax')(x)
In [19]: |model = tf.keras.Model(inputs=resnet50.input, outputs=prediction)
In [20]: model.summary()
          CONVZ DIOCKI_OUT (ACTIVACION) (NONE, סס, סס, Zoo) ש
                                                                           lock1 add[0][0]']
          conv2_block2_1_conv (Conv2D)
                                         (None, 56, 56, 64)
                                                              16448
                                                                           ['conv2_b
         lock1_out[0][0]']
          conv2_block2_1_bn (BatchNormal (None, 56, 56, 64)
                                                              256
                                                                           ['conv2_b
         lock2_1_conv[0][0]']
          ization)
          conv2_block2_1_relu (Activatio (None, 56, 56, 64) 0
                                                                           ['conv2_b
         lock2_1_bn[0][0]']
          n)
          conv2 block2 2 conv (Conv2D)
                                         (None, 56, 56, 64)
                                                                           ['conv2 b
                                                              36928
         lock2_1_relu[0][0]']
          conv2 block2 2 bn (BatchNormal (None, 56, 56, 64) 256
                                                                           ['conv2 b
         lock2 2 conv[0][0]']
          ization)
In [21]: model.compile(
             optimizer='adam',
             loss=tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from logits=False),
             metrics=['accuracy'])
In [22]: logdir='logs'
In [23]: |tensorboard_callback = tf.keras.callbacks.TensorBoard(log_dir=logdir)
In [24]:
         callback = tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(
             monitor="val_loss",
             min delta=0.001,
             patience=6,
             verbose=2,
             mode="auto",
             baseline=None,
             restore best weights=False,
```

```
In [25]: history = model.fit(
           train ds,
           epochs=EPOCHS,
           batch size=BATCH SIZE,
           verbose=2,
           validation_data=val_ds,
            callbacks=callback
        Epoch 1/10
        148/148 [============== ] - 457s 3s/step - loss: 1.2935 - accu
        racy: 0.9201 - val_loss: 0.0288 - val_accuracy: 0.9931
        Epoch 2/10
        148/148 [============ ] - 387s 3s/step - loss: 0.0693 - accu
        racy: 0.9913 - val_loss: 0.0817 - val_accuracy: 0.9861
        Epoch 3/10
        148/148 [=============== ] - 404s 3s/step - loss: 0.0469 - accu
        racy: 0.9928 - val_loss: 0.0483 - val_accuracy: 0.9965
        Epoch 4/10
        148/148 [=============== ] - 391s 3s/step - loss: 0.0513 - accu
        racy: 0.9945 - val_loss: 0.0260 - val_accuracy: 0.9948
        Epoch 5/10
        148/148 [============== ] - 386s 3s/step - loss: 0.0321 - accu
        racy: 0.9958 - val_loss: 0.0098 - val_accuracy: 0.9965
        Epoch 6/10
        racy: 0.9915 - val loss: 0.0365 - val accuracy: 0.9948
        Epoch 7/10
        148/148 [============== ] - 363s 2s/step - loss: 0.1077 - accu
        racy: 0.9922 - val loss: 0.0883 - val accuracy: 0.9931
        Epoch 8/10
        148/148 [================ ] - 458s 3s/step - loss: 0.0396 - accu
        racy: 0.9966 - val loss: 0.0026 - val accuracy: 0.9983
        Epoch 9/10
        148/148 [============== ] - 471s 3s/step - loss: 0.0168 - accu
        racy: 0.9977 - val loss: 6.1550e-06 - val accuracy: 1.0000
        Epoch 10/10
        148/148 [=============== ] - 466s 3s/step - loss: 0.0047 - accu
        racy: 0.9987 - val loss: 4.0416e-04 - val accuracy: 1.0000
In [26]: | scores = model.evaluate(test ds)
        scores
        20/20 [========== ] - 84s 3s/step - loss: 0.0341 - accurac
        y: 0.9984
Out[26]: [0.03407653421163559, 0.9984375238418579]
In [27]: | acc = history.history['accuracy']
        val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy']
        loss = history.history['loss']
        val_loss = history.history['val_loss']
```

```
In [28]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
    plt.subplot(1,2,1)
    plt.plot(range(EPOCHS), acc, label='Training Accuracy')
    plt.plot(range(EPOCHS), val_acc, label='Validation Accuracy')
    plt.legend(loc = 'lower right')
    plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
```

Out[28]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Training and Validation Accuracy')



```
In [29]: def predict(model, img):
    img_array = tf.keras.preprocessing.image.img_to_array(images[i].numpy())
    img_array = tf.expand_dims(img_array, 0)

    prediction = model.predict(img_array)

    prediction_class = class_names[np.argmax(prediction[0])]
    confidence = round(100 * (np.max(prediction[0])),2)

    return prediction_class, confidence
```

```
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 148ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - 0s 141ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 143ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 155ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 142ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 160ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 146ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 144ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 160ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 144ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 143ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 190ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 144ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 147ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 136ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 140ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 161ms/step
1/1 [============ ] - 0s 156ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 149ms/step
```

Actual: Bacterialblight

predicted: Bacterialblight, confidence: 100.0,

predicted: Blast, confidence: 100.0, Actual: Blast



predicted: Tungro, confidence: 100.0,

predicted: Brownspot, confidence: 100.0, Actual: Brownspot



predicted: Bacterialblight, confidence: 100.0.

predicted: Blast, confidence: 100.0, Actual: Blast



predicted: Bacterialblight, confidence: 100.0, Actual: Bacterialblight



predicted: Blast, confidence: 100.0, Actual: Blast



predicted: Blast, confidence: 100.0, Actual: Blast





PhilRice

In []:

In [31]: # Saving the model

model_version = max([int(i) for i in os.listdir("models") + [0]])+1
model.save(f'models\{model_version}')

WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _ jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op, _jit_compiled_convolution_op while saving (showing 5 of 54). Thes e functions will not be directly callable after loading.

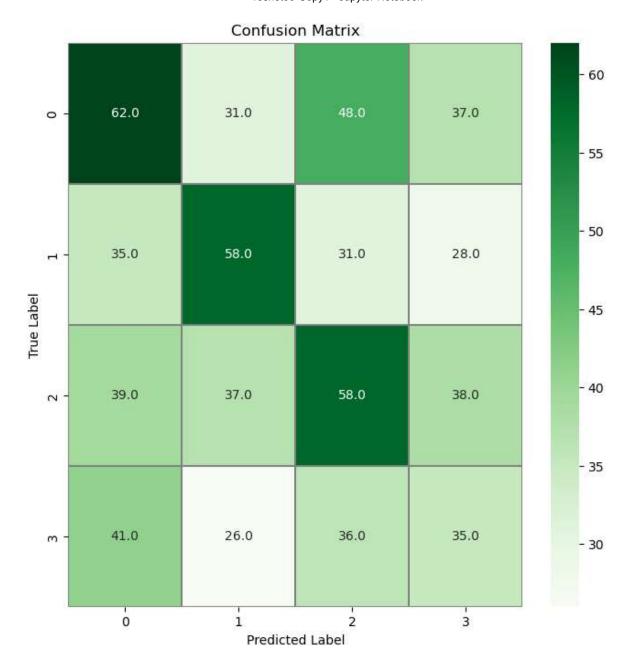
INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to: models\17\assets

INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to: models\17\assets

```
In [158]:
          new model = tf.keras.models.load model('models/17')
          # Check its architecture
          new model.summary()
          lock1_1_conv[0][0]']
           ization)
           conv2_block1_1_relu (Activatio (None, 56, 56, 64) 0
                                                                            ['conv2 b
          lock1_1_bn[0][0]']
           n)
           conv2_block1_2_conv (Conv2D)
                                          (None, 56, 56, 64)
                                                                36928
                                                                            ['conv2_b
          lock1_1_relu[0][0]']
           conv2_block1_2_bn (BatchNormal (None, 56, 56, 64)
                                                                256
                                                                            ['conv2_b
          lock1_2_conv[0][0]']
           ization)
           conv2_block1_2_relu (Activatio (None, 56, 56, 64) 0
                                                                            ['conv2_b
          lock1_2_bn[0][0]']
           n)
                                          (None, 56, 56, 256) 16640
           conv2_block1_0_conv (Conv2D)
                                                                            ['pool1_p
          ^1[0][0][v
 In [ ]:
 In [33]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix , classification report
```

```
In [159]: # confusion matrix
          import seaborn as sns
          # Predict the values from the validation dataset
          Y pred = new model.predict(test ds)
          # Convert predictions classes to one hot vectors
          Y_pred_classes = np.argmax(Y_pred,axis = 1)
          # Convert validation observations to one hot vectors
          Y_true = tf.concat([y for x, y in test_ds], axis=0)
          # compute the confusion matrix
          confusion_mtx = confusion_matrix(Y_true, Y_pred_classes)
          # plot the confusion matrix
          f,ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 8))
          sns.heatmap(confusion_mtx, annot=True, linewidths=0.01,cmap="Greens",linecolor
          plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
          plt.ylabel("True Label")
          plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
          plt.show()
```

20/20 [=======] - 42s 2s/step



In [160]: print(classification_report(Y_true, Y_pred_classes, target_names=class_names)) precision recall f1-score support Bacterialblight 0.35 0.35 0.35 178 Blast 0.38 0.38 0.38 152 Brownspot 0.34 0.34 0.34 172 Tungro 0.25 0.25 0.25 138 640 accuracy 0.33

0.33

0.33

0.33

0.33

640

640

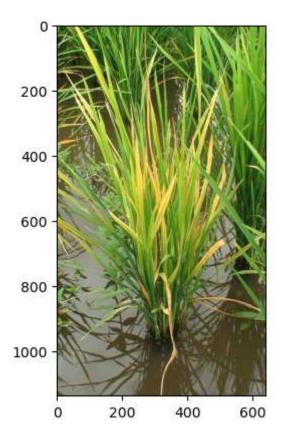
0.33

0.33

macro avg

weighted avg

```
In [ ]:
 In [36]:
          import numpy as np
          import cv2
In [165]:
          img_path = cv2.imread(os.path.join('Testing Images','t.jfif'))
          img_path = cv2.cvtColor(img_path,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
          plt.imshow(img_path)
Out[165]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x26c467aa820>
```



```
In [166]: img = cv2.resize(img_path,(224,224))
         img = np.reshape(img,[1,224,224,3])
In [167]: | pred = new_model.predict(img)
         1/1 [=======] - 0s 146ms/step
In [168]: pred
Out[168]: array([[6.513488e-29, 0.000000e+00, 0.000000e+00, 1.000000e+00]],
               dtype=float32)
```

In [169]:	<pre>prediction_class = class_names[np.argmax(pred)] prediction_class</pre>
Out[169]:	'Tungro'
In []:	
In []:	
In []:	
	2 - vgg16 2epochs earlystopping 7 - vgg16 8 - vgg16 data + bb.jpg added
In []:	
In []:	
In []:	