UKA TARSADIA UNIVERSITY B.C.A. (4thSemester) Syllabus, 2021-2022

Course Code: CS4014 Course Title: Fundamentals of Computer Networks
Course Credits: 4 [Lectures: 04, Tutorial: 00, Practical: 00]

Prerequisites: Computer Fundamentals and Organization, and Fundamentals of Operating Systems

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Prerequisites By Topics: Basic knowledge about computer systems.

Objectives: To provide basic understanding of Computer Network Concepts, knowledge of Physical, Data Link and Network Layer functionalities including configuration of Network with its Security.

Understandin

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course, students shall be able to

CO1:	Summarize about Data Communication, Network Architecture, Protocols and Standards.	g
CO2:	Identify the appropriate Transmission Media and Error Detection and Correction at Data Link Layer.	Analyze
CO3:	Describe the functionality of Data Link Layer Protocols for Flow Control and Error Control.	Understandin g
CO4:	Describe the functionalities of Network Topologies and Network Components.	Understandin g
CO5:	Summarize and describe the working of Network layer protocol.	Understandin g
CO6:	Explore the configuration of Network with its security.	Understandin g

Course Objective and Course Outcomes Mapping:

To provide knowledge of Computer Networks Concepts:C01

To provide Knowledge of Physical, Data Link and Network Layer functionalities: CO1,CO2, CO3, CO5

To explore Network Configuration and its Security: CO6

Programme Outcomes and Course Outcomes mapping:

PO1: Ability to understand the concepts of key areas in computer science.

PO2: Ability to design and develop system, component or process as well as test and maintain it so as to provide promising solutions to industry and society.

PO3: Effective communication and presentation skill.

PO4: Ability to understand professional and ethical responsibility.

PO5: Recognition of the need for life-long learning.

Programme Course Outcomes						
Outcomes	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	C06
P01	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
P02				✓		
P03	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
P04						✓
P05			✓	✓		✓

1 Introduction [15 %]

- 1.1. Computer Network: Essentials and Uses
- 1.2. Network Hardware and Software
- 1.3. System Interconnection Models: OSI, TCP/IP
- 1.4. Network Utility
- 1.5. Physical Layer- Bandwidth, Signal Data Rate
- 1.6. Transmission Media: Guided and Unguided

2	Data Li	ink Layer	[15 %]
	2.1.	Design issues - Services provided to network layer	
	2.2.	Framing	
	2.3.	Error control, Flow control; Error detection and correction - Error correcting codes,	
		Error detecting codes	
	2.4.	Elementary data link protocols - Simplex, stop and wait, Sliding window protocol,	
		Overview of HDLC	
3	Mediu	m Access Control Sub-Layer	[20 %]
	3.1	Channel allocation problem	
	3.2	Multiple access protocols - ALOHA, CSMA, Collision free protocols, Limited contention	
		protocols	
	3.3	Ethernet - Traditional Ethernet, Switched Ethernet	
4	Netwo	rk Layer	[15 %]
	4.1	Design issues, Comparison of virtual circuit and datagram subnets	
	4.2	Routing algorithms, Optimality principle, Shortest Path Routing, Flooding, Distance	
		Vector Routing, Link State Routing	
	4.3	Congestion control algorithms, Principles, Prevention policies, Congestion Control in	
		Virtual Circuit Subnets, Congestion control in datagram subnets, Load shedding, Jitter	
		control	
	4.4	Service Requirements Quality, Techniques for achieving good quality of service	
	4.5	Internetworking, Tunnelling	
	4.6	Internet Network Layer: IP protocol, IP addresses, Internet Control Protocol, OSPF, BGP	
5	-	oort Layer	[20 %]
	5.1	Transport service – Upper Layer Service Base, Transport Service Primitives, Socket	
	5.2	Elements of Transport protocols - Addressing, Connection Establishment, Connection	
		release, Flow control, Multiplexing	
	5.3	Transport protocol - UDP, TCP	
6	Applica	ation layer	[15 %]
	6.1	DNS - The DNS name space, Resource records, Name servers	
	6.2	Electronic mail - Architecture and services, User agent, Message formats, Message	
		transfer, Final delivery	
	6.3	World Wide Web - Architectural overview, HTTP.	

Course Units and Course Outcomes Mapping:

Unit	Unit	Course outcome						
No.	Omt	Course outcome						
		CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	C06	CO7
1	Introduction	✓						
2	Data Link Layer	✓	✓					
3	Medium Access Control Sub-Layer	✓		✓				
4	Network Layer	✓			✓			
5	Transport Layer	✓				✓	√	
6	Application Layer	✓						√

Text Books/Material References:

1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum - "Computer network", Pearson education.

Text Books/Material References:

- 1. Behrouz Forouzan "Introduction to Data Communication and Networking", TMH.
- 2. Natalia Olifer, Victor Olifer "Computer Network", Wiley-India edition.

3. William Stallings - "Data and computer communication", Pearson education.

Course Curriculum Execution Guidelines

Semester Objectives: Enhance Analysis skill, Enhance Technical Writing skill, Enhance Communication skill Content Delivery: The course content shall be delivered by following pattern, wherein teacher must give approximately 75% hours exclusively for imparting conceptual knowledge. Rest 25% hours for demonstration/hands-on regarding supported tool and technology.

Activities/Practicum By Teacher: *The following activities shall be carried out by the teacher:*

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Programme	Course	Mode of	Activity List and	Unit	Wee	Semester
Outcome	Outcome	Transaction	Description		k	Objective
PO1,	CO1, CO2	Demonstration	AC1: Demonstration	1,2	5	Enhance the
P04,P06			of various			Technical Skill
			networking devices,			
			Crimping of wires,			
			installing NIC			
			drivers and show			
			some of the			
			networks device.			

Activities/Practicum By Student: *The following activities shall be carried out by the students:*

Programme	Course	Activity List and	Unit	Week	Semester Objective
Outcome	Outcome	Description			
P01, P04, P06	C01,C02	AC2: Identify Topologies and Network Architectures including all types of hardware in campus or outside the campus. Ask student to prepare a report for the same.	1,2	10	Enhance Reading, Analysis and Technical skill.
P01,P04,P0	CO1, CO2	AC3: Demonstration of Network	1,2	10	Enhance the
6		Simulation tool like NS2.			Technical skill.

Concept linkage: A course must establish concept linkage as mentioned in the table through content delivery mode, active learning activities or through assessments.

Unit/Sub-Unit	Prior concept	Contemporary	Post concept linkage
	linkage	Linkage	
Unit 1/1.4	030010314: Unit 6	-	030010512: Unit
			3/3.3

- The concepts mentioned in **Prior Concept Linkage** shall be taken as base and revised in context of the respective unit/sub-unit by the course teacher.
- The concepts mentioned in **Contemporary Linkage** shall be correlated by the course teacher during the discussion of the respective unit/sub-units with those in current semesters.
- The concepts mentioned in **Post Concept Linkage** shall be correlated by the course teacher during the discussion of the respective unit/sub-units.

Assessment Pattern

Plaam'a Catagory		% weightage in CIE	
Bloom's Category	Quiz	Unit Test	Internal

Remembering	50	33	33
Understanding	30	34	34
Analysis	20	33	33

Subject to change based on the nature of course and as prescribed by Examination Committee of the institute after due approval from Director.

Course Level Assessment Questions

Course Outcomes	Questions satisfying achievement of specific CO	Bloom's Taxonomy
CO1,CO4	What happens if Hub stops working in the Network?	Understanding
CO1,CO4	When is a repeater used in a computer network?	Remembering
C01	Which OSI layer is responsible for the following? (a) Determining the best path to route packets. (b) Providing end-to-end communications with reliable service.	Understanding
C03	Sender 'X' wants to send five frames namely Frame 0, Frame 1, Frame2, Frame3, Frame4 and Frame5 to Receiver 'Y'. During transmission Frame1, Frame 2 and Frame5 are lost. Graphically represent and explain the situation after each frame is sent using Stop and Wait ARQ and Selective Repeat ARQ Protocol. Also show the value of control variable at Sender station (S) and Receiver station (R) after sending the individual frame.	Analysis
CO1	Explain TCP/IP Protocol in detail.	Remembering
CO2	A 7-bit data need to be sent by the sender to the receiver. At the sender side Even Parity Check error detection method to be applied on data bits and the receiver receives bit pattern like 00101100. Is it the error free data bits?	Analysis