

# Rakshak UAV

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# Objectives & UAV Design

The project Rakshak aims at developing UAVs to provide relief measures in disaster-stricken areas and can be used for surveys & mapping of cities and conservation of wildlife with slight modifications. Our design efficiently tackles the above problems cost-effectively without compromising on human safety.



**Autonomous Flight-** Stable flight controller, long range communication

Obstacle Avoidance- Feasible path generation, mission trajectory update

Object Detection and Classification-Highly stable imaging system, shape and letter detection and classification

Air Delivery- Accurate dropping mechanism accommodating shift in CG position

| Takeoff weight  | 4.816 kg |
|-----------------|----------|
| Cruise speed    | 18 m/s   |
| Stall speed     | 10 m/s   |
| min turn radius | 15 m     |
| endurance       | 60 min   |
| wingspan        | 2 m      |
| chord length    | 33 cm    |

Fig. UAV Design Specifications

## Controls & Communication

The path planning algorithm represents all **obstacles** as circles by adding a grace radius around it for safety purposes. The algorithm works by trying to find a straightline path between two waypoints. If obstacles are present in the path, the algorithm generates waypoints such that the UAV will trace the boundary of the obstacle.

- Offline path generation pre-mission
- Guaranteed to give solution
- Defined running time, won't enter an infinite loop

Rakshak UAV uses the flight controller Pixhawk, along with its ground control station software QGroundControl. The autopilot receives the refined mission waypoints from ground station and performs autonomous navigation using internal sensors- accelerometer, gyroscope, magnetometer. Pixhawk flightstack uses MAVLink protocol for communication which facilitates the use of MAVROS (ROS package).

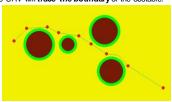


Fig. Path Planning Algorithm

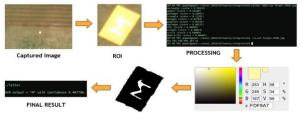


Fig. Communication System

Interoperability. The obstacle locations and desired flight waypoints are obtained from a server. The process is automated with the help of **python scripts** for login, collection of data and transfer of mission imagery in **JSON** format.

# Computer Vision

#### Model Pipeline:



The significant tasks involved making the UAV capable of detecting and classifying the objects present on the ground.

#### Object detection :

The objects include alphanumeric characters and humans engaged in various activities. A YOLO-v5 model pre-trained on the COCO dataset was taken and then fine-tuned on our dataset. The dataset prepared for this task initially had 177 images captured by our drone in the gymkhana grounds of IIT Bombay. Data pre-processing and augmentation were performed to improve the model results which are as follows:

- mAP@.5 0.837, mAP@.5:.95 0.413
- Precision 0.844, Recall 0.807

#### Object Recognition :

If the object is detected as a letter, the task is to recognise the alphabet in the cropped image. The major problem with the dataset was that it had a lot of background noise. The images were converted into LAB colour space and thresholding was applied to reduce noise. The test accuracy was around 62%.

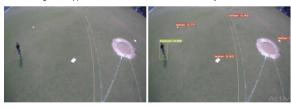
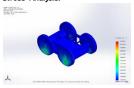


Fig. Object detection results

### **UGV-aided Delivery**

- 4 wheel, Pixhawk Controlled Forward Drive UGV model
- Enclosing dimensions of the UGV are 275 mm x 200 mm x 103 mm – space to carry items (like the bottle shown in the fig.)

#### Stress Analysis:

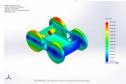


Impact initially taken by the wheels and then passed to the wheel axle.

Maximum Stress reached in the axle is 291.9 MPa, within limits.



Displacement Analysis:



Maximum displacement achieved is 3.27 mm at the top portion of the front wheels. Wheel tire is expected to take the impact, acting as a natural suspension.

#### Miscellaneous

#### Path Planning Demonstration:

Offline path planning Online path planning

Flight Demonstration: Rakshak

Manufacturing:







Fig. Wing loading test

Fig. Motor test

Fig. Wing structure

#### Team members:

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