Tbl Orders

ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id	
70001	150.5	05/10/2012	3005	5002	
70009	270.65	10/09/2012	3001	5005	
70002	65.26	05/10/2012	3002	5001	
70004	110.5	17/08/2012	3009	5003	
70007	948.5	10/09/2012	3005	5002	
70005	2400.6	27/07/2012	3007	5001	
70008	5760	10/09/2012	3002	5001	
70010	1983.43	10/10/2012	3004	5006	
70003	2480.4	10/10/2012	3009	5003	
70012	250.45	27/06/2012	3008	5002	
70011	75.29	17/08/2012	3003	5007	
70013	3045.6	25/04/2012	3002	5001	

Tbl_Customer				
customer_id	cust_name	city	grade	salesman_id
3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
3004	Fabian Johnson	Paris	300	5006
3009	Geoff Cameron	Berlin	100	5003
3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007
3001	Brad Guzan	London		5005

name	city	commission	
James Hoog	New York	0.15	
Nail Knite	Paris	0.13	
Pit Alex	London	0.11	
Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14	
Paul Adam	Rome	0.13	
Lauson Hen	San Jose	0.12	
	James Hoog Nail Knite Pit Alex Mc Lyon Paul Adam	James Hoog New York Nail Knite Paris Pit Alex London Mc Lyon Paris Paul Adam Rome	

Tbl_ItemMaster				
PRO_ID	PRO_NAME	PRO_PRICE	PRO_COM	
101	Mother Board	3200	15	
102	Key Board	450	16	
103	ZIP drive	250	14	
104	Speaker	550	16	
105	Monitor	5000	11	
106	DVD drive	900	12	
107	CD drive	800	12	
108	Printer	2600	13	
109	Refill cartridge	350	13	
110	Mouse	250	17	

Tbl_Department

DPT_CODE	DPT_NAME	DPT_ALLOTMENT
57	IT	65000
63	Finance	15000
47	HR	240000
27	RD	55000
89	nc	75000

I DI_EmployeeDetails				
EMP_IDNO	EMP_FNAME	EMP_LNAME	EMP_DEPT	
127323	Michale	Robbin	57	
526689	Carlos	Snares	63	
843795	Enric	Dosio	57	
328717	Jhon	Snares	63	
444527	Joseph	Dosni	47	
659831	Zanifer	Emily	47	
847674	Kuleswar	Sitaraman	57	
748681	Henrey	Gabriel	47	
555935	Alex	Manuel	57	
539569	George	Mardy	27	
733843	Mario	Saule	63	
631548	Alan	Snappy	27	
839139	Maria	Foster	57	

- write a SQL query to calculate total purchase amount of all orders. Return total purchase amount.
- write a SQL query to calculate the average purchase amount of all orders. Return average purchase amount.
 write a SQL query that counts the number of unique salespeople. Return number of salespeople. Q-2. Q-3.
- write a SQL query to count the number of customers. Return number of customers.
 write a SQL query to determine the number of customers who received at least one grade for their activity.
- Q-4. Q-5. Q-6. Q-7.
- write a SQL query to find the maximum purchase amount.

 write a SQL query to find the maximum purchase amount.

 write a SQL query to find the minimum purchase amount.

 write a SQL query to find the highest grade of the customers in each city. Return city, maximum grade.

- Q-8. Q-9. Q-10. Q-11. Q-12.
- Q-13. Q-14.
- write a SGL query to find the highest grade of the customers in each city. Return city, maximum grade.

 write a SGL query to find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer. Return customer in Journal order date and highest purchase amount.

 write a SGL query to find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer on a particular date. Return, order date and highest purchase amount.

 write a SGL query to find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer on a particular date. Return customer in ID, purchase amount.

 write a SGL query to find the highest order (purchase) amount by each customer on a particular date. Return customer in deep each season or a particular date. Place the result by highest order (purchase) amount above 2000.00. Return customer id, order date and maximum purchase amount.

 write a SGL query to find the maximum order purchase) amount the return order date. Place the result by highest order (purchase) amount above 2000.00.00, 3000, 3700, 6000. Return customer id, order date and maximum purchase amount.

 write a SGL query to find the maximum order (purchase) amount the season of a season of a season or a season of a season or a season of a season or a season or a season of a season or a seas Q-15.
- Q-16. Q-17.
- Q-18. write a SQL query to count all the orders generated on '2012-08-17'. Return number of orders, write a SQL query to count the number of salespeople in a city. Return number of salespeople. Q-19. Q-20.
- write a SQL query to count the number of orders based on the combination of each order date and salesperson. Return order date, salesperson id.
- with a SQL query to conflict feature or products against a square product price.

 White a SQL query to conflict feature or products against a feature product price.

 White a SQL query to conflict feature product price.

 SQL query to compute the average product price.

 SQL query to compute the average price pric Q-21. Q-22. Q-23.
- Q-24.
- write a SQL query to compute the sum of the allotment amount of all departments. Return sum of the allotment amount, write a SQL query to count the number of employees in each department. Return department code and number of employees.