



RIP Routing Configuration Using 3 Routers in Cisco Packet Tracer

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Pre-Requisite: [Routing Information Protocol \(RIP\)](#).

Routing Information Protocol (RIP) is an active routing protocol that operates hop count as a routing metric to find the most suitable route between the source and the destination network. It is a distance-vector routing protocol that has an AD value of 120 and works on the Network layer of the OSI model.

Steps to Configure and Verify Three Router Connections in Cisco Packet Tracer using RIP Routing:

Step 1: First, open the Cisco packet tracer desktop and select the devices given below:

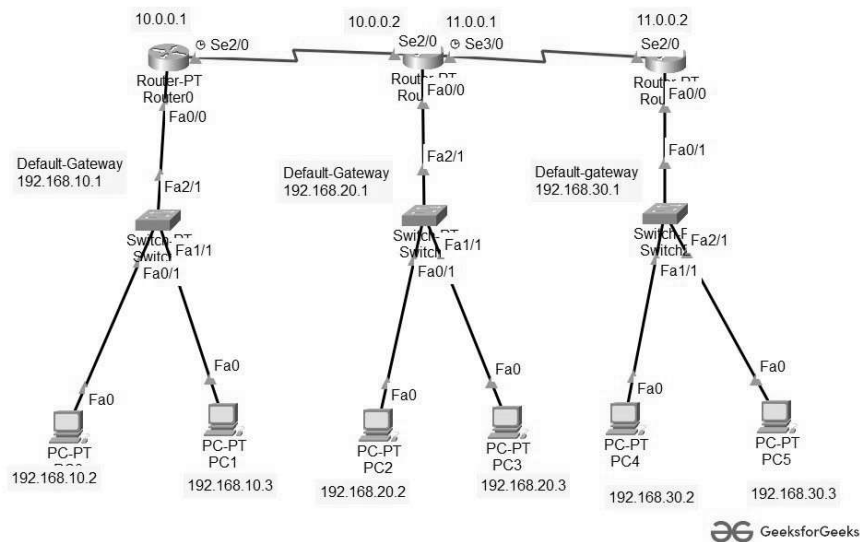
S.NO	Device	Model Name	Qty.
1.	PC	PC	6
2.	Switch	PT-Switch	3
3.	Router	PT-router	3

IP Addressing Table:

S.NO	Device	IPv4 Address	Subnet mask	Default Gateway
1.	PC0	192.168.10.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1

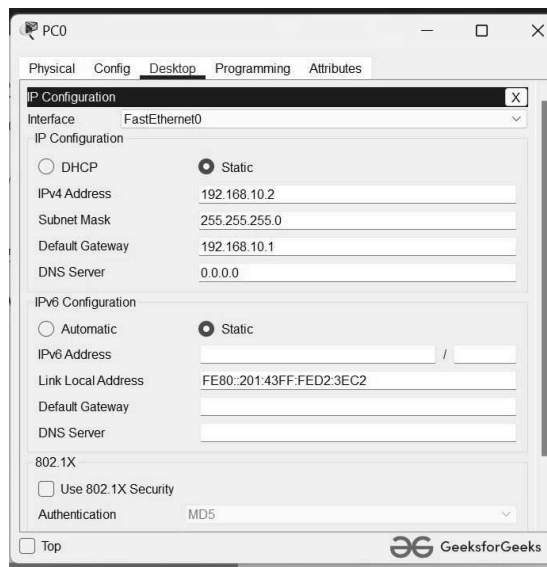
S.NO	Device	IPv4 Address	Subnet mask	Default Gateway
2.	PC1	192.168.10.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1
3.	PC2	192.168.20.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.20.1
4.	PC3	192.168.20.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.20.1
5.	PC4	192.168.30.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.30.1
6.	PC5	192.168.30.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.30.1

- Then, create a network topology as shown below the image.
- Use an Automatic connecting cable to connect the devices with others.



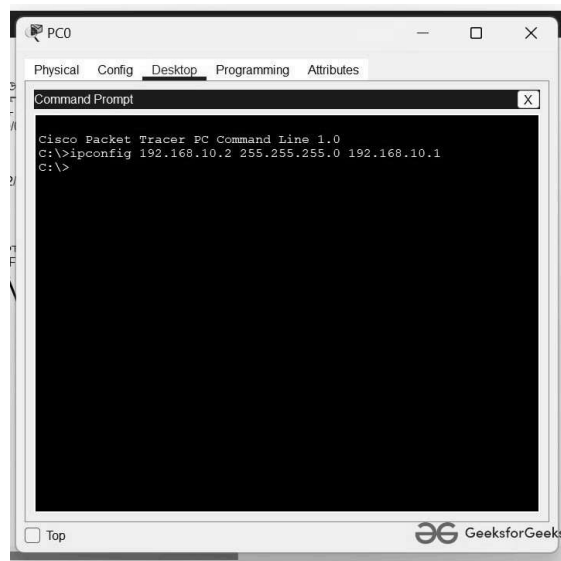
Step 2: Configure the PCs (hosts) with IPv4 address and Subnet Mask according to the IP addressing table given above.

- To assign an IP address in PC0, click on PC0.
- Then, go to desktop and then IP configuration and there you will IPv4 configuration.
- Fill IPv4 address and subnet mask.



- Assigning an IP address using the ipconfig command, or we can also assign an IP address with the help of a command.
- Go to the command terminal of the PC.
- Then, type ipConfig <IPv4 address><subnet mask><default gateway>(if needed)

Example: ipConfig 192.168.10.2 255.255.255.0 192.168.10.1



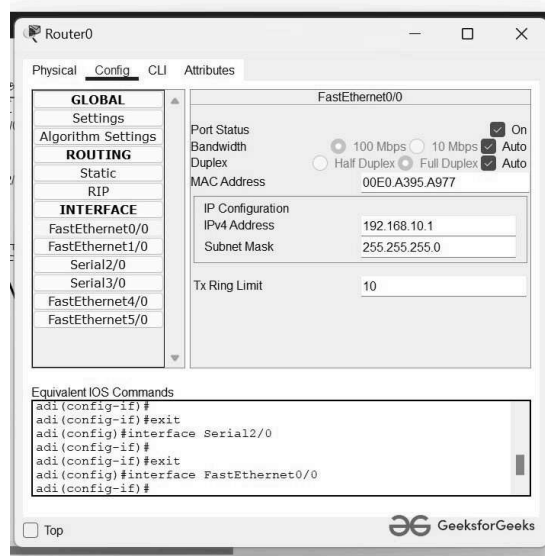
- Repeat the same procedure with other PCs to configure them thoroughly.

Step 3: Configure router with IP address and Subnet mask.

IP Addressing Table Router:

S.NO	Device	Interface	IPv4 Address	Subnet mask
1.	router0	FastEthernet0/0	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0
		Serial2/0	10.0.0.1	255.0.0.0
2.	router1	FastEthernet0/0	192.168.20.1	255.255.255.0
		Serial2/0	10.0.0.2	255.0.0.0
		Serial3/0	11.0.0.1	255.0.0.0
3.	router2	FastEthernet0/0	192.168.30.1	255.255.255.0
		Serial2/0	11.0.0.2	255.0.0.0

- To assign an IP address in router0, click on router0.
- Then, go to config and then Interfaces.
- Make sure to turn on the ports.
- Then, configure the IP address in FastEthernet and serial ports according to IP addressing Table.
- Fill IPv4 address and subnet mask.



- Repeat the same procedure with other routers to configure them thoroughly.

Step 4: After configuring all of the devices we need to assign the routes to the routers.

To assign RIP routes to the particular router:

- First, click on router0 then Go to CLI.
- Then type the commands and IP information given below.

CLI command : router rip

CLI command : network <network id>

RIP Routes for Router0 are given below:

```
Router(config)#router rip
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.10.0
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0
```

RIP Routes for Router1 are given below:

```
Router(config)#router rip
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.20.0
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0
```

```
Router(config-router)#network 11.0.0.0
```

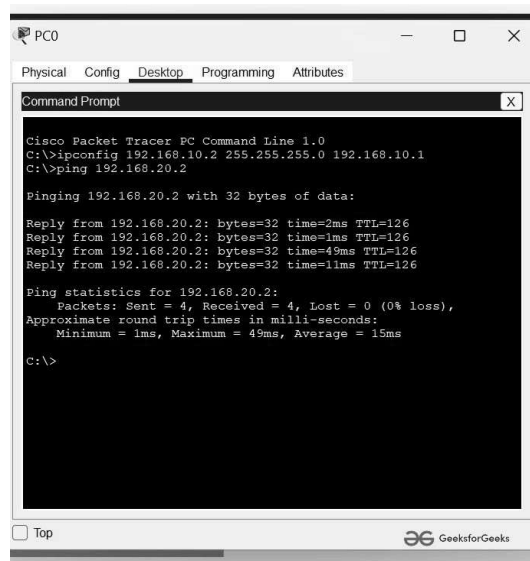
RIP Routes for Router2 are given below:

```
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.30.0
Router(config-router)#network 11.0.0.0
```

Step 5: Verifying the network by pinging the IP address of any PC.

- We will use the ping command to do so.
- First, click on PC0 then Go to the command prompt.
- Then type ping <IP address of targeted node>.
- As we can see in the below image we are getting replies which means the connection is working properly.

Example : ping 192.168.20.2



The screenshot shows a window titled 'PC0' with tabs for Physical, Config, Desktop, Programming, and Attributes. The 'Desktop' tab is active, displaying a 'Command Prompt' window. The command prompt shows the following text:

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ipconfig 192.168.10.2 255.255.255.0 192.168.10.1
C:\>ping 192.168.20.2

Pinging 192.168.20.2 with 32 bytes of data:

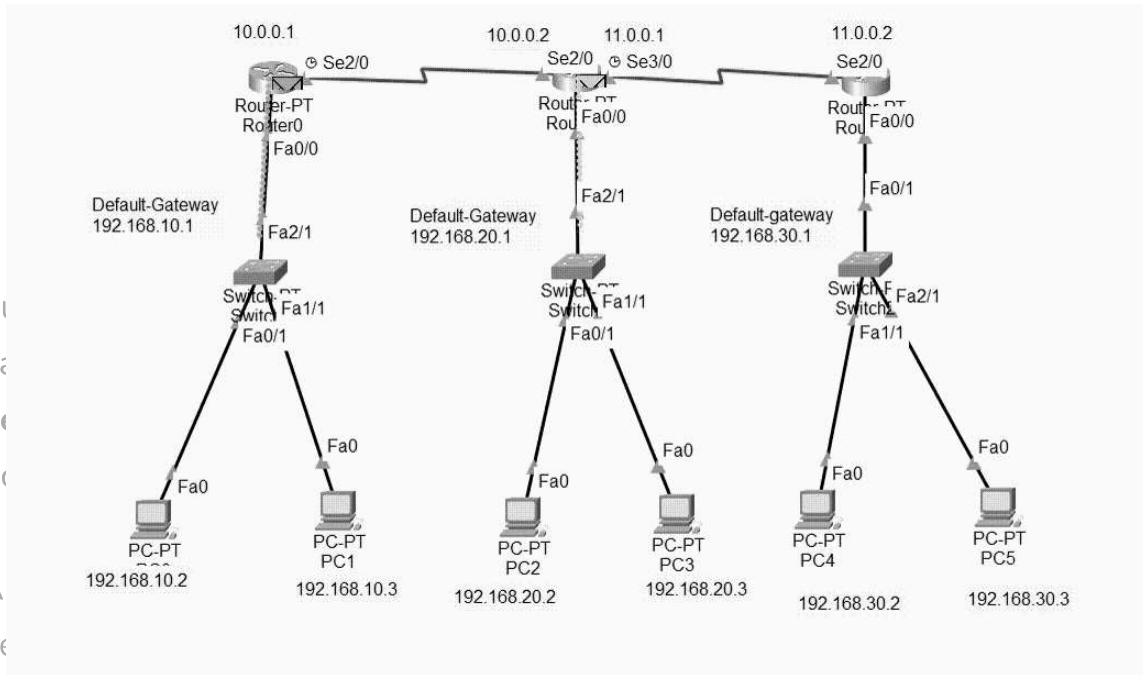
Reply from 192.168.20.2: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.20.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.20.2: bytes=32 time=49ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.20.2: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.20.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 49ms, Average = 15ms

C:\>
```

At the bottom of the window, there is a 'Top' button and the 'GeeksforGeeks' logo.

- A simulation of the experiment is given below we are sending PDU from PC0 to PC2 and PC3 to PC5:



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