SYSTEM SOFTWARE LAB

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Experiment 1:

Simulate the following non-preemptive CPU scheduling algorithms to find turnaround time and waiting time.

a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin (pre-emptive) d) Priority

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
void main(){
int choice, size, num=1;
printf("Enter the number of processes : ");
scanf("%d",&size);
printf("\n");
int order[size],burst[size],arrival[size],turn=0,wait,priority[size];
int pos,temp,small,quant;
printf("Enter your choice: \n 1.FCFS \n 2.SJF \n 3.RR \n 4.Priority");
scanf("%d",&choice);
printf("\n");
for(int counter=0;counter<size;counter++)</pre>
{
       printf("Enter the burst time and arrival time \n");
       scanf("%d %d",&burst[counter],&arrival[counter]);
       order[counter]=num;
       num++;
switch(choice){
       case 1:{
               printf("SI \t Bst \t Arr \t Turn \t Wait \n");
               for(int j=0;j<size;j++)
               {
                       if(j==0)
                               wait=0;
                       else
                               wait+=burst[j-1];
                       turn+=burst[j];
```

```
printf("%d \t %d \t %d \t %d ms \t %d ms
\n",order[j],burst[j],arrival[j],turn,wait);
               }
               break;
               }
       case 2:{
               //SORTING
               for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
               { for(int j=1;j<size;j++)
                {
                       if(burst[j]<burst[j-1])
                       { //SWAPPING BURSTS
                       temp=burst[j];
                       burst[j]=burst[j-1];
                       burst[j-1]=temp;
                       //SWAPPING ORDERS
                              temp=order[j];
                              order[j]=order[j-1];
                              order[j-1]=temp;
                       }
                }
               }
               //TURN & WAIT
                printf("SI \t Bst \t Arr \t Turn \t Wait \n");
          for(int j=0;j<size;j++)
          {
               if(j==0)
                     wait=0;
               else
                     wait+=burst[j-1];
               turn+=burst[j];
                       printf("%d \t %d \t %d ms \t %d ms
\n",order[j],burst[j],arrival[j],turn,wait);
          }
               break;
```

```
}
        case 3:{
                printf("Enter the time slice :");
                scanf("%d",&quant);
                int turn[size],wait[size],stop,counter=0,t=0,total=0;
                int rem_bt[size];
                for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
                         total+=burst[i];
                         wait[i]=0;
                         rem_bt[i]=burst[i];
                while (1)
                {
                         int flag = 1;
                for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
                {
                         if (rem_bt[i] > 0)
                         flag = 0;
                         if (rem_bt[i] > quant)
                                      t += quant;
                              rem_bt[i] -= quant;
                         }
                         else
                         t = t + rem_bt[i];
                         wait[i] = t - burst[i];
                         rem_bt[i] = 0;
                         }
                         }
                         if(flag == 1)
                                 break;
                for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
                         turn[i]=wait[i]+burst[i];
            printf("SI \t Bst \t Arr \t Wait \t Turn \n");
```

```
for(int j=0;j<size;j++)
           {
                printf("%d \t %d \t %d \t %d ms \t %d ms
\n",order[j],burst[j],arrival[j],wait[j],turn[j]);
          }
                break;
        case 4:{
                printf("Enter the priority: ");
                for(int i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
                        scanf("%d",&priority[i]);
       //PRIORITY SORT
           for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
           { for(int j=1;j<size;j++)
            {
                if(priority[j]>priority[j-1])
                         { //SWAPPING PRIORITY
                      temp=priority[j];
                      priority[j]=priority[j-1];
                      priority[j-1]=temp;
                 //SWAPPING ORDERS
                      temp=order[j];
                      order[j]=order[j-1];
                      order[j-1]=temp;
                }
             }
        //TURN & WAIT
           printf("SI \t Bst \t Arr \t Prio \t Turn \t Wait \n");
           for(int j=0;j<size;j++)</pre>
           {
                if(j==0)
                      wait=0;
                else
                      wait+=burst[j-1];
                turn+=burst[j];
                printf("%d \t %d \t %d \t %d \t %d ms \t %d ms
\n",order[j],burst[j],arrival[j],priority[j],turn,wait);
                }
```

```
break;
}
default :{printf("NO Valid Option");break;}
}
```

Output:

a) FCFS

Enter the number of processes: 5

Enter your choice:

1.FCFS

2.SJF

3.RR

4.Priority 1

Enter the burst time and arrival time

50

Enter the burst time and arrival time

70

Enter the burst time and arrival time

20

Enter the burst time and arrival time

1 0

Enter the burst time and arrival time

60

SI	Bst	Arr	Turn Wait	
1	5	0	5 ms 0 ms	
2	7	0	12 ms	5 ms
3	2	0	14 ms	12 ms
4	4	0	18 ms	14 ms
5	6	0	24 ms	18 ms

b) SJF

Enter the number of processes: 5

Enter your choice:

1.FCFS

2.SJF

3.RR

4. Priority 2

Enter the burst time and arrival time

20

Enter the burst time and arrival time

50

Enter the burst time and arrival time

3 0

Enter the burst time and arrival time

60

Enter the burst time and arrival time

10

SI	Bst	Arr	Turn	Wait	
5	1	0	1 ms	0 ms	
1	2	0	3 ms	1 ms	
3	3	0	6 ms	3 ms	
2	5	0	11 ms		6 ms
4	6	0	17 ms	11 ms	

c) RR

Enter the number of processes: 3

Enter your choice:

1.FCFS

2.SJF

3.RR

4.Priority 3

Enter the burst time and arrival time

3 0

Enter the burst time and arrival time

60

Enter the burst time and arrival time

7 0

Enter the time slice :2

SI	Bst	Arr	Wait	Turn
1	3	0	4 ms	7 ms
2	6	0	7 ms	13 ms
3	7	0	9 ms	16 ms

d) Priority Scheduling

Enter the number of processes: 4

Enter your choice:

1.FCFS

2.SJF

3.RR

4.Priority 4

Enter the burst time and arrival time

4 0

Enter the burst time and arrival time

20

Enter the burst time and arrival time

10

Enter the burst time and arrival time

9 0

Enter the priority: 2

3 1 1

SI	Bst	Arr	Prio	Turn Wait
2	4	0	3	4 ms 0 ms
1	2	0	2	6 ms 4 ms
3	1	0	1	7 ms 6 ms
4	9	0	1	16 ms 7 ms

Experiment 2:

Simulate the following file organization techniques

a) Single level directory b) Two level directory c) Hierarchical

Program:

```
a) Single level directory:
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include<ctype.h>
    #include<stdlib.h>
    #include<string.h>
   struct{
      char dname[10],fname[10][10];
      int fcnt;
   }dir;
   void main(){
      int i,ch;
      char f[30];
      dir.fcnt = 0;
      printf("\nEnter name of directory -- ");
      scanf("%s", dir.dname);
      while(1)
         printf("\n\n 1. Create File\t2. Delete File\t3. Search File \n 4. Display Files\t5.
    Exit\nEnter your choice -- ");
         scanf("%d",&ch);
         switch(ch)
         {
              case 1: printf("\n Enter the name of the file -- ");
                    scanf("%s",dir.fname[dir.fcnt]);
                    dir.fcnt++;
                    break;
              case 2: printf("\n Enter the name of the file -- ");
                    scanf("%s",f);
                    for(i=0;i<dir.fcnt;i++)</pre>
                   {
                         if(strcmp(f, dir.fname[i])==0)
                         {
```

```
printf("File %s is deleted ",f);
                                strcpy(dir.fname[i],dir.fname[dir.fcnt-1]);
                               break;
                          }
                    }
                    if(i==dir.fcnt)
                       printf("File %s not found",f);
                    else
                       dir.fcnt--;
                    break;
               case 3: printf("\n Enter the name of the file -- ");
                    scanf("%s",f);
                    for(i=0;i<dir.fcnt;i++)</pre>
                       if(strcmp(f, dir.fname[i])==0)
                       {
                             printf("File %s is found ", f);
                             break;
                       }
                    }
                    if(i==dir.fcnt)
                       printf("File %s not found",f);
                    break;
               case 4: if(dir.fcnt==0)
                       printf("\n Directory Empty");
                    else
                    {
                       printf("\n The Files are -- ");
                       for(i=0;i<dir.fcnt;i++)</pre>
                       printf("\t%s",dir.fname[i]);
                    }
                    break;
               default: exit(0);
         }
      }
   }
b) Two level directory:
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include<stdlib.h>
    #include<string.h>
    #include<ctype.h>
    struct{
```

```
char dname[10],fname[10][10];
  int fcnt;
}dir[10];
void main()
  int i,ch,dcnt,k;
   char f[30], d[30];
  dcnt=0;
  while(1)
  {
     printf("\n\n 1. Create Directory\t 2. Create File\t 3. Delete File");
     printf("\n 4. Search File \t \t 5. Display \t 6. Exit \t Enter your choice -- ");
     scanf("%d",&ch);
     switch(ch)
        case 1: printf("\n Enter name of directory -- ");
             scanf("%s", dir[dcnt].dname);
             dir[dcnt].fcnt=0;
             dcnt++;
             printf("Directory created");
             break;
        case 2: printf("\n Enter name of the directory -- ");
             scanf("%s",d);
             for(i=0;i<dcnt;i++)
                if(strcmp(d,dir[i].dname)==0)
                   printf("Enter name of the file -- ");
                   scanf("%s",dir[i].fname[dir[i].fcnt]);
                   dir[i].fcnt++;
                   printf("File created");
                   break;
                }
                if(i==dcnt)
                   printf("Directory %s not found",d);
                break;
        case 3: printf("\nEnter name of the directory -- ");
             scanf("%s",d);
             for(i=0;i<dcnt;i++)
                if(strcmp(d,dir[i].dname)==0)
                   printf("Enter name of the file -- ");
                   scanf("%s",f);
```

```
for(k=0;k<dir[i].fcnt;k++)
             if(strcmp(f, dir[i].fname[k])==0)
                printf("File %s is deleted ",f);
                dir[i].fcnt--;
                strcpy(dir[i].fname[k],dir[i].fname[dir[i].fcnt]);
                goto jmp;
             }
          printf("File %s not found",f);
          goto jmp;
       }
     }
     printf("Directory %s not found",d);
     jmp : break;
case 4: printf("\nEnter name of the directory -- ");
     scanf("%s",d);
     for(i=0;i<dcnt;i++)
     {
        if(strcmp(d,dir[i].dname)==0)
          printf("Enter the name of the file -- ");
          scanf("%s",f);
          for(k=0;k<dir[i].fcnt;k++)</pre>
             if(strcmp(f, dir[i].fname[k])==0)
                printf("File %s is found ",f);
                goto jmp1;
             }
          printf("File %s not found",f);
          goto jmp1;
       }
     }
     printf("Directory %s not found",d);
     jmp1: break;
case 5: if(dcnt==0)
       printf("\nNo Directory's ");
     else
     {
```

```
printf("\nDirectory\tFiles");
                    for(i=0;i<dcnt;i++)
                       printf("\n%s\t\t",dir[i].dname);
                      for(k=0;k<dir[i].fcnt;k++)
                         printf("\t%s",dir[i].fname[k]);
                    }
                 }
                 break;
            default:exit(0);
         }
      }
c) Hierarchical:
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include <stdbool.h>
    #include <string.h>
    struct node
      char name[128];
       bool isDir;
       struct node *p;
      struct node *c[100];
       int i;
   } * head, *curr;
    void Is()
    {
      if (curr->i == 0)
         printf("Empty directory\n");
         return;
      }
      int i=0;
      for (i = 0; i < curr->i; i++)
      {
         if (curr->c[i]->isDir)
            printf("*%s* ", curr->c[i]->name);
         else
            printf("%s ", curr->c[i]->name);
      }
```

```
}
void add(bool d)
  printf("Enter the Name:\n");
   char fname[128];
   scanf("%s", fname);
  struct node *temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
   strcpy(temp->name, fname);
  temp->isDir = d;
  temp->p = curr;
  temp->i=0;
  curr->c[curr->i] = temp;
  curr->i = (curr->i) + 1;
}
void cd()
   printf("Enter directory name:\n");
  char dname[128];
  scanf("%s", dname);
  int i=0;
  for (i = 0; i < curr->i; i++)
     if (!strcmp(curr->c[i]->name, dname) && curr->c[i]->isDir)
        curr = curr->c[i];
        return;
     }
  printf("Directory not present.\n");
}
void cdparent()
  if (curr->p == NULL)
     printf("You are at the root directory\n");
     return;
  }
  curr = curr->p;
}
```

```
void del(bool d)
   printf("Enter name of file or directory to delete:\n");
   char name[128];
   scanf("%s", name);
  int i = 0;
  for ( i = 0; i < curr->i; i++)
  {
     if (!strcmp(curr->c[i]->name, name) && ((d && curr->c[i]->isDir == true) || (!d &&
curr->c[i]->isDir == false)))
     {
        int t = i;
        while (t < (curr->i) - 1)
          curr->c[t] = curr->c[t+1];
          t++;
        curr->i = (curr->i) - 1;
        printf("Successfully deleted.\n");
        return;
     }
  }
  printf("Not found\n");
}
void main()
  int in;
  head = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
   strcpy(head->name, "root");
  head->isDir = true;
  head->p = NULL;
  head->i = 0;
  curr = head;
  while (true)
  {
     printf("\n\nYou are in %s directory.\n1. show everything in this directory\n2. change
directory\n3. go to parent directory\n4. add new file\n5. delete file\n6. create new
directory\n7. delete directory\n8. exit\n", curr->name);
     scanf("%d", &in);
     switch (in)
     {
```

```
case 1:
          ls();
          break;
        case 2:
          cd();
          break;
        case 3:
          cdparent();
          break;
        case 4:
          add(false);
          break;
        case 5:
          del(false);
          break;
        case 6:
          add(true);
          break;
       case 7:
          del(true);
          break;
        default:
          exit(0);
     }
  }
}
```

Output:

a) Single level directory :Enter name of directory -- A

```
1. Create File 2. Delete File 3. Search File
```

4. Display Files 5. Exit

Enter your choice -- 1

Enter the name of the file -- F1

1. Create File 2. Delete File 3. Search File

4. Display Files 5. Exit

Enter your choice -- 1

Enter the name of the file -- F2

- 1. Create File 2. Delete File 3. Search File
- 4. Display Files 5. Exit

Enter your choice -- 4

The Files are -- F1 F2

- 1. Create File 2. Delete File 3. Search File
- 4. Display Files 5. Exit

Enter your choice -- 3

Enter the name of the file -- F1

File F1 is found

- 1. Create File 2. Delete File 3. Search File
- 4. Display Files 5. Exit

Enter your choice -- 2

Enter the name of the file -- F2

File F2 is deleted

- 1. Create File 2. Delete File 3. Search File
- 4. Display Files 5. Exit

Enter your choice -- 4

The Files are -- F1

- 1. Create File 2. Delete File 3. Search File
- 4. Display Files 5. Exit

Enter your choice -- 5

- b) Two level directory:
 - 1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File
 - 4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 1

Enter name of directory -- D1

Directory created

Create Directory
 Create File
 Display
 Enter your choice -- 1

1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File

4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 5

Directory Files D1

Directory created

D2

1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File

4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 2

Enter name of the directory -- D1 Enter name of the file -- F1

File created

1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File

4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 5

Directory Files F1

D2

1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File

4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 4

Enter name of the directory -- D1
Enter the name of the file -- F1
File F1 is found

1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File

4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 3

Enter name of the directory -- D1 Enter name of the file -- F1 File F1 is deleted

1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File

4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 4

1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File

4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 5

Directory Files

D1

D2

1. Create Directory 2. Create File 3. Delete File

4. Search File 5. Display 6. Exit Enter your choice -- 6

c) Hierarchical

You are in root directory.

1. show everything in this directory 2. change directory 3. go to parent directory

4. add new file 5. delete file 6. create new directory 7. delete directory 8. exit 6

Enter the Name:

D1

You are in root directory.

1. show everything in this directory 2. change directory 3. go to parent directory

4. add new file 5. delete file 6. create new directory 7. delete directory 8. exit

D1

You are in root directory.

1. show everything in this directory 2. change directory 3. go to parent directory

4. add new file 5. delete file 6. create new directory 7. delete directory 8. exit 2

Enter directory name:

D1

You are in D1 directory.

1. show everything in this directory 2. change directory 3. go to parent directory

4. add new file 5. delete file 6. create new directory 7. delete directory 8. exit

Enter the Name:

F1

You are in D1 directory.

show everything in this directory
 change directory
 go to parent directory
 add new file
 delete file
 create new directory
 delete directory
 exit

Enter name of file or directory to delete:

F1

Successfully deleted.

You are in D1 directory.

show everything in this directory
 change directory
 go to parent directory
 add new file
 delete file
 create new directory
 delete directory
 exit

You are in root directory.

show everything in this directory
 change directory
 go to parent directory
 add new file
 delete file
 create new directory
 delete directory
 exit

D1

You are in root directory.

show everything in this directory
 change directory
 go to parent directory
 add new file
 delete file
 create new directory
 delete directory
 exit

Enter name of file or directory to delete:

D1

Successfully deleted.

You are in root directory.

- 1. show everything in this directory 2. change directory 3. go to parent directory
- 4. add new file 5. delete file 6. create new directory 7. delete directory 8. exit 1

Empty directory

You are in root directory.

- 1. show everything in this directory 2. change directory 3. go to parent directory
- 4. add new file 5. delete file 6. create new directory 7. delete directory 8. exit 8

```
Experiment 3:
      Implement the banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance.
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main(){
  int p=0,r=0,i,j,count=0,flag;
  //Entering the number of processes and resources
  printf("Enter the number of processes and resources : ");
  scanf("%d %d",&p,&r);
  printf("\n");
//Needed data structures
  int alloc[p][r],num[r],available[r],max[p][r],need[p][r],work[r],finish[p],order[p];
//Allocation matrix input
  printf("Enter the resource allocation table : \n");
  printf("-----\n");
  for(i=0;i< p;i++){
    finish[i]=0;
    for(j=0;j< r;j++){
      scanf("%d",&alloc[i][j]);
  }
  //Output for alloc
  for(int i=0;i<p;i++){
    for (int j = 0; j < r; j++)
      printf("%d ",alloc[i][j]);
```

```
printf("\n");
 }
  */
//Maximum Number available
  for (i = 0; i < r; i++)
  {
    printf("Enter the number of resources available of Type %d: ",i+1);
    scanf("%d",&num[i]);
  }
  /*
  //output for num
  for (int i = 0; i < r; i++)
  {
    printf("%d ",num[i]);
  }
  */
//Counting each resource allocated
  for (i = 0; i < r; i++)
  { available[i]=num[i];
    work[i]=num[i];
    for (j = 0; j < p; j++)
      available[i]-=alloc[j][i];
      work[i]-=alloc[j][i];
    }
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < r; i++)
    printf("%d ",available[i]);
  }
  */
//Maximum Matrix
  printf("Enter the Maximum resource table : \n");
  printf("-----\n");
  for(i=0;i< p;i++){
```

```
for(j=0;j< r;j++){
       scanf("%d",&max[i][j]);
    }
  }
//Need Matrix
  for (i = 0; i < p; i++)
    for (j = 0; j < r; j++)
       need[i][j]=max[i][j]-alloc[i][j];
    }
  //Output for Need
  for(int i=0;i<p;i++){
    for (int j = 0; j < r; j++)
       printf("%d ",need[i][j]);
    printf("\n");
  }
//SAFTEY ALGORITHM
while (count<p)
  flag=0;
  for (i = 0; i < p; i++)
    if (finish[i] == 0)
       for (j = 0; j < r; j++)
         if (need[i][j]>work[j])
           break;
       if (j == r)
         for ( int k = 0; k < r; k++)
              work[k] += alloc[i][k];
```

```
order[count]=i;
         count++;
         finish[i]=1;
         flag=1;
       }
    }
  }
 if (flag == 0)
    printf("System is not in safe state");
    exit(0);
 }
}
    printf("System is in safe state\n Order is : \t");
    for(i=0;i< p;i++)
       printf(" P%d -",order[i]+1);
    printf("\n");
}
Output:
       Enter the number of processes and resources: 53
       Enter the resource allocation table:
       010
       200
       302
       211
       002
       Enter the number of resources available of Type 1:10
       Enter the number of resources available of Type 2:5
       Enter the number of resources available of Type 3:7
       Enter the Maximum resource table:
       753
       322
       902
       222
       433
       7 4 3
       1 2 2
```

```
6 0 0
0 1 1
4 3 1
System is in safe state
Order is: P2 - P4 - P5 - P1 - P3 -
```

Experiment 4:

Implement the producer-consumer problem using semaphores.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int empty=0,full=0,n=0,mutex=1;
int pro_cnt=0,con_cnt=0;
int wait(int);
int signal(int);
void main(){
 int choice;
 void producer();
 void consumer();
 printf("Enter the buffer size: ");
 scanf("%d",&n);
 empty=n;
 printf("Enter your choice :-\n");
 printf("1.Produce\t2.Consume\t3.Exit\n");
 while(1){
  printf("Your choice : ");
  scanf("%d",&choice);
  printf("\n");
  switch(choice){
   case 1:{ if((mutex==1)&&(empty!=0))
           producer();
           printf("Buffer is full!!!!\n");
          break;
         }
    case 2:{ if((mutex==1)&&(full!=0))
           consumer();
          else
           printf("Buffer is empty!!!!\n");
          break;
```

```
default:exit(0);break;
  printf("Number of produced items: %d \nNumber of consumed items: %d
\n",pro_cnt,con_cnt);
}
//Producer Function
void producer(){
  mutex=wait(mutex);
  full=signal(full);
  empty=wait(empty);
  pro_cnt++;
  printf("Produced Item.. \n");
  mutex=signal(mutex);
}
//Consumer Function
void consumer(){
 mutex=wait(mutex);
 full=wait(full);
 empty=signal(empty);
 con_cnt++;
 printf("Consumed Item.. \n");
 mutex=signal(mutex);
//Wait
int wait(int semaphore){
   return(--semaphore);
}
//Signal
int signal(int semaphore){
   return(++semaphore);
}
Output:
       Enter the buffer size: 3
       Enter your choice :-
       1.Produce
                     2.Consume
                                   3.Exit
       Your choice: 1
       Produced Item..
       Number of produced items: 1
```

Number of consumed items: 0

Your choice: 1

Produced Item..

Number of produced items : 2 Number of consumed items : 0

Your choice: 2

Consumed Item..

Number of produced items : 2 Number of consumed items : 1

Your choice: 1

Produced Item..

Number of produced items: 3 Number of consumed items: 1

Your choice: 1

Produced Item..

Number of produced items: 4 Number of consumed items: 1

Your choice: 1

Buffer is full!!!!

Number of produced items: 4 Number of consumed items: 1

Your choice: 2

Consumed Item..

Number of produced items : 4 Number of consumed items : 2

Your choice: 2

Consumed Item..

Number of produced items: 4 Number of consumed items: 3

Your choice: 2

Consumed Item..

Number of produced items: 4 Number of consumed items: 4

Your choice : 2

Buffer is empty!!!!!

Number of produced items: 4 Number of consumed items: 4

Your choice: 3

Experiment 5:

Write a program to simulate the working of the dining philosopher's problem.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void pickup(int);
void putdown(int);
void test(int);
void initialize();
enum{THINKING,HUNGRY,EATING} state[5];
int flag[5];
void main(){
 int phil=0,choice=0;
 initialize();
 while(1){
  printf("Enter the philosopher number(1-5):");
  scanf("%d",&phil);
  printf("Enter the operation needed \n 1.Start Eating\t2.Stop Eating\t 3.Exit\n");
  scanf("%d",&choice);
  switch(choice){
     case 1:{
         pickup(phil);
        break;
                       }
     case 2:{
         putdown(phil);
         break;
     default:exit(0);break;
   } }
              }
void initialize(){
 int i=0;
 for(i=0;i<5;i++){
  state[i]=THINKING;
  flag[i]=0; }
                      }
void pickup(int id){
 state[id]=HUNGRY;
 test(id);
```

```
if(state[id]!=EATING)
   flag[id]=0;
  if(flag[id]==1)
    printf("Philosopher %d is eating!\n",id);
  else
    printf("Philosopher %d cannot eat\n",id);
void putdown(int id){
 state[id]=THINKING;
 test((id+4)\%5);
 test((id+1)%5);
 printf("Philosopher %d is thinking!\n",id); }
void test(int i){
 if((state[(i+4)%5]!=EATING) && (state[i]==HUNGRY) && (state[(i+1)%5]!=EATING)){
 state[i]=EATING;
 flag[i]=1;
}
Output:
       Enter the philosopher number(1-5): 1
       Enter the operation needed
        1.Start Eating 2.Stop Eating 3.Exit
       1
       Philosopher 1 is eating!
       Enter the philosopher number(1-5): 4
       Enter the operation needed
        1.Start Eating 2.Stop Eating 3.Exit
       Philosopher 4 is eating!
       Enter the philosopher number(1-5): 3
       Enter the operation needed
        1.Start Eating 2.Stop Eating 3.Exit
       1
       Philosopher 3 cannot eat
       Enter the philosopher number(1-5): 1
       Enter the operation needed
        1.Start Eating 2.Stop Eating 3.Exit
       2
       Philosopher 1 is thinking!
       Enter the philosopher number(1-5): 2
       Enter the operation needed
        1.Start Eating 2.Stop Eating 3.Exit
```

```
1
       Philosopher 2 is eating!
       Enter the philosopher number(1-5): 3
       Enter the operation needed
        1.Start Eating 2.Stop Eating 3.Exit
Experiment 6:
       Simulate the following disk scheduling algorithms.
       a) FCFS b)SCAN c) C-SCAN
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<math.h>
void main(){
 int choice,n,start,seek_time,range,temp,index=0,count=0;
 printf("DISK SCHEDULING \n");
 printf("----\n");
 printf("Enter the range : ");
 scanf("%d",&range);
 printf("Enter the number of disk requests : ",range);
 scanf("%d",&n);
 printf("Enter the head position (< %d): ",range);</pre>
 scanf("%d",&start);
 if(start>range)
   exit(0);
 printf("Enter the requests : ");
 int disk_req[n],order[n],a[n];
 disk_req[0]=start;
 a[0]=start;
 for(int i=1;i <= n;i++){
   scanf("%d",&disk_req[i]);
   a[i]=disk_req[i];
 }
 for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){
  for(int j=0; j<=n-i-1; j++){
      if(a[j]>a[j+1]){
        temp=a[j];
        a[j]=a[j+1];
        a[j+1]=temp;
       }
  }
 }
 while(1){
```

```
seek_time=0;
printf("Enter your choice \n1.FCFS\t2.SCAN\t3.C-SCAN\n");
scanf("%d",&choice);
switch(choice){
 case 1:{ printf("No\tDisk Req\n");
       order[0]=1;
       printf("%d\t%d\n",order[0],disk_req[0]);
       for(int i=1;i <= n;i++){
          order[i]=i+1;
          printf("%d\t%d\n",order[i],disk_req[i]);
          seek_time+=abs(disk_req[i]-disk_req[i-1]);
      }
      printf("Seek Time : %d ms \n",seek_time);
      break;
 }
 case 2:{
       printf("No\tDisk Req\n");
       for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){
           if(a[i]==start){
              index=i;
           }
       for(int i=index-1;i\geq=0;i--){
          printf("%d\t%d\n",count,a[i]);
          seek_time+=abs(a[i+1]-a[i]);
          //printf("Seek time :%d\n",seek_time);
          count++;
          if(i==0){
           printf("%d\t%d\n",count,0);
           seek_time+=a[0];
           count++;
          }
       }
       for(int i=index+1;i<n;i++){</pre>
          if(i==(index+1)){
            seek_time+=a[i];
           // printf("Seek time :%d\n",seek_time);
          }
          printf("%d\t%d\n",count,a[i]);
          seek_time+=abs(a[i+1]-a[i]);
          count++;
          //printf("Seek time :%d\n",seek_time);
          if(i==(n-1))
```

```
printf("%d\t%d\n",count,a[n]);
          }
          printf("Seek Time : %d ms\n",seek_time);
         break;
   }
   case 3:{ count=0;
          printf("No\tDisk Req\n");
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++){
             if(a[i]==start){
                index=i;
             }
          }
          for(int i=index-1;i\geq=0;i--){
            printf("%d\t%d\n",count,a[i]);
            seek_time+=abs(a[i+1]-a[i]);
            //printf("Seek time :%d\n",seek_time);
            count++;
            if(i==0){
               printf("%d\t%d\n",++count,0);
               seek_time+=(a[0]+range);
               printf("%d\t%d\n",++count,range-1);
               count++;
            }
          for(int i=(n-1);i>index;i--){
            printf("%d\t%d\n",count,a[i]);
            seek_time+=abs(a[i+1]-a[i]);
            count++;
          printf("Seek Time : %d ms \n",seek_time);
         break;
   default:exit(0);break;
Output:
       DISK SCHEDULING
       Enter the range: 200
       Enter the number of disk requests: 5
       Enter the head position (< 200): 40
```

Enter the requests: 10 20 30 50 60

```
Enter your choice
1.FCFS
                         3.C-SCAN
            2.SCAN
                                      4.Exit
1
No
      Disk Req
1
      40
2
      10
3
      20
4
      30
5
      50
      60
6
Seek Time: 80 ms
Enter your choice
1.FCFS
             2.SCAN
                         3.C-SCAN
                                      4.Exit
2
No
      Disk Req
0
      30
1
      20
2
      10
3
      0
4
      50
5
      60
Seek Time: 100 ms
Enter your choice
1.FCFS
            2.SCAN
                         3.C-SCAN
                                      4.Exit
3
      Disk Req
No
0
      30
1
      20
2
      10
4
      0
5
      199
      50
Seek Time: 250 ms
Enter your choice
1.FCFS
             2.SCAN
                         3.C-SCAN
                                      4.Exit
4
```

Experiment 7:

Implement pass one of a two pass assembler.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
 FILE *f1,*f2,*f3,*f4,*f5;
 int lc,sa,l,op1,o,len;
 char m1[20],la[20],op[20],otp[20];
 f1=fopen("input.txt","r");
 f3=fopen("symtab.txt","w");
 f4=fopen("length.txt","w");
 f5=fopen("start.txt","w");
 fscanf(f1,"%s %s %d",la,m1,&op1);
 if(strcmp(m1,"START")==0)
 {
  sa=op1;
  fprintf(f5,"%d",sa);
  lc=sa;
  printf("\t%s\t%s\t%d\n",la,m1,op1);
 }
 else
  Ic=0;
 fscanf(f1,"%s %s",la,m1);
 while(!feof(f1))
 {
   fscanf(f1,"%s",op);
   printf("\n%d\t%s\t%s\n",lc,la,m1,op);
   if(strcmp(la,"-")!=0)
   {
      fprintf(f3,"\n%d\t%s\n",lc,la);
   f2=fopen("optab.txt","r");
   fscanf(f2,"%s %d",otp,&o);
   while(!feof(f2))
```

```
{
   if(strcmp(m1,otp)==0)
       lc=lc+3;
       break;
  fscanf(f2,"%s %d",otp,&o);
 fclose(f2);
 if(strcmp(m1,"WORD")==0)
   Ic=Ic+3;
 else if(strcmp(m1,"RESW")==0)
   op1=atoi(op);
   lc=lc+(3*op1);
 else if(strcmp(m1,"BYTE")==0)
 {
   if(op[0]=='X')
     lc=lc+1;
   else
     len=strlen(op)-2;
     lc=lc+len;
   }
 else if(strcmp(m1,"RESB")==0)
  op1=atoi(op);
  lc=lc+op1;
 fscanf(f1,"%s%s",la,m1);
if(strcmp(m1,"END")==0)
printf("Program length = %d \n",lc-sa);
fprintf(f4,"%d",lc-sa);
fclose(f1);
fclose(f3);
fclose(f4);
```

}

Output :

Input.txt:

COPY	START	1000
-	LDA	ALPHA
-	ADD	ONE
-	SUB	TWO
-	STA	BETA
ALPHA	BYTE	C'KLNCE
ONE	RESB	2
TWO	WORD	5
BETA	RESW	1
-	END	-

Console:

	COPY	START	1000
1017 1019 1022 1025	- - - - ALPHA ONE TWO BETA	LDA ADD SUB STA BYTE RESB WORD RESW END	ALPHA ONE TWO BETA C'KLNCE 2 5
Program length = 25			

```
Experiment 8:
       Implement pass two of a two pass assembler.
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
  {
  FILE *fint, *ftab, *flen, *fsym;
  int op1[10],txtlen,txtlen1,i,j=0,len;
  char
add[5],symadd[5],op[5],start[10],temp[30],line[20],label[20],mne[10],operand[10],symtab[10],op
mne[10];
  fint=fopen("input2.txt","r");
  flen=fopen("length.txt","r");
  ftab=fopen("optab.txt","r");
  fsym=fopen("symtab.txt","r");
  fscanf(fint,"%s%s%s%s",add,label,mne,operand);
  if(strcmp(mne,"START")==0)
  {
          strcpy(start,operand);
         fscanf(flen,"%d",&len);
  }
  printf("H^%s^%s^%d\nT^00%s^",label,start,len,start);
       fscanf(fint,"%s%s%s%s",add,label,mne,operand);
  while(strcmp(mne,"END")!=0)
  {
         fscanf(ftab,"%s%s",opmne,op);
         while(!feof(ftab))
              {
                      if(strcmp(mne,opmne)==0)
```

{

```
fclose(ftab);
                          fscanf(fsym,"%s%s",symadd,symtab);
                          while(!feof(fsym))
                          {
                                  if(strcmp(operand,symtab)==0)
                                  {
                                         printf("%s%s^",op,symadd);
                                         break;
                                  }
                                  else
                                         fscanf(fsym,"%s%s",symadd,symtab);
                          }
                                  break;
                   }
                   else
                          fscanf(ftab,"%s%s",opmne,op);
            if((strcmp(mne,"BYTE")==0)||(strcmp(mne,"WORD")==0))
            {
                   if(strcmp(mne,"WORD")==0)
                           printf("0000%s^",operand);
                   else
                   {
                           len=strlen(operand);
                          for(i=2;i<len;i++)
                          {
                                  printf("%d",operand[i]);
                           printf("^");
                   }
            fscanf(fint,"%s%s%s%s",add,label,mne,operand);
            ftab=fopen("optab.txt","r");
            fseek(ftab,SEEK_SET,0);
}
printf("\nE^00%s",start);
fclose(fint);
fclose(ftab);
fclose(fsym);
fclose(flen);
}
```

Intermediate.txt:

	COPY	START	1000
1000 1003	-	LDA ADD	ALPHA ONE
1006	-	SUB	TWO
1009	-	STA	BETA
1012	ALPHA	BYTE	C'KLNCE
1017	ONE	RESB	2
1019	TWO	WORD	5
1022	BETA	RESW	1
1025	-	END	-

Length.txt:

25

Console:

H^COPY^1000^25

T^001000^001012^011017^051019^231022^7576786769^00005^

E^001000

Experiment 9:

Implement a single pass assembler.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
void main()
{
   FILE *f1,*f2,*f3,*f4,*f5;
   int lc,sa,i=0,j=0,m[10],pgmlen,len,k,len1,l=0;
   char name[10],opnd[10],la[10],mne[10],s1[10],mne1[10],opnd1[10];
   char lcs[10],ms[10];
   char sym[10],symaddr[10],obj1[10],obj2[10],s2[10],q[10],s3[10];
   f1=fopen("input3.txt","r");
   f2=fopen("optab3.txt","r");
   f3=fopen("symtab3.txt","w+");
   f4=fopen("symtab13.txt","w+");
   f5=fopen("output3.txt","w+");
   fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
   if(strcmp(mne,"START")==0)
   {
     sa=atoi(opnd);
     strcpy(name,la);
     lc=sa;
   }
   strcpy(s1,"*");
   fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
   while(strcmp(mne,"END")!=0)
   {
    if(strcmp(la,"-")==0)
     fscanf(f2,"%s%s",mne1,opnd1);
     while(!feof(f2))
      if(strcmp(mne1,mne)==0)
     m[i]=lc+1;
```

```
fprintf(f3,"%s\t%s\n",opnd,s1);
fprintf(f5,"%s\t0000\n",opnd1);
Ic=Ic+3;
i=i+1;
break;
  }
  else
 fscanf(f2,"%s%s",mne1,opnd1);
 }
}
else
 fseek(f3,SEEK_SET,0);
 fscanf(f3,"%s%s",sym,symaddr);
 while(!feof(f3))
 {
  if(strcmp(sym,la)==0)
//itoa(lc,lcs,10);
   snprintf(lcs,10,"%d",lc);
fprintf(f4,"%s\t%s\n",la,lcs);
   //itoa(m[j],ms,10);
   snprintf(ms, 10, "%d", m[j]);
j=j+1;
fprintf(f5,"%s\t%s\n",ms,lcs);
i=i+1;
break;
  }
  else
 fscanf(f3,"%s%s",sym,symaddr);
 } //f3
 if(strcmp(mne,"RESW")==0)
 lc=lc+3*atoi(opnd);
 else if(strcmp(mne,"BYTE")==0)
  strcpy(s2,"-");
  len=strlen(opnd);
  lc=lc+len-2;
  for(k=2;k<len;k++)
  q[l]=opnd[k];
  I=I+1;
  }
```

```
fprintf(f5,"%s\t%s\n",q,s2);
         break;
       else if(strcmp(mne,"RESB")==0)
        lc=lc+atoi(opnd);
      else if(strcmp(mne,"WORD")==0)
           strcpy(s3,"#");
           Ic=Ic+3;
           fprintf(f5,"%s\t%s\n",opnd,s3);
           break;
      }
    } // else la=-
      fseek(f2,SEEK_SET,0);
      fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
}
fseek(f5,SEEK_SET,0);
pgmlen=lc-sa;
printf("H^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%d^{\slashed{N}}%d^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%d^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\slashed{N}}%s^{\
printf("T^");
printf("00%d^0%x",sa,pgmlen);
fscanf(f5,"%s%s",obj1,obj2);
while(!feof(f5))
{
    if(strcmp(obj2,"0000")==0)
        printf("^%s%s",obj1,obj2);
     else if(strcmp(obj2,"-")==0)
         printf("^");
         len1=strlen(obj1);
         for(k=0;k<len1;k++)
         printf("%d",obj1[k]);
         }
         else if(strcmp(obj2,"#")==0)
           printf("^");
           printf("%s",obj1);
    fscanf(f5,"%s%s",obj1,obj2);
fseek(f5,SEEK_SET,0);
fscanf(f5,"%s%s",obj1,obj2);
while(!feof(f5))
```

```
{
  if(strcmp(obj2,"0000")!=0)
  {
    if(strcmp(obj2,"-")!=0)
    {
    if(strcmp(obj2,"#")!=0)
    {
      printf("\n");
      printf("T^%s^02^%s",obj1,obj2);
    }
    }
    fscanf(f5,"%s%s",obj1,obj2);
  }
  printf("\nE^00%d",sa);
}
```

Input.txt:

COPY	START	1000
-	LDA	ALPHA
-	STA	BETA
ALPHA	RESW	1
BETA	RESW	1
_	END	_

Console:

H^COPY^1000^0c T^001000^0c^000000^230000 T^1001^02^1006 T^1004^02^1009 E^001000%

```
Experiment 10:
       Implement a two pass macro processor.
Program:
Pass 1:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
void main()
{
  FILE *f1,*f2,*f3;
  char mne[20],opnd[20],la[20];
  f1=fopen("input.txt","r");
  f2=fopen("namtab.txt","w+");
  f3=fopen("deftab.txt","w+");
  fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
  while(strcmp(mne,"MEND")!=0)
  {
     if(strcmp(mne,"MACRO")==0)
       fprintf(f2,"%s\n",la);
       fprintf(f3,"%s\t%s\n",la,opnd);
     else
       fprintf(f3,"%s\t%s\n",mne,opnd);
     fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
  }
  fprintf(f3,"%s",mne);
  fclose(f1);
  fclose(f2);
  fclose(f3);
  printf("\nPass 1 of 2 pass macroprocessor is successful.");
}
Pass 2:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
void main()
{
  FILE *f1,*f2,*f3,*f4,*f5;
  int i,len;
  char mne[20],opnd[20],la[20],name[20],mne1[20],opnd1[20],arg[20];
  f1=fopen("input.txt","r");
  f2=fopen("namtab.txt","r");
  f3=fopen("deftab.txt","r");
  f4=fopen("argtab.txt","w+");
  f5=fopen("output.txt","w");
  fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
  while(strcmp(mne,"END")!=0)
     if(strcmp(mne,"MACRO")==0)
     {
       fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
       while(strcmp(mne,"MEND")!=0)
          fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
     }
     else
     {
       fscanf(f2,"%s",name);
       if(strcmp(mne,name)==0)
          len=strlen(opnd);
          for(i=0;i<len;i++)
            if(opnd[i]!=',')
               fprintf(f4,"%c",opnd[i]);
            else
               fprintf(f4,"\n");
          }
          fseek(f2,SEEK_SET,0);
          fseek(f4,SEEK_SET,0);
          fscanf(f3,"%s%s",mne1,opnd1);
          fprintf(f5,".\t%s\t%s\n",mne1,opnd);
          fscanf(f3,"%s%s",mne1,opnd1);
          while(strcmp(mne1,"MEND")!=0)
          {
            if((opnd1[0]=='&'))
            {
```

```
fscanf(f4,"%s",arg);
              fprintf(f5,"-\t%s\t%s\n",mne1,arg);
           }
           else
              fprintf(f5,"-\t%s\t%s\n",mne1,opnd1);
           fscanf(f3,"%s%s",mne1,opnd1);
         }
       }
       else
         fprintf(f5,"%s\t%s\t%s\n",la,mne,opnd);
    fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",la,mne,opnd);
  fprintf(f5,"%s\t%s\t%s\n",la,mne,opnd);
  fclose(f1);
  fclose(f2);
  fclose(f3);
  fclose(f4);
  fclose(f5);
  printf("\nPass 2 of 2 Pass Macroprocessor is Successful.");
}
Output:
Pass 1:
       Input.txt:
             EX1
                     MACRO
                                  &A,&B
                    LDA
                           &A
                    STA
                           &B
                    MEND -
             SAMPLE
                                         1000
                           START
                    EX1
                            N1,N2
             N1
                    RESW 1
             N2
                    RESW 1
                    END -
       Deftab.txt:
             EX1
                    &A,&B
             LDA
                    &A
             STA
                    &B
             MEND
```

Namtab.txt :

EX1

Pass 2:

Input.txt:

EX1 MACRO &A,&B

- LDA &A

STA &B

- MEND -

SAMPLE START 1000

- EX1 N1,N2

N1 RESW 1

N2 RESW 1

- END -

Output.txt:

SAMPLE	START	1000
	EX1	N1,N2
-	LDA	N1
-	STA	N2
N1	RESW	1
N2	RESW	1
-	END	-

Experiment 11:

Implement an absolute loader.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char input[10],label[10],ch1,ch2;
int addr, w=0, start, ptaddr, I, length=0, end, count=0, k, taddr, address, i=0;
FILE *fp1,*fp2;
void check();
void main() {
 fp1=fopen("INPUT.dat","r");
 fp2=fopen("OUTPUT.dat","w");
 fscanf(fp1,"%s",input);
 printf("\n\n\t\t\tABSOLUTE LOADER\n");
 fprintf(fp2,"\n----\n");
 fprintf(fp2,"MEMORY ADDRESS\t\t\tCONTENTS");
 fprintf(fp2,"\n----\n");
 while(strcmp(input,"E")!=0) {
 if(strcmp(input,"H")==0) {
  fscanf(fp1,"%s %x %x %s",label,&start,&end,input);
  address=start;
 }
 else if(strcmp(input,"T")==0) {
  I=length;
  ptaddr=addr;
  fscanf(fp1,"%x %x %s",&taddr,&length,input);
  addr=taddr;
  if(w==0) {
  ptaddr=address;
  w=1;
  }
  for(k=0;k<(taddr-(ptaddr+I));k++) {</pre>
  address=address+1;
  fprintf(fp2,"xx");
  count++;
   if(count==4) {
   fprintf(fp2," ");
```

```
į++;
   if(i==4) {
    fprintf(fp2,"\n\n%x\t\t",address);
    i=0;
   }
   count=0;
  }
     }
  if(taddr==start)
  fprintf(fp2,"\n\n%x\t\t",taddr);
  fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[0],input[1]);
  check();
  fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[2],input[3]);
  check();
  fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[4],input[5]);
  check();
  fscanf(fp1,"%s",input);
 }
 else {
  fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[0],input[1]);
  check();
  fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[2],input[3]);
  check();
  fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[4],input[5]);
  check();
  fscanf(fp1,"%s",input);
       }
 fprintf(fp2,"\n-----\n");
 fclose(fp1);
 fclose(fp2);
 printf("\n\n The contents of output file:\n\n");
 fp2=fopen("OUTPUT.dat","r");
 ch2=fgetc(fp2);
 while(ch2!=EOF) {
 printf("%c",ch2);
 ch2=fgetc(fp2);
 fclose(fp1);
 fclose(fp2);
void check() {
 count++;
 address++;
 taddr=taddr+1;
```

```
if(count==4) {
  fprintf(fp2," ");
  i++;
  if(i==4) {
    fprintf(fp2,"\n\n%x\t\t",taddr);
    i=0;
  }
  count=0;
}
```

Input.dat:

H COPY 001000 00107A

T 001000 1E 141033 482039 001036 281030 301015 482061 3C1003 00102A 0C1039 00102D

T 00101E 15 0C1036 482061 081033 4C0000 454F46 000003 000000

T 001047 1E 041030 001030 E0205D 30203F D8205D 281030 302057 549039 2C205E 38203F

T 001077 1C 101036 4C0000 000000 001000 041030 E02079 302064 509039 DC2079 2C1036

E 001000

Output.dat/Console:

MEMORY ADDRESS		ADDRESS CONTENTS		
1000	14103348	20390010	36281030	30101548
1010	20613C10	0300102A	0C103900	102D0C10
1020	36482061	0810334C	0000454F	46000003
1030	000000xx	xxxxxxx	XXXXXXX	XXXXXXX
1040	XXXXXXXX	xxxxxx04	10300010	30E0205D
1050	30203FD8	205D2810	30302057	5490392C
1060	205E3820	3Fxxxxxx	XXXXXXX	XXXXXXX
1070	XXXXXXXX	xxxxxx10	10364C00	00000000
1080	00100004	1030E020	79302064	509039DC
1090	20792C10	36		

Experiment 12:

Implement a symbol table with suitable hashing.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#define MAX 11
char I[10];
struct symb {
  int add;
  char label[10];
}sy[11];
void search() {
  FILE *fp1;
  char la[10];
  int set=0,s;
  int j,i;
  printf("\nEnter the Label:");
  scanf("%s",la);
  fp1=fopen("symbol.txt","r");
  for(i=0;i<MAX;i++) {
     fscanf(fp1,"%d%d",&j,&sy[i].add);
     if(sy[i].add!=0)
       fscanf(fp1,"%s",sy[i].label);
  for(i=0;i<MAX;i++) {
     if(sy[i].add!=0) {
       if(strcmp(sy[i].label,la)==0) {
          set=1;
          s=sy[i].add;
       }
     }
  }
  if(set==1)
     printf("\nThe Label --%s-- is present in the Symbol Table at Address:%d",la,s);
  else
```

```
printf("\nThe Label is Not Present in the Symbol Table!!");
}
void display(int a[MAX]) {
  FILE *fp;
  int i;
  fp=fopen("symbol.txt","w");
  printf("\nThe Symbol Table");
  printf("\n***********");
  printf("\nHash Values\tAddress\tLabel");
  for(i=0;i<MAX;i++) {
     printf("\n%d\t %d\t %s",i,sy[i].add,sy[i].label);
     fprintf(fp,"\n%d %d %s",i,sy[i].add,sy[i].label);
  }
  fclose(fp);
int create(int num) {
  int key;
  key=num%11;
  return key;
void lprob(int a[MAX],int key,int num) {
  int flag,i,count=0;
  flag=0;
  if(a[key]==0) {
     a[key]=num;
     sy[key].add=num;
     strcpy(sy[key].label,l);
  }
  else {
     i=0;
     while(i<MAX) {
       if(a[i]!=0)
          count++;
       i++;
     if(count==MAX) {
        printf("\nHash table is Full!!");
       display(a);
       exit(1);
     for(i=key+1;i<MAX;i++)
        if(a[i]==0) {
          a[i]=num;
```

```
flag=1;
          sy[key].add=num;
          strcpy(sy[key].label,l);
          break;
       }
     for(i=0;i<key \&\& flag==0;i++)
       if(a[i]==0) {
          a[i]=num;
          flag=1;
          sy[key].add=num;
          strcpy(sy[key].label,l);
          break;
       }
   }
void main() {
  int a[MAX],num,key,i,ch;
  char ans='y';
  for(i=0;i<MAX;i++)
     a[i]=0;
  do {
     printf("\nSymbol Table Menu\n1.Create a Symbol Table\n2.Search in the Symbol
Table\n3.Exit\nEnter your choice:");
     scanf("%d",&ch);
     switch(ch) {
       case 1: while(ans=='y') {
               printf("\nEnter the Address:");
               scanf("%d",&num);
               key=create(num);
               printf("\nEnter The Label:");
               scanf("%s",I);
               lprob(a,key,num);
               printf("\nDo you want to Continue(y/n)?");
               scanf(" %c",&ans);
            }
            display(a);
            break;
       case 2: search();
            break;
     case 3: exit(0); }
  }while(ch<=3);</pre>
}
```

Symbol Table Menu

- 1.Create a Symbol Table
- 2. Search in the Symbol Table

3.Exit

Enter your choice:1
Enter the Address:1024
Enter The Label:ABC

Do you want to Continue(y/n)?y

Enter the Address:2048

Enter The Label:EFG

Do you want to Continue(y/n)?y

Enter the Address:6144

Enter The Label:XYZ

Do you want to Continue(y/n)?n

The Symbol Table

Hash V	'alues	Address	Label
0	0		
1	1024	ABC	
2	2048	EFG	
3	0		
4	0		
5	0		
6	6144	XYZ	
7	0		
8	0		
9	0		
10	0		
Cymba	LTable	Monu	

Symbol Table Menu

- 1.Create a Symbol Table
- 2. Search in the Symbol Table
- 3.Exit

Enter your choice:2

Enter the Label:ABC

The Label --ABC-- is present in the Symbol Table at Address:1024

Symbol Table Menu

- 1.Create a Symbol Table
- 2. Search in the Symbol Table
- 3.Exit

Enter your choice:2

Enter the Label:PQR

The Label is Not Present in the Symbol Table!!

Symbol Table Menu 1.Create a Symbol Table 2.Search in the Symbol Table 3.Exit Enter your choice:3