SQL commands
1. create table
create table table_name(colName1 datatype(size), colName2 datatype(size));
2. delete table
drop table table_name;
3. check all existing tables in particular database.
select table_Name from tabs;
4. Describe table(to show colnames , datatypes, size, contraints)
desc tableName;
5. add new column in existing table
alter table tableName add (colName1 datype(size), colName2 datatype(size),);
6. to delete column from table
alter table tablename drop column columnname;
7. modify column (modify datatype or size)
alter table tableNmae modify colName newDatatype(newSize);
8. How to insert values in table
insert into tableName (colName1, colName2, colName3) values(value1, value2, value3);
insert into tableName values(all values must be, value must be in same seq as in table);
9. how to show the records/tuple/rows from table
select colName1, colName2, colName3 from tableName;
// to show all col
select * from tableName;

Implement SQL commands

Prerequisite: -		
Step 1: - Install Oracle	11g/10g &	Unlock SCOTT during the installation process
Step 2: - Open cmd (co	mmand pr	ompt)
Microsoft Windows [Ve	ersion 10.0	.17763.1217]
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C:\Users\Manu Bhardv	/aj>sqlplus	/nolog
SQL*Plus: Release 10.2	.0.3.0 - Pro	oduction on Sun Aug 30 15:40:06 2020
Copyright (c) 1982, 200	6, Oracle.	All Rights Reserved.
SQL> connect		
Enter user-name: scott		
Enter password:		
Connected.		
SQL> create table stude	ent(name v	varchar2(12));
Table created.		
SQL> desc student;		
Name	Null?	Туре
NAME	\	varchar2(12)
SQL> drop table studer	ıt;	
Table dropped.		

BASICS SQL COMMANDS IMPLEMENTED BY MANU BHARDWAJ

SQL> desc student;		
ERROR:		
ORA-04043: object stud	lent does not exist	
SQL> create table stude	ent(sno number(2),name va	rchar2(5),address varchar2(3),mobileno number(10));
Table created.		
SQL> desc student		
Name	Null? Type	
SNO	NUMBER(2)	-
NAME	VARCHAR2(5)	
ADDRESS	VARCHAR2(3)	
MOBILENO	NUMBER(10)	
SQL> alter table studen	t add(address2 varchar2(3))	;
Table altered.		
SQL> desc student;		
Name	Null? Type	
SNO	NUMBER(2)	
NAME	VARCHAR2(5)	
ADDRESS	VARCHAR2(3)	
MOBILENO	NUMBER(10)	
ADDRESS2	VARCHAR2(3)	
SQL> alter table studen	t drop column address2;	
Table altered.		

BASICS SQL COMMANDS IMPLEMENTED BY MANU BHARDWAJ

SQL> desc student;				
Name	Null? Type			
SNO	NUMBER(2)			
NAME	VARCHAR2(5)			
ADDRESS	VARCHAR2(3)			
MOBILENO	NUMBER(10)			
SQL> alter table studen	t modify address number(10);			
Table altered.				
SQL> desc student;				
Name	Null? Type			
SNO	NUMBER(2)			
NAME	VARCHAR2(5)			
ADDRESS	NUMBER(10)			
MOBILENO	NUMBER(10)			
SQL> alter table studen	t modify address varchar2(3);			
Table altered.				
SQL> desc student;				
Name	Null? Type			
SNO	NUMBER(2)			
NAME	VARCHAR2(5)			
ADDRESS	VARCHAR2(3)			
MOBILENO	NUMBER(10)			
SQL> insert into studen	t(sno,name,address,mobileno)			
2 values(1,'xyz','zxy',1	123344553);			
1 row created.				

BASICS SQL COMMANDS IMPLEMENTED BY MANU BHARDWAJ

SQL> insert into student values(2,'zxy','lll',123344444);				
1 row created.				
SQL> select sno,name,address,mobileno from student;				
SNO NAME ADD MOBILENO				
1 xyz zxy 1123344553				
2 zxy III 123344444				
SQL> select sno,name from student;				
SNO NAME				
1 xyz				
2 zxy				
SQL> select * from student;				
SNO NAME ADD MOBILENO				
1 xyz zxy 1123344553				
2 zxy III 123344444				