## Computational Methods for Detection, Estimation and Identification

## **ASSIGNMENT 1**

## **DEEC**University of Coimbra

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## **Experimental Work**

Assume a robotic platform equipped with a sonar system that measures the distance to a wall. The goal of our experiment is to evaluate the performance of the vehicle's breaking system. The robot starts moving toward the wall with a constant velocity  $v_0$ . The break is actuated at a distance  $d_0$  from the wall, in order to induce a constant acceleration  $a_0$ . The sonar measures the decreasing distance with a frequency of 10 Hz. The readings are collected during 10 seconds and stacked in a data vector  $\mathbf{d}$  with dimension  $100 \times 1$ .

Figure 1 plots the first three reading vectors of the first experiment.

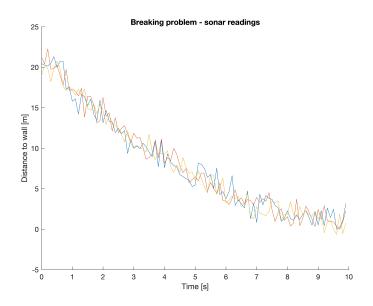


Figure 1: First three readings of the first experiment.

- 1. File test1.mat is a  $100 \times 50$  matrix with the readings of the first experiment. The same test, with roughly constant motion parameters, is repeated 50 times. Each column of the matrix is a data vector  $\mathbf{d}$  with the 100 readings. The noise affecting the readings is independent and follows a standard normal distribution.
  - (a) For each run of the experiment, estimate the motion parameters and perform the corresponding p-test.
  - (b) Show that the experimental values for the p-test follow a uniform distribution.
  - (c) Compute the theoretical value of the confidence interval for each parameter.
  - (d) Verify if the derived intervals match the experimental results.

Write a **small report** (maximum 4 pages) of the assignment and submit it, with the **code scripts**, in the system until the deadline defined in the system. The report should show the theoretical derivations and provide explanations to the computed values and the comparisons made.