



Timo Korinth | MAXIMAGO

# Flexbox

## CSS Layouting der Zukunft

# Special Day “Modern Business Applications”

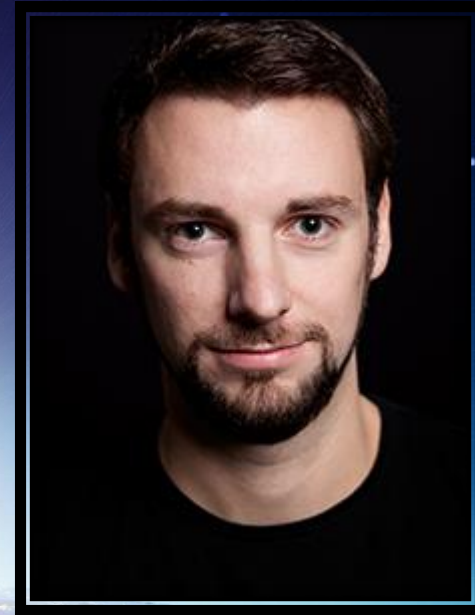
Thema	Sprecher	Datum, Uhrzeit	Raum
TypeScript für .NET-Entwickler	Christian Wenz	DI, 20. September 2016, 10.00 bis 11.15	Zagreb B
Angular 2: Komponentenbasierte HTML5-Anwendungen	Christian Weyer	DI, 20. September 2016, 11.30 bis 12.45	Zagreb B
<b>Flexbox – CSS Layouting der Zukunft</b>	Timo Korinth	DI, 20. September 2016, 14.15 bis 15.30	Zagreb B
Leichtgewichtige Architekturen mit ASP.NET Web API und SignalR	Christian Weyer	DI, 20. September 2016, 16.15 bis 17.30	Zagreb B
Mobile Apps und Zugriff auf Unternehmensdaten – ohne Cloud-Speicher und VPN	Christian Liebel	DI, 20. September 2016, 18.30 bis 19.45	Zagreb B

TIMO KORINTH

# MAXIMAGO

EXPERIENCE MATTERS

- > Director Technology  
@ MAXIMAGO
- > UI-Developer  
WPF, HTML5, AngularJS, Silverlight
- > Speaker, Author







START

## THEMEN

- ❖ Warum?
- ❖ Flexbox
- ❖ Beispiele
- ❖ Best practices

# Warum?

**CENTER**

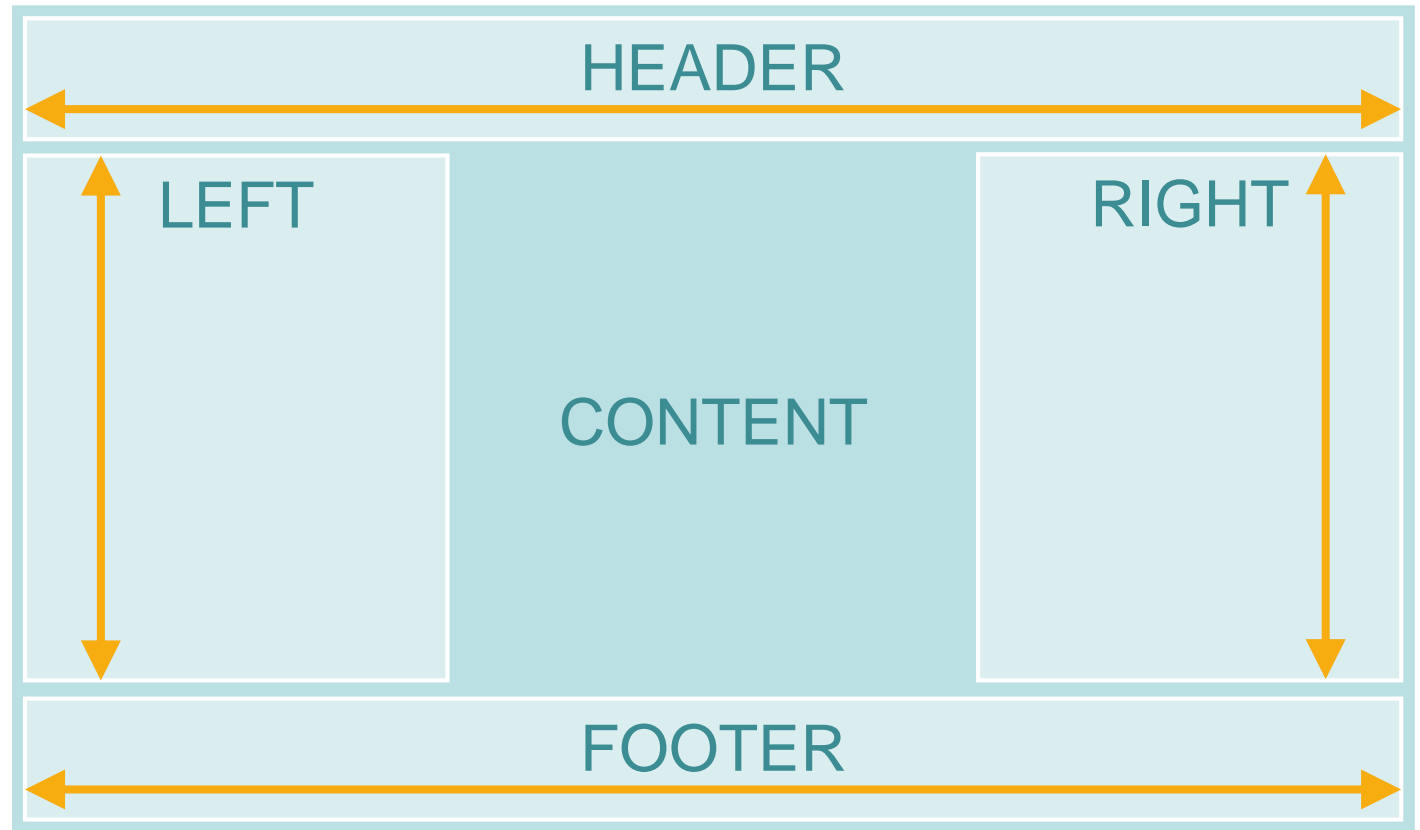




# Der heilige Gral

(Applikations-Layout)

- Volle Breite
- Gleich hoch
- Code Reihenfolge
- So wenig Code wie möglich





# Demo

# Applikations-Layouts

- Meist genutzt:
  - Block & Float (z.B. auch von Bootstrap)
  - Absolute Positionierung
  - Feste Größen
  - JavaScript / jQuery
  - CSS Hacks / Tricks (eigener Studiengang)

Flexbox



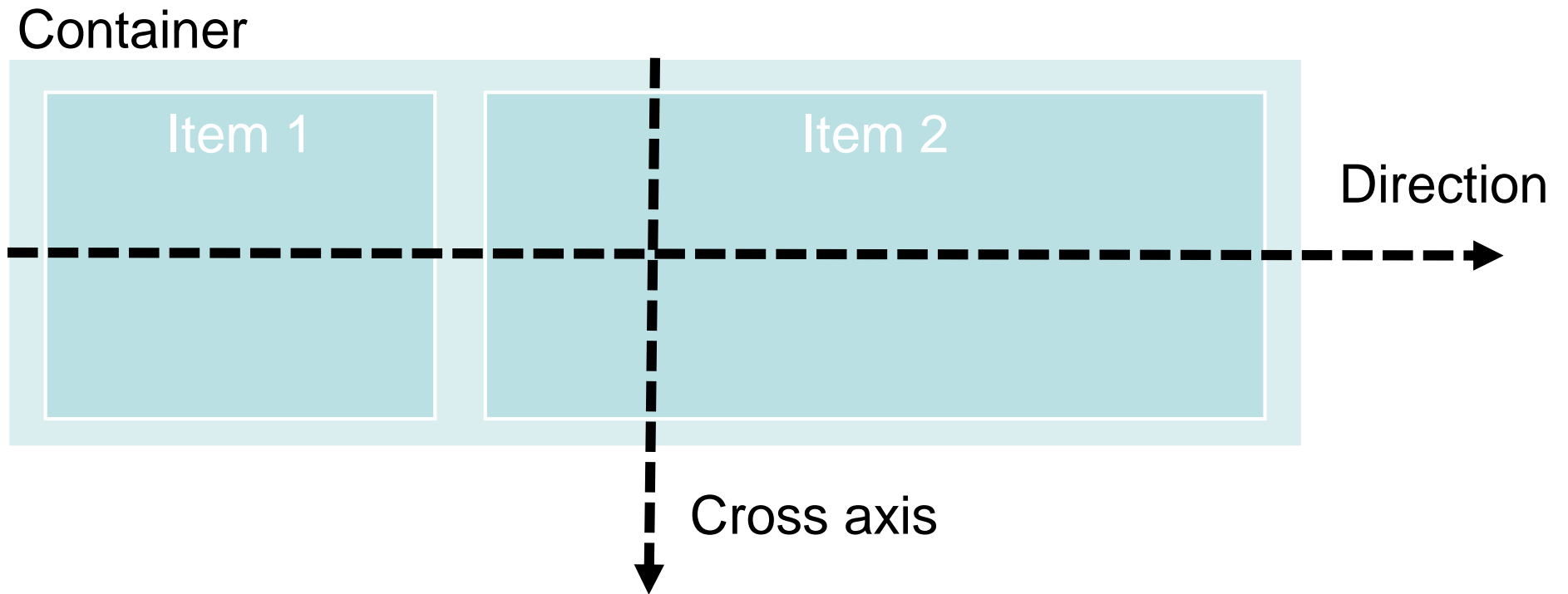
# Flexbox

The Flexbox Layout (Flexible Box) module (currently a W3C Last Call Working Draft) aims at providing a more efficient way to lay out, align and distribute space among items in a container, even when their size is unknown and/or dynamic (thus the word "flex").

# Flexbox

The Flexbox Layout (Flexible Box) **module** (currently a W3C Last Call Working Draft) aims at providing a more **efficient** way to lay out, **align and distribute** space among **items in a container**, even when their **size is unknown** and/or **dynamic** (thus the word "flex").

# Flexbox





# Flexbox

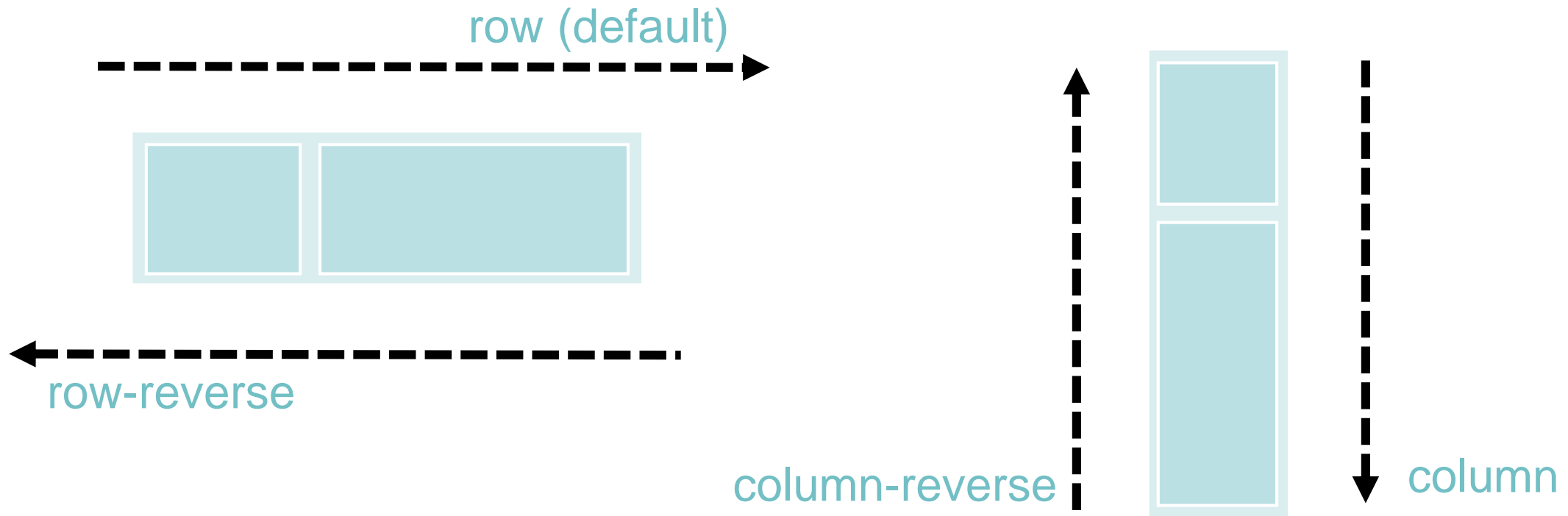
`display: flex;`

Container



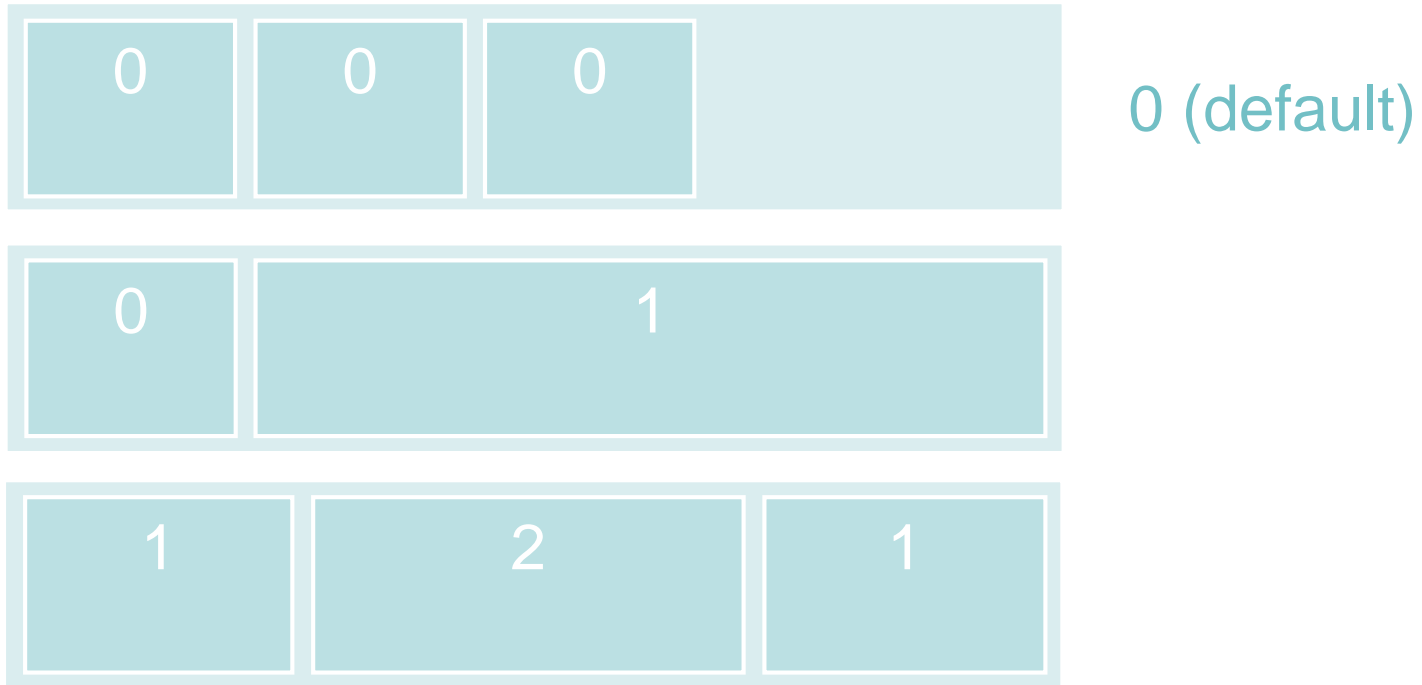
# Flexbox

`flex-direction: row | row-reverse | column | column-reverse;`



# Flexbox

`flex-grow: <number>;`





# Flexbox

flex-basis: <length> | auto;



# Flexbox

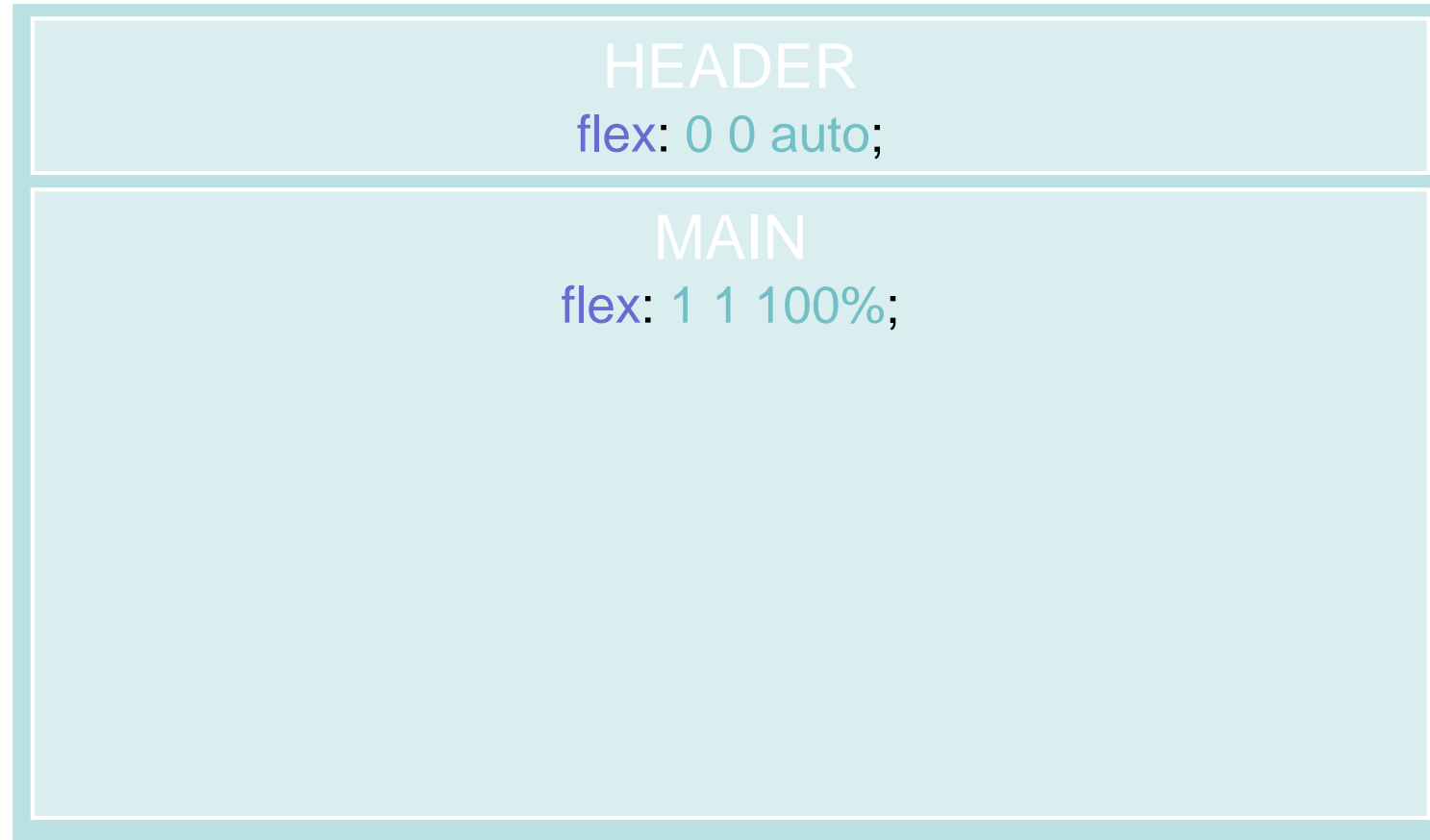
`flex-shrink: <number>;`      1 (default)

Kurzschreibweise:

`flex: <grow> <shrink> <basis>;`

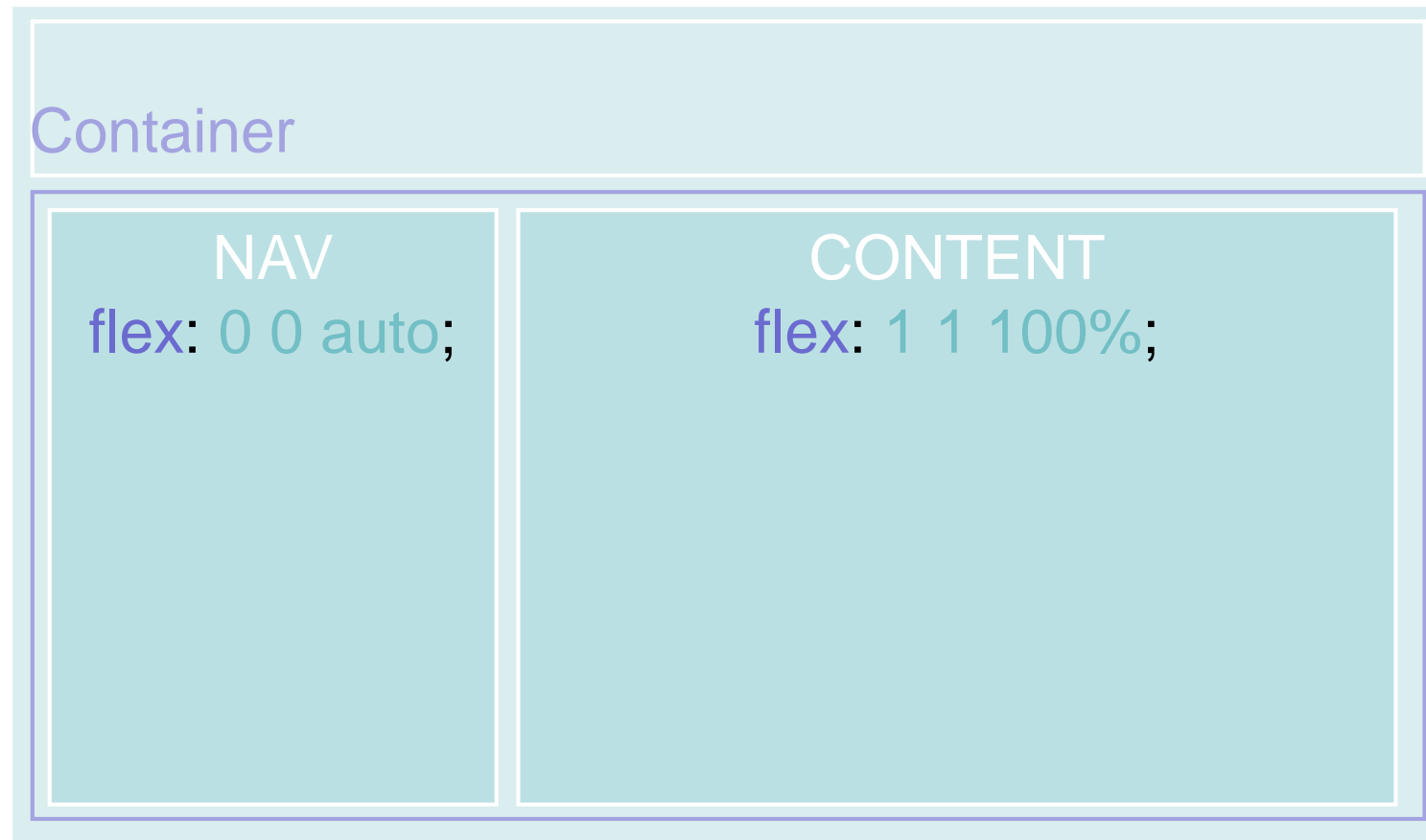
# Flexbox

Container `flex-direction: column;`





# Flexbox



# Flexbox

- Browser Support

IE	Edge *	Firefox	Chrome	Safari	Opera	iOS Safari *	Opera Mini *	Android Browser *	Chrome for Android
			49					4.4	
8	13	47	51			9.2		4.4.4	
<sup>4</sup> 11	14	48	52	9.1	39	9.3	all	51	51
		49	53	10	40				
		50	54	TP	41				
		51	55						

<http://caniuse.com/#feat=flexbox>

# Browser Prefixe

```
display: flex;  
display: -webkit-box;  
display: -webkit-flex;  
display: -ms-flexbox;
```

Ist eigentlich ...

# Mixins / Autoprefixer

```
.flexDisplay {  
  display: flex;  
  display: -webkit-box;  
  display: -webkit-flex;  
  display: -ms-flexbox;  
}
```



<https://github.com/postcss/autoprefixer>

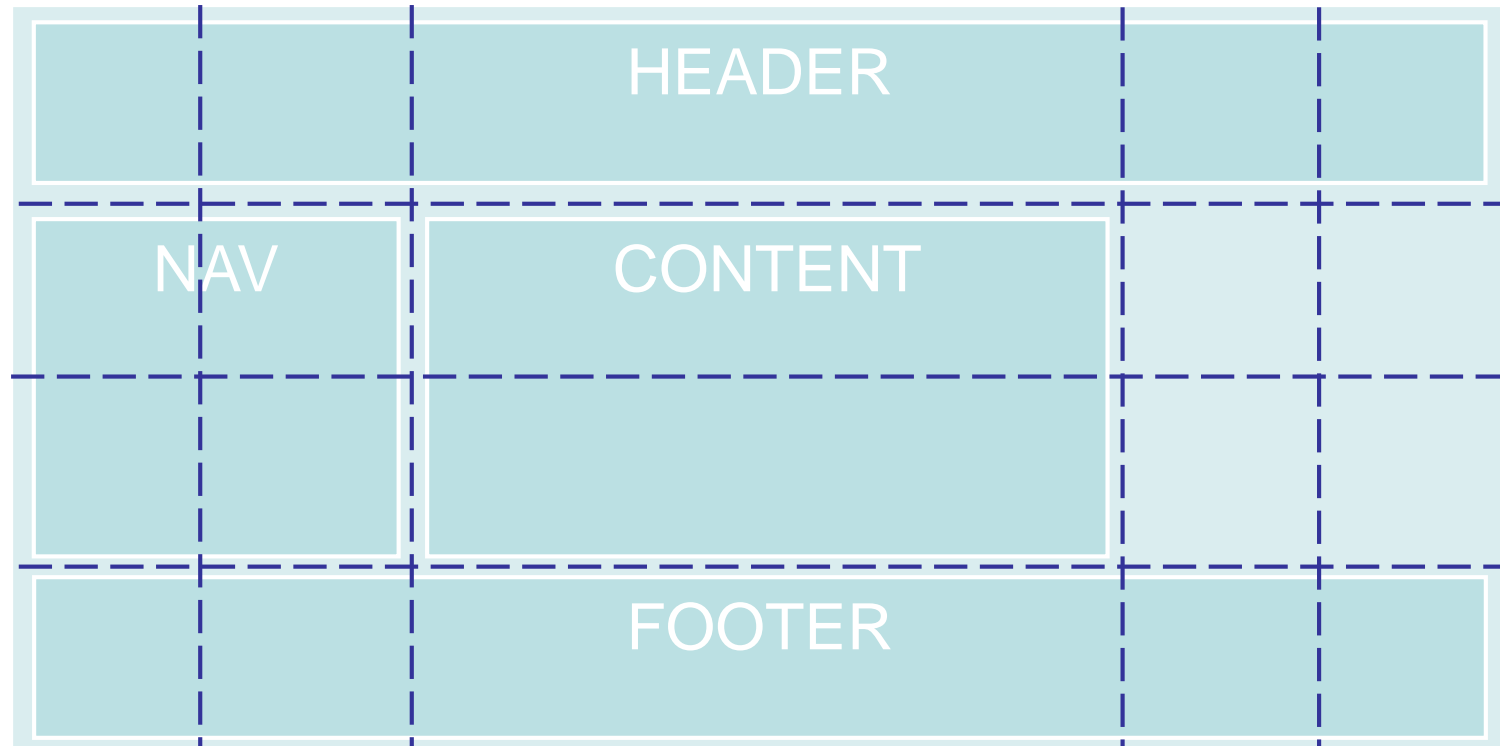
# Demo



Flexbox Alternative

# CSS Grid Layout

# Grid Layout



# Grid Layout

Imagine defining the layout of your entire page, and then completely rearranging it to accommodate a different screen width all with only a couple lines of CSS. **Grid is one of the most powerful CSS modules ever introduced.**

# Grid Layout

**An important thing to understand about Grid is that it's not ready to be used in production yet.**

It's currently a W3C Working Draft and isn't supported correctly in any browsers yet by default. Internet Explorer 10 and 11 support it, but it's an old implementation with an outdated syntax.

# Grid Layout

- Browser Support

IE	Edge *	Firefox	Chrome	Safari	Opera	iOS Safari *	Opera Mini *	Android Browser *	Chrome for Android
			1 49					4.4	
8	2 13	3 47	1 51			9.2		4.4.4	
2 11	2 14	3 48	1 52	9.1	1 39	9.3	all	51	51
		3 49	1 53	10	1 40				
		3 50	1 54	TP	1 41				
		3 51	1 55						

<http://caniuse.com/#feat=css-grid>



# Best practices

- Less | Sass
- Mixins für Browser Prefixe oder Autoprefixer
- Überall nutzen (auch tiefe Schachtelung möglich)
- Wichtigste Einstellung:

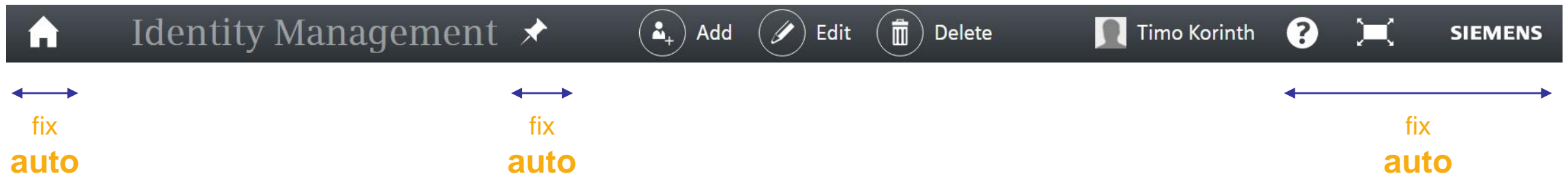
```
flex: 0 0 auto;  
flex: 1 1 100%;
```

} 99%

# Advanced

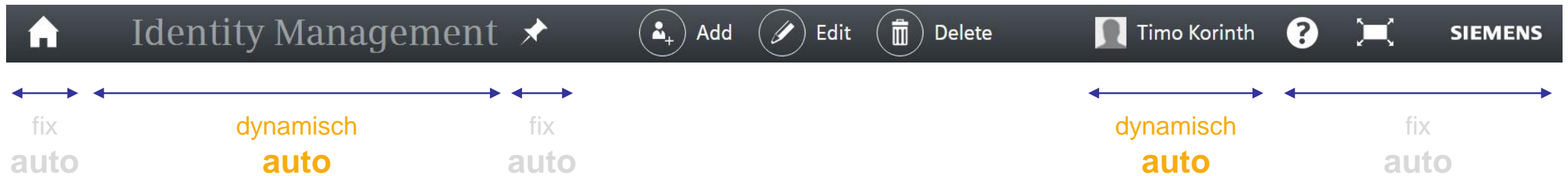
 Identity Management   Add  Edit  Delete  Timo Korinth   **SIEMENS**

# Advanced



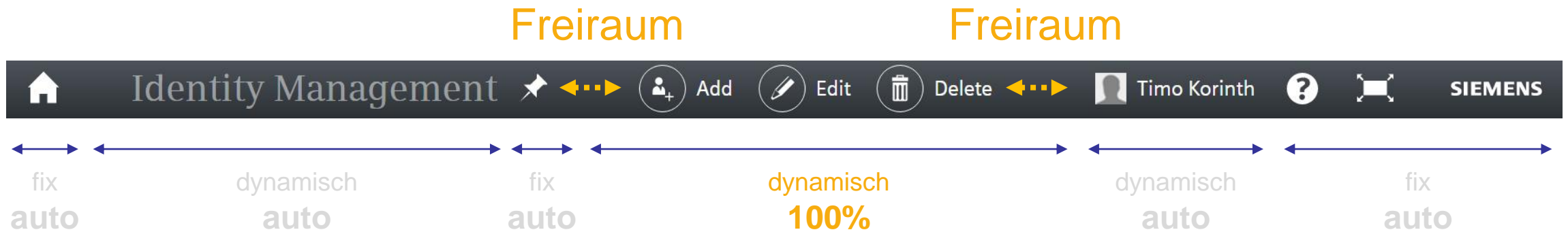
auto → flex: 0 0 auto;

# Advanced



auto → flex: 0 0 auto;

# Advanced

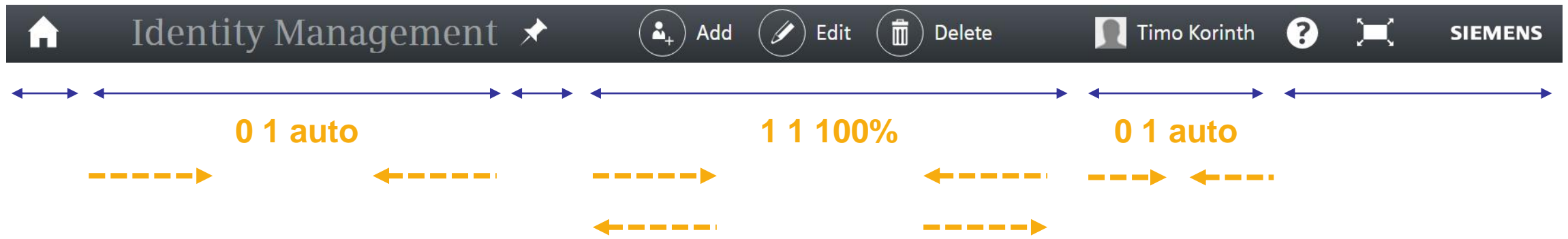


auto → flex: 0 0 auto;

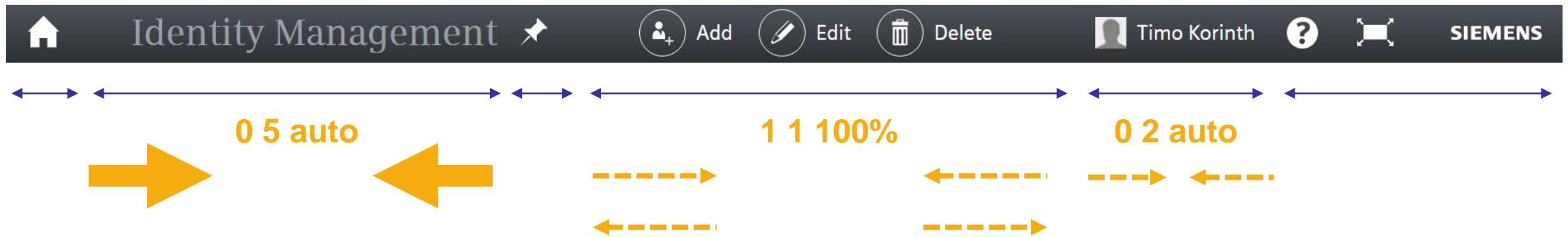
100% → flex: 1 1 100%;



# Responsive



# Responsive



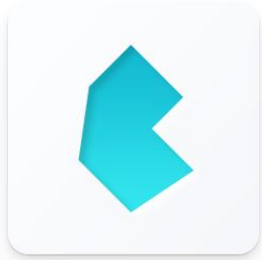
# Performance

“Old flexbox (display: box) is 2.3x slower than new flexbox (display: flex).”

[Google Dev, Flexbox layout isn't slow](#)

“Flexbox is 4x faster than using floats.”

[Google Dev, Avoid large, complex layouts and layout thrashing](#)



Bulma

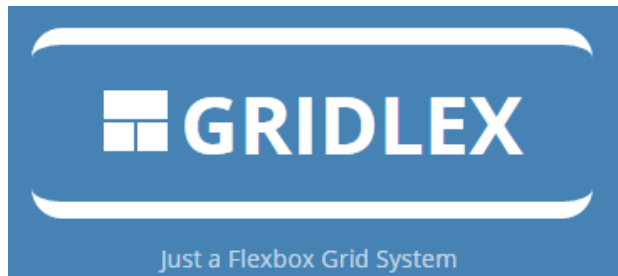
A modern CSS framework based on Flexbox

<http://bulma.io/>

# Flexbox Grid

A grid system based on the [flex](#) display property.

<http://flexboxgrid.com/>



<http://gridlex.devlint.fr/>

# Zukunft

The screenshot shows the Angular Material documentation page for 'Layout Containers'. The left sidebar has a blue header with the Angular logo and 'Angular Material'. Below it are links for 'Customization', 'CSS', 'THEMING', 'API Reference', 'LAYOUT', 'Introduction', 'Layout Containers', and 'Layout Children'. The main content area has a breadcrumb 'Layout > Layout Containers' and a title 'Layout and Containers'. It explains the `layout` directive for specifying layout direction (row or column) and lists the `row` and `column` classes with their respective `max-height` and `max-width` properties. At the bottom, a 'Layout Directive' section shows a visual example with a grid of colored boxes labeled 'First item in row', 'Second item in row', 'First item in column', and 'Second item in column'.

<https://material.angularjs.org/latest/>

THX!

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