

Resumen de diferentes maneras de recorrer un array de una o varias dimensiones:

```
val array=IntArray(5){7}
```

1. for (i in 0..array.size-1) print ("Si ----> \${array[i]},")
2. for (i in array.indices) print ("Si ----> \${array[i]},")
3. for (i in 0 until array.size) print ("Si ----> \${array[i]},")
4. for ((i, dato) in array.withIndex()) print ("Si ----> \${dato},")
5. for (i in array) print (i)

Declarar y recorrer arrays multidimensionales

```
val tabla=Array(3){  
    Array(3){  
        IntArray(3){1}  
    }  
}
```

```
tabla[1][1][1]=5
```

Recorridos con indices

```
for(i in 0 until tabla.size){  
    for (j in 0..tabla[i].size-1){  
        for (k in tabla[j].indices) {  
            print("${tabla[i][j][k]}")  
        }  
    }  
    println()  
}
```

Recorridos con datos:

```
for(X in tabla){  
    for (Y in X){  
        for((index, dato) in Y.withIndex())  
            print("$index--$dato")  
    }  
    println()  
}
```