# **Components**

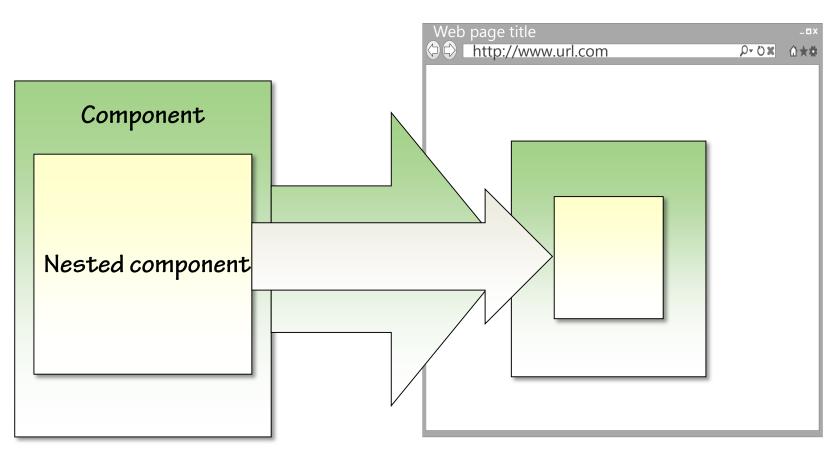
Liam McLennan





# What is a Component?

#### React Application DOM



## **The Author Quiz**

# **Author Quiz**

Select the book written by the author shown



The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn

Hamlet

The Shining

Romeo and Juliet

## **Defining Components**

Top-level namespace is React

## **Defining Components**

Top-level namespace is React

# **Bootstrapping the Author Quiz**

- 1. Create the basic page layout and styles
- 2. Get a copy of React
- 3. Connect everything together

# **Author Quiz**

Select the book written by the author shown



The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn

Hamlet

The Shining

Romeo and Juliet

## **Rendering Components**

 Rendering a component means linking it to a DOM element and populating that DOM element.

# **Populating Props**

Props are supplied as attributes

Access Props via the props property

```
this.props.now
this.props.b
```

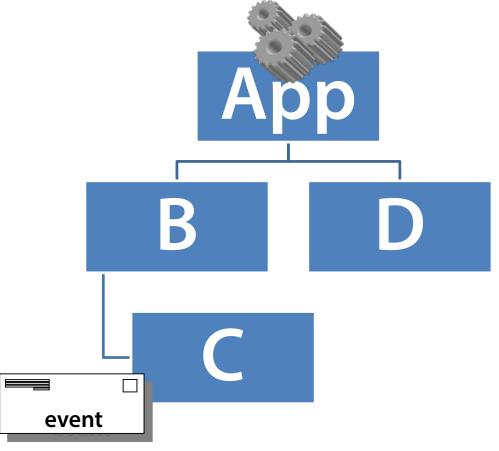
# **Composing Components**

- Components can be nested inside other components
- Any components can be nested because components are completely self-contained

#### **State**

Used when a component needs to change independently of its parent.

Components with state have more complexity



# getInitialState

getInitialState allows a component to populate its initial state.

```
/** @jsx React.DOM */
var ShowState = React.createClass({
    getInitialState: function () {
        return {answer: 42};
    },
    render: function() {
        return <div>my state is {this.state.answer}</div>;
    }
});
```

#### setState

- setState is the function used to update the state of a component.
- setState merges the new state with the old state

```
Previous state
                           setState
                                                      New state
                      this.setState({
                                                    a:1,
                          b:3,
  a:1,
                                                    b:3,
  b:2
                           c:4
                                                    c:4
                      });
```

# getDefaultProps

 getDefaultProps specifies property values to use if they are not explicitly supplied.

```
var Text = React.createClass({
});
```

- Validate props with propTypes
- Supports validation of existence, data type or a custom condition

```
var Hello = React.createClass({
    propTypes: {
        now: React.PropTypes.string
    }
});
```

- Validate props with propTypes
- Supports validation of existence, data type or a custom condition

```
var Hello = React.createClass({
    propTypes: {
        now: React.PropTypes.string.isRequired
    }
});
```

- Validate props with propTypes
- Supports validation of existence, data type or a custom condition

```
var Hello = React.createClass({
    propTypes: {
        now: React.PropTypes.oneOf(['Red','Green','Blue'])
    }
});
```

- Validate props with propTypes
- Supports validation of existence, data type or a custom condition

#### **Mixins**

Mixins allow common code to be merged into many components

```
var Highlight = {
    componentDidUpdate: function () {
       var node = $(React.findDOMNode());
       node.slideUp();
       node.slideDown();
    }
};
```

```
var Count = React.createClass({
    mixins: [Highlight]
});
```

# **Summary**

- Components are the building blocks of React applications
- Components are composable
- Components map to equivalent DOM nodes
- createClass defines a component
- render renders a component definition into the DOM
- Props provide the immutable data for a component
- State provides the mutable data for a component
- propTypes allow basic validation of props
- Mixins allow reuse between components

React components!

Image from openclipart.org