


Presenting...



The Role of *the Gut Microbiome in* Anorexia Nervosa

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Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION

METHODOLOGY

RESULTS

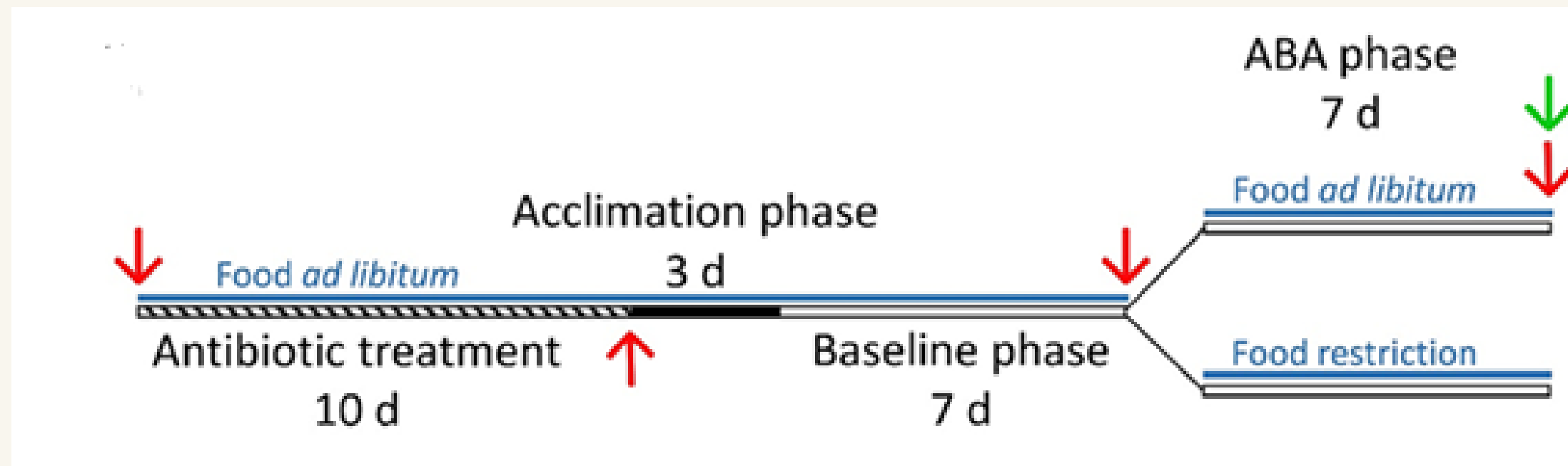


Introduction

Goal of the Study : To investigate the role of the gut microbiome in Anorexia Nervosa

About the Study

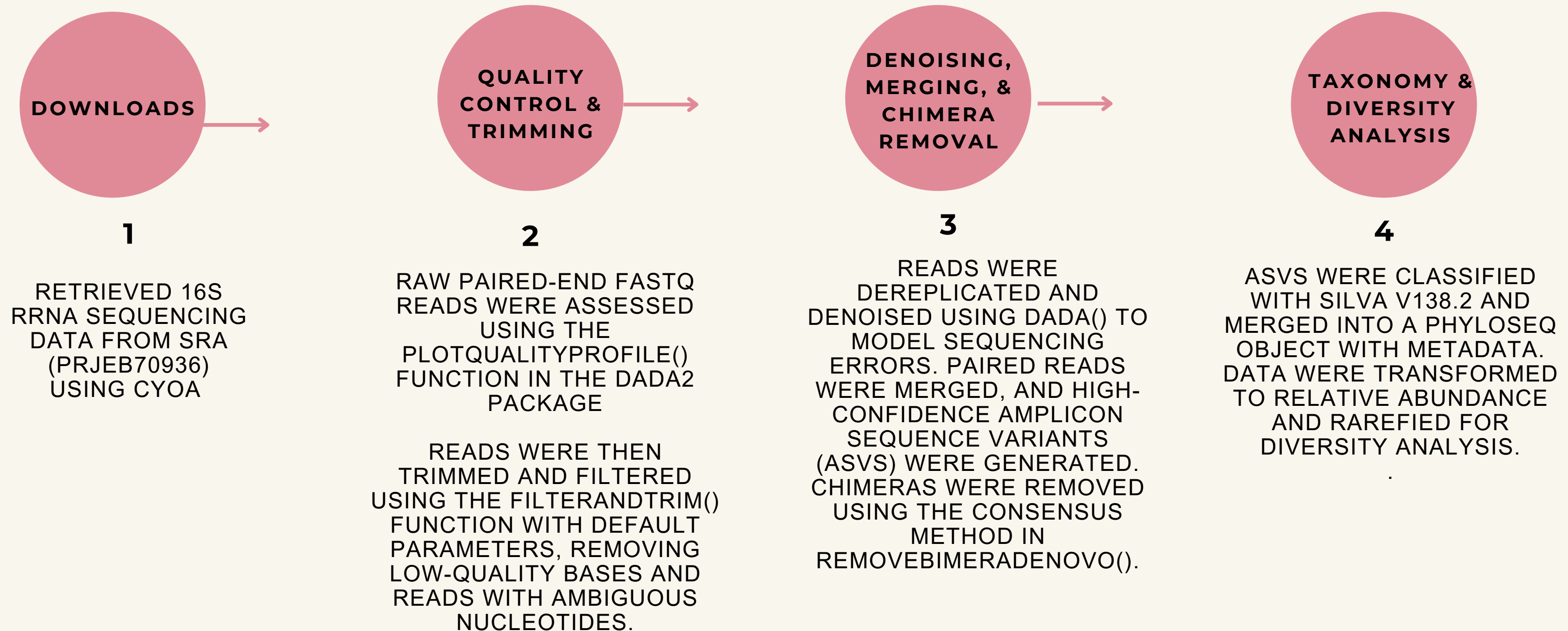
- Study conducted on three groups of female mice:
 - Conventionally-raised (CTRL) – Mice with a typical, unaltered microbiome
 - Antibiotic-treated (ATB) – Conventionally-raised mice whose microbiome was disrupted using antibiotics
 - Germ-free (GF) – Mice raised in sterile conditions with no microbiome at all
- ABA (Activity-based) model: higher activity on the wheels indicated higher anticipation of food

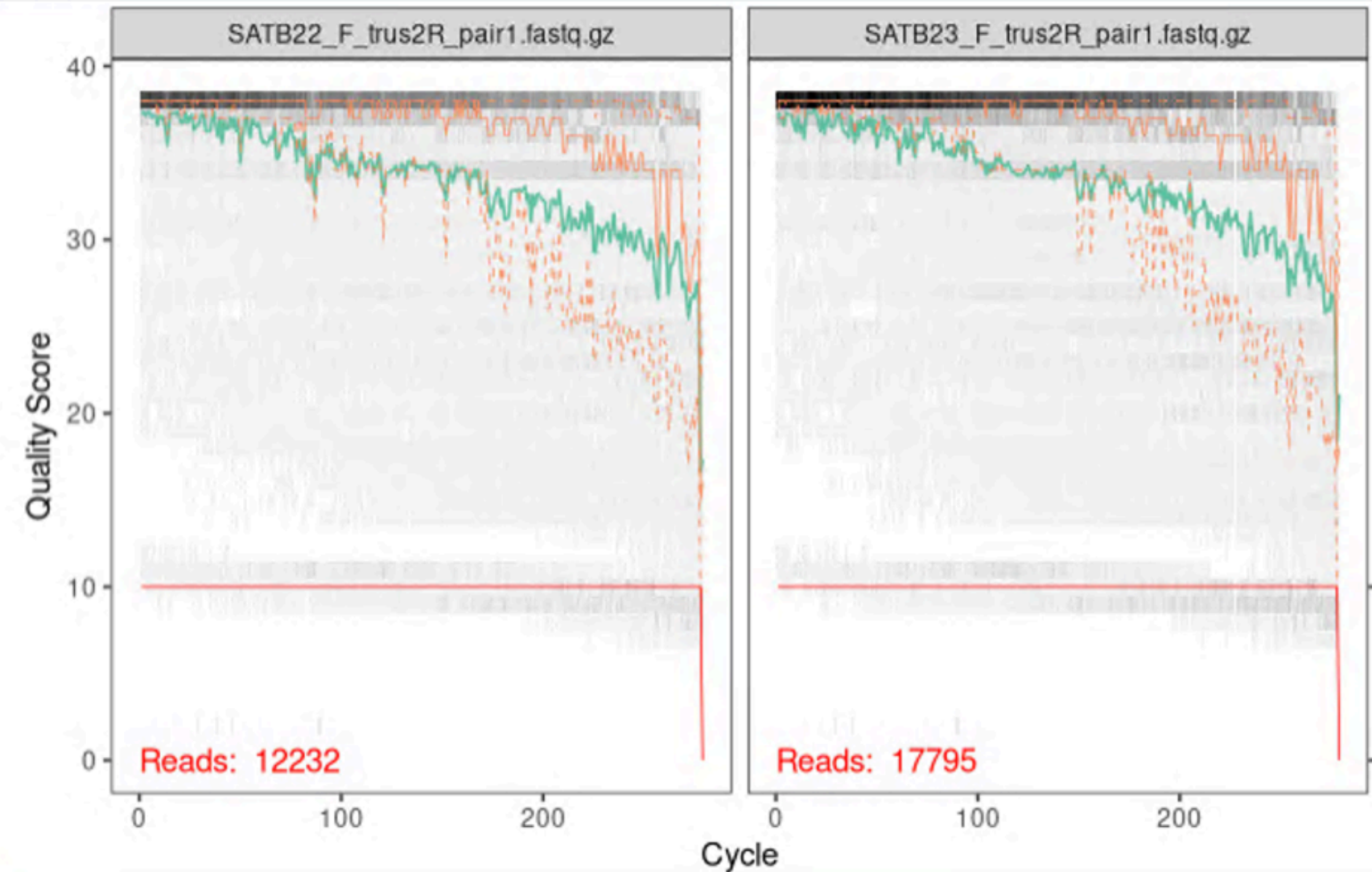




Methodology

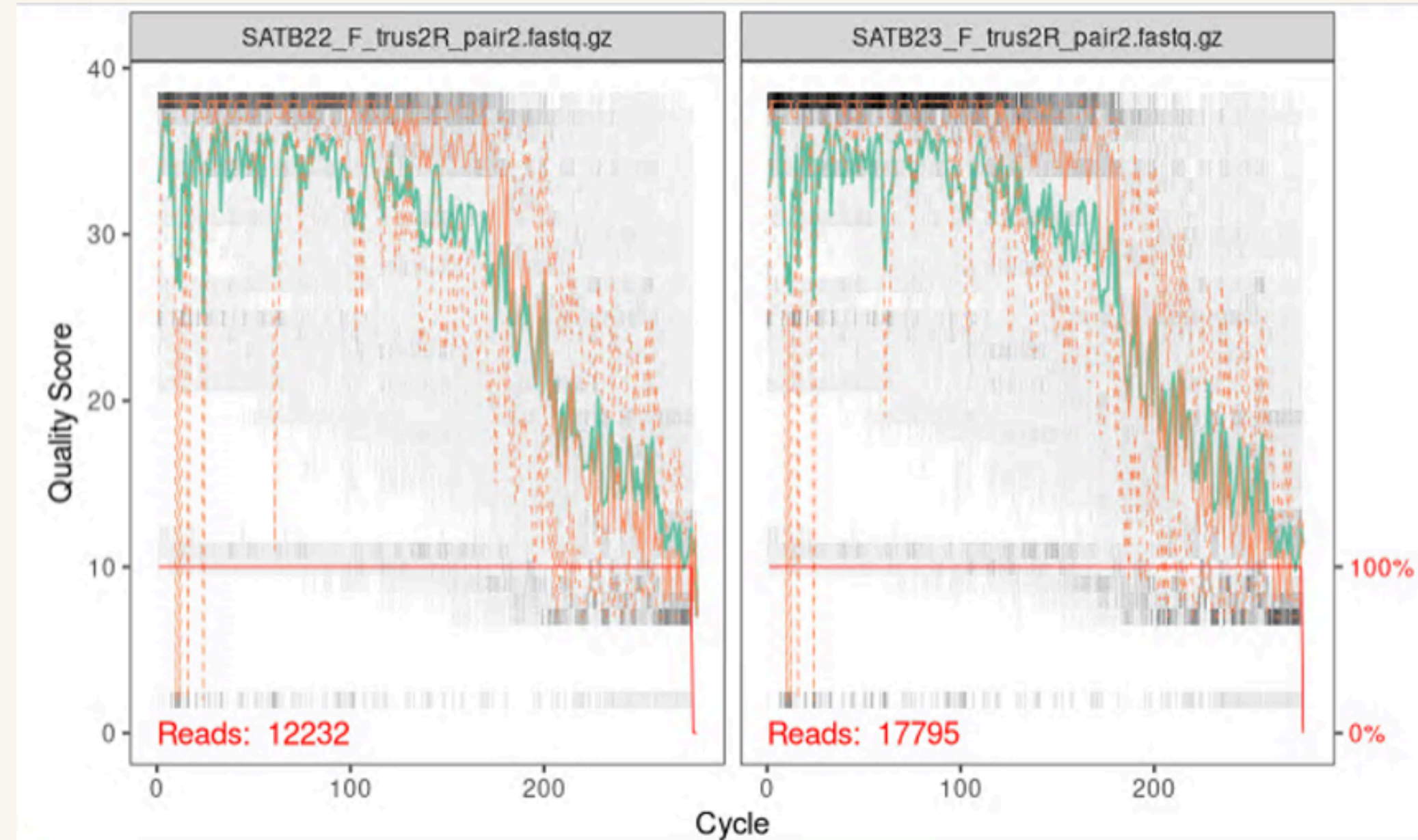
FLOWCHART ON HOW WE PROCESS OUR DATA



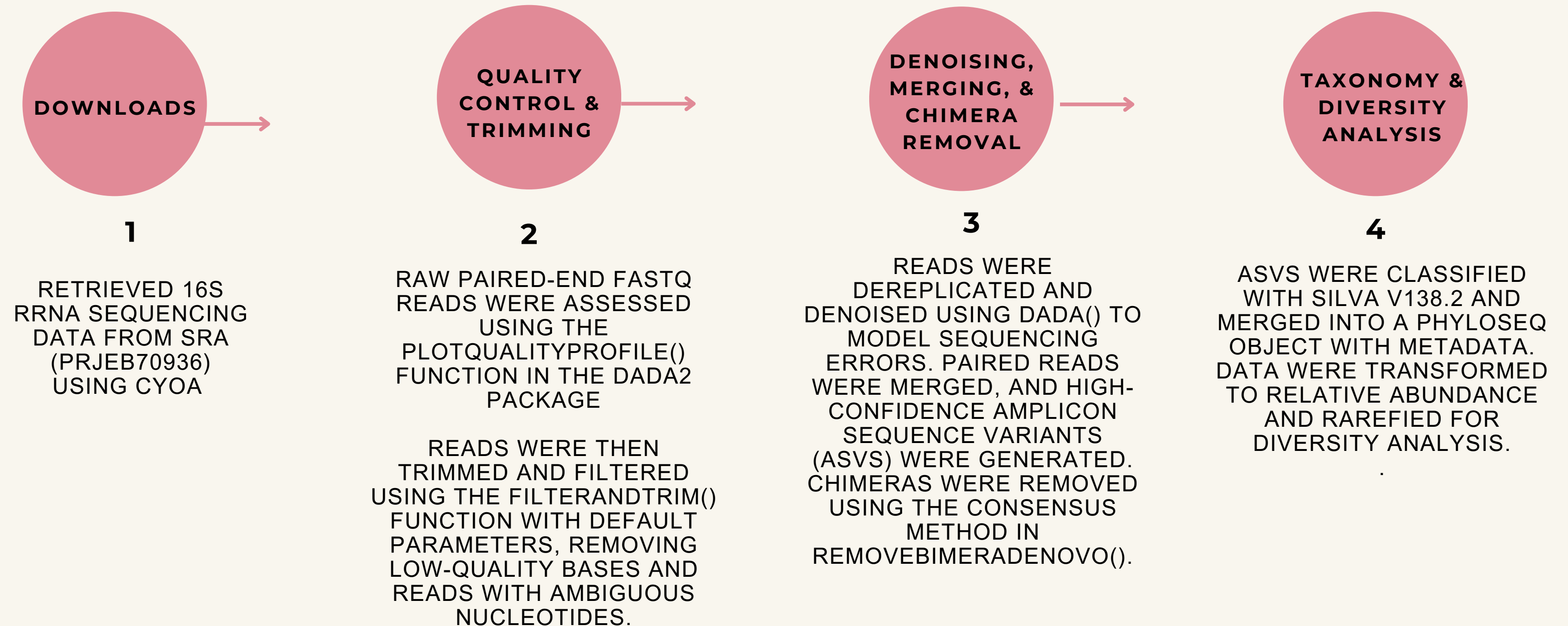


FORWARD READS
QUALITY REMAINS GOOD UNTIL ABOUT
POSITION 240–250
THEN IT BEGINS TO DECLINE GRADUALLY
AROUND POSITION 270–280, IT DROPS
MORE STEEPLY,
TRUNCATION LENGTHS OF 270

REVERSE READS
QUALITY STARTS DECENT BUT
STARTS TO DROPS, TRUNCATION 190



FLOWCHART ON HOW WE PROCESS OUR DATA





Results

DIFFERENCES IN GUT BIOME COMPOSITION CTRL VS. ATB-TREATED MICE

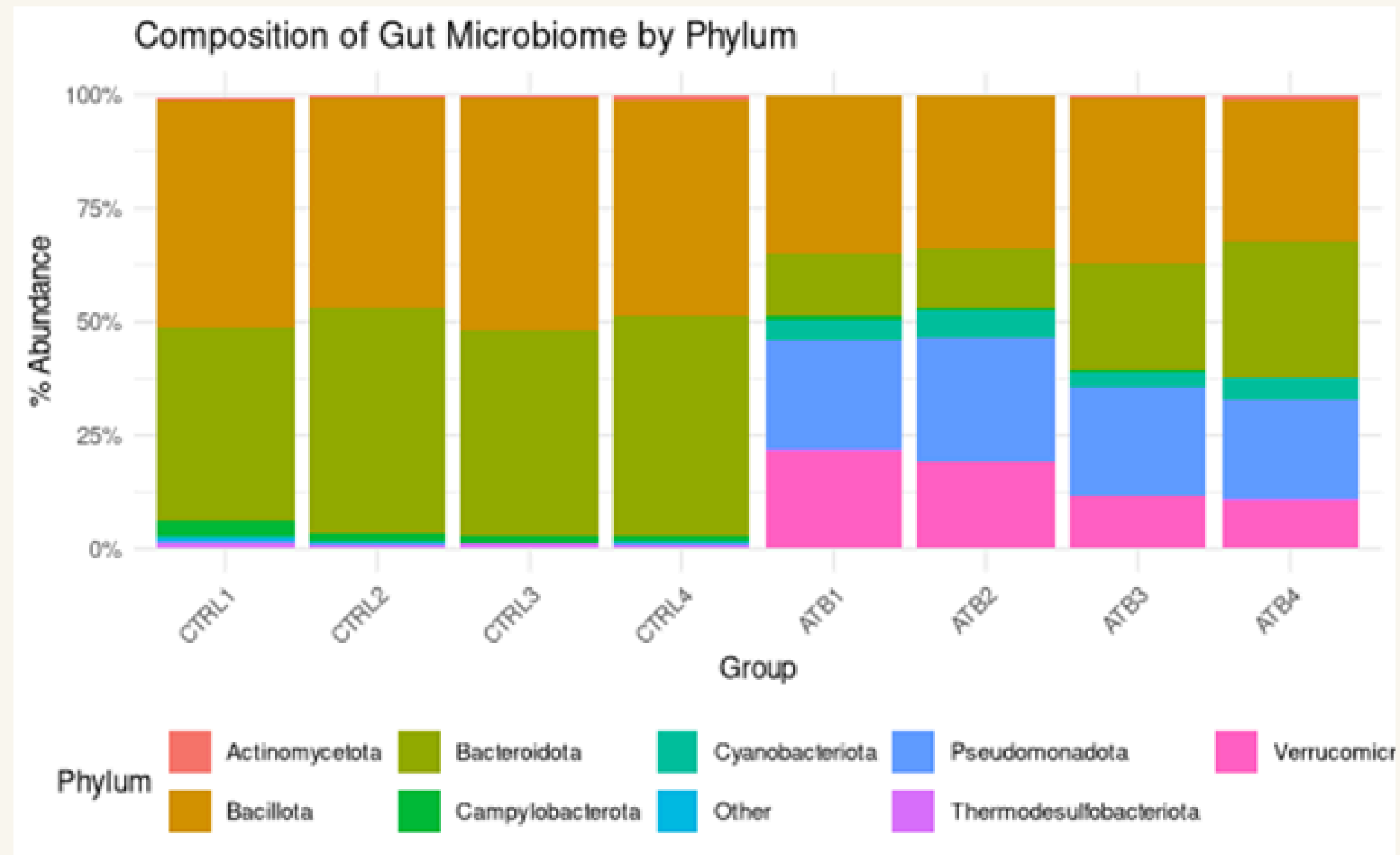


FIGURE 3. TAXONOMIC COMPOSITION BOXPLOT, WHICH LOOKS AT THE AVERAGE GUT MICROBIOME COMPOSITION (AT THE PHYLUM LEVEL) FOR A SPECIFIC GROUP OF MICE

COMPARING ALPHA DIVERSITY METRICS BY MOUSE SAMPLE

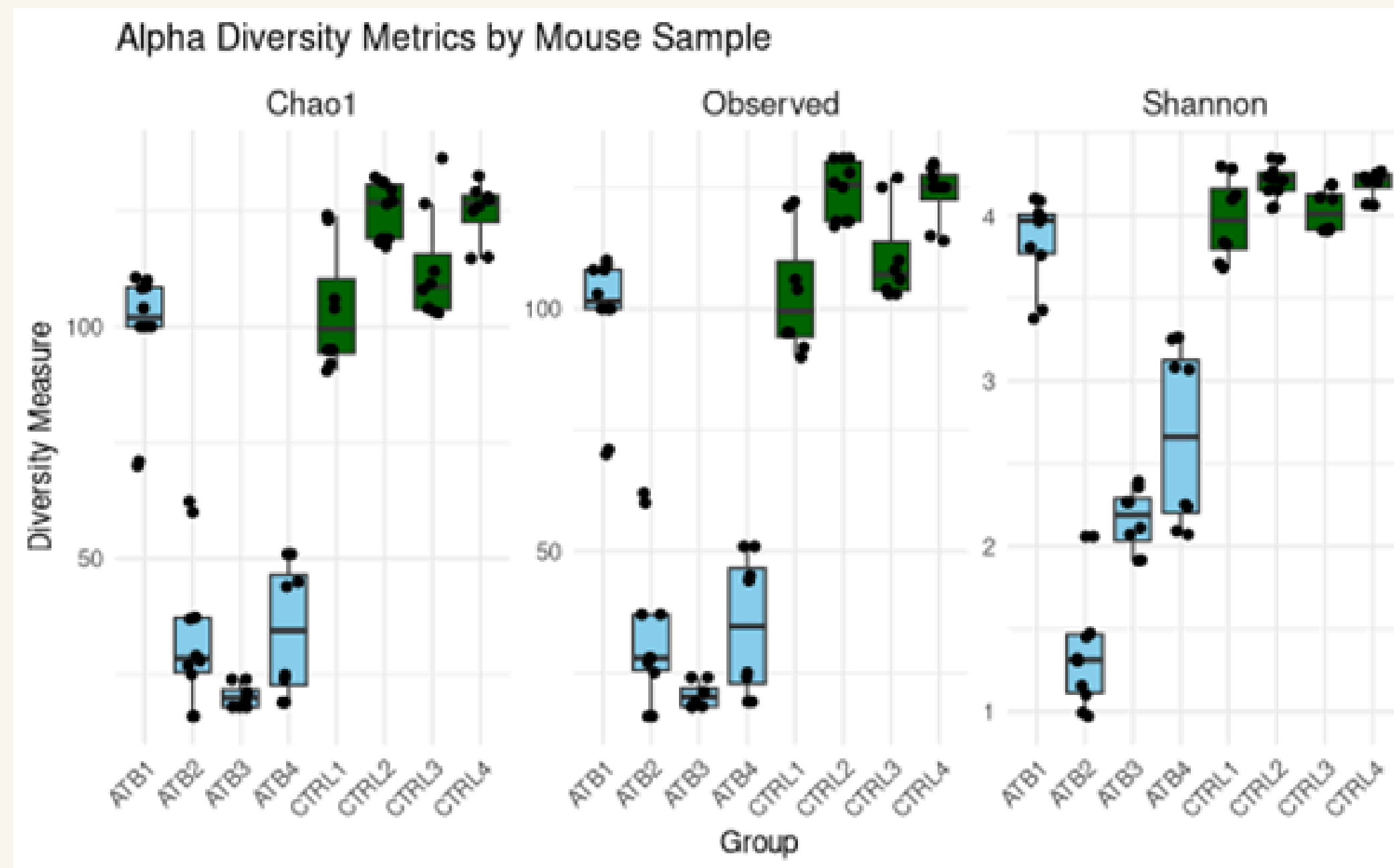


FIGURE 4. VISUALIZATION OF THE ALPHA DIVERSITY METRICS. CHAO1 BOX PLOT (A) ESTIMATED TOTAL RICHNESS INCLUDING RARE TAXA. OBSERVED BOX PLOT (B) THE COUNT OF THE UNIQUE TAXA. SHANNON BOX PLOT (C) RICHNESS AND EVENNESS HOW EVENLY TAXA ARE DISTRIBUTED.

MEASURING GUT MICROBIOME COMPOSITIONS

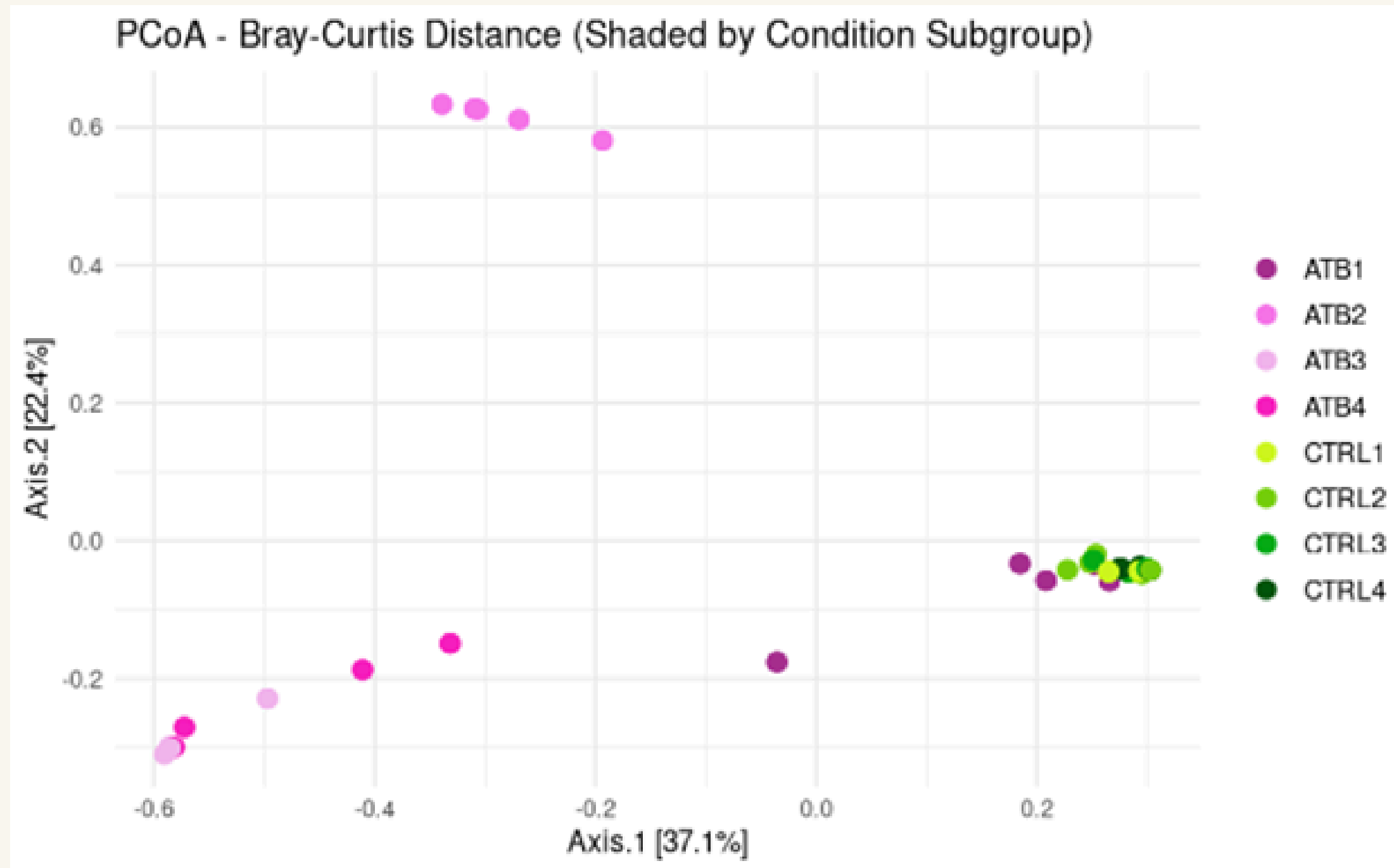


FIGURE 5. BETA DIVERSITY SCATTER PLOT, MEASURES HOW SIMILAR OR DIFFERENT THE GUT MICROBIOME COMPOSITIONS ARE ACROSS OUR SAMPLES.

Thank you for listening!