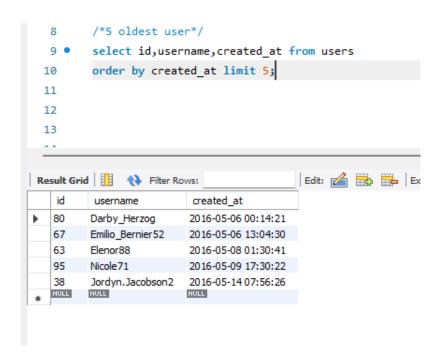
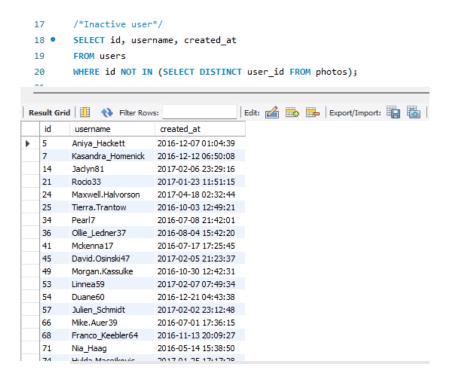
Instagram User Analytics

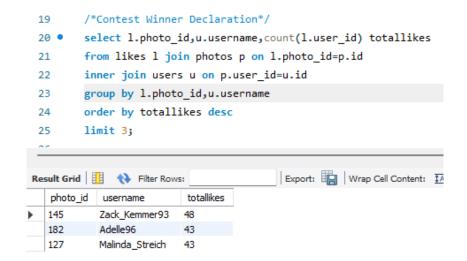
- 1. Project Description: This project focuses on analysing user interactions and engagement with Instagram, deriving meaningful insights using SQL quires. The primary goal is to understand the concepts of database and management tools and analyse average posts, identify bots, and more.
- **2. Approach:** To tackle the project, I setup a MySQL environment using MySQL Workbench.
 - Database: I first understood the structure of the tables and their relationships, for efficient SQL queries.
 - Query Execution: Queries were utilized to create a database from the provided dataset. SQL queries were implemented for sorting and extracting data to obtain valuable insights, such as Loyal users, Inactive users, most commonly used hashtags etc.
- 3. Tech-Stack: I utilized MySQL Workbench v8.0.36 for its robust query building capabilities and visual database design. For extraction of data SQL (Structured Query Language) is utilized for its efficient handling in relational database and performing complex queries or retrieval of data.
- 4. Insights: Through this project, several key insights were gained,
 - 1. Loyal user: Here, I identified 5 oldest users on Instagram i.e. the users that created accounts or using platform for the longest time. Knowing these users helps Instagram maintain a strong relationship with its earliest adopters.



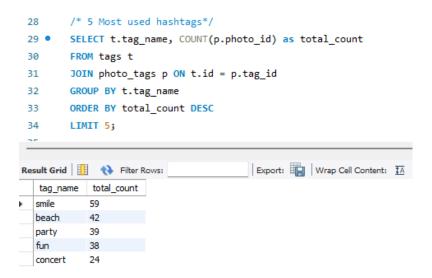
2. Inactive User Engagement: Users who have registered but never posted may need re-engagement strategies. I identified users who have never posted a single photo, and that data is retrieved using subquery and selecting distinct id's.



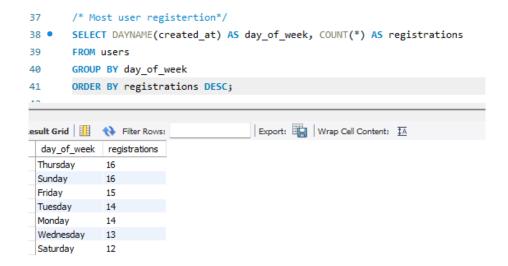
3. Contest Winner Declaration: Determine user with most likes. Recognizing the user with most likes on a post is achieved using Joins. This insight helps in creating similar engagement-driven contests in the future.



4. Hashtag Research: Identify top 5 most used hashtags. Retrieval of data is done using aggregate function and joins. Understanding the most popular hashtags helps brands and influencers optimize their content for maximum reach.



5. Ad Campaign Launch: Determine the day of the week when most users register, DAYNAME() function is used to retrieve the day of the week. Knowing the peak days can help in launching ads that might capture the attention of the new users.



B. Investor Metrics

1. User Engagement: Calculate the average number of posts and total number of photos, using the nested subquery placement. It shows the user engagement or user activity.

```
Calculate average number of posts per user*/

SELECT

(SELECT COUNT(*) FROM photos) / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM users) AS 'photos/userratio',

(SELECT COUNT(*) FROM photos) / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM users) AS 'avg_posts/user'

FROM users

Limit 1;

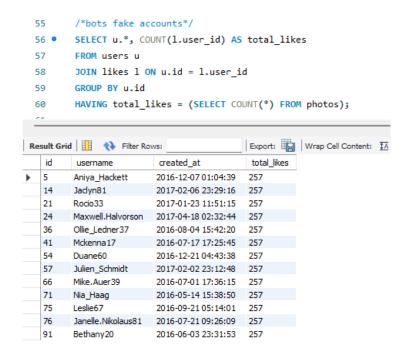
ult Grid 
Filter Rows:

Export: Wrap Cell Content: A Fetch rows:

Photos/userratio avg_posts/user

2.5700 2.5700
```

2. Bot & Fake accounts: Identify users who have liked every single photo on the site. Detecting these accounts for crucial for maintaining the integrity of user engagement metrics. This insight helps Instagram in taking measures to remove or monitor the accounts for bots or fake accounts.



Result: This project successfully achieved multiple objectives, significantly benefiting both the organisation and personal skill development. The project required writing complex SQL queries including subqueries, joins, and aggregates which significantly enhanced my SQL skills. Tackling various analytical tasks and solving problems related to user engagement, content popularity, and potential bot activity developed by problem solving skills. The insights from this project helps the platform to continuously improve for better user experience.