

Project task 1 Pololu Zumo 32U4

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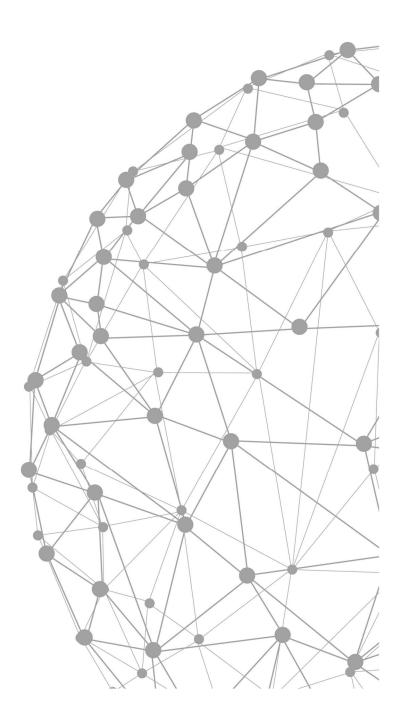
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1 General

1.1 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description	
OLED	Organic light emitting diode	
MCU	Microcontroller unit	

Table 1: Abbreviations



1.2 Terminology

1.2.1 System scenarios

Term	Description
CalibrateLineSensors	The LineSensors are calibrated to the current light conditions
DisplayTeamName	The TeamName is shown on the OledDisplay
DriveLap	The Robot shows the CountDown on the OledDisplay, drives to the StartFinishLine and then drives one FullLap
SetParameters	Allows the <i>User</i> to choose between different <i>ParameterSets</i>
HandleError	Displays an error message on the OledDisplay until the User resets it

Table 2: Terminology of the system scenarios

1.2.2 Interface scenarios

Term	Description	
InitializeMcu	Required system resources and variables are initialized. The <i>TeamName</i> is shown on the <i>OledDisplay</i>	
CalibrateLineSensors	The LineSensors are calibrated to the current light conditions	
GetReadyForLap The MCU starts with a CountDown from 3 to 0 and the Robot start moving.		
DriveLap	The Robot follows the GuideLine	
DriveOverGap	Allows the robot to drive over an interruption in the GuideLine	
MeasureTime	Measures the time of a lap. This use case runs parallel to other use cases.	
DisplayLapTime	Displays the completed lap time	
HandleError	Displays an error message on the OledDisplay	
SetParameters	Allows to choose between different ParameterSets	

Table 3: Terminology of the interface scenarios



1.2.3 System states

Term	Description	
LineSensorCalibrationDone	The calibration of the <i>LineSensors</i> is finished	
Ready	The <i>Robot</i> is ready to retrieve a command from the <i>User</i>	
Running	The <i>Robot</i> is driving on the <i>PlayField</i>	
Setup	The <i>Robot</i> allows to choose between different sets of parameters which affect the <i>Robot</i> 's behavior, e.g. a more cautious driving style	
Error	An error sets the <i>Robot</i> into an error <i>State</i> . This <i>State</i> must be reset by the <i>User</i>	

Table 4: Terminology of the system states

1.2.4 Interface states

Term	Description
InitializationDone	The initialization of the system is done
ReadyToDrive	The <i>Robot</i> is ready to drive
DriveToStart	The Robot move to the StartFinishLine
DriveToFinish	The <i>Robot</i> drives a lap on the <i>PlayField</i>
StateDriveOverGap	The Robot drives over a gap in the <i>GuideLine</i>
DisplayTime	The Robot displays the lap time on the OledDisplay
Setup	The <i>Robot</i> shows the parameters and allows them to be adjusted
Error	An error sets the <i>Robot</i> into an error <i>State</i> . This <i>State</i> must be reset by the <i>User</i>

Table 5: Terminology of the interface states



1.2.5 Hardware

Term	Description	
Robot	Zumo32U4 as described in PololuDataSheet ^[2]	
OledDisplay	The OLED display on the top of the Robot that allows visible feedback to the <i>User</i> as described in PololuDataSheet ^[2]	
Buzzer	The buzzer on the <i>Robot</i> that allows audio feedback to the <i>User</i> as described in PololuDataSheet ^[2]	
LineSensors	The sensor array at the front on the underside of the <i>Robot</i> that is able to recognize the lines of the <i>PlayField</i>	
PowerSwitch	The switch at the back of the <i>Robot</i> . The <i>Robot</i> is only supplied with power when the switch is in the "ON" position as described in PololuDataSheet ^[2]	
StartButton	The leftmost user button on the back of the <i>Robot</i> as described in PololuDataSheet ^[2]	
ParamButton	The middle user button on the back of the <i>Robot</i> as described in PololuDataSheet ^[2]	
CalibrateButton	The rightmost user button on the back of the <i>Robot</i> as described in PololuDataSheet ^[2]	
ResetButton	The reset button on the back of the <i>Robot</i> with the label "reset" as described in PololuDataSheet ^[2]	

Table 6: Terminology of the hardware



1.2.6 Other

Term	Description	
AlarmSignal	The <i>AlarmSignal</i> is a signal of frequency 440Hz which is played for 333ms and after a pause of 333ms played again for 333ms. The volume is a minimum of 60dB at 10cm distance.	
CountDown	A countdown that starts with 3 and counts down to 0. The number is always decremented after 1s and is shown on the <i>OledDisplay</i> in addition to the <i>TeamName</i>	
DriveMotors	The two metal gearmotors that are connected to the wheels on the backside of the <i>Robot</i>	
FullLap	One lap on the <i>PlayField</i> that starts with the <i>StartFinishLine</i> and ends with the same <i>StartFinishLine</i>	
FullStop	The <i>Robot</i> is not moving because the <i>DriveMotors</i> do not receive any power	
LapTime	The time the Robot needed to finish a FullLap	
GuideLine	The line on the PlayField that marks the lap and shows the Robot where must drive	
ParameterSets The <i>Robot</i> allows to choose between different sets of parameters affect the <i>Robot</i> 's behavior, e.g. a more cautious driving style		
PlayField	The flat surface the <i>Robot</i> drives on	
PoweredOn	The <i>Robot</i> is supplied with power for at least 500ms so that all the software of the Mcu had enough time to finish all initialization steps	
Redetect	Searching and recognizing the <i>GuideLine</i> after losing <i>GuideLine</i> while driving	
ShortBeep	The ShortBeep is a signal of frequency 440Hz with a duration of 1000ms and a minimum volume of 60dB at 10cm distance	
StartFinishLine	The line perpendicular to the <i>GuideLine</i> that marks the beginning and end of the lap	
State	The state of the Robot. Only one state can be active at the same time	
TeamName	The name that identifies the team that owns the Robot. The name is defined by the software of the Mcu and cannot be changed	
User	The person that interacts with the <i>Robot</i>	

Table 7: Other terminology



1.3 Referenced Documents

Reference	Document- Identification	Description
[1]	SpecificationSheet	The document "11001_0099_0088_RD-Product- Specification.pdf" which describes the specifications oft he project
[2]	PololuDataSheet	The datasheet oft he <i>Robot</i> with the name "zumo_32u4_oled_robot.pdf"

Table 8: Referenced Documents

1.4 Applicable Standards

Reference	Document- Identification	Description
[1]	N/A	N/A

Table 9: Applicable Standards



2 Introduction

2.1 System Overview

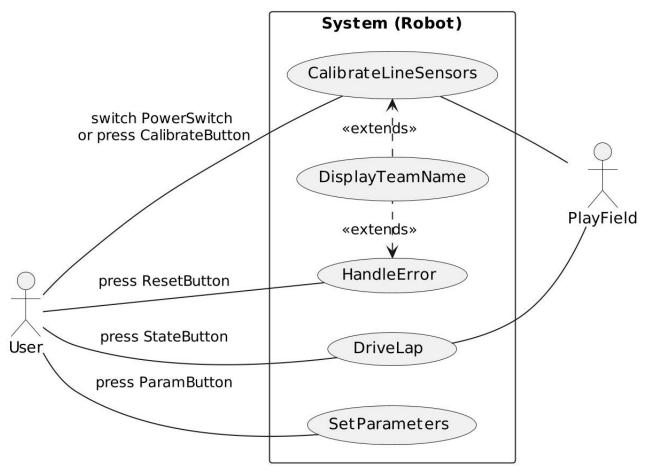


Figure 1 System Overview



2.2 Interface Overview

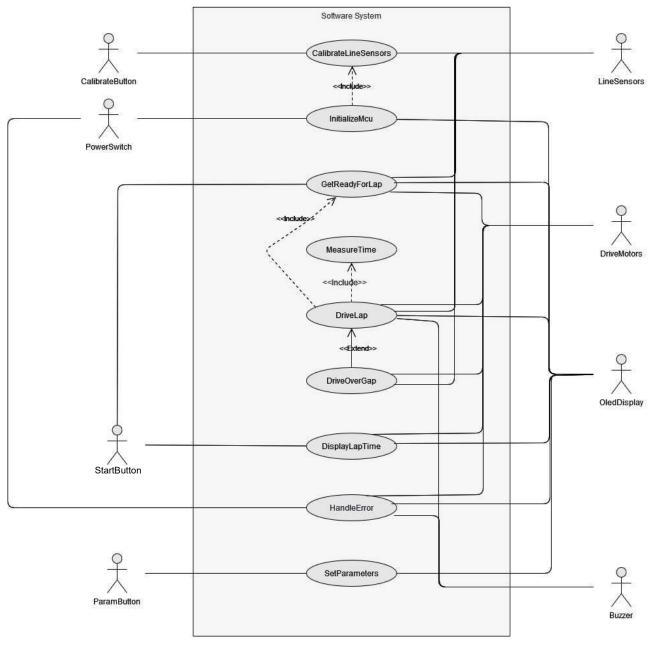


Figure 2 - Interface Overview



2.3 Scenarios

2.3.1 System

Reference number	2.3.1.1
Name	CalibrateLineSensors
Short description	The LineSensors are calibrated to the current light conditions
Precondition	There are two different sets of preconditions in this use case. All the conditions of one set must be met. The condition sets are mutually exclusive and therefore cannot be both met at the same time.
	Precondition set 1 (Robot is powered on)
	 The Robot is placed on the GuideLine of the PlayField The PowerSwitch is in the position "OFF"
	Precondition set 2 (Calibration is triggered by the user)
	 The Robot is placed on the GuideLine of the PlayField The Robot is PoweredOn The Robot is in FullStop The State Ready is active
Postcondition	The State LineSensorCalibrationDone is active
Error case	none
Actors	User, PlayField
Trigger	There are two different triggers.
	The first trigger is only effective if precondition set 1 met:
	The <i>PowerSwitch</i> is switched from "OFF" to "ON"
	The second trigger is only effective if precondition set 2 met:
	The User releases the CalibrateButton
Standard sequence	 The Robot is placed on the GuideLine of the PlayField The PowerSwitch is switched from "OFF" to "ON" The LineSensors are calibrated to the current light conditions The State LineSensorCalibrationDone is activated
Alternative sequences	2b.1. The State Ready is active 2. The User releases the CalibrateButton 3. Go to standard sequence 3.



Reference number	2.3.1.2
Name	DisplayTeamName
Short description	The TeamName is shown on the OledDisplay
Precondition	There are two different sets of preconditions in this use case. All the conditions of one set must be met. The condition sets are mutually exclusive and therefore cannot be both met at the same time.
	Precondition set 1:
	 The Robot is PoweredOn The Robot is in FullStop The State LineSensorCalibrationDone is active
	Precondition set 2:
	 The Robot is PoweredOn The Robot is in FullStop The State Error is active
Postcondition	All these conditions must be met:
	 The Robot is PoweredOn The Robot is in FullStop The State Ready is active
Error case	none
Actors	none
Trigger	There are two different triggers.
	The first trigger is only effective if precondition set 1 met:
	The State LineSensorCalibrationDone changes from not active to active
	The second trigger is only effective if precondition set 2 met:
	The use case <i>HandleError</i> is finished
Standard sequence	The State LineSensorCalibrationDone changes from not active to active The OledDisplay is cleared The TeamName is shown on the OledDisplay and not cleared The State Ready is activated
Alternative sequences	none



Reference number	2.3.1.3
Name	DriveLap
Short description	The Robot shows the CountDown on the OledDisplay, drives to the StartFinishLine, and then drives one FullLap
Precondition	All these conditions must be met: The Robot is PoweredOn The Robot is in FullStop The State Ready is active
Postcondition	All these conditions must be met: The Robot is PoweredOn The Robot is in FullStop The State Ready is active
Error case	There are three independent error cases: The first StartFinishLine is not recognized within 10s The GuideLine is lost and not Redetected within 5s The FullLap is not finished within 20s
Actors	User, PlayField
Trigger	The User releases the StartButton

(This scenario is continued on the next page)



(Continuation of the scenario DriveLap (2.3.1.3))

Continuation of the scenario <i>DriveLap</i> (2.3.1.3))		
Standard sequence	1. The <i>User</i> releases the <i>StartButton</i>	
	2. The State Running is activated	
	3. The Robot shows the CountDown on the OledDisplay	
	4. The <i>Robot</i> starts the start timer	
	5. The <i>Robot</i> starts driving, following the <i>GuideLine</i> on the <i>PlayField</i>	
	6a. The Robot recognizes the StartFinishLine	
	7. The <i>Robot</i> starts the lap timer	
	8. The ShortBeep is played on the Buzzer	
	9a. The <i>Robot</i> continues driving, following the <i>GuideLine</i> on the <i>PlayField</i>	
	10a. The Robot recognizes the StartFinishLine	
	11. The ShortBeep is played on the Buzzer	
	12. The <i>Robot</i> goes to a <i>FullStop</i>	
	13. The LapTime is shown on the OledDisplay	
	14. The User releases the StartButton	
	15. The State Ready is activated	
Alternative sequences	This sequence describes the error case when the first StartFinishLine is not	
	recognized within 10s:	
	6b.1. The StartFinishLine is not recognized within 10s after the start of	
	the start timer	
	2. The use case <i>HandleError</i> (2.3.1.5) is activated	
	This sequence extends the standard sequence to be able to Redetect the	
	GuideLine e.g. after a gap:	
	9b.1. The <i>Robot</i> does not recognize the <i>GuideLine</i>	
	2. The Robot starts the gap timer	
	3a. The Robot <i>Redetects</i> the <i>GuideLine</i>	
	4. Go to standard sequence 9a.	
	This sequence describes the error case when the GuideLine is lost and not	
	Redetected within 5s:	
	9b.3b.1 The Robot does not Redetect the GuideLine within 5s after the start	
	of the gap timer	
	2. The use case HandleError (2.3.1.5) is activated	
	This sequence describes the error case when the <i>FullLap</i> is not finished within	
	20s:	
	10b.1. The <i>Robot</i> does not recognize the <i>StartFinishLine</i> within 20s after	
	the start of the lap timer	
	2. The use case <i>HandleError</i> (2.3.1.5) is activated	
<u> </u>	, ,	



Reference number	2.3.1.4
Name	SetParameters
Short description	Allows the <i>User</i> to choose between different <i>ParameterSets</i>
Precondition	All these conditions must be met:
	 The Robot is PoweredOn The Robot is in FullStop The State Ready is active
Postcondition	All these conditions must be met: The Robot is PoweredOn The Robot is in FullStop The State Ready is active
Error case	none
Actors	User
Trigger	The ParamButton is released
Standard sequence	 The ParamButton is released The State Setup is activated Cycle to the next ParameterSet The OledDisplay shows the number of the active ParameterSet The State Ready is activated
Alternative sequences	none



Reference number	2.3.1.5
Name	HandleError
Short description	Displays an error message on the OledDisplay until the User resets it
Precondition	All these conditions must be met:
	The Robot is PoweredOn
	An error occurred
Postcondition	All these conditions must be met:
	The Robot is PoweredOn
	The Robot is in FullStop
	The use case CalibrateLineSensors (2.3.1.1) is activated
Error case	none
Actors	User
Trigger	An error occurs
Standard sequence	An error occurs The State Error is activated
	3. The Robot goes to a FullStop
	4. The AlarmSignal is played on the Buzzer
	5. An error message is displayed on the <i>OledDisplay</i>
	6. The <i>User</i> places the <i>Robot</i> on the <i>GuideLine</i>
	7. The <i>User</i> presses the <i>ResetButton</i>
	(This triggers a hard reset with the same effect as if the <i>PowerSwitch</i> is switched from "OFF" to "ON". The following steps are part of the use case <i>CalibrateLineSensors</i> (2.3.1.1))
Alternative sequences	none
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2.3.2 Interface

Reference number	2.3.2.1
Name	InitializeMcu
Short description	Required system resources and variables are initialized. The <i>TeamName</i> is shown on the <i>OledDisplay</i>
Precondition	All these conditions must be met: • The MCU must be offline and have no power
	The PowerSwitch is in the position "OFF"
Postcondition	The State InitializationDone is active
Error case	none
Actors	PowerSwitch, OledDisplay
Trigger	The PowerSwitch is switched from "OFF" to "ON"
Standard sequence	 The PowerSwitch is switched from "OFF" to "ON" All system resources are initialized All system variables are initialized The TeamName is displayed on the OledDisplay The State InitializationDone is activated
Alternative sequences	none

Reference number	2.3.2.2
Name	CalibrateLineSensors
Short description	The LineSensors are calibrated to the current light conditions
Precondition	The State Error is not active
Postcondition	The State ReadyToDrive is active
Error case	none
Actors	LineSensors, CalibrateButton
Trigger	There are two different triggers. Both triggers execute the same standard sequence.
	The first trigger is:
	The State InitializationDone is activated
	The second trigger is:
	The CalibrateButton is released
Standard sequence	 The State InitializationDone is activated The LineSensors are calibrated The State ReadyToDrive is activated
Alternative sequences	The CalibrateButton is released The LineSensors are calibrated The State ReadyToDrive is activated



Reference number	2.3.2.3
Name	GetReadyForLap
Short description	The MCU starts with a CountDown from 3 to 0 and the Robot starts moving.
Precondition	The State ReadyToDrive is active
Postcondition	The State <i>DriveToStart</i> is not active
Error case	The <i>DriveToStart</i> is active for more than 10s
Actors	OledDisplay, DriveMotors, LineSensors
Trigger	The StartButton is released
Standard sequence	 The StartButton is released The CountDown is displayed As soon as 0 is displayed, the DriveMotors are supplied with power The State DriveToStart is activated The Robot follows the GuideLine The StartFinishLine is recognized The State DriveToFinish is activated
Alternative sequences	 The State DriveToStart is active for more than 10 s The use case HandleError (2.3.2.8) is entered



Reference number	2.3.2.4
Name	DriveLap
Short description	The Robot follows the GuideLine
Precondition	The State DriveToFinish is active
Postcondition	The State DriveToFinish is not active
Error case	The FullLap is not finished within 20s
Actors	OledDisplay, DriveMotors, LineSensors
Trigger	There are two independent triggers:
	 The State DriveToFinish changes from not active to active The use case DriveOverGap (2.3.2.5) is finished
Standard sequence	 The State DriveToFinish changes from not active to active The Buzzer emits the ShortBeep The Robot follows the GuideLine The StartFinishLine is again The Buzzer emits the ShortBeep The State DisplayTime is activated
Alternative sequences	1b.1. The use case <i>DriveOverGap</i> (2.3.2.5) is finished2. The <i>State DriveToFinish is</i> activated3. Go to standard sequence 3a.
	3b.1. The Robot encounters a gap 2. The use case <i>DriveOverGap</i> (2.3.2.5) is entered
	4b.1. The StartFinishLine is not detected after 20s 2. The use case HandleError (2.3.2.8) is entered



Reference number	2.3.2.5
Name	DriveOverGap
Short description	Allows the <i>Robot</i> to drive over an interruption in the <i>GuideLine</i>
Precondition	The State DriveToFinish is active
Postcondition	The State DriveToFinish is active
Error case	GuideLine is not recognized within 5s
Actors	DriveMotors, LineSensors
Trigger	The GuideLine is lost
Standard sequence	 The State StateDriveOverGap is activated The Robot searches for the GuideLine The GuideLine is recognized The use case DriveLap (2.3.2.4) is activated
Alternative sequences	3b.1. The <i>GuideLine</i> is not recognized within 5s 2. The use case <i>HandleError</i> (2.3.2.8) is entered



Reference number	2.3.2.6
Name	MeasureTime
Short description	Measures the time of a <i>FullLap</i> . This use case runs parallel to other use cases.
Precondition	The State DriveToStart is active
Postcondition	The State DriveToFinish is not active
Error case	none
Actors	LineSensors
Trigger	The StartFinishLine is recognized
Standard sequence	 The StartFinishLine is recognized The timer is started The StartFinishLine is recognized The timer is stopped
Alternative sequences	none

Reference number	2.3.2.7
Name	DisplayLapTime
Short description	Displays the completed <i>LapTime</i>
Precondition	The State DriveToFinish is active
Postcondition	The State ReadyToDrive is active
Error case	none
Actors	OledDisplay, DriveMotors
Trigger	The State DisplayTime changes from not active to active
Standard sequence	 The State DisplayTime changes from not active to active Stops the power supply to the DriveMotors Shows the completed lap time on the OledDisplay The State ReadyToDrive is activated
Alternative sequences	none



Reference number	2.3.2.8
Name	HandleError
Short description	Displays an error message on the <i>OledDisplay</i>
Precondition	An error occurred
Postcondition	The State Error is not active
Error case	none
Actors	OledDisplay, Buzzer, DriveMotors, ResetButton
Trigger	An error occurs
Standard sequence	 An error occurs The State Error is activated Stops the power supply to the DriveMotors The AlarmSignal is played on the Buzzer An error code is displayed on the OledDisplay The ResetButton is released The use case InitializeMcu (2.3.2.1) is activated
Alternative sequences	none

Reference number	2.3.2.9
Name	SetParameters
Short description	Allows to choose between different ParameterSets
Precondition	The State Error is not active
Postcondition	The State ReadyToDrive is active
Error case	none
Actors	OLED-Display, ParamButton
Trigger	The ParamButton button has been released
Standard sequence	 The ParamButton is released The State Setup is activated Cycle to the next ParameterSet The OledDisplay shows the number of the active ParameterSet The State ReadyToDrive is activated
Alternative sequences	none



3 Requirements

3.1 Functional Requirements

3.1.1 Before start

- 3.1.1.1 If the Robot is PoweredOn the Robot shall do ALL of the following steps
 - display the TeamName on the OledDisplay for at least 2s
 - calibrate the LineSensors
- 3.1.1.2 Upon releasing the StartButton the Robot shall do ALL of the following steps in the given order
 - CountDown
 - start the time measurement for timeout
 - start following the GuideLine
- 3.1.1.3 If the Robot does not detect the StartFinishLine in 10s or less the Robot shall go into the Error State
- 3.1.1.4 The Robot shall enter the DriveToFinish state in standard sequence if ALL of the following conditions are met
 - is in DriveToStart state
 - detects the StartFinishLine
- 3.1.1.6 If the *Robot* enters the DriveToFinish state via standard sequence the Robot shall do ALL of the following steps
 - emit a ShortBeep via Buzzer
 - start the time measurement for the FullLap

3.1.2 During run

- 3.1.2.1 If the Robot does not complete a FullLap in less than 20s the Robot shall go into the Error State
- 3.1.2.2 If the Robot leaves the GuideLine, the Robot shall Redetect the GuideLine in 5s or less
- 3.1.2.3 If the Robot does not Redetect the GuideLine in less than 5s the Robot shall go into Error State
- 3.1.2.4 If the Robot Redetects the GuideLine the Robot shall follow the GuideLine

3.1.3 After run

- 3.1.3.1 The Robot shall enter the DisplayLapTime state when ALL of the following conditions are met
 - is in state DriveToFinish
 - detects the StartFinishLine
- 3.1.3.2 If the *Robot enter the DisplayLapTime state* the *Robot* shall do ALL of the following steps in the given order
 - end the time measurement for the FullLap
 - go to FullStop
 - emit a ShortBeep via Buzzer
 - display the measured time for the FullLap on the OledDisplay



3.1.4 Others

- 3.1.4.1 If the Robot goes into the Error State the Robot shall do the following steps in order
 - Go to FullStop
 - emit an AlarmSignal via Buzzer
 - display the error code on the OledDisplay
- 3..1.4.2 Upon releasing the ResetButton the Robot shall enter the PoweredOn state
- 3.1.4.3 Upon releasing the CalibrateButton the Robot shall do ALL of the following steps
 - calibrate the LineSensors
 - display the *TeamName* on the *OledDisplay* for at least 2s
- 3.1.4.4 Upon releasing the *ParamButton* the Robot shall do ALL of the following
 - activate the next ParameterSet
 - display the active ParameterSet on the OledDisplay
 - enter the ReadyToDriveState

3.2 Non-Functional Requirements

- 3.2.1 The software shall be hardware independent
- 3.2.2 The programmer shall write the software in the programming language C
- 3.2.3 The *Robot* shall run during daytime- or office light conditions
- 3.2.4 The Robot shall start the competition on the GuideLine
- 3.2.5 The *Robot* shall be powered on when it is positioned on the *GuideLine*
- 3.2.6 The software shall at most use 80% of the available flash memory
- 3.2.7 The dimensions of the GuideLine AND the StartFinishLine are defined in the SpecificationSheet[1]
- 3.2.8 The *Robot* shall be placed on the *GuideLine* of the *PlayField* with a minimum distance of 1cm in front of the *StartFinishLine*