# **NYC Traffic Data Violation Analysis**

#### 1. Connect to the API:

Below is the python code used to pull recent 10,000 rows from the Data Source: https://data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/Open-Parking-and-Camera-Violations/nc67-uf89/about\_data
And csv file was downloaded to local.

#### **Snippet of Python code**

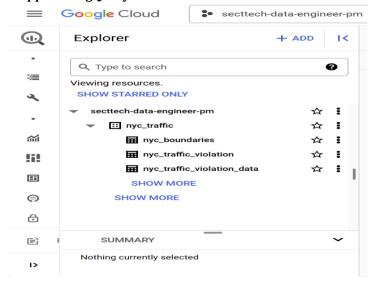
```
import pandas as pd
     import requests
     dataset_url = "https://data.cityofnewyork.us/resource/nc67-uf89.json"
     # Define parameters for sorting and selecting recent 10000 records
     limit = 10000 # Number of records to fetch
     params = {'$limit': limit, '$order': 'issue_date DESC'}
11
12
         # Fetch the data with sorting and selecting top records
13
         response = requests.get(dataset_url, params=params)
         response.raise_for_status()
15
16
         # Attempt to parse the JSON data
17
         data = response.json()
19
         df = pd.DataFrame(data)
20
21
         print(df)
             # Specify the directory where you want to save the file
         save_directory = 'C:/documents/'
23
             # Save the file with the specified directory
         df.to_csv(f'{save_directory}recent_10000_records.csv', index=False)
     except requests.exceptions.RequestException as e:
         print(f"Request error: {e}")
```

#### 2.Load data into BigQuery:

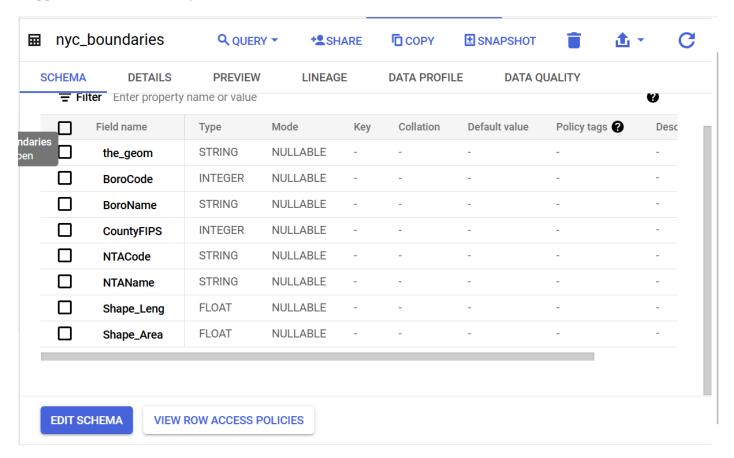
Created dataset inside given project with name `nyc\_traffic` and created table `nyc\_traffic\_violation` from input csv file using bigquery upload option.

Created a lookup table inside this dataset namely `nyc\_boundaries` as external source to get region's data.

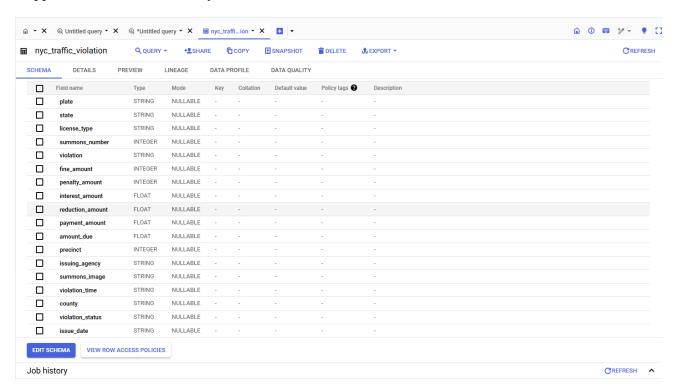
#### Snippet of BigQuery table and dataset



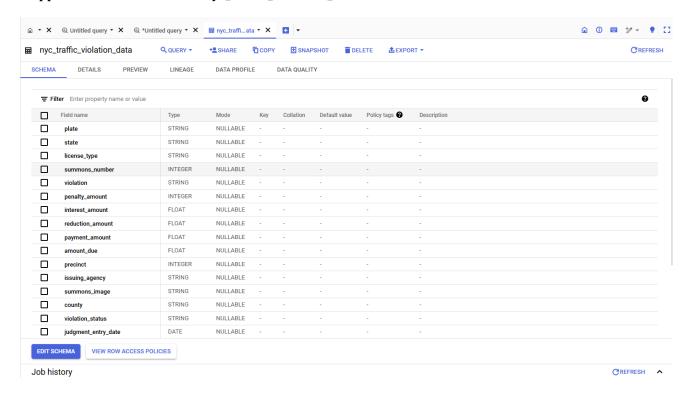
#### Snippet of Table Structure nyc\_boundaries



#### Snippet of Table Structure for nyc\_traffic\_violation



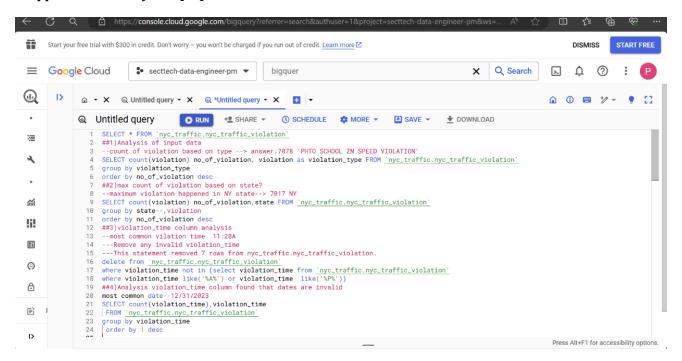
#### Snippet of Table Structure for nyc\_traffic\_violation\_data



#### 3. Data Transformations:

Below are code snippets used to Analyse the data and found invalid entries in violation time column and time format was also not proper and while importing data fine\_amount column was created as integer but actually should been integer.

#### Snippet of Data Analysis SQL Queries

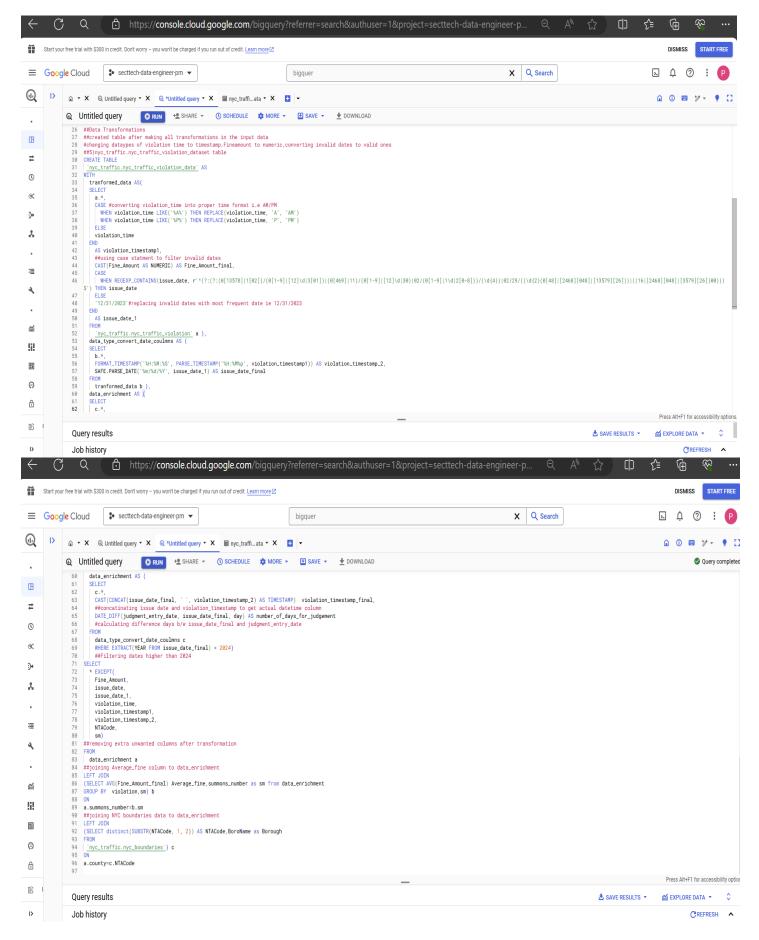


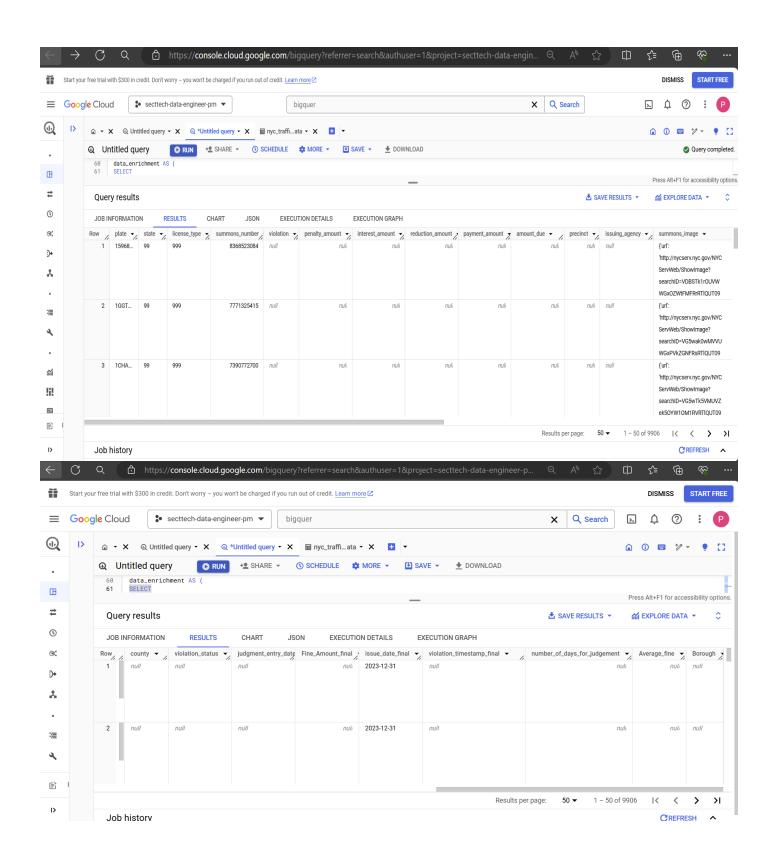
#### Below transformation have been applied to the input data

- Column violation\_time records were first converted to standard timings by using CASE statement and replace function.
- Column fine\_amount data\_type was changed to numeric as it cannot be negative (integer type) and renamed as fine\_amount\_final.
- REGEXP\_CONTAINS was used to identify faulty/invalid issue date and replaced with most frequent appearing
  date.
- Concatenation of issue\_date and violation\_time to get Violation timestamp column,

• Additional columns like number\_of\_days\_for\_judgement,Average\_fine ,borough(was obtaining by joining nyc\_boundaries data using NTA code to county)

## **Snippet of Transformed Data Creation**





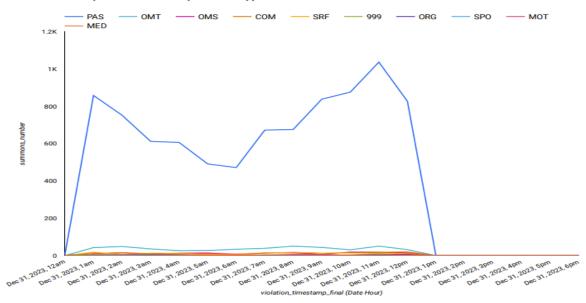
#### 4.Data Visualization:

Looker Studio has been used to visualize and explore insights from transformed data.

### Snippet of Visualization done in Looker Studio

# **NYC Traffic Violation Analysis**

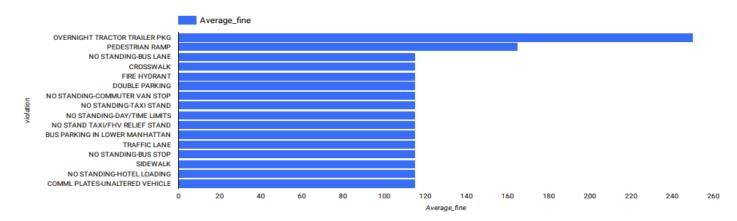
#### Time series Analysis of violation by License type



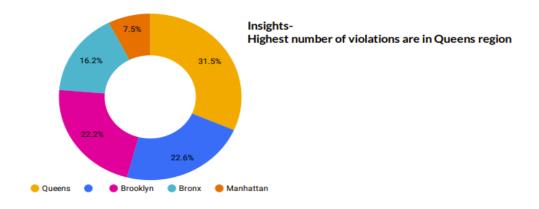
#### Insights-

- 1) Most of the violations happened between the time 12AM TO 1PM
- 2) Highest number of violations are made by license type PAS

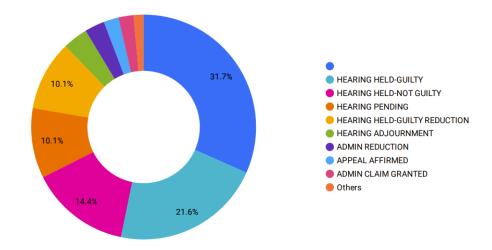
#### Average fine violation wise



#### Average fine violation borough wise



#### **Violation Status**



Insights-18% of violations has violation status as Hearing Held-not Guilty