A Mini- Project Report

on

"Copy and Store Objects from Surroundings"

Submitted to the

Pune Institute of Computer Technology, Pune
In partial fulfillment for the award of the Degree of
Bachelor of Engineering

in

Information Technology

by

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2020-2021

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the project report entitled

TITLE OF THE PROJECT

Submitted by

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is a bonafide work carried out by them under the supervision of Prof. R. R.Chhajed and it is approved for the partial fulfillment of the requirement of **Computer Laboratory -X** for the award of the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering (Information Technology)

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Shyamal Khachane

Manvi Pandya

ABSTRACT

The drag and drop feature has become second nature to all of us. It is a feature that saves minutes of tedious browsing through the pop-up window, which does not let us switch to a different screen until the file is selected, or the user decides to quit. But an extension of this feature is to drag and store real-world objects into your digital world. Augmented Reality along with Machine Learning and Scripting allows us to copy real-world items into your digital screens just by few clicks. The Project incorporates multiple domains of Computer Science such as Augmented Reality, Networking, Image Processing and Software Development. Also we have limited the scope of our project to storing images to a particular file only, but it can be extended to various softwares like photoshop, microsoft presentation, word, notepad etc in future.

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INTRODUCTION

Augmented Reality has enhanced our real-world experience with various features both within and outside the digital world. The process of pasting real-world objects by clicking the snap of an object, eliminating the background, and sharing it with the desktop is tedious. With Augmented Reality, it replaces this whole process by pointing your camera selecting the desired object, making it efficient by bypassing snapping, masking and saving thus making it very efficient for the users. With the combination of AR, ML and user interface simplification techniques coming together this can be achieved. A community provided endpoint is used - by launching a local server with an endpoint.

SCOPE & OBJECTIVES

The scope of this project is limited to only storing the captured object automatically in the user's personal computer. After the user clicks a picture of the object with its surroundings, the background will be erased and the object will be extracted out of the image and stored to the desired machine.

The objectives include:

- 1. Connecting user's phone and personal computer to the same network to initiate data transfer.
- 2. Processing the image (mainly using BASNet)
- 3. Successfully storing it onto the target machine

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE & PROJECT FLOW

Major sections of the project are:

- 1. Capturing the image
- 2. Processing the image to remove the background (extracting the object)
- 3. Saving it to the target machine

BASNet architecture enables the identification of the real-world object and masks it out from its surrounding.BASNet focuses and aims at accurately segmenting the pixels of prominent objects in an input image. BASNet achieves accurate salient object segmentation with high-quality boundaries.

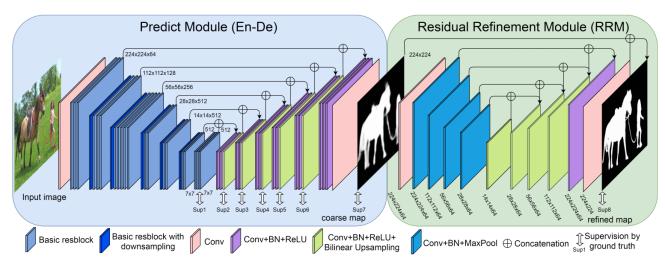


Fig 1 : Architecture of BASNet

The app will incorporate 3 independent modules:

- 1. The mobile application
- 2. The local server

The interface between the mobile app and Desktop.

3. The object detection/background removal service

This service will be used in the mobile application which can reduce the noise and help in proper segmentation and detection of actual objects from the camera image.

Connection of phone and target machine:

Both these devices are connected to the same network. Expo CLI is a command line app used as an interface between them. The web based GUI of expo creates a QR code, which is then scanned by the expo go app (Android) or expo client (iOS) for establishing a connection.



Figure 2: Connection of phone and target machine using expo

```
(venv) F:\AR Copy Paste\ar-cutpaste\server>python src/main.py --basnet_service_ip http://u2net-predictor.tenant-compass.global.coreweave.com --photoshop_password 123456
* Serving Flask app "main" (lazy loading)
* Environment: development
* Debug mode: on
INFO:werkzeug: * Restarting with stat
MARNING:werkzeug: * Debugger is active!
INFO:werkzeug: * Debugger PIN: 154-877-465
INFO:werkzeug: * Running on http://192.168.0.106:8080/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
INFO:root:ping
INFO:root:ping
INFO:root:ping 200 b'Hello U^2-Net!'
INFO:werkzeug:192.168.0.102 - - [28/May/2021 17:12:11] "GET /ping HTTP/1.1" 200 -
INFO:root: CUT
INFO:root: > sending to BASNet...
INFO:root: > sopening mask...
INFO:root: > compositing final image...
INFO:root: > compositing final image...
INFO:root: > saving final image...
INFO:root: > saving final image...
INFO:root: > sompleted in 2.23s
```

Figure 3: Connection to BASNet using endpoint

CODE & SNAPSHOT

```
res = requests.post(args.basnet_service_ip, headers=headers, files=files)
# logging.info(res.status_code)

# Save mask locally.
logging.info(' > saving results...')
with open('cut_mask.png', 'wb') as f:
    f.write(res.content)
    # shutil.copyfileobj(res.raw, f)

logging.info(' > opening mask...')
mask = Image.open('cut_mask.png').convert("L").resize((256,256),resample=Image.BICUBIC, reducing_gap=2.0)

# Convert string data to PIL Image.
logging.info(' > compositing final image...')
ref = Image.open(io.BytesIO(data))
empty = Image.new("RGBA", ref.size, 0)
img = Image.composite(ref, empty, mask)

# TODO: currently hack to manually scale up the images. Ideally this would
# be done respective to the view distance from the screen.
img_scaled = img.resize((img.size[0] * 3, img.size[1] * 3))

# Save locally.
logging.info(' > saving final image...')
img_scaled.save('cut_current.png')

# Save to buffer
buff = io.BytesIO()
img_save(buff, 'PNG')
buff.seek(0)

# Print stats
logging.infoff'Completed in {time.time() - start:.2f}s')

# Return data
return send_file(buff, mimetype='image/png')
```

Figure 4: Connection to BASNet code

```
@app.route('/ping', methods=['GET'])
def ping():
      logging.info('ping')
      r = requests.get(args.basnet_service_ip, \begin{subarray}{l} headers = {'Host': args.basnet_service_host} \\ logging.info(f'pong: {r.status\_code} {r.content}') \\ \end{subarray} 
      return 'pong'
# And store a copy of the result to be pasted later. @app.route('/cut', methods=['POST'])
def save():
     start = time.time()
     logging.info(' CUT')
     # Convert string of image data to uint8.
if 'data' not in request.files:
    return jsonify({
        'status': 'error',
        'error': 'missing file param `data`'
      data = request.files['data'].read()
      if len(data) == 0:
           return jsonify({'status:': 'error', 'error': 'empty image'}), 400
      with open('cut_received.jpg', 'wb') as f:
           f.write(data)
      logging.info(' > sending to BASNet...')
      headers = {}
      if args.basnet_service_host is not None:
      headers['Host'] = args.basnet_service_host
files= {'data': open('cut_received.jpg', 'rb')}
```

Figure 5 : Connection to BASNet code

RESULT

The image was preprocessed and stored within 5.8 seconds.

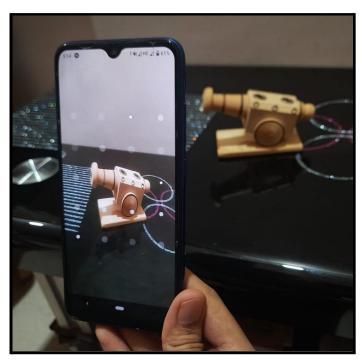


Figure 6: Capturing the image

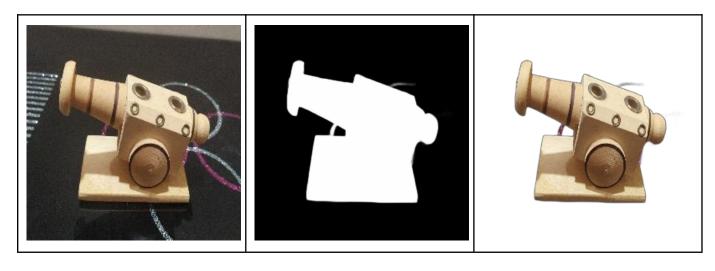


Figure 7 : Preprocessing Figure 7.1 : Cut Received Figure 7.2 : Cut Mask Figure 7.3 : Cut Current

```
Finished building JavaScript bundle in 3385ms.

Running application on Mi A3.

Cut
undefined
> taking image...
update

Cut
undefined
> taking image...
> resizing...
> sending to /cut...
> converting...

Done in 5.818s
```

Figure 8: Log of preprocessing

```
(venv) F:\AR Copy Paste\ar-cutpaste\server>python src/main.py --basnet_service_ip http://u2net-predictor.tenant-compass.global.coreweave.com --photoshop_password 123456
* Serving Flask app "main" (lazy loading)
* Environment: development
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INFO:werkzeug: * Restarting with stat
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INFO:root:ping
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INFO:werkzeug:192.168.0.102 - - [28/May/2021 17:12:11] "GET /ping HTTP/1.1" 200 -
INFO:root: CUT
INFO:root: > saving results...
INFO:root: > saving results...
INFO:root: > sopening mask...
INFO:root: > sopening mask...
INFO:root: > saving final image...
INFO:root: Completed in 2.23s
```

Figure 9 : Log of preprocessing

CONCLUSION & FUTURE SCOPE

Thus, we were able to capture, resize the image and send it to BASNet endpoint for further processing mainly, background removal. Thereafter, the received image, mask and final object image was stored in the target machine.

Scope of the project can be extended by allowing the image to be pasted on various softwares like photoshop, word, presentation, etc. It will certainly add value to the creation of business presentations or to work on an image editing tool.

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